

Հաստատված է Գնահատման և թեստավորման կենտրոնի կողմից

ԱՆԳԼԵՐԵՆ

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Նախաբան

Գնահատման և թեստավորման կենտրոնը (ԳԹԿ), իրականացնելով ՀՀ կառավարության և ԿԳՆ-ի կրթական քաղաքականությունը, ներկայացնում է 2013-2014 ուստարվա անգլերենի պետական ավարտական և միասնական քննությունների թեստային առաջադրանքների շտեմարանը:

Շտեմարանում ընդգրկված են հանրակրթական դպրոցի ծրագրային նյութին համապատասխանող առաջադրանքներ: Այն կազմված է պետական ավարտական և միասնական քննությունների «Ուղեցույցին» համապատասխան:

Տեղեկացնում ենք, որ «Ուղեցույցում» կատարվել են թեստային առաջադրանքների տիպերի փոփոխություններ, որոնք կարճ պատասխան պահանջող առաջադրանքներ են: Դրանք զետեղված են սույն հատորում:

ԳԹԿ-ն տեղեկացնում է, որ պետական ավարտական և միասնական քննությունների թեստերը կազմվելու են շտեմարանի առաջադրանքներից:

Կազմողներ՝

Լուսինե Աթոյան

Մարգարիտա Ապրեսյան

Նահիրա Ավագյան

Իզոբել Կարապետյան

Լիլի Կարապետյան

Անուշ Խաչիկյան

Արուս Մարգարյան

ԳԹԿ անգլերենի մասնագետ

բ.գ.թ, դոցենտ ԵՊՀ

ԵՊՀ ասիստենտ, դոցենտ

մ.գ.դ., պրոֆեսոր

ԵՊՀ ասիստենտ

ԿԱԻ անգլերենի մասնագետ, ուսուցչուհի

ԵՊՀ ասիստենտ, դոցենտ

LEVEL A**SECTION 1**

**Ընտրել ուղղակի/անուղղակի խոսքի փոխակերպման ճիշտ տարբերակը:
Choose the correct option for direct/indirect speech.**

1. *“I am going to call him this afternoon,” she said.*
 - a) She said that she was going to call him that afternoon.
 - b) She says if she was going to call him this afternoon.
 - c) She said she is going to call him that afternoon.
 - d) She said he was going to call him that afternoon.

2. *“He rang me from the airport yesterday,” she said.*
 - a) She said that he rang from the airport yesterday.
 - b) She said that he had rung her from the airport the day before.
 - c) She told that he had rung from the airport the day before.
 - d) She said that he has rung from the airport yesterday.

3. *“Don’t forget to buy some milk, Andy,” said Clare.*
 - a) Clare reminded Andy to buy some milk.
 - b) Clare told Andy not to forget buy some milk.
 - c) Clare reminded Andy he didn’t forget to buy some milk.
 - d) Clare said Andy not to forget to buy some milk.

4. *“Me? No, I didn’t take Sue’s calculator,” said Bob.*
 - a) Bob denied taking Sue’s calculator.
 - b) Bob asked if he had taken Sue’s calculator.
 - c) Bob says he hadn’t taken Sue’s calculator.
 - d) Bob said he didn’t take Sue’s calculator.

5. *I asked Brian why he didn’t go back to Singapore.*
 - a) “Why did you go back to Singapore, Brian?” I said
 - b) “Why don’t you go back to Singapore, Brian?” I said.
 - c) “Brian, go back to Singapore, please,” I said.
 - d) “Brian, why do you go back to Singapore?” I said.

6. *"I intended to do it tomorrow," he said, "but now I don't think I'll be able to."*
- He told he had intended to do it the next day but then he didn't think he would be able to.
 - He said he had intended to do it tomorrow but he didn't think he would be able to.
 - He said he has intended to do it the next day but he didn't think he would be able to.
 - He said he had intended to do it the next day but then he didn't think he would be able to.
7. *"If you saw my father, you'd recognize him at once," she said to me.*
- She told me that if I saw her father I'd recognize him at once.
 - She said to me that if I saw her father I'd recognize him at once.
 - She said me that if I saw her father I'd recognize him at once.
 - She told me that if I saw her father I'd recognize her at once.
8. *"Do you want to buy any newspapers?" said Jack.*
- Jack asks if I wanted to buy any newspapers.
 - Jack asked if I do want to buy any newspapers.
 - Jack asked if I wanted to buy any newspapers.
 - Jack asks if he wanted to buy any newspapers.
9. *"Don't touch the gates, lady," said the lift operator.*
- The lift operator warned the lady not to touch the gates.
 - The lift operator warned him not to touch the gates.
 - The lift operator said the lady not to touch the gates.
 - The lift operator warned the lady did not touch the gates.
10. *The traveler asked me to book him a seat in a non-smoker.*
- "Please book me a seat in a non-smoker," said the traveler.
 - "Will he book me a seat in a non-smoker?" said the traveler.
 - "Book her a seat in a non-smoker," asked the traveler.
 - "Please ask her to book me a seat in a non-smoker," said the traveler.
11. *"I'll come with you as soon as I am ready," she said.*
- She said she would come with me as soon as she was ready.
 - She told she would come with me as soon as she was ready.
 - She said she would come with me as soon as he is ready.
 - She said she will come with me as soon as she is ready.

12. *"Would you like to join our Drama Group?" she said.*
- She told if I would like to join their Drama Group.
 - She said if I would like to join their Drama Group.
 - She asked if I would like to join our Drama Group.
 - She asked if I would like to join their Drama Group.
13. *"Do you want to buy any second-hand books?" said Bill.*
- Bill asked did I want to buy any second-hand books.
 - Bill asked if I wanted to buy any second-hand books.
 - Bill asked if I want to buy any second-hand books.
 - Bill said if I wanted to buy any second-hand books.
14. *"I won't answer any of the questions," said the arrested man.*
- The arrested man announced he couldn't answer any of the questions.
 - The arrested man denied answering any question.
 - The arrested man told that he would not answer any of the questions.
 - The arrested man refused to answer any of the questions.
15. *The secretary asked me to fill up that form.*
- "Please, fill up this form," the secretary said.
 - "Fill up this form," I said to the secretary.
 - "Would you like to fill up this form?" said the secretary.
 - "Did you fill up this form?" the secretary told.
16. *The advertisement said, "If you answer the questions correctly, you may win \$100."*
- The advertisement said that if we answered the questions correctly, we might win \$100.
 - The advertisement said that if we had answered the questions correctly, we might win\$100.
 - The advertisement said to us that if we answered the questions correctly, we may win \$100.
 - The advertisement said us if we answer the questions correctly, we might win \$100.
17. *"Whose car did you borrow last night?" I asked him.*
- I asked him whose car did he borrow the previous night.
 - I asked him whose car he had borrowed last night.
 - I asked him whose car had he borrowed last night.
 - I asked him whose car he had borrowed the previous night.

18. *"Don't watch late-night horror movies," I warned them.*
- I warned them not to watch late-night horror movies.
 - I warned them not watch late-night horror movies.
 - I warned them don't watch late-night horror movies.
 - I warned that they didn't watch late-night horror movies.
19. *"Will you go on strike when the others do?" the boss asked him.*
- The boss asked him would he go on strike when the others did.
 - The boss asked him if he would go on strike when the others did.
 - The boss asked him if he will go on strike when the others did.
 - The boss asked him if he would go on strike when the others do.
20. *He advised us to make good use of our time as we wouldn't get such an opportunity again.*
- "Make good use of your time. You won't get such an opportunity again," he said to us.
 - "Make good use of your time. You don't get such an opportunity again," he said to us.
 - "Make good use of your time. You wouldn't get such an opportunity again", he said us.
 - "Make good use of your time. You won't get such an opportunity again," he told to us.
21. *"We like working on Sundays because we get double pay," explained the builders.*
- The builders explained that they liked working on Sundays because they got double pay.
 - The builders explained that they liked working on Sundays because they had got double pay.
 - The builders explained that they liked working on Sundays because they get double paid.
 - The builders explained that they like working on Sundays because they got double pay.
22. *"What platform does the train leave from?" asked Bill.*
- Bill asked what platform did the train leave from.
 - Bill asked what platform had the train left from.
 - Bill asked what platform the train left from.
 - Bill asked what platform the train had left from.

23. *"Don't lean your bicycles against the windows, boys," said the shopkeeper.*
- The shopkeeper told the boys not to lean their bicycles against the windows.
 - The shopkeeper said the boys not to lean their bicycles against the windows.
 - The shopkeeper told not to lean their bicycles against the windows.
 - The shopkeeper told the boys don't lean their bicycles against the windows.
24. *"Are you leaving today or tomorrow morning?" asked his secretary.*
- His secretary asked if he had been leaving that day or the following morning.
 - His secretary asked if he was leaving that day or the following morning.
 - His secretary asked if he was leaving that day or tomorrow morning.
 - His secretary asked if he is leaving that day or the following morning.
25. *The new headmaster asked how long it had been a mixed school.*
- The new headmaster told, "How long has it been a mixed school?"
 - The new headmaster asked, "How long has it been a mixed school?"
 - The new headmaster asked, "How long it had been a mixed school?"
 - The new headmaster asked, "Had it been a mixed school long?"
26. *"I'll come with you as soon as I am ready," she said.*
- She said she would come with me as soon as she was ready.
 - She told she would come with me as soon as she was ready.
 - She said she came with me as soon as she was ready.
 - She said she would come with me as soon as she is ready.
27. *"Do you know that the shoes you are wearing aren't a pair?" I asked him.*
- I asked him whether he knew that the shoes he was wearing weren't a pair.
 - I asked him did he knew that the shoes he was wearing weren't a pair.
 - I asked him did he know that the shoes he was wearing weren't a pair.
 - I asked him if he had known that the shoes he was wearing weren't a pair.
28. *"Think well before you answer," the detective said to her.*
- The detective warned her to think well before she answered.
 - The detective said her to think well before she answered.
 - The detective advised her think well before she answered.
 - The detective warned her think well before she answered.

29. *"Have you got a work permit?" asked Bill.*
- Bill asked if you got a work permit.
 - Bill asked if I had a work permit.
 - Bill wanted me to get a work permit.
 - Bill asked had I got a work permit.
30. *He said: "There was an accident outside the supermarket."*
- He said if there was an accident outside the supermarket.
 - He said there had been an accident outside the supermarket.
 - He told to us there had been an accident outside the supermarket.
 - He asked us if there had been an accident outside the supermarket.
31. *"I spent all my pocket money yesterday," Alice said.*
- Alice said that she would spend all her pocket money the day before.
 - Alice complained that she had spent all her pocket money the previous day.
 - Alice told that she spent all her pocket money the day before.
 - Alice said to us that she spent all her pocket money the day before.
32. *"We didn't eat fish two days ago," Andrew said.*
- Andrew remarked that they hadn't eaten fish two days before.
 - Andrew told that they didn't eat fish two days before.
 - Andrew said that they didn't eat fish two days ago.
 - Andrew remarked that they didn't eat fish two days ago.
33. *"Don't eat so much junk food!" the mother told her children.*
- The mother said her children don't eat so much junk food.
 - The mother said to her children not eat so much junk food.
 - The mother warned her children not to eat so much junk food.
 - The mother told her children don't eat so much junk food.
34. *"Where does Maria park her new car these days?" said Ronald.*
- Ronald asked whether Maria parked her new car those days.
 - Ronald wanted to know where Maria parked her new car those days.
 - Ronald asked Maria where she parked her new car these days.
 - Ronald asked where did Maria park her new car those days.

35. *My friend was sure that he wouldn't tell the police anything and told me not to worry.*
- a) "Don't worry! He hadn't said anything to the police," my friend told me.
 - b) "My friend, don't worry because he didn't say to the police something," he warned.
 - c) "Don't worry! He won't say anything to the police," my friend said.
 - d) "Don't worry! He won't say anything to the police," my friend wanted to know.
36. *"Bob, my friend is getting married next week. You are invited," Ted said.*
- a) Ted said Bob his friend was getting married the following week and he was invited.
 - b) Ted told that his friend is getting married following week and Bob was invited.
 - c) Ted said his friend got married the following week and Bob was invited.
 - d) Ted told Bob that his friend was getting married the following week and Bob was invited.
37. *"Lucy, would you like me to bake a cake for your birthday party?" Ann said.*
- a) Ann said she was going to bake a cake for Lucy's birthday party.
 - b) Ann asked Lucy if she wanted her to bake a cake for her birthday party.
 - c) Ann wanted to know if she had baked a cake for Lucy's birthday party.
 - d) Ann asked if she will bake a cake for Lucy's birthday party.
38. *"Don't come here now, it is in vain, you cannot see her." Martin said. "I am sure about that."*
- a) Martin surely reminded him not to go there now in vain because he couldn't see her.
 - b) Martin told him not to go there then in vain because he cannot see her and he was sure.
 - c) Martin warned him not to go there in vain because he was sure he couldn't see her then.
 - d) Martin warned him not go there in vain because he was sure he couldn't see her then.

39. *Linda said, "I wonder why our friends don't come to meet us these days, Tim."*
- a) Linda asked Tim why their friends didn't come to see them those days.
 - b) Linda wondered and said Tim why their friends hadn't come to see them those days.
 - c) Linda asked Tim why their friends hadn't come to see them these days.
 - d) Linda told Tim if their friends had gone to see them those days.
40. *The teacher asked Sarah why she wasn't ready that day.*
- a) The teacher said, "Why isn't Sarah ready this day?"
 - b) The teacher wanted to know, "Why isn't Sarah ready today?"
 - c) The teacher said to Sarah, "Why weren't you ready then?"
 - d) The teacher asked, "Why aren't you ready today, Sarah?"
41. *The policeman said to the boy: "Where did you take it?"*
- a) The policeman said to the boy where did he take it.
 - b) The policeman asked the boy to take it.
 - c) The policeman asked to the boy where he took it.
 - d) The policeman asked the boy where he had taken it.
42. *He said: "I really want to buy this new car for you."*
- a) He said me that he really wanted to buy that new car for me.
 - b) He told me he really wants to buy this new car for him.
 - c) He told me that he really wanted to buy that new car for me.
 - d) He tells me he really wants to buy this new car for me.
43. *He said to me: "I must go now. I'm going to be late."*
- a) He told me he had to go then as he was going to be late.
 - b) He told me he has to go now. He was going to be late.
 - c) He said to me he had to go then as I was going to be late.
 - d) He said that he had to go, so I was going to be late.
44. *Peter said: "I may bring someone with me to the party tomorrow."*
- a) Peter said he might bring someone with him to the party the following day.
 - b) Peter said he might bring someone with him to the party the other day.
 - c) Peter told me he maybring someone with him to the party tomorrow.
 - d) Peter says that he might bring anyone with him to the party the next day.

45. *"I will have finished my work by the time you arrive," said my friend.*
- My friend said that he had finished his work by the time he arrived.
 - My friend said he would have finished his work by the time I arrived.
 - My friend said to me he will have finished his work by the time we arrive.
 - My friend told me he would have finished his work by the time I arrive.
46. *She said to Liza: "Does he usually take his wife with him when he goes on a business trip?"*
- She asked Liza if he usually took his wife with him when he went on a business trip.
 - She asked to Liza to take his wife with him when he goes on a business trip.
 - She told Liza he usually took his wife with him when he went on a business trip.
 - She said to Liza if he usually took his wife with him when he went on a business trip.
47. *Mother said to us: "Don't buy this house. It is on the main road."*
- Mother said to us don't buy that house as it is on the main road.
 - Mother asked to us not buy that house as it was on the main road.
 - Mother told to us not to buy this house as it is on the main road.
 - Mother warned us not to buy that house as it was on the main road.
48. *They said: "There was a terrible storm in the south-west of the USA last night."*
- They said that there had been a terrible storm in the south-west of the USA the previous night.
 - They said that there was a terrible storm in the south-west of the USA last night.
 - They told that there had been a terrible storm in the south-west of the USA the previous night.
 - They asked if there had been a terrible storm in the south-west of the USA last night.

49. *The guide said to us: "They destroyed all the masterpieces that reminded of the civilization of the earth."*
- a) The guide told us that they had destroyed all the masterpieces that had reminded of the civilization of the earth.
 - b) The guide told us that they destroyed all the masterpieces that reminded of the civilization of the earth.
 - c) The guide said to us that they had destroyed all the masterpieces that reminds of the civilization of the earth.
 - d) The guide told to us that they had destroyed all the masterpieces that had reminded of the civilization of the earth.
50. *He said to me: "What effect does the present have on her?"*
- a) He asked to me what effect the present had on her.
 - b) He asked me what effect did the present have on her.
 - c) He asked me what effect the present had on her.
 - d) He asked me what effect the present has on me.
51. *His teacher said to him, "Come back in thirteen minutes. We are going to begin the discussion."*
- a) His teacher warned him to come back in thirteen minutes as they were going to begin the discussion.
 - b) His teacher warned to him to come back in thirteen minutes as they were going to begin the discussion.
 - c) His teacher said to him to come back in thirteen minutes as they were going to begin the discussion.
 - d) His teacher told him come back in thirteen minutes as we were going to begin the discussion.
52. *Ann said to us: "My son is allowed to watch television after dinner only if he has finished his homework."*
- a) Ann told us that her son was allowed to watch television after dinner only if he had finished his homework.
 - b) Ann told to us that her son was allowed to watch television after dinner only if he has finished his homework.
 - c) Ann said to us that her son is allowed to watch television after dinner only if he has finished his homework.
 - d) Ann asked us if her son is allowed to watch television after dinner only if he had finished his homework.

53. *Lucy asked me: "How did you like your dinner with Mr. Jackson on Sunday?"*
- Lucy asked to me how I liked my dinner with Mr. Jackson on Sunday.
 - Lucy asked if I had liked my dinner with Mr. Jackson on Sunday.
 - Lucy asked me how I liked my dinner with Mr. Jackson on Sunday.
 - Lucy asked how had I liked my dinner with Mr. Jackson on Sunday.
54. *"Please don't buy a ticket, I don't want to go to the cinema today," the girl said to him.*
- The girl asked him not to buy a ticket as she didn't want to go to the cinema that day.
 - The girl asked to him to buy a ticket as she didn't want to go to the cinema today.
 - The girl asked him don't buy a ticket as she didn't want to go to the cinema today.
 - The girl asked him to buy a ticket as she didn't want to go to the cinema that day.
55. *He said: "You can't find anything interesting here. Go to the bookshop."*
- He said that I couldn't find anything interesting there and advised me to go to the bookshop.
 - He told that he couldn't find anything interesting there and advised me to go to the bookshop.
 - He said that he couldn't to find anything interesting there and advised me to go to the bookshop.
 - He said that I couldn't find anything interesting here and advised me go to the bookshop.
56. *Our teacher said to us, "Be quiet, please!"*
- Our teacher asked us to be quiet.
 - Our teacher told us to be quiet.
 - Our teacher said to us to be quiet.
 - Our teacher said that we must be quiet.
57. *"If I had any practice, I would know what to do," said Sam.*
- Sam said if he had had any practice he would know what to do.
 - Sam said if he had had any practice he would have known what to do.
 - Sam told if he had any practice he would know what to do.
 - Sam said if he had any practice he would know what to do.

58. *"Could you show me this dress, please?" said Ann to the sales assistant.*
- a) Ann said to the sales assistant show her that dress.
 - b) Ann asked the sales assistant to show her that dress.
 - c) Ann said the sales assistant if she could show her this dress.
 - d) Ann asked the sales assistant if she could show him this dress.
59. *"Will you work in the laboratory tomorrow?" Jane asked.*
- a) Jane asked if we will work in the laboratory tomorrow.
 - b) Jane asked if we would work in the laboratory tomorrow.
 - c) Jane asks if we will work in the laboratory the following day.
 - d) Jane asked if we would work in the laboratory the following day.
60. *Jessie said, "Mary, don't forget to turn off the TV."*
- a) Jessie told Mary not to forget to turn off the TV.
 - b) Jessie says Mary not to forget to turn off the TV.
 - c) Jessie asked Mary to turn off the TV.
 - d) Jessie said if Mary did not turn off the TV.
61. *Betty paused for a while and asked, "Who is this man?"*
- a) Betty paused for a while and asked who that man was.
 - b) Betty paused for a while and asked if he was that man.
 - c) Betty paused for a while and asks who is this man.
 - d) Betty paused for a while and asked who this man was.
62. *Bella says to her brother: "Where are you planning to go this summer?"*
- a) Bella asks to her brother where he was planning to go this summer.
 - b) Bella asks her brother where he is planning to go this summer.
 - c) Bella asked her brother where he was planning to go this summer.
 - d) Bella asks to her brother where is he planning to go this summer.
63. *"Does George know you are leaving the day after tomorrow?" asked Pam.*
- a) Pam asked if George knew I was leaving in two days' time.
 - b) Pam asked if George knew I am leaving the day after tomorrow.
 - c) Pam asked that George knew I was leaving two days later.
 - d) Pam asked if George knew was I leaving in two days' time.

64. *Karen said, "Carla has been my best friend since our childhood."*
- Karen said that Carla had been their best friend since their childhood.
 - Karen says that Carla has been her best friend since their childhood.
 - Karen said that Carla had been her best friend since their childhood.
 - Karen stated that Carla was her best friend since their childhood.
65. *George said, "I am sorry to interrupt you, Mary."*
- George told Mary that he was sorry to interrupt her.
 - George told her that he was sorry to interrupt Mary.
 - George told to Mary that she was sorry to interrupt her.
 - George said that Mary was sorry to interrupt her.
66. *"I can't live on my basic salary," said Peter. "I'll have to offer to do overtime."*
- Peter said he couldn't live on his basic salary and he'd have to offer to do overtime.
 - Peter told he couldn't live on his basic salary and he'd had to offer to do overtime.
 - Peter said he couldn't live on his basic salary and he had to offer to do overtime.
 - Peter asked if he couldn't live on his basic salary and he had offered to do overtime.
67. *"We make \$450 a week," said he, "and send most of it to our wives."*
- He told to us they have made \$450 a week and sent most of it to their wives.
 - He said to us they made \$450 a week and send most of it to their wives.
 - He asked if they made \$450 a week and sent most of it to his wife.
 - He said that they made \$450 a week and sent most of it to their wives.
68. *The workers said: "We earn three times as much in this factory as we would in our own country."*
- The workers said they earned three times as much in that factory as they would in their own country.
 - The workers said they earn three times as much in this factory as they will in their own country.
 - The workers said they would earn three times as much in that factory as they will in their own country.
 - The workers said they have earned three times as much in this factory as they would in their own country.

69. *"I can lend you \$50," my aunt said to me, "and you can take your time about paying it back."*
- a) My aunt told me that she could lend me \$50 and I could take my time about paying it back.
 - b) My aunt said she could lend me \$50 and I could take my time about paying it back.
 - b) My aunt said to me I could lend her \$50 and I can take my time about paying it back.
 - d) My aunt told to me she could lend me \$50 and I could take my time about paying it back.
70. *They said: "We'll light a fire and cook the sausages over it."*
- a) They told that they will light a fire and cook the sausages over it.
 - b) They said we would light a fire and cook the sausages over it.
 - c) They said they would light a fire and will cook the sausages over it.
 - d) They said that they would light a fire and cook the sausages over it.
71. *"Do you mind working on the night shift?" he asked.*
- a) He asked did I mind working on the night shift.
 - b) He asked whether did I mind working on the night shift.
 - c) He asked if I minded working on the night shift.
 - d) He wants to know if I mind working on the night shift.
72. *"Who did you give the money to?" she said to me.*
- a) She asked to me who had I given the money to.
 - b) She asked me who I had given the money to.
 - c) She said to me who had given the money to.
 - d) She said to me who I gave the money.
73. *"How long does it take to get to London by coach?" asked the tourist.*
- a) The tourist asked how long it took to get to London by coach.
 - b) The tourist asked how long did it take to get to London by coach.
 - c) The tourist asked if it takes long to get to London by coach.
 - d) The tourist asked if how long it took to get to London by coach.

74. *“How many people know the combination of the safe?” said the detective.*
- The detective asked how many people knew the combination of the safe.
 - The detective asked if people knew the combination of the safe.
 - The detective asked how many people had known the combination of the safe.
 - The detective asked if many people knew the combination of the safe.
75. *“Do you think you could live entirely on your own for six months,” said Tom, “or would you get bored?”*
- Tom asked if I thought I could live entirely on my own for six months or if I would get bored.
 - Tom asked did I think I could live entirely on my own for six months or if I would get bored.
 - Tom asked if I thought could I live entirely on his own for six months or if I would get bored.
 - Tom asks if I thought I could live entirely on my own for six months or if I would get bored.
76. *“Did any of you actually see the accident happen?” said the policeman.*
- The policeman asks if any of us actually saw the accident happen.
 - The policeman asked had any of us actually seen the accident happen.
 - The policeman asked if some of us had actually seen the accident happen.
 - The policeman asked if any of us had actually seen the accident happen.
77. *“Jack’s parents have asked me to supper tomorrow night,” said Ann. “What shall I wear?”*
- Ann said Jack’s parents had asked her to supper the following night and asked what she should wear.
 - Ann said Jack’s parents asked her to supper the following night and asked what she should wear.
 - Ann said Jack’s parents had asked her to supper the following night and what should she wear.
 - Ann said Jack’s parents had asked her to supper tomorrow night and had asked what she should wear.
78. *Lily said to her sister: “Don’t forget to take your umbrella.”*
- Lily asked her sister not forget to take her umbrella.
 - Lily reminded her sister not to take an umbrella.
 - Lily warned her sister to forget to take her umbrella.
 - Lily reminded her sister to take her umbrella.

79. *Bob said to Ted: "Thanks. You were very kind to me yesterday."*
- a) Bob said thanks to Ted for he was very kind to him yesterday.
 - b) Bob thanked Ted as he had been very kind to him yesterday.
 - c) Bob thanked Ted for he had been very kind to him the day before.
 - d) Bob thanked to Ted to be very kind to him the day before.
80. *The employer said to me: "Why do you want to change the project?"*
- a) The employer wondered why did I want to change the project.
 - b) The employer said to me why I changed the project.
 - c) The employer asked me why I wanted to change the project.
 - d) The employer asked me if why I wanted to change the project.
81. *"When the doorbell rang, I was reading," says Suzan.*
- a) Suzan told us she was reading when the doorbell rang.
 - b) Suzan says she had been reading when the doorbell has rung.
 - c) Suzan says she was reading when the doorbell rang.
 - d) Suzan said she had been reading when the doorbell had rung.
82. *He said he couldn't come as he was getting ready for his exam.*
- a) "I can't come. I'm getting ready for my exam," he says.
 - b) "I can't come. I am getting ready for my exam," he said.
 - c) "I couldn't come. I was getting ready for my exam," he told.
 - d) "Sorry, I can't come. I was getting ready for my exam," he says.
83. *The teacher said to Andrew: "Are you sorry for what you did?"*
- a) The teacher said to Andrew if he was sorry for what he did.
 - b) The teacher asked if Andrew was sorry for what had he done.
 - c) The teacher asked Andrew if he was sorry for what he had done.
 - d) The teacher asked Andrew if he is sorry for what he did.
84. *Fred said: "I'm sorry, Lily. I forgot to bring your book."*
- a) Fred apologized Lily that he was sorry as he forgot to bring her book.
 - b) Fred apologized to Lily for forgetting to bring her book.
 - c) Fred told Lily that he is sorry that he forgot to bring her book.
 - d) Fred said to Lily that he had forgotten to bring her book.

85. *The manager said: "What time will the meeting take place tomorrow?"*
- The manager asked what time the meeting would take place the next day.
 - The manager asked what time would the meeting take place the next day.
 - The manager asked what time will the meeting take place tomorrow.
 - The manager said if the meeting would take place the next day.
86. *Tina said: "I will solve this problem tomorrow."*
- Tina said that she will solve this problem tomorrow.
 - Tina told us that she will solve this problem the next day.
 - Tina said that she would solve that problem the next day.
 - Tina said to us that she would solve that problem tomorrow.
87. *Andy asked Lucy to give him one more chance to prove it.*
- Andy said: "Lucy must give me one more chance to prove it."
 - Andy said: "Can Lucy give me one more chance to prove it?"
 - Andy said: "Lucy, give me one more chance to prove it, please."
 - Andy said: "Lucy gave me one more chance to prove it."
88. *Mother said to me: "Don't go out without a raincoat."*
- Mother asked to me not to go out without a raincoat.
 - Mother warned me not to go out without a raincoat.
 - Mother said that I didn't go out without a raincoat.
 - Mother told me don't go out without a raincoat.
89. *"Let's stay here till the rain has stopped," Jim said.*
- Jim suggested to stay here till the rain has stopped.
 - Jim suggested staying here till the rain has stopped.
 - Jim suggested to stay there till the rain had stopped.
 - Jim suggested staying there till the rain had stopped.
90. *Peter said: "When do I have to take the book back?"*
- Peter wanted to know when he had to take the book back.
 - Peter asked when did he have to take the book back.
 - Peter asked when I had to take the book back.
 - Peter wondered when he has to take the book back.

91. *Sandy said: "I want to buy this cottage but I don't have enough money."*
- Sandy said I want to buy this cottage but I don't have enough money.
 - Sandy said that she wanted to buy that cottage but she didn't have enough money.
 - Sandy said that she wants to buy that cottage but she didn't have enough money.
 - Sandy said I wanted to buy this cottage but I didn't have enough money.
92. *He said he couldn't help me as he was busy then.*
- He said: "I couldn't help you and I was busy then."
 - "I can't help you. I am busy now," he said.
 - "I couldn't help you. I am busy now," he said to me.
 - He said: "We can't help you. We are busy then."
93. *"Don't forget to use the indicators," said the police instructor.*
- The police instructor said to use the indicators.
 - The police instructor reminded me to use the indicators.
 - I advised the police instructor to use the indicators.
 - The police instructor told to use the indicators.
94. *Daniel told me that he had had a job interview the previous day.*
- Daniel said: "I have had a job interview yesterday."
 - Daniel told to me: "I had a job interview yesterday."
 - Daniel told me: "I have had a job interview the previous day."
 - Daniel said to me: "I had a job interview yesterday."
95. *"When the rain stops, can we go out, Dad?" said the children.*
- The children ask if they will be able to go out when the rain stops.
 - The children asked their father if they could go out when the rain stopped.
 - The children asked their father if could they go out when the rain stopped.
 - The children asked if they could go out when the rain stops.
96. *"Will you help me?" she said. "I cannot reach the top shelf."*
- She said to me if I could help her as she could not reach the top shelf.
 - She ordered me to help her as she cannot reach the top shelf.
 - She asked me to help her as she could not reach the top shelf.
 - She advised me to help her reach the top shelf.

97. *The examiner asked how long Rachel had been learning English.*
- "How long has Rachel been learning English?" said the examiner.
 - "How long have you been learning English, Rachel?" asked the examiner.
 - The examiner said to Rachel: "How long have you learnt English?"
 - The examiner said: "How long had Rachel been learning English?"
98. *"Remember to switch off the light when you've finished, Jane," said her mother.*
- She said to her to switch off the light when she had finished.
 - Jane's mother told her to switch off the light when she has finished.
 - Jane's mother reminded her to switch off the light when she had finished.
 - Jane warned her mother to switch off the light when she would finish.
99. *He invited Jane to have lunch with him on Sunday.*
- "You, Jane, must have lunch with me on Sunday." he said.
 - He said to Jane: "Would you like to have lunch with me on Sunday?"
 - He said: "Will you like to have lunch with me on Sunday?"
 - "It's important for you to have lunch with me on Sunday, Jane," he said to her.
100. *Lionel assured us that we could trust the newcomer.*
- Lionel told to us, "You can trust the newcomer."
 - Lionel warned us, "You can't trust the newcomer."
 - Lionel said, "Can we trust the newcomer?"
 - Lionel said to us, "You can trust the newcomer."
101. *Daniel said: "Soledad, will you write down your e-mail address, please?"*
- Daniel asked if Soledad would write down her e-mail address.
 - Daniel said that Soledad would write down her e-mail address.
 - Daniel asked if Soledad will write down her e-mail address.
 - Daniel asked Soledad to write down her e-mail address.
102. *"Let's stay here till the rain stops," Rudy said.*
- Rudy suggested to stay here till the rain stopped.
 - Rudy suggested staying there till the rain stops.
 - Rudy said to stay there till the rain had stopped.
 - Rudy suggested staying there till the rain stopped.

103. *"Mary, did you go anywhere last weekend?" Bob asked.*
- a) Bob asked Mary why she didn't go anywhere last weekend.
 - b) Bob asked Mary if she had gone anywhere the previous weekend.
 - c) Bob asked Mary if she had gone anywhere last weekend.
 - d) Bob asked Mary if she hadn't gone anywhere the previous weekend.
104. *"I have some guests from Boston today," says my father.*
- a) My father says he has some guests from Boston today.
 - b) My father says he had some guests from Boston that day.
 - c) My father said he had some guests from Boston that day.
 - d) My father tells he has some guests from Boston today.
105. *"You can take an appeal to a higher court," said the judge.*
- a) The judge told me to take an appeal to a higher court.
 - b) The judge said I can take an appeal to a higher court.
 - c) The judge said that I could take an appeal to a higher court.
 - d) The judge told that I could take an appeal to a higher court.
106. *Martha asked if I had explained everything to my friends the day before.*
- a) "Did you explain everything to your friends the day before?" Martha asked.
 - b) "Have you explained everything to your friends?" Martha said.
 - c) "Did you explain everything to your friends yesterday?" Martha asks.
 - d) "Did you explain everything to your friends yesterday?" Martha asked.
107. *Richard said: "Thanks, Bob. You were very kind to me yesterday."*
- a) Richard said thanks to Bob as he was very kind to him yesterday.
 - b) Richard thanked to Bob as he had been very kind to him yesterday.
 - c) Richard thanked Bob for he had been very kind to him the day before.
 - d) Richard thanked to Bob as he had been very kind to him the day before.
108. *"I can't join you now. I am working on my report," he said.*
- a) He said he couldn't join me then as he was working on his report.
 - b) He said he couldn't join me then and he was working on his report.
 - c) He told he couldn't join me then as he was working on his report.
 - d) He said he can't join me now as he is working on his report.

109. *“Lily, take the posters to the teachers’ room, please,” the teacher said.*
- The teacher said that Lily had to take the posters to the teachers’ room.
 - The teacher said Lily to take the posters to the teachers’ room.
 - The teacher asked Lily to take the posters to the teachers’ room.
 - The teacher asked if Lily took the posters to the teachers’ room.
110. *The professor says that the students will be taking a written exam tomorrow.*
- The professor says to me: “The students will be taking a written exam tomorrow.”
 - The professor says: “The students will be taking a written exam tomorrow.”
 - The professor says: “The students will be taking a written exam the next day.”
 - The professor asks: “The students will be taking a written exam tomorrow.”
111. *“Are there any vacant rooms in this hotel?” the old gentleman asked.*
- The old gentleman wanted to know if there were any vacant rooms in that hotel.
 - The old gentleman wanted to know if there were some vacant rooms in that hotel.
 - The old gentleman asked were there any vacant rooms in that hotel.
 - The old gentleman wondered if there were some vacant rooms in that hotel.
112. *“Why didn’t you call on us last weekend?” my grandparents asked me.*
- My grandparents asked me why didn’t I call on them last weekend.
 - My grandparents asked me why I hadn’t called on them last weekend.
 - My grandparents asked me why hadn’t I called on them the previous weekend.
 - My grandparents asked me why I hadn’t called on them the previous weekend.
113. *The doctor said: “Mrs. Davis, you will recover soon if you take these pills.”*
- The doctor told Mrs. Davis she will recover soon if she takes these pills.
 - The doctor assured Mrs. Davis that she would recover soon if she took those pills.
 - The doctor advised Mrs. Davis that she would recover soon if she took these pills.
 - The doctor said that Mrs. Davis would recover soon if she took those pills.
114. *Mother said: “Don’t go out without a raincoat, Lucy! It’s raining.”*
- Mother asked Lucy not to go out without a raincoat and it was raining.
 - Mother warned Lucy not to go out without a raincoat as it was raining.
 - Mother said that Lucy didn’t go out without a raincoat as it was raining.
 - Mother told Lucy not to go out without a raincoat as it is raining.

115. *Mr. Ronald asked: "Where is the symposium supposed to be held tomorrow?"*
- a) Mr. Ronald asked where was the symposium supposed to be held the next day.
 - b) Mr. Ronald asked if the symposium was supposed to be held the next day.
 - c) Mr. Ronald wondered where the symposium was supposed to be held the next day.
 - d) Mr. Ronald wanted to know where is the symposium supposed to be held tomorrow.
116. *Samuel said: "Alice, give me your website address."*
- a) Samuel said Alice to give him her website address.
 - b) Samuel said that Alice gave him her website address.
 - c) Samuel told Alice to give him her website address.
 - d) Samuel told that Alice had to give him her website address.
117. *Mother said: "Estella, if you don't tell the truth, nobody will trust you."*
- a) Mother warned Estella if she didn't tell the truth, nobody would trust her.
 - b) Mother said that if Estella didn't tell the truth, nobody would trust her.
 - c) Mother told that if Estella didn't tell the truth, nobody would trust her.
 - d) Mother said to Estella if she doesn't tell the truth, nobody will trust her.
118. *The chairman asked Edward to hand over the files.*
- a) The chairman says to Edward: "Will you hand over the files, please?"
 - b) The chairman said to Edward: "Will you hand over the files, please?"
 - c) The chairman asked: "Will you hand over the files, please?"
 - d) The chairman said: "Will Edward hand over the files?"
119. *"Ken, when are you going to file a report about the incident?" Martin asked.*
- a) Martin asked Ken when is he going to file a report about the incident.
 - b) Martin asked Ken when was he going to file a report about the incident.
 - c) Martin asked when Ken was going to file a report about the incident.
 - d) Martin asked Ken when he was going to file a report about the incident.
120. *"Did you send a letter to your parents last week?" asked Uncle Fred.*
- a) Uncle Fred asked did I send a letter to my parents last week.
 - b) Uncle Fred asked if I sent a letter to my parents last week.
 - c) Uncle Fred asked if I had sent a letter to my parents the previous week.
 - d) Uncle Fred asked if I had sent a letter to my parents last week.

121. *"You will feel better tomorrow if you stay in bed," says the doctor.*
- The doctor said I would feel better tomorrow if I stayed in bed.
 - The doctor says I will feel better tomorrow if I stay in bed.
 - The doctor said that I would feel better the next day if I stayed in bed.
 - The doctor told that I would feel better tomorrow if I stayed in bed.
122. *Mr. Grey asks: "Did they adopt a decision?"*
- Mr. Grey asked if they had adopted a decision.
 - Mr. Grey asks if they adopted a decision.
 - Mr. Grey asks did they adopt a decision.
 - Mr. Grey asked if they adopted a decision.
123. *"You look pale, Susan. You had better stay in bed." I said.*
- I said that Susan looked pale and warned her to stay in bed.
 - I wondered why Susan didn't stay in bed as she looked pale.
 - I advised Susan to stay in bed because she looked pale.
 - I advised that Susan had to stay in bed, she looked pale.
124. *The jeweler asked: "Why don't you like this bracelet? It's very nice."*
- The jeweler wondered why I didn't like that bracelet and added that it was very nice.
 - The jeweler wondered why didn't I like that bracelet and it was very nice.
 - The jeweler asked why I don't like this bracelet as it's very nice.
 - The jeweler asked why I didn't like this bracelet as it was very nice.
125. *The secretary said: "There is a mass of letters on my table this morning."*
- The secretary said there is a mass of letters on her table this morning.
 - The secretary said there was a mass of letters on her table this morning.
 - The secretary told that there was a mass of letters on her table that morning.
 - The secretary said there was a mass of letters on her table that morning.
126. *The little girl said: "Will you help me open this parcel, please? I can't do it alone."*
- The little girl asked me if I will help her open the parcel as she can't do it alone.
 - The little girl asked me if I would help her open the parcel as she couldn't do it alone.
 - The little girl asked me to help her open the parcel and she couldn't do it alone.
 - The little girl asked me to help her open the parcel as she couldn't do it alone.

127. *Mother says: "Can you take your little sister to the park tonight, Ben?"*

- a) Mother asked Ben if he can take his little sister to the park tonight.
- b) Mother asked Ben if he could take his little sister to the park that night.
- c) Mother asks Ben can he take his little sister to the park tonight.
- d) Mother asks Ben if he can take his little sister to the park tonight.

128. *Granny said to Rita: "Don't forget to take an umbrella. It's drizzling."*

- a) Granny asked Rita not to forget to take an umbrella and it was drizzling.
- b) Granny reminded Rita to take an umbrella as it was drizzling.
- c) Granny said that Rita didn't forget to take an umbrella as it was drizzling.
- d) Granny reminded Rita to take an umbrella as it is drizzling.

129. *Father said: "Albert, if you break your promise, nobody will respect you."*

- a) Father warned Albert that if he broke his promise, nobody would respect him.
- b) Father said that if Albert broke his promise, nobody would respect him.
- c) Father told that if Albert broke his promise, nobody would respect him.
- d) Father said to Albert if he breaks his promise, nobody will respect him.

130. *The old lady said: "Will you help me get into the car, please?"*

- a) The old lady asked me if I will help her get into the car.
- b) The old lady asked me if I would help her get into the car.
- c) The old lady asked me to help her get into the car.
- d) The old lady said that I would help her get into the car.

131. *I said to her: "If you let your son do whatever he wants, you will spoil him."*

- a) I said if she lets her son do whatever he wants, she will spoil him.
- b) I warned her that if she let her son do whatever he wanted, she would spoil him.
- c) I warned her that if she let her son do whatever she wanted, she would spoil him.
- d) I told her if her son did whatever she wanted, she would spoil him.

132. *The engineer wondered why the project changed so often.*

- a) The engineer said: "I wonder why the project changes so often."
- b) The engineer asked me: "Why did the project change so often?"
- c) The engineer asked: "Why does the project change so often?"
- d) The engineer asks: "Why does the project change so often?"

133. Fred said: "Rita, you can take this journal if you want. I have got plenty of others."

- a) Fred told Rita she could take that journal if she wanted as he had plenty of others.
- b) Fred said Rita could take this journal if she wanted as he had plenty of others.
- c) Fred told Rita to take that journal if she wanted and he had plenty of others.
- d) Fred said that Rita could take that journal if she wanted as she had plenty of others.

134. The young man asks: "Are there any double rooms in this hotel?"

- a) The young man asks if there are some double rooms in this hotel.
- b) The young man wanted to know if there were some double rooms in that hotel.
- c) The young man wants to know are there any double rooms in this hotel.
- d) The young man wonders if there are any double rooms in this hotel.

135. Brandon said: "Lucy has found a new job. I am very happy."

- a) Brandon said Lucy found a new job and she is very happy.
- b) Brandon said Lucy was very happy and she had found a new job.
- c) Brandon said Lucy had found a new job and added that he was very happy.
- d) Brandon told Lucy had found a new job and he was very happy.

136. "Hello, Sam! Why didn't you join us yesterday?" Garry said.

- a) Garry said hello to Sam and asked why didn't he join them yesterday.
- b) Garry told Sam hello and asked why he hadn't joined them the day before.
- c) Garry greeted to Sam and asked why hadn't he joined them the day before.
- d) Garry greeted Sam and asked why he hadn't joined them the day before.

137. The professor said: "Andy, open the window, please."

- a) The professor said that Andy had to open the window.
- b) The professor asked Andy to open the window.
- c) The professor asked if Andy opened the window.
- d) The professor said Andy to open the window.

138. The teacher says: "The pupils will be going to the museum tomorrow."

- a) The teacher said that the pupils would be going to the museum the next day.
- b) The teacher says the pupils will be going to the museum tomorrow.
- c) The teacher tells that the pupils will be going to the museum tomorrow.
- d) The teacher says that the pupils will go to the museum tomorrow.

139. *The chairman asked: "Is anybody absent today?"*

- a) The chairman asked if anybody was absent that day.
- b) The chairman asked if anybody is absent today.
- c) The chairman asked if somebody was absent that day.
- d) The chairman asked was anybody absent that day.

140. *"I can't help you paint the fence. I am awfully tired now," he said.*

- a) He said he couldn't help me paint the fence and he was awfully tired then.
- b) He said he couldn't help me paint the fence as he was awfully tired then.
- c) He told he couldn't help me paint the fence as he was awfully tired then.
- d) He said he can't help me paint the fence as he is awfully tired now.

141. *Sheila said: "My classmates will help me after classes."*

- a) Sheila said her classmates would help her after classes.
- b) Sheila told her classmates will help her after classes.
- c) Sheila said her classmates will help her after classes.
- d) Sheila told her classmates would help her after classes.

142. *The architect said: "When is Ben going to cite details?"*

- a) The architect wanted to know when is Ben going to cite details.
- b) The architect asked when Ben is going to cite details.
- c) The architect wondered when Ben was going to cite details.
- d) The architect asked Ben when he was going to cite details.

143. *The tourists asked: "How can we get to Oxford Street?"*

- a) The tourists asked if how they could get to Oxford Street.
- b) The tourists wondered how they could get to Oxford Street.
- c) The tourists wondered how they can get to Oxford Street.
- d) The tourists asked if they could get to Oxford Street.

144. *The Smiths asked if I would be in town the following day.*

- a) "Will you be in town tomorrow?" the Smiths asked.
- b) "Will you be in town tomorrow?" the Smiths asked him.
- c) The Smiths asked: "Will you be in town the following day?"
- d) "Will you be in town tomorrow?" I asked the Smiths.

145. *“Don’t make a noise, girls!” says the Dean.*
- a) The Dean asked the girls not to make a noise.
 - b) The Dean tells the girls don’t make a noise.
 - c) The Dean asks that the girls don’t make a noise.
 - d) The Dean tells the girls not to make a noise.
146. *Jordan said: “Gareth, wait for me at the front entrance!”*
- a) Jordan said Gareth to wait for him at the front entrance.
 - b) Jordan said that Gareth waited for him at the front entrance.
 - c) Jordan told Gareth to wait for him at the front entrance.
 - d) Jordan told that Gareth had to wait for him at the front entrance.
147. *The guide said: “You’ll have a nice time. Venice is a wonderful city.”*
- a) The guide said we would have a nice time as Venice is a wonderful city.
 - b) The guide said we would have a nice time as Venice had been a wonderful city.
 - c) The guide said we’ll have a nice time as Venice is a wonderful city.
 - d) The guide told we would have a nice time as Venice is a wonderful city.
148. *“If I had any time, I would help you with your work,” said Lora.*
- a) Lora said that if she had had any time she would have helped me with my work.
 - b) Lora said if she had any time she would help me with my work.
 - c) Lora told that if she had any time she would help me with my work.
 - d) Lora said that if she had had some time she would help me with my work.
149. *The director asked the boys what they were doing there.*
- a) “What are the boys doing here?” the director asked.
 - b) “What are you doing here?” the director asked me.
 - c) “What are you doing here?” the director asks the boys.
 - d) “What are you doing here?” the director asked the boys.
150. *Grandfather said: “Charlie, will you pass me the ash-tray, please?”*
- a) Grandfather asked whether Charlie would pass him the ash-tray.
 - b) Grandfather asked Charlie to pass him the ash-tray.
 - c) Grandfather asked if Charlie will pass him the ash-tray.
 - d) Grandfather said that Charlie would pass him the ash-tray.

151. *The gardener said: "Has anybody touched these flowers?"*
- a) The gardener wondered if anybody had touched those flowers.
 - b) The gardener wanted to know if somebody had touched those flowers.
 - c) The gardener asked whether anybody touched these flowers.
 - d) The gardener asked had anybody touched those flowers.
152. *"Emily, when are you going to buy a new computer?" I asked.*
- a) I told Emily when she was going to buy a new computer.
 - b) I asked Emily when was she going to buy a new computer.
 - c) I asked when Emily was going to buy a new computer.
 - d) I asked Emily when she was going to buy a new computer.
153. *Aunt Barbara asked if I had spoken to my boss the previous week.*
- a) "Did you speak to your boss the previous week?" asked Aunt Barbara.
 - b) "Did you speak to your boss last week?" asks Aunt Barbara.
 - c) "Did you speak to your boss last week?" asked Aunt Barbara.
 - d) Aunt Barbara asked him: "Did you speak to your boss last week?"
154. *"Please, don't ask me any questions, Rod! I am busy now," asks Dad.*
- a) Dad asked Rod not to ask him any questions as he was busy then.
 - b) Dad asks Rod not to ask him any questions as he is busy now.
 - c) Dad asked that Rod didn't ask him any questions as he was busy then.
 - d) Dad asks that Rod doesn't ask him any questions as he is busy now.
155. *"Why didn't you phone us yesterday?" Christopher asked.*
- a) Christopher wanted to know why didn't I phone them the previous day.
 - b) Christopher asked why I hadn't phoned them yesterday.
 - c) Christopher wondered why hadn't I phoned them the day before.
 - d) Christopher wanted to know why I hadn't phoned them the day before.
156. *"I have important talks today," says the office manager.*
- a) The office manager says he has important talks today.
 - b) The office manager says he had important talks that day.
 - c) The office manager said he had important talks that day.
 - d) The office manager tells he has important talks today.

157. *The music teacher said we would enjoy the concert as Iglesias is a great singer.*
- The music teacher said: "You would enjoy the concert. Iglesias was a great singer."
 - The music teacher asked: "You'll enjoy the concert. Iglesias is a great singer."
 - The music teacher said: "Will you enjoy the concert? Iglesias is a great singer."
 - The music teacher said: "You'll enjoy the concert. Iglesias is a great singer."
158. *"Roland, will you go to Lee's party tomorrow?" asked Debby.*
- Roland asked whether Debby would go to Lee's party the next day.
 - Debby asked Roland if he will go to Lee's party the following day.
 - Debby asked Roland if he would go to Lee's party the following day.
 - Debby asked whether Roland will go to Lee's party tomorrow.
159. *The babysitter said: "Don't sit the baby here, Irene! It's not safe."*
- The babysitter told Irene not to sit the baby here as it's not safe.
 - The babysitter told Irene not to sit the baby there and it was not safe.
 - The babysitter warned Irene not to sit the baby there as it was not safe.
 - The babysitter ordered Irene not to sit the baby here as it was not safe.
160. *The fire-fighter said: "Don't enter the building. It's dangerous."*
- The fire-fighter said that I didn't enter the building as it's dangerous.
 - The fire-fighter told me to enter the building but it was dangerous.
 - The fire-fighter ordered to me not to enter the building as it was dangerous.
 - The fire-fighter warned me not to enter the building as it was dangerous.
161. *"I have guests from Germany today," says the head of the department.*
- The head of the department says he has guests from Germany today.
 - The head of the department says he had guests from Germany that day.
 - The head of the department said he had guests from Germany that day.
 - The head of the department tells he has guests from Germany today.
162. *"Linda, when are you going to introduce your fiancé to us?" I asked.*
- I asked Linda when is she going to introduce her fiancé to us.
 - I asked Linda when was she going to introduce her fiancé to us.
 - I asked when Linda was going to introduce her fiancé to us.
 - I asked Linda when she was going to introduce her fiancé to us.

163. *“Did you settle the problem with your neighbours yesterday?” asked Uncle Sam.*
- Uncle Sam asked did I settle the problem with my neighbours yesterday.
 - Uncle Sam asked if I settled the problem with my neighbours the day before.
 - Uncle Sam asked if had I settled the problem with my neighbours the day before.
 - Uncle Sam asked if I had settled the problem with my neighbours the day before.
164. *Henry asked: “Did they take any decisive steps to save the situation?”*
- Henry wondered whether they had taken any decisive steps to save the situation.
 - Henry asked if they took some decisive steps to save the situation.
 - Henry wondered if they had taken some decisive steps to save the situation.
 - Henry asked if had they taken any decisive steps to save the situation.
165. *The archaeologists said: “Don’t touch anything here, children.”*
- The archaeologists said the children not to touch anything there.
 - The archaeologists told the children not to touch something there.
 - The archaeologists warned the children not to touch anything there.
 - The archaeologists ordered the children not to touch anything here.
166. *The professor said: “Maria, take the register to the Dean’s office, please.”*
- The professor said that Maria had to take the register to the Dean’s office.
 - The professor said Maria to take the register to the Dean’s office.
 - The professor asked Maria to take the register to the Dean’s office.
 - The professor asked to Maria to take the register to the Dean’s office.
167. *Rudy asked Sarah where she was going that weekend.*
- Rudy asked: “Where was Sarah going that weekend?”
 - Rudy asked: “Sarah, where are you going this weekend?”
 - Rudy asked: “Where is Sarah going this weekend?”
 - Rudy asked Sarah: “Where is he going this weekend?”
168. *Father said: “Pauline passed her driving test. I am delighted.”*
- Father said Pauline had passed her driving test, so she was delighted.
 - Father said Pauline had passed her driving test and added that he was delighted.
 - Father said Pauline had passed her driving test as he was delighted.
 - Father told Pauline passed her driving test and added that he was delighted.

169. *The doctor said to us: "Keep silent, please!"*
- The doctor asked us to keep silent.
 - The doctor told to us to keep silent.
 - The doctor said to us to keep silent.
 - The doctor said that we must keep silent.
170. *"Why didn't you tell the whole truth yesterday?" Harry asked.*
- Harry wondered if why didn't I tell the whole truth yesterday.
 - Harry asked why I hadn't told the whole truth yesterday.
 - Harry asked why hadn't I told the whole truth the day before.
 - Harry wondered why I hadn't told the whole truth the day before.
171. *"When the door-bell rang, I was still sleeping," said Melanie.*
- Melanie said she was still sleeping when the door-bell rang.
 - Melanie said she has still been sleeping when the door-bell rang.
 - Melanie said she had still been sleeping when the door-bell had rung.
 - Melanie told she was still sleeping when the door-bell rang.
172. *The professor said: "The students missed a great deal last term."*
- The professor said that the students had missed a great deal last term.
 - The professor said the students had missed a great deal the previous term.
 - The professor told that the students had missed a great deal last term.
 - The professor said that the students missed a great deal the previous term.
173. *Doctor Peterson asked: "Did she take the pills regularly?"*
- Doctor Peterson wondered whether she had taken the pills regularly.
 - Doctor Peterson asked if had she taken the pills regularly.
 - Doctor Peterson asked whether she took the pills regularly.
 - Doctor Peterson wondered did she take the pills regularly.
174. *"I can't give an answer now. Can you phone me tomorrow?" David says.*
- David says he can't give an answer now and asked me to phone him tomorrow.
 - David said he couldn't give an answer then and asked me if I could phone him the next day.
 - David tells he can't give an answer then and asks me to phone him the next day.
 - David says he can't give an answer now and asks if I can phone him tomorrow.

175. Daniel said: "My friend will help me mend the roof."

- a) Daniel asked his friend to help him mend the roof.
- b) Daniel told his friend will help him mend the roof.
- c) Daniel said his friend would help him mend the roof.
- d) Daniel told his friend would help him mend the roof.

176. Sandy said: "Where is Dan going? I don't want to stay alone."

- a) Sandy asked where was Dan going as she didn't want to stay alone.
- b) Sandy asked where Dan went and added that she didn't want to stay alone.
- c) Sandy asked where Dan was going and added that she didn't want to stay alone.
- d) Sandy asked where is Dan going and she doesn't want to stay alone.

177. Doctor Reagan asked: "How do you feel today?"

- a) Doctor Reagan asked how do I feel today.
- b) Doctor Reagan wanted to know how I felt that day.
- c) Doctor Reagan asked how I had felt that day.
- d) Doctor Reagan wondered how I feel today.

178. "Will you be present at the conference tomorrow?" Jim asked Leo.

- a) Leo asked if Jim would be present at the conference the next day.
- b) Jim asked Leo if he will be present at the conference the following day.
- c) Jim asked if Leo will be present at the conference tomorrow.
- d) Jim asked Leo if he would be present at the conference the following day.

179. "Happy birthday, Roy!" said Dad.

- a) Dad congratulated Roy on his birthday.
- b) Dad congratulated to Roy on his birthday.
- c) Dad said to Roy happy birthday.
- d) Dad told Roy happy birthday.

180. Helen asks: "Did he make an effort to achieve his goal?"

- a) Helen asked if he had made an effort to achieve his goal.
- b) Helen asks if he made an effort to achieve his goal.
- c) Helen asked had he made an effort to achieve his goal.
- d) Helen asks did he make an effort to achieve his goal.

181. *Samuel said: "Joseph has been my best friend since early childhood."*
- Samuel told Joseph that he had been his best friend since early childhood.
 - Samuel said that Joseph has been his best friend since early childhood.
 - Samuel said that Joseph had been his best friend since early childhood.
 - Samuel told that Joseph had been his best friend since early childhood.
182. *Frieda said: "Alan is back again. I am so glad!"*
- Frieda said Alan is back again and added that she is so glad.
 - Frieda said Alan was back again and added that she was very glad.
 - Frieda said Alan was back again as she was so glad.
 - Frieda told Alan he was back again but she wasn't very glad.
183. *Eleanor said: "If I had enough money, I would buy this cottage."*
- Eleanor said that if she had had enough money she would have bought that cottage.
 - Eleanor said if she had enough money she would buy this cottage.
 - Eleanor told that if she had enough money she would buy this cottage.
 - Eleanor said that if she had enough money she would buy that cottage.
184. *The tourists addressed a policeman: "Where is the nearest hotel?"*
- The tourists asked a policeman if where was the nearest hotel.
 - The tourists asked a policeman where is the nearest hotel.
 - The tourists told a policeman where the nearest hotel was.
 - The tourists asked a policeman where the nearest hotel was.
185. *Ken said to the shop-assistant: "Could you show me these black slacks, please?"*
- Ken said to the shop-assistant to show him those black slacks.
 - Ken told the shop-assistant to show him these black slacks.
 - Ken asked if the shop-assistant could show him those black slacks.
 - Ken asked the shop-assistant to show him those black slacks.
186. *Jasmine said she would like some more cookies.*
- Jasmine said: "I would like some more cookies."
 - Jasmine said: "I will like some more cookies."
 - Jasmine said to me: "I would like some more cookies."
 - Jasmine said: "I liked some more cookies."

187. Steve said: "I am sorry, Sally. I didn't want to hurt you."

- a) Steve told that he was sorry to hurt Sally.
- b) Steve apologized to Sally and said that he hadn't wanted to hurt her.
- c) Steve told Sally that he is sorry and he didn't want to hurt her.
- d) Steve said to Sally that he didn't want to hurt her and he was sorry.

188. The coach asked: "Where did you put the uniforms, boys? Get ready!"

- a) The coach asked where the boys put the uniforms and to get ready.
- b) The coach asked where had the boys put the uniforms and told them to get ready.
- c) The coach asked the boys where they had put the uniforms and ordered them to get ready.
- d) The coach asked the boys where did they put the uniforms and told them to get ready.

189. "Will you bring the commode the day after tomorrow?" the carpenter asked.

- a) The carpenter wondered if we will bring the commode tomorrow.
- b) The carpenter asked if we would bring the commode in two days' time.
- c) The carpenter wanted to know would we bring the commode the following day.
- d) The carpenter said whether we would bring the commode the next day.

190. Monika said: "I'll ignore his remark. It's no use arguing with stupid people."

- a) Monika said she will ignore his remark as it's no use arguing with stupid people.
- b) Monika said she would ignore his remark as it's no use arguing with stupid people.
- c) Monika told she would ignore his remark as it was no use arguing with stupid people.
- d) Monika told him she would ignore his remark as it's no use arguing with stupid people.

191. I said: "Victoria, don't forget to lock the door before you go to bed."

- a) I told Victoria not to forget to lock the door before she went to bed.
- b) I told to Victoria not to forget to lock the door before she goes to bed.
- c) I said Victoria not to forget to lock the door before she went to bed.
- d) I told Victoria that she didn't forget to lock the door before she went to bed.

192. Gladys asked: "Are there any doctors among your friends, Vicky?"
- Gladys asked Vicky if there are any doctors among his friends.
 - Gladys asked Vicky were there any doctors among his friends.
 - Gladys asked Vicky if there were some doctors among his friends.
 - Gladys asked Vicky if there were any doctors among his friends.
193. The detective said: "Who is this gentleman?"
- The detective wonders who is this gentleman.
 - The detective said who was this gentleman.
 - The detective asked who that gentleman was.
 - The detective asked if who this gentleman was.
194. The student told the professor that he couldn't answer that question.
- "I can't answer this question," the student said to the professor.
 - "I can't answer this question," the student asked the professor.
 - The professor said to the student: "I can't answer this question."
 - The student said to the professor: "Can't I answer this question?"
195. "Tom, when are you going to repair your house?" I asked.
- I asked Tom when is he going to repair his house.
 - I asked Tom when was he going to repair his house.
 - I asked Tom when he was going to repair his house.
 - I asked when Tom was going to repair his house.
196. "Ben, when are you going to take the annual report to stockholders?" said the manager.
- The manager asked Ben when is he going totake the annual report to stockholders.
 - The manager asked Ben when was he going to take the annual report to stockholders.
 - The manager asked if when was Ben going to take the annual report to stockholders.
 - The manager asked Ben when he was going to take the annual report to stockholders.
197. "Samantha, can you remember to buy some sugar?" Mother said.
- Mother said that Samantha could remember to buy some sugar.
 - Mother said if Samantha could remember to buy some sugar.
 - Mother asked Samantha if she couldn't remember to buy some sugar.
 - Mother reminded Samantha to buy some sugar.

198. *Jack told Adam that he was leaving that morning.*
- a) Jack said: "Adam is leaving this morning."
 - b) Jack said: "I am leaving this morning, Adam."
 - c) Adam said: "I am leaving this morning, Jack."
 - d) Jack told: "I am leaving this morning, Adam."
199. *"You cannot conceal your guilt from the police," said the police officer.*
- a) The police officer said I couldn't conceal my guilt from the police.
 - b) The police officer told I couldn't conceal my guilt from the police.
 - c) The police officer said I couldn't conceal his guilt from the police.
 - d) The police officer told to me I couldn't conceal my guilt from the police.
200. *"Do your parents know you are leaving the day after tomorrow?" asked Aunt Amanda.*
- a) Aunt Amanda asked did my parents know I was leaving two days later.
 - b) Aunt Amanda asked whether my parents know I was leaving the day after tomorrow.
 - c) Aunt Amanda wondered if my parents knew I was leaving in two days later.
 - d) Aunt Amanda wondered if my parents knew I was leaving in two days' time.
201. *"Could you tell me where the post office is?" she said.*
- a) She asked me to tell him where the post office is.
 - b) She asks me to tell her where the post office is.
 - c) She asked to me if I could tell her where the post office is.
 - d) She asked me to tell her where the post office was.
202. *"Would you mind waiting a moment please?" George said to Cathie.*
- a) George asked Cathie to wait a moment.
 - b) George said to Cathie if she would mind waiting a moment.
 - c) Cathie asked George if he would mind waiting a moment.
 - d) George told Cathie to wait a moment.
203. *"Did you see 'Harry Potter' yesterday?" Nancy asked.*
- a) Nancy asked me whether I had seen "Harry Potter" the day before.
 - b) Nancy asked if I saw "Harry Potter" yesterday.
 - c) Nancy asked me that I saw "Harry Potter" yesterday.
 - d) Nancy asked me if I had seen "Harry Potter" two days ago.

204. *“Could you bring my book tonight?” Bill asked Nick.*
- a) Bill asked if Nick could have brought his book that night.
 - b) Bill asked Nick to bring him his book that night.
 - c) Bill asked to Nick to bring him his book that night.
 - d) Bill told Nick to bring him his book that night.
205. *“Please stop bothering me,” she asked Keith.*
- a) She ordered Keith to stop bothering her.
 - b) She asked Keith to stop bothering her.
 - c) She told to Keith to stop bothering her.
 - d) She asked Keith stop bothering her.
206. *“Don’t call her now; she will not pick up the phone. I am sure about that,” David said.*
- a) David warned me not to call her then because he was sure she would not pick up the phone.
 - b) David said to me not to call her then because he was sure she would not pick up the phone.
 - c) David told me not to call her now because he was sure she would not pick up the phone.
 - d) David told to me not to call her then because he was sure she would not pick up the phone.
207. *“I will have finished the assignment by the time Henry arrives,” Lee said.*
- a) Lee said he would have finished the assignment by the time Henry arrives.
 - b) Lee told he would have finished the assignment by the time Henry arrived.
 - c) Lee said he would have finished the assignment by the time Henry arrived.
 - d) Lee said she will have finished the assignment by the time Henry arrived.
208. *Eliza asked me: “How did you like the food in that restaurant?”*
- a) Eliza asked me how I like the food in that restaurant.
 - b) Eliza asked me how did I like the food in that restaurant.
 - c) Eliza asked me how I liked the food in this restaurant.
 - d) Eliza asked me how I liked the food in that restaurant.

209. *“Does Brad know that you are leaving for Brussels the day after tomorrow?”*
asked Vivian.
- a) Vivian asked if Brad knew that I was leaving for Brussels the day after tomorrow.
 - b) Vivian asked if Brad knew I was leaving for Brussels in two days’ time.
 - c) Vivian asked Brad if he knew that I was leaving for Brussels in two days’ time.
 - d) Vivian asks if Brad knew that I was leaving for Brussels the day after tomorrow.
210. *Pete said: “When do I have to submit this report?”*
- a) Pete wanted to know when he had to submit that report.
 - b) Pete asked when did he have to submit his report.
 - c) Pete wanted to know when he had to submit this report.
 - d) Pete wanted to know when I had to submit that report.
211. *Sally suggested that we should have a short break.*
- a) Sally said: “Have a short break.”
 - b) Sally said: “Can I have a short break?”
 - c) Sally asked: “Have a short break, will you?”
 - d) Sally said: “Let’s have a short break, shall we?”
212. *Michael asked Mary to join their team.*
- a) “Will you join our team, Mary?” asked Michael.
 - b) “Join this team, Mary,” asked Michael.
 - c) Michael told Mary, “Will you join our team?”
 - d) Mary asked Michael, “Please join our team.”
213. *The tutor asked how long Greg had been practicing French.*
- a) The tutor asked: “How long had you been practising French, Greg?”
 - b) “How long you have been practising French Greg?” said the tutor.
 - c) The tutor said: “How long had Greg been practicing French?”
 - d) “How long has Greg been practising French?” said the tutor.

214. *"I would have visited the hospital, if I had known you were sick," said Sandy.*
- Sandy said that she would visit the hospital, if she had known I was sick.
 - Sandy said that she would have visited the hospital, if she had known I was sick.
 - Sandy said that she would have visited the hospital if she knew I was sick.
 - Sandy told that she would have visited the hospital if she knew I was sick.
215. *"Why do you want to terminate the contract?" the manager said to me.*
- The manager asked me why did I want to terminate the contract.
 - The manager asked to me why I wanted to terminate the contract.
 - The manager asked me why I wanted to terminate the contract.
 - The manager asked me why I want to terminate the contract.
216. *"When Bill called me I was discussing the outcome of the project with Jessie," said Daniel.*
- Daniel said he was discussing the outcome of the project with Jessie when Bill called him.
 - Daniel said she is discussing the outcome of the project with Jessie when Bill called him.
 - Daniel said he was discussing the outcome of the project with Jessie when Bill had called her.
 - Daniel said he was discussing the outcome of the project with Bill when Jessie called him.
217. *My friend said to me: "Let's stay in till the snow has stopped."*
- My friend told me to stay in till the snow had stopped.
 - My friend suggested staying in till the snow has stopped.
 - My friend said to me to stay in till the snow had stopped.
 - My friend suggested to me staying in till the snow had stopped.
218. *He invited Linda to have dinner with him on Sunday.*
- "Linda, you must have dinner with me on Sunday," he said.
 - He said to Linda: "Would you like to have dinner with me on Sunday?"
 - He said: "Linda, will you like to have dinner with me on Sunday?"
 - "Do you like to have dinner with me on Sunday, Linda?" he said to her.

219. *"Make sure you arrive on time tomorrow," said the manager.*
- The manager told me to make sure that I arrive on time the following day.
 - The manager told to arrive on time the following day.
 - The manager told me to arrive on time the following day.
 - The manager asked to me to arrive on time the following day.
220. *He asks me where I want to have supper tonight.*
- "Where did you want to have supper?" he asks me.
 - "Where do you want to have supper tonight?" he asked me.
 - "Where do you want to have supper tonight?" he asks me.
 - "Where do you want to have supper tonight?" I asked her.
221. *Gabriela said, "I can't possibly finish my work by five o'clock."*
- Gabriela said that she can't possibly finish her work by five o'clock.
 - Gabriela said that she can't have possibly finished her work by five o'clock.
 - Gabriela said that she couldn't possibly finish her work by five o'clock.
 - Gabriela said that she couldn't possibly finish his work by five o'clock.
222. *Martha said, "I am going to Mexico this year."*
- Martha said that she was going to Mexico that year.
 - Martha said that she is going to Mexico this year.
 - Martha said that she was going to Mexico the following year.
 - Martha told that she was going to Mexico this year.
223. *"If you don't keep your promise I will never trust you," he said to her.*
- He said he would never trust her if she didn't keep her promise.
 - He told her he would never trust her if she didn't keep her promise.
 - He told her he would never trust her if he didn't keep her promise.
 - He said to her that he would never trust her as she didn't keep her promise.
224. *The little girl said to her mother, "Does the sun rise in the East?"*
- The little girl asked to her mother if the sun rose in the East.
 - The little girl asked if the sun rises in the East.
 - The little girl asked her mother if the sun rises in the East.
 - The little girl wanted to know if the sun rises in the East.

225. *Jane offered to bring me some tea.*
- Jane said: "Shall I bring you some tea?"
 - Jane said: "Will you bring me some tea?"
 - Jane asked me: "Would you bring me some tea?"
 - Jane said: "Let's order some tea."
226. *"I go to concerts with my friends," he says.*
- He said that he went to concerts with his friends.
 - He said that she went to concerts with his friends.
 - He says that he goes to concerts with his friends.
 - He tells that he goes to concerts with his friends.
227. *"Work hard if you want to succeed," the teacher said to us.*
- The teacher told us to work hard if we wanted to succeed.
 - The teacher said us to work hard if we wanted to succeed.
 - The teacher told to work hard if we wanted to succeed.
 - The teacher warned them to work hard if we wanted to succeed.
228. *"Don't go out at night, it's dangerous," my mother said to me.*
- My mother told not to go out at night because it was dangerous.
 - My mother said that I did not go out at night because it was dangerous.
 - My mother didn't allow to go out at night because it was dangerous.
 - My mother told me not to go out at night because it was dangerous.
229. *"Please, buy some cookies on your way home," Melissa said.*
- Melissa asked me to buy some cookies on my way home.
 - Melissa told me to bring some cookies on her way home.
 - Melissa asked if I could buy some cookies on my way home.
 - Melissa asked me to bring some cookies on her way home.
230. *"Could you give me the glass on the table, please?" said Jerome.*
- Jerome asked me to give him the glass on the table.
 - Jerome asked if I could give him the glass on the table.
 - Jerome told me to give him the glass on the table.
 - Jerome asked me to give the glass on the table.

231. *Jenny said she would like some more cocoa.*
- Jenny said: "I will like some more cocoa."
 - Jenny said: "I would like some more cocoa."
 - Jenny said to me: "I would like some more cocoa."
 - Jenny said: "I liked some more cocoa."
232. *"Who is your favorite singer?" Nancy asked Simon.*
- Nancy asked Simon if who his favorite singer was.
 - Nancy asked Simon whether who was his favorite singer.
 - Nancy asked who was Simon's favorite singer.
 - Nancy asked Simon who his favorite singer was.
233. *"I saw this film two weeks ago," he said.*
- He said that he had seen that film two weeks ago.
 - He said that he had seen that film two weeks before.
 - He says that he had seen that film two weeks ago.
 - He said that he saw that film two weeks before.
234. *"What about going to the cinema tomorrow?" she said.*
- She suggested going to the cinema the following day.
 - She suggested to go to the cinema the next day.
 - She said that they would go to the cinema the following day.
 - She asked if they would go to the cinema tomorrow.
235. *"You'd better buy a new digital camera," said Mary.*
- Mary advised me to buy a new digital camera.
 - Mary suggested I had better buy a new digital camera.
 - Mary said that I had to buy a new digital camera.
 - Mary advised me to buy her new digital camera.
236. *"Switch off your mobile phones at the lesson," the teacher said to us.*
- The teacher told us switch off our mobile phones at the lesson.
 - The teacher said us to switch off our mobile phones at the lesson.
 - The teacher asked us that to switch off our mobile phones at the lesson.
 - The teacher told us to switch off our mobile phones at the lesson.

237. *“Richard, help me repair the printer, please!” he said.*

- a) He asked Richard to help him repair the printer.
- b) He said Richard to help him repair the printer.
- c) He asked Richard help him repair the printer.
- d) He asked if Richard helped him repair the printer.

238. *She says, “Mary looked at me with astonishment when I told her the news.”*

- a) She said that Mary had looked at her with astonishment when she had told her the news.
- b) She says Mary looked at her with astonishment when she told her the news.
- c) She says that Mary looked at me with astonishment when I told her the news.
- d) Mary said that she had looked at her with astonishment when she told her the news

239. *She asked, “Do you have anything in mind for dinner tonight?”*

- a) She asked if did I have anything in mind for dinner that night.
- b) She wanted to know if I had anything in mind for dinner that night.
- c) She asked me whether I had something in my mind for dinner tonight.
- d) She asked if had I anything in mind for dinner that night.

240. *Mary said, “My friend is very upset. She has left her handbag on the bus.”*

- a) Mary said her friend was very upset because she had left her handbag on the bus.
- b) Mary said her friend was very upset. She has left her handbag on the bus.
- c) Mary told that her friend was very upset because she had left her handbag on the bus.
- d) Mary said me that her friend was very upset because she has left her handbag on the bus.

241. *He said, “Anita, did you check over the report yesterday?”*

- a) He asked Anita if she had checked over the report yesterday.
- b) He asked if Anita checked over the report the day before.
- c) He wanted to know if Anita checked over the report the day before.
- d) He asked Anita if she had checked over the report the day before.

242. *Susie said, "No, I didn't take your phone."*

- a) Susie refused to take my phone.
- b) Susie said no, she didn't take my phone.
- c) Susie denied taking my phone.
- d) Susie told she hadn't taken my phone.

243. *She said, "Don't be so rude to your friends!"*

- a) She ordered me not be so rude to my friends.
- b) She told me not to be so rude to her friends.
- c) She advised me not be so rude to my friends.
- d) She told me not to be so rude to my friends.

244. *He said, "I am meeting a friend of mine who is coming from London tomorrow."*

- a) He said that he is meeting a friend of his who was coming from London the next day.
- b) He said that he was meeting a friend of his who was coming from London the next day.
- c) He said he was meeting a friend of his who is coming from London the next day.
- d) He told that he was meeting a friend of his who was coming from London tomorrow.

245. *Sue said, "It is the funniest show I have ever seen."*

- a) Sue said that it is the funniest show she had ever seen.
- b) Sue said that it was the funniest show she has ever seen.
- c) Sue said it was the funniest show she had ever seen.
- d) Sue told that it was the funniest show she had ever seen.

246. *The boss said to him, "Would you mind not playing computer games in the office?"*

- a) The boss told him not play computer games in the office.
- b) The boss said if I would mind not playing computer games in the office.
- c) The boss told him to not play computer games in the office.
- d) The boss told him not to play computer games in the office.

247. *She said, "What about going to the jazz club tomorrow?"*
- She asked if what about going to the jazz club the next day.
 - She suggested going to the jazz club the following day.
 - She said that they would go to the jazz club the next day.
 - She suggested to go to the jazz club the following day.
248. *Fred said, "I am going to watch World Football Cup final tomorrow."*
- Fred told that he was going to watch World Football Cup final the next day.
 - Fred said that he was going to watch World Football Cup final the next day.
 - Fred said that he was going to watch World Football Cup final tomorrow.
 - Fred says that he is going to watch World Football Cup final the next day.
249. *Richie said that they were glad we had enjoyed our trip to Denmark.*
- Richie said, "We are glad you have enjoyed your trip to Denmark."
 - Richie told, "I am glad you have enjoyed your trip to Denmark."
 - Richie said to me, "I was glad you have enjoyed your trip to Denmark."
 - Richie said, "We are glad we have enjoyed our trip to Denmark."
250. *"You'd better buy the white jeans," Henry said.*
- Henry told I had better buy the white jeans.
 - Henry advised that I had better buy the white jeans.
 - Henry recommended buying the white jeans.
 - Henry said I had to buy the white jeans.
251. *Lucy said, "I have been saving money for six months. I need to buy things for my new house."*
- Lucy said she had been saving money for six months because she needed to buy things for her new house.
 - Lucy said she has been saving money for six months to buy things for her new house.
 - Lucy told me that she has been saving money for six months because she needs to buy things for her new house.
 - Lucy said to me she has been saving money for several months to buy things for her new house.

252. *My friend said, "Could you stop talking about politics, please? It's very boring."*
- a) My friend asked us to stop talking about politics because it was very boring.
 - b) My friend said if we could stop talking about politics as it is very boring.
 - c) My friend ordered me to stop talking about politics and it was boring.
 - d) My friend suggested us to stop talking about politics as it was boring.
253. *Mary said to me, "We were writing a very difficult test at this time yesterday."*
- a) Mary told me that they were writing a very difficult test at that time yesterday.
 - b) Mary said they were writing a very difficult test the day before at this time.
 - c) Mary told me that they had been writing a very difficult test at that time the day before.
 - d) Mary told that they had been writing a very difficult test the day before at that time.
254. *My mother asked, "Ben! Have you emptied the bin?"*
- a) My mother asked Ben if he had emptied the bin.
 - b) My mother asked Ben if he has emptied the bin.
 - c) My mother told if Ben had emptied the bin.
 - d) My mother wanted to know if I had emptied the bin.
255. *"Don't switch on the TV!" the mother said to her son.*
- a) The mother told her son not to switch on the TV.
 - b) The mother told her son that he didn't switch on the TV.
 - c) The mother said her son not to switch on the TV.
 - d) The mother asked her son to switch on the TV.
256. *"Where is my umbrella?" she asked.*
- a) She asked if where was her umbrella.
 - b) She asked where my umbrella is.
 - c) She asked where her umbrella had been.
 - d) She asked where her umbrella was.
257. *Alexandra said: "I can't play tennis. I'm too busy."*
- a) Alexandra said that she had been too busy and couldn't play tennis.
 - b) Alexandra said that she was too busy and couldn't play tennis.
 - c) Alexandra said that she has been too busy and couldn't play tennis.
 - d) Alexandra said that she has been too busy and can't play tennis.

258. *“What about having a party on Saturday?” said Ann.*
- Ann suggested to have a party on Saturday.
 - Ann suggested having a party on Saturday.
 - Ann offered having a party on Saturday.
 - Ann offered that they should have a party on Saturday.
259. *“Please, don’t tell anyone.” she said. “I won’t, I promise,” I said.*
- She begged not to tell anyone and I promised that I wouldn’t.
 - She begged me not to tell anyone and I promised that I wouldn’t.
 - She begged not to tell anyone and I promised I wouldn’t.
 - She begged me not to tell to anyone and I promised that I wouldn’t.
260. *“Tom, what is this? Where did you take it from?” Jane asked.*
- Jane asked Tom what this was and where he had taken it from.
 - Jane asked Tom what that was and where he had taken it from.
 - Jane asked Tom what that was and where had he taken it from.
 - Jane asked Tom what was that and from where did he take it.
261. *“I have never made such a stupid mistake,” Alec said.*
- Alec said that he never had made such a stupid mistake.
 - Alec said that he never made such a stupid mistake.
 - Alec said that he had never made such a stupid mistake.
 - Alec told that he had never made such a stupid mistake.
262. *“I haven’t had time to visit the Tower yet,” Rupert said to me.*
- Rupert said to me he hadn’t had time to visit the Tower yet.
 - Rupert told me he hadn’t yet had time to visit the Tower.
 - Rupert told me he hadn’t had time to visit the Tower yet.
 - Rupert told me he hadn’t time yet to visit the Tower.
263. *Ann said, “Where were you two days ago?”*
- Ann asked where was I two days ago.
 - Ann asks where I had been two days before.
 - Ann asked where I had been two days before.
 - Ann asked where had I been two days before.

264. *My mother said, "It's raining, you'd better stay at home."*
- My mother told it was raining and advised me to stay at home.
 - My mother said it had been raining and I would have to stay at home.
 - My mother warned me to stay at home as it had been raining.
 - My mother said it was raining and advised me to stay at home.
265. *Paul said, "If I were you I wouldn't call her."*
- Paul advised me not to call her.
 - Paul said if he had been me he wouldn't call her.
 - Paul said if you were him you wouldn't call her.
 - Paul says if he were me he wouldn't call her.
266. *Janet says to me, "Don't add any more salt in the soup. It's salty."*
- Janet told me not to add any more salt in the soup as it was salty.
 - Janet says me not to add any more salt in the soup as it's salty.
 - Janet tells me that I don't add some more salt in the soup as it is salty.
 - Janet tells me not to add any more salt in the soup as it is salty.
267. *Samuel offered to bring me some tea.*
- Samuel said, "Shall I bring you any tea?"
 - Samuel said, "Shall I bring you some tea?"
 - Samuel said, "Will you bring me some tea?"
 - Samuel said, "Please bring me some tea".
268. *"No, I didn't drop Cathy's laptop," said George.*
- George denied dropping Cathy's laptop.
 - George said no, he didn't drop Cathy's laptop.
 - George denies dropping Cathy's laptop.
 - George denied dropping his laptop.
269. *"Why don't you go back to New York, William?" Mariah asks.*
- Mariah suggests that William should go back to New York.
 - Mariah asks William if why he did not go back to New York.
 - Mariah asks William not to go back to New York.
 - Mariah wondered why William did not go back to New York.

270. *Ben said to Lucy: "Happy Christmas!"*
- Ben told Lucy happy Christmas.
 - Ben asked Lucy if it was happy Christmas.
 - Ben told Lucy that she had a happy Christmas.
 - Ben wished Lucy a happy Christmas.
271. *"Don't forget to buy some cheese, Daniel," said Christine.*
- Christine reminded Daniel to buy some cheese.
 - Christine asked Daniel to buy some cheese.
 - Christine said that Daniel did not forget to buy some cheese.
 - Daniel reminded Christine to buy some cheese.
272. *Jessie warned Tom not to take the wrong bus.*
- "Make sure you don't take the wrong bus, Tom," said Jessie.
 - "Please don't take the wrong bus," said Jessie.
 - "Don't take the wrong bus, Tom," says Jessie.
 - "I have warned you not to take the wrong bus, Tom," said Jessie.
273. *"You are not allowed to smoke in your room, Dick," said his mother.*
- Dick's mother said he was not allowed to smoke in her room.
 - Dick's mother forbade to Dick smoking in his room.
 - Dick's mother told Dick not smoke in his room.
 - Dick's mother forbade Dick to smoke in his room.
274. *Tom said to me, "I think it would be a good idea for you to see a doctor."*
- Tom thought it would be a good idea for him to see a doctor.
 - Tom told that he thought it would be a good idea for me to see a doctor.
 - Tom advised me to see a doctor.
 - Tom said he thinks it will be a good idea for me to see a doctor.
275. *"Congratulations on getting engaged, Sue," said Harry.*
- Harry told Sue that he congratulates her on his engagement.
 - Harry congratulated Sue on her engagement.
 - Harry congratulates to Sue on her engagement.
 - Harry said congratulations to Sue on her engagement.

276. *Amanda says, "Pass me the book, please."*
- Amanda asks me to pass her the book.
 - Amanda asked me to pass her the book.
 - Amanda told me to pass her the book.
 - Amanda says me to pass her the book.
277. *Mary asked Helen if she would like to come to lunch on Sunday.*
- "Helen, would you like to come to lunch on Sunday?" asked Mary.
 - "Helen, will you like to come to lunch on Sunday?" asks Mary.
 - "Helen, should you like to come to lunch on Sunday?" asked Mary.
 - "Helen, do you like to come to lunch on Sunday?" asked Mary.
278. *"How long does it take to reach Brussels by train?" asked the passenger.*
- The passenger asks how long it took to reach Brussels by train.
 - The passenger asked how long it took to reach Brussels by train.
 - The passenger asked how long does it take to reach Brussels by train.
 - The passenger asked how long did it take to reach Brussels by train.
279. *"Do not pay attention to his words," she said.*
- She told me not to pay attention to her words.
 - She advised me not to pay attention to his words.
 - She told don't pay attention to his words.
 - She said that I didn't pay attention to his words.
280. *Peter said to me, "Why haven't you turned to me before?"*
- Peter asked if why I hadn't turned to him before.
 - Peter asked why hadn't I turned to him before.
 - Peter asked me why I hadn't turned to him before.
 - Peter asks why I haven't turned to him before.
281. *Jessica said, "I lost my book on my way home the day before yesterday."*
- Jessica said that she lost her book on her way home the previous day.
 - Jessica says that she had lost her book on her way home two days before.
 - Jessica told that she lost her book on her way home two days ago.
 - Jessica said that she had lost her book on her way home two days before.

282. *"You'd better leave your things with Annie," said Mark.*
- Mark advised me to leave my things with Annie.
 - Mark said I had to leave my things with Annie.
 - Mark ordered me to leave my things with Annie.
 - Mark advised me to leave his things with Annie.
283. *"Did you have to complete the task yesterday?" Susan asked.*
- Susan asks if I had to complete the task yesterday.
 - Susan asked if I had to complete the task the day before.
 - Susan asked did I have to complete the task yesterday.
 - Susan asked if had I to complete the task the day before.
284. *The instructor said to me, "You must attend the classes every day."*
- The instructor told me that I had to attend the classes every day.
 - The instructor told that I had to attend the classes every day.
 - The instructor said that I must attend the classes every day.
 - The instructor told to me that I must attend the classes every day.
285. *"Please, forward Clara's mail to me as soon as you get it," said the manager.*
- The manager asked me to forward him Clara's mail as soon as I got it.
 - The manager told me to forward her Clara's mail as soon as I got it.
 - The manager told to me to forward Clara's mail to him as soon as I got it.
 - The manager had asked me to forward him Clara's mail as soon as I had got it.
286. *Nancy says to Ben, "Where are you planning to go this winter?"*
- Nancy asks where Ben is planning to go that winter.
 - Nancy asks Ben where he is planning to go this winter.
 - Nancy asks Ben where is he planning to go this winter.
 - Nancy asks Ben if where he is planning to go this winter.
287. *"Sue, are you leaving this apartment today or tomorrow evening?" asked Jenny.*
- Jenny asked Sue to leave that apartment today or tomorrow evening.
 - Jenny asked if Sue was leaving that apartment that day or the following morning.
 - Jenny asked Sue whether she was leaving that apartment that day or the following evening.
 - Jenny asks Sue if she is leaving that apartment that day or tomorrow morning.

288. *The ad said, "If you answer the question correctly, you may win a trip to Paris."*
- The ad said that if we answered the question correctly we may win a trip to Paris.
 - The ad said that if we answered the question correctly we might win a trip to Paris.
 - The ad says if we answer the question correctly we might win a trip to Paris.
 - The ad said if I answered the question correctly they might win a trip to Paris.
289. *I asked Nick why he hadn't resigned from his current job.*
- I ordered, "Nick, why don't you resign from your current job?"
 - I asked, "Why didn't you resign from your current job?"
 - I asked Nick, "Why you hadn't resigned from your current job?"
 - I asked Nick, "Why didn't you resign from your current job?"
290. *"Do you mind working overtime?" she asked.*
- She asked if I minded working overtime.
 - She asked did I mind working overtime.
 - She asks if I mind working overtime.
 - She asked that I minded to work overtime.
291. *"If we leave right now, we will be just in time for the bus," she said.*
- She said if they left right then they would be just in time for the bus.
 - She told that if they left right then they would be just in time for the bus.
 - She said if we left right now, we would be just in time for the bus.
 - She told me if they leave right then, they will be just in time for the bus.
292. *"You'd better book the tickets early," he said.*
- He says I had better book the tickets early.
 - He told I had better book the tickets early.
 - He recommended booking the tickets early.
 - He said me to book the tickets early.

293. *Annie said to me, "If I had any practice, I would help you to solve this quiz."*
- Annie told if she had any practice, she would help me to solve the quiz.
 - Annie says if she had some practice, she would help me to solve that quiz.
 - Annie said if she had some practice, she would help me to solve this quiz.
 - Annie told me if she had any practice, she would help me to solve that quiz.
294. *George asked if we were going to work on that project the following day.*
- "George asked, "Are you going to work on that project the following day?"
 - George asked, "Were you going to work on that project the tomorrow?"
 - George asked, "Are you going to work on that project tomorrow?"
 - George asked, "Are you going to work on that project the next day?"
295. *"Could you define this word, please," Pam asks Cathie.*
- Pam asks if Cathie can define that word.
 - Pam asked if Cathie could define that word.
 - Pam asked to define that word.
 - Pam asks Cathie to define this word.
296. *Betty said to her sister, "Don't forget to give me a call as soon as you reach New York."*
- Betty reminded her sister to give her a call as soon as she reached New York.
 - Betty asks her sister to give her a call as soon as she reaches New York.
 - Betty remembered her sister to give her a call as soon as she reached New York.
 - Betty asked her sister not to forget to give him a call as soon as she reached New York.
297. *Nancy said to Bob, "Thanks. You really helped me yesterday."*
- Nancy thanked to Bob for really helping her yesterday.
 - Nancy said thank you to Bob for really helping her yesterday.
 - Nancy thanked Bob for really helping her the day before.
 - Nancy thanks Bob for really helping her yesterday.

298. *Jane reminded me to switch off the computer when I was done.*
- a) Jane said, "Remember to switch off the computer when you are done."
 - b) Jane said, "Remember to switch off the computer when you were done."
 - c) Jane asked, "Will you please switch off the computer when you are done?"
 - d) Jane said, "Switch off the computer when you are done."
299. *Sam asked Jenny, "Would you like me to translate this passage for you?"*
- a) Sam asked Jenny if she would like him to translate that passage for her.
 - b) Sam asked Jenny if she would have liked him to translate that passage for her.
 - c) Sam asked Jenny if would she like him to translate that passage for her.
 - d) Sam told Jenny that she wanted him to translate that passage for her.
300. *Kevin said, "Good luck with your application, Mariah."*
- a) Kevin wished to Mariah good luck with her application.
 - b) Kevin told Mariah good luck with his application.
 - c) Kevin wished Mariah good luck with her application.
 - d) Kevin said Mariah good luck with her application.

SECTION 2

Տեղադրել բառերը համատեքստում՝ բովանդակությանը համապատասխան (տրված բառերից երկուսն ավելորդ են):

Fill in each gap with an appropriate word from the list below (two odd variants are given).

Text 1

Before the _____ of money, people used to get the goods and services they wanted by swapping things with others. The system was entirely _____ on an agreement between both people, each of whom needed to have what the other wanted to exchange.

The system of exchange started to work much more _____ with the introduction of money. By using precious metals which had been officially _____ and made into coins, it became possible to sell what you produced in _____ for coins, and then use the coins to buy anything you wanted from a third party.

1.weighed 2.invention 3.smoothly 4.place 5.dependent 6.return 7.fast

Text 2

Interpreting the feelings of other people is not always easy, as we all know, and we _____ as much on what they seem to be telling us, as on the actual words they say. Facial _____ and tone of voice are obvious ways of showing our _____ to something, and it may well be that we _____ express views that we are trying to hide. Body movements in general may also indicate feelings and interviewers often _____ particular attention to the way a candidate for a job walks into the rooms and sits down.

1.expression 2.deliberately 3.rely 4.pay 5.reaction 6.believe 7.unconsciously

Text 3

The experience of going to a football match in Brazil is something which even people who are not fans of the game will really enjoy. You watch the big _____ together with thousands of screaming football enthusiasts accompanied by the beating of drums and waving of flags. It's not just that football is great, there is a deep love for the game which can be seen from the way that rival fans _____ peacefully together. In addition to this, Brazil has the most beautiful stadiums in the world. Even small towns frequently have football grounds which _____ to international standards. It won't cost you much to see a game and the stadiums are not usually full, so it's quite easy to get a ticket at the gate, instead of having to pay in _____. Football is an almost year-round activity in much of Latin America and although many of the best teams in Brazilian cities have some key players _____ from Europe, there are plenty of local stars and certainly enough to provide some very exciting football.

1.advance 2.time 3.beforehand 4.mix 5.correspond 6.event 7.invited

Text 4

Coca-Cola was _____ in 1886 by Atlanta pharmacist John S. Pemberton. The name for the product was _____ proposed by Pemberton's assistant, Frank Robinson. The name was taken from the two most _____ ingredients in the drink, the South American coca leaf and the African cola nut.

The _____ for today's Coca-Cola is very well guarded. Many of the ingredients are known: in addition to coca leaves and cola nut, they include lemon, orange, lime, cinnamon, vanilla, caramel, and sugar. The proportions of the ingredients and the identity of Coke's _____ ingredients are known only by a few of the Coca-Cola Company's senior corporate officers.

1.invented 2.frequently 3.unusual 4.recipe 5.discovered 6.secret 7.actually

Text 5

When Columbus arrived in the Americas in 1492, there were already an estimated thirty to forty million people living in North and South America. It has therefore been quite easy for some to refute the idea that Columbus _____ America. How and when these inhabitants came to America has been the source of much scientific research and discussion.

Most archeologists agree that the first Americans, the true “discoverers” of America, came from northeastern Asia. There is also a _____ amount of proof that inhabitants have been in the Americas for at least 15000 years. To get to the Americas, these people had to cross over the 55-mile-wide Bering Strait that _____ Asia and North America. According to one theory, these people crossed over during periods when a land bridge _____ between the two continents. During Ice Ages, so much of the Earth’s water was _____ that the sea levels dropped, and it was possible to walk from Asia to North America.

1.existed 2.considerable 3.built 4.plenty 5.separates 6.discovered 7.frozen

Text 6

For women of my mother’s _____, taking care of the home and child raising were viewed as the most important functions for women. The _____ view in society when she was growing up was that women should not work outside the home. This attitude was _____ in my mother at an early age. By the time mother was 25 she had five children.

Last year the youngest child left home to go to college. At that time Mom decided that she wanted to be more self-reliant, more independent. Now, she is the manager of a children’s department in a large store. Her new _____ in management has enabled my mother to assert her independence and _____ skills.

1.develop 2.career 3.do 4.forbidden 5.instilled 6.prevaling 7.age

Text 7

The problem of homelessness is an international one. In the capital cities of the world, the sight of people begging on the streets is becoming _____ common. But all over the world, homeless people are taking the future into their own _____. By selling 'street papers' they no longer need to beg for a living. The concept of the street paper is simple. It is sold by homeless and ex-homeless people who buy it at a _____ price of 30p and sell it to the public for 70p, keeping 40p for themselves. If they have no money, then they can get the first ten copies on _____ and pay for them later. Every paper seller receives training and is given a special identity badge.

The paper itself contains articles of general and social interest, film and book reviews, cartoons and the occasional celebrity interview. Advertising and sales _____ most of the income, and all profits go back into helping homeless people.

1.provide 2.hands 3.credit 4.unbelievable 5.increasingly 6.shoulders 7.fixed

Text 8

Salt is _____ to life. The human body needs so little salt to _____ that it is very easy to consume too much of it. An excess of salt in the diet can lead to high blood pressure, which in turn can _____ the risk of heart disease. Cooking with salt also reduces the nutritional quality of the food. For example, spinach boiled in salted water loses 50% of its iron, compared to 19% when boiled in salt-free water.

Many people have the habit of _____ salt to their food when they are at the table. Some even do this before they have tasted the food. This is one of the reasons why the average person in Britain eats two and a half to three teaspoons of salt every day. The _____ recommended dose is one and a half, and the ideal dose is just half a teaspoon.

1.survive 2.increase 3.rise 4.essential 5.adding 6.maximum 7.pouring

Text 9

Napoleon III of France was _____ for the invention of the butter substitute known as margarine. He was looking for a cheap alternative to butter for poorer people of society, and for his army and navy. So, he _____ up a prize competition to see who would come up with the best solution.

There was only one entry into this competition, from a man called Meges-Mouries. He had spent over two years experimenting, and finally found an acceptable butter substitute made from milk and various animal fats. It tasted quite _____, and spread well on bread, but it was pure white. Despite its colour, Meges-Mouries' invention was awarded the prize. Yellow colouring was added to it at a later date. Margarine soon went into mass production and was exported all over the world. In Britain it was called 'butterine', until protests from farmers led to that name being made illegal. Farmers in America were not happy about the new arrival on the market either. They _____ to the yellow colouring, saying that it made it resemble butter so closely that it could deceive consumers.

In effect, Napoleon III's competition is still going on. The ultimate _____ of every margarine manufacturer is to produce a product that is impossible to distinguish from butter. And they keep trying.

1.pleasant 2.objected 3.responsible 4.goal 5.set 6.nicely 7.took

Text 10

Emily Dickinson was born in Massachusetts, in 1830. Throughout her life, she seldom left her house and it was very strange. The people with whom she did come in contact, however, had an enormous impact on her thoughts and poetry. By the 1860s, Dickinson lived in isolation from the _____ world, but actively maintained many correspondences and read widely. She spent a great deal of this time with her family. Her father, Edward Dickinson, was actively _____ in state and national politics. Her brother Austin _____ law school and became a lawyer. Dickinson's younger sister Lavinia also lived at home for her entire life in _____ isolation.

Dickinson's poetry reflects her loneliness. Her work was heavily influenced by the metaphysical poets of seventeenth-century England. She _____ the poetry of Robert and Elizabeth Barrett Browning, as well as John Keats. The first volume of her work was published in 1890. She died in Amherst in 1886. Upon her death, Dickinson's family discovered 40 handwritten volumes of nearly 1800 of her poems.

1.involved 2.admired 3.outside 4.dropped 5.inner 6.similar 7.attended

Text 11

Harry Potter is a series of seven fantasy novels written by the British author J.K. Rowling. The books _____ the adventures of the teenager wizard Harry Potter and his best friends, all of whom are students at Hogwarts School. The main story _____ Harry's difficulty involving the evil wizard Lord Voldemort, who killed Harry's parents in his mission to _____ the world of wizards and defeat non-magical people. The books have _____ immense popularity, critical acclaim, and commercial success worldwide, although the series has had its criticism, including the books' dark tones making the series less _____ for children.

1.particular 2.describe 3.relates 4.suitable 5.gained 6.concerns 7.conquer

Text 12

A new study suggests that social _____ sites have _____ a new phenomenon known as “Facebook depression”. The American Academy of Pediatrics recently _____ parents about the possible dangers of networking websites on their children’s mental health.

I think that’s natural, since for some teens and tweens, social media is the primary way they interact socially, _____ than at the mall or a friend’s house.

It is _____ for parents to be aware of how social media sites can affect children and that the Internet is not always a healthy environment for kids.

1.more 2.created 3.useless 4.rather 5.warned 6.essential 7.media

Text 13

A new VR (virtual reality) headset for the home user will be in shops soon. The makers _____ that it will change the way that computer games are played. Unlike the heavy VR headsets that people have been using for the last few years, the new sets will look quite different. A spokesman for the company said: “A lot of people had _____ with the old headsets. They were too heavy and if you wore them for more than an hour or so, they could cause quite a great deal of pain.” Some scientists, however, are _____ about the effects of VR. They are sure that with VR, we will soon have children who are not _____ to playing with other people. _____ your life in a constant battle with aliens and monsters is not really a suitable environment for someone young.

1.spending 2.claim 3.problems 4.used 5.passing 6.made 7.worried

Text 14

The _____ of the custom of April Foolery remains unknown but it seems to resemble a particular festival of ancient Rome and most reference books suggest that it _____ in Europe. Some people feel that the foolery is related to the spring weather, when nature mocks us with sudden changes from warm sunshine to _____ rain; and, of course, April also marks the arrival of the cuckoo – the acknowledged symbol of the gullible.

Naturally, superior pranksters would _____ from telephoning a zoo with messages for Mrs C.Lion or Mr L.E.Fant, but such tricks abound in the classroom, and most teachers have endured trials of _____ blackboards and invisible chalk. Many unsuspected apprentices, too, will have been sent out to buy ‘elbow grease’ or ‘pigeon’s milk’.

1.source 2.soaped 3.born 4.originated 5.held 6.keep 7.stormy

Text 15

The ideal breakfast, say scientists, is a glass of orange juice, a cup of coffee and a bowl of cereal. People who start the day with a drink of vitamin C, a dose of caffeine and their favorite cereal are happier and perform better _____ the morning. Andy Smith, Professor at the University of Bristol, said, “A study of 600 people who were asked to record their breakfast habits found that those who regularly ate cereal in the morning had a more positive mood compared with those who ate other foods or had no breakfast. Earlier research had shown that people whose _____ performance was measured _____ after eating breakfast of any kind performed 10 percent better on test of remembering, speed of response and _____ to concentrate, as compared with those given only a cup of decaffeinated coffee.”

In further research, Professor Smith said that people who drank four cups of coffee a day performed more _____ all day than those who drank less. He suggested that sensible employers should give out free coffee or tea.

1.mental 2.ability 3.immediately 4.efficiently 5.throughout 6.better 7.physical

Text 16

Gaza City zookeepers have found a _____ way of drawing crowds to their zoo by painting their donkeys. The Zoo's only two zebras died of _____ when they were neglected during the war.

The popular animals were _____ expensive to replace, so the keepers decided to design a pair of donkeys with black and white patterns _____.

A professional painter used French-manufactured hair _____ to make the donkeys look like zebras.

1. creative 2. instead 3. coloring 4. hunger 5. too 6. painting 7. much

Text 17

The chili pepper is native to the Americas, but nowadays it is found all over the world. It is an extremely _____ spice in many cultures and is, in fact, the world's second favorite spice, after salt. There are more than a hundred _____ of chili peppers, some of which are quite _____ and others are incredibly hot and spicy.

Today chili peppers are used to spice a variety of foods, e.g. meat and rice dishes, and even jam and jelly. In the past, chili peppers had some other, more unusual uses. In ancient Mexico, for example, chilies could be used to pay _____. In addition, in Panama, these peppers were used to _____ against sharks.

1. nicely 2. protect 3. species 4. mild 5. taxes 6. uses 7. popular

Text 18

The _____ of Chinese medicine is not the same as that of modern medicine, but it is useful for curing many health problems.

Modern medicine _____ on illness. Western doctors usually see illness as an enemy. They use medicines like weapons to fight diseases.

Chinese medicine tries to make the patient's whole body well again. Their doctors believe that _____ people there are two types of energy. The first type, called 'yin', is quiet and _____. The other type, 'yang', is active. When these two energies are in equal balance, a _____ is healthy.

1. Chinese 2. refers 3. passive 4. philosophy 5. person 6. inside 7. focuses

Text 19

Until very recently, teenagers have been hooked on television. Parents worry that their children are becoming fat, lazy couch potatoes, and teenagers seem to have _____ watching TV to almost any other activity in the home except sleeping. But no more.

Given the choice between TV and the Internet, it's clear what most teens prefer. The Internet _____ an interactive, social need that TV doesn't. Teenagers at a loose end in their bedrooms can hang out with their mates in cyberspace. As websites such as 'My Space' have taken off, teenagers have been only too _____ to join in their millions and spend hours day and night _____. We're _____ the birth of the generation of the 'keyboard potato', for want of a better expression.

1.agreed 2.preferred 3.witnessing 4.eager 5.online 6.willing 7.meets

Text 20

During the 18th century, New York City became one of the fast _____ commercial centers of the British colonies in North America. It subsequently became a center of _____ activities by American patriots. In 1776, American troops were forced to evacuate the city, which remained under British _____ until the end of the American Revolution.

From 1785 to 1790 New York was the seat of the US government. With the first stock exchange _____ in 1792 New York soon became the nation's _____ financial and commercial center.

1.leading 2.found 3.historical 4.founded 5.revolutionary 6.occupation 7.developing

Text 21

Christmas Day is a public _____. Families usually spend the day opening their presents which are often piled _____ the Christmas tree. They eat and drink together. The most important _____ is Christmas dinner. Before starting to eat, British people often pull a cracker, which _____ a small toy, a paper bat and a joke. The typical meal _____ of turkey with potatoes and other vegetables. In Britain, this is followed by Christmas pudding – a sweet pudding containing a lot of dried fruit and often covered with burning brandy.

- 1.meal 2.holiday 3.consists 4.nearly 5.vacation 6.around 7.contains

Text 22

English life is full of traditions and the English are known to be conservative. They _____ things which are familiar and they are suspicious of anything that is strange and foreign. Many English people are very reserved and won't talk to others, especially foreigners.

_____ do not like displaying their emotions even in dangerous and tragic _____. The Englishman is master in his own house which he calls his castle. If you present yourself to him without an introduction, he is likely to _____ you with suspicion. On the other hand, if properly armed with a letter of _____, you will find him hospitable, friendly and unsuspecting.

- 1.English 2.occasions 3.treat 4.circumstances 5.Englishmen 6.accept 7.introduction

Text 23

The Christmas tree is a gift from Germany. Originally, the wreath was the _____ decoration until Christmas Eve. On the night before Christmas, the German mother would trim the tree, using lighted candles. When the tree was ready, she signaled her family by _____ a bell. Though wax candles were the tradition, hand-blown glass ornaments first _____ in Germany. The family gathered around the tree to _____ presents, then continued on to Mass. Although we do not know with _____, the tree may have evolved from the Paradise play, a medieval mystery play which represented Adam and Eve and their expulsion from paradise.

- 1.appeared 2.exchange 3.lonely 4.change 5.certainty 6.only 7.ringing

Text 24

Murano is made up of smaller islands _____ by bridges. It is known all over the world for its glasswork. The glasswork manufacturing started in the 12th century, and in the 15th century Murano was the main glass _____ in Europe. This craft continues today and the main _____ of Murano is to watch the glass craftsmen at _____. We went there on a Saturday and _____ that many factories are closed over the weekend. Still we were able to find one that was open and watched the glass blowing of a horse. All these factories have a showroom where they sell glass. There is also a glass museum that one can visit.

1.producer 2.work 3.connected 4.founded 5.discovered 6.island 7.attraction

Text 25

If you have children, there are _____ things to remember when you are visiting somebody else's home. Children rarely behave _____ in company and other people are likely to find them more annoying than you do. It's important that children are either _____ in the conversation or given something else to do. If your children misbehave, you should discipline them immediately as your hosts may have stricter rules about behaviour than you do at home. Finally, if your children damage any of your hosts' possessions you must either _____ the damaged object or _____ a suitable gift in its place.

1.included 2.advise 3.well 4.badly 5.certain 6.offer 7.replace

Text 26

The idea that some people can sense when they are being stared at has so _____ been rejected as absurd by scientists. But now researchers in England and America are taking the claims more _____.

According to Cambridge University biologist Dr Rupert Sheldrake, the phenomenon has long been recognized in fields such as wildlife and military observation. The security manager of a large store in London, for example, has caught thousands of people on his cameras. He is in no doubt that some people have a 'sixth sense' of when they are being _____. They can have their backs to the camera, which may also be hidden, yet still get nervous when the camera is trained on them. Some move on, while others look around to try and spot the camera.

Dr Sheldrake is now gathering data on the staring phenomenon as part of a scientific _____. He will be _____ out experiments designed to measure staring sensitivity of monitoring skin resistance. And he hopes that this will throw further light on the question.

1. carrying 2. watched 3. seriously 4. study 5. noticed 6. slowly 7. far

Text 27

Traditions are plentiful during weddings. They symbolize the happiness, luck and joy needed for the newlyweds. When planning a wedding, try to add a few worldly traditions that will _____ a memorable experience for all.

Most people have heard of the Victorian traditions, such as a bride wearing something old, something new, something borrowed, something blue, and a sixpence in her shoe.

The *old* should come from a happily married woman and it _____ a lucky transfer of happiness. The *new* is usually the wedding gown _____ a new beginning. The *borrowed* should be an object of gold to guarantee wealth and fortune. The *blue* is symbolic of the heaven and _____ love. And the *sixpence* is to be worn in the heel of the right shoe to provide future wealth and prosperity.

Gloves, a symbol of modesty and romance, are also an accessory to the groom's or bride's clothes. Without the letter "g", a _____ of *gloves* becomes *loves*.

1. create 2. pair 3. persuades 4. couple 5. signifying 6. true 7. ensures

Text 28

The Julian calendar, _____ by Julius Caesar in 46 BC, made January 1 the first day of the year. But as Christianity _____ throughout Europe, efforts were made to Christianize the calendar by moving New Year's Day to dates of greater theological _____, such as Christmas or Easter. Some countries continued to use January 1. As a _____, by the 1500s the European calendar system was a mess. Not only had errors in the Julian calendar caused the solar year to diverge from the calendar year, but also countries were beginning the year on different dates.

In 1563 King Charles IX declared January 1 to be the first day of the year. This was passed into _____ by the French Parliament on Dec. 22, 1564.

1.law 2.established 3.consequence 4.spread 5.symbol 6.significance 7.discovered

Text 29

In terms of pronunciation, there are three main _____ in America. These are New England, general American and Southern. General American is by far the most _____ used. New England is the pronunciation used by President Kennedy. President Carter, who came from Georgia, _____ with a Southern accent. If you listen to the _____ of these two presidents, you will be able to hear the difference quite _____.

1.clearly 2.types 3.methods 4.widely 5.voice 6.recording 7.spoke

Text 30

Just mention Iceland to friends and most give you that puzzled _____. Why on earth are you going to that cold _____? On your approach to Keflavik airport you soon _____ that in fact, this is not a land of ice. Thanks to the Gulf Stream, Iceland enjoys a _____ mild climate. During our travels in August, we saw only _____ snow on the western mountains and small icebergs at Jokullon.

1.place 2.cool 3.occasional 4.much 5.look 6.realize 7.question

Text 31

Easter is not on a set date. It can occur as early as March 22 and as late as April 25. Easter was originally _____ on the same day as the Jewish Passover. However, the Jewish Passover is also not a fixed date and can _____ on any day of the week. In 325 AD the Roman Emperor _____ that Easter should always be on a Sunday. They invented the new method of _____ the date of Easter. Although some say this was done to ensure the season be the same as the year Jesus rose from the dead, it was _____ a political move. Constantine wanted to unite the various tribes under him, and this was one strategy to do so.

1.decided 2.calculating 3.actually 4.commemoration 5.celebrated 6.actively 7.fall

Text 32

The study of the _____ of the forerunners of the modern Christmas card proves that the _____ of exchanging charms or small tokens of good luck at this time of the year goes back to very _____ times. In fact it should have to go back to pre-Christian times, when the festival was not yet celebrated as the _____ of the Birth of Christ but as a feast for the winter solstice. People then celebrated the reawakening of Nature, _____ the coming of Spring and longer hours of daylight.

1.recent 2.waiting 3.history 4.anniversary 5.tradition 6.anticipating 7.ancient

Text 33

Most Americans _____ to use their cars. Families often have two cars and, outside major cities, have to drive _____ long distances to schools, offices, shops, banks, etc. Many college and high-school students have their own cars. Long-distance _____ in Britain is also mainly by road, though railways link most towns and cities. Most places are _____ by motorways or other fast roads. So many people prefer to drive at their own convenience rather than use a train, even though they may get _____ in a traffic jam.

1.prefer 2.stuck 3.pretend 4.entirely 5.linked 6.travel 7.fairly

Text 34

For several years, the _____ of opera was Florence, but _____, during the Baroque period, it spread throughout Italy. By the late 1600s operas were being written and _____ in Europe, especially in England, France and Germany. But, for many years, the Italian opera was _____ ideal, and many non-Italian _____ continued to use Italian librettos.

1.expressed 2.continuously 3.gradually 4.centre 5.composers 6.considered 7.performed

Text 35

Smokers _____ double the risk of contracting heart disease, several times the risk of _____ from chronic bronchitis and at least 25 times the risk of lung cancer, as compared to non-smokers. Despite extensive press campaigns, which have regularly told smokers and car drivers about the dangers of smoking, the number of smokers has _____ much the same. Although the number of deaths from road _____ and smoking are well publicized, they have _____ little public interest.

1.run 2.stayed 3.accidents 4.remained 5.events 6.suffering 7.aroused

Text 36

One of the main _____ of living in a foreign country is that it gives you the opportunity to experience an entirely different _____ of life, which can be a valuable form of education. Moreover, one is _____ the chance to learn and become fluent in another language through everyday use. In addition, many people become more independent and self-reliant by having to cope with difficult situations on their _____. Finally, living in a country with a different climate can prove beneficial to _____ one's health and state of mind.

1.given 2.both 3.own 4.way 5.advantages 6.privileges 7.either

Text 37

It isn't an unusual _____ nowadays to see a cat lover taking his cat out for a walk on a leash. But when people in Sutton see one of their neighbours taking his cats for a walk, they generally avoid him. For his particular cats are two pumas and two leopards! Every morning he takes them for a mile-long walk. He _____ they are the tamest of their kind in the country, and they actually think he is their mother! He bought them when they were babies, and he had to bottle-feed them.

However, now they each eat about 6 or 7 pounds of meat a day. This _____ him about 15 pounds a week. He doesn't _____, though, because his pets work for their living! He _____ them out to film companies and advertising firms!

1.hires 2.claims 3.mind 4.borrowes 5.costs 6.sight 7.scenery

Text 38

Australia is quite an easy place for tourists to visit. So tourist facilities at the most popular destinations are well-developed and information is simple to _____.

Travelling with young children is especially easy as Australia's population is young and big families are _____, so children can be taken almost everywhere. Besides, Australians are usually _____ to help visitors who ask for advice, and are generous with their hospitality.

Before organising a trip it is _____ to consider Australian school holidays. Throughout these periods, airline or hotel reservations at major tourist destinations can be difficult unless you plan a long way in advance.

Flights in and out of the country as well as those between main Australian cities are usually _____ beforehand.

1.obtain 2.reluctantly 3.reasonable 4.booked 5.borrowed 6.willing 7.common

Text 39

Vincent van Gogh was born in the Netherlands on March 30, 1853. He _____ school when he was only 15. Afterwards he worked as an art dealer for seven years, and then taught at a Catholic school for boys. In the following years, he went from job to job, living in various cities in Europe. _____, in 1880, van Gogh decided to move to Brussels and begin studies in art. During the next ten years, he painted 872 paintings.

Vincent _____ from severe depression. In a fit of epilepsy he cut off a portion of his ear with a razor. He was _____ to an asylum in 1888. There he painted one of his best-known paintings, *Starry Night*. On July 27, 1890, Vincent van Gogh _____ himself in the chest with a revolver. Two days later he died.

1.shot 2.finally 3.admitted 4.quit 5.graduated 6.suffered 7.killed

Text 40

Trees are wonderful plants. Most of us like to sit under a large tree on a hot summer day. Children love to _____ trees and artists like to draw them. When we look at a tree, we may think only of its beauty, but a tree actually has a complex physical _____. It consists of three main parts: the leaves, the branches and trunk, and the roots.

_____ the ground, the roots form the trunk. It supports the branches and holds them up to the sunlight. Near the top of the tree, the trunk _____ into branches. Together, the trunk and branches give the tree its _____.

1.shape 2.divides 3.above 4.rise 5.climb 6.structure 7.around

Text 41

Do you ever wish you were more optimistic, someone who always expected to be successful? Having someone around who always _____ the worst isn't really a lot of fun – we all know someone who sees a single cloud on a sunny day and says, "It looks like rain." But if you catch yourself thinking such things, it's important to do something about it.

You can change your view of life, according to psychologists. It only takes a little effort, and you'll find life more _____ as a result. Optimism, they say, is partly about your self-respect and confidence but it's also a more positive way of looking at life and all it has to offer.

Optimists are more likely to start new projects and are generally more prepared to take _____. Upbringing is obviously very important for _____ your attitude to the world. Some people are brought up to depend too much on others and grow up forever blaming other people when anything goes wrong. Most optimists, on the _____ hand, have been brought up not to regard failure as the end of the world – they just get on with their lives.

1. rewarding 2. forming 3. other 4. opposite 5. fears 6. risks 7. boring

Text 42

What does the word "home" mean to us? Although people usually _____ what the word means, it often has no exact translation. It's not surprising really, because the idea of home _____ from country to country, and from person to person. A home is more than a roof and four walls. It's the cooking, eating, talking, playing and family living that go on inside, which are important as well. And at home you usually feel safe and _____.

But it's not just that homes look different in different countries, they also contain different things and show different attitudes and needs. For example, in cold northern Europe, there is a fire in the living room or kitchen and all the chairs _____ it. In the south, where the sun shines a lot and it's more important to keep the _____ out, there are small windows, cool stone floors and often no carpets.

1. face 2. distressed 3. heat 4. know 5. look 6. relaxed 7. varies

Text 43

The Massai people of Kenya normally form relationships with people of their _____ age. However, in marriage a woman is given to a man she does not know, and who is much older than herself. The bride packs all her belongings and is dressed in her finest jewelry. At the marriage _____ the father of the bride blesses her and then she _____ with her husband walking to her new home. She never looks back fearing that she will turn to stone. This can be a very sad experience for the bride, who is 13-16 years old and may walk a long way to _____ to her new house. In order to avoid bad _____ sometimes the women of the groom's family will even insult the bride.

1. accident 2.get 3.leaves 4.luck 5.ceremony 6.own 7.reach

Text 44

Some doctors think the airplane is a dangerous place, _____ for the old or the unhealthy. Anyone with a heart disease or a lung problem can notice the difference much sooner. Even healthy people find it difficult to concentrate after hours of breathing less oxygen than usual. So anyone who has had a heart attack should not fly for at least two weeks after the attack. People with bad colds will _____ get earache during take-off and _____. Sitting on a plane for many hours gives everyone aches and pains, so you should take some exercise, especially on long flights.

Crowded airports, long queues and _____ cause stress and high blood pressure. So, be careful! Flying is the safest way to _____, but is it the healthiest?

- 1.interruptions 2.delays 3.especially 4.tour 5.probably 6.travel 7.landing

Text 45

Joe stepped onto the aeroplane and was met by one of the cabin crew who showed him to his seat. This was his first flight and he was feeling quite nervous. His hands were _____ slightly and he was breathing heavily. He walked along the _____ of the plane and found his seat. Joe had spent a lot of time on planning his holiday; this was the first time he had been abroad. Sitting next to him was an eight year-old boy who also _____ to be quite nervous. Joe knew he was quite good with children, so he decided to try to calm the boy. After conversing with the boy for a few minutes, Joe gave him some chocolate. The _____ then became quite cheerful as he explained that he loved chocolate so much. The man and the boy found that they got on well together as they chatted for the whole flight. Joe discovered that they were on the same return flight the following week, which pleased them both. When they disembarked at the terminal, Joe commented about what a very good flight he'd had. The young boy agreed, saying that he was looking forward to _____ up with Joe again on the return flight.

- 1.path 2.appeared 3.catching 4.youth 5.trembling 6.keep 7.youngster

Text 46

Michaelangelo, one of the greatest artists of all time, was born on 6 March, 1475, in Caprese, where his father, Lodovico Buonarroti, served as a magistrate for six months. Lodovico was not a wealthy man but he claimed he was descended from an aristocratic family and he was very _____ of his connection. Michaelangelo _____ up in Settignano, a little mountain town just outside Florence. One of the first _____ Michaelangelo must have become familiar with was the dome of the beautiful Cathedral in Florence, which dominated the city then as it still does today. At school, Michaelangelo was by no means an outstanding pupil; lessons did not appeal to him at all.

The only thing he wanted to do was to draw and “_____ his time” as his elders probably called it, in the workshops of the various painters and sculptors in the city. One can imagine the eager boy, for whom art was the most important thing in his whole life, _____ at the wonderful pictures and statues which filled the beautiful churches of Florence.

- 1.grew 2.sights 3.waste 4.brought 5.gazing 6.satisfied 7.proud

Text 47

A number of prehistoric paintings still survive on the walls of caves in Spain and southern France. They show with amazing accuracy a wide _____ of animals which the cave dwellers hunted, such as bison and deer, and are quite remarkable for their life and power. It is very _____ that the pictures were connected with hunting. There is a very famous example in Lascaux, in which we can just _____ out a man among some animals. There is also a collection of dark dots in the painting. The meaning of the picture is not clear; it does, however, show that the cave _____ were artistic people in many ways. More than 5000 years ago, the Egyptians began painting on the walls of their tombs everything that went on in their daily lives. They believed that the figures of people, _____ and everyday topics would enter the afterlife with the dead person.

1.look 2.likely 3.dwellers 4.make 5.animals 6.variety 7.possibly

Text 48

When I was almost fifteen I joined a travelling theatre troupe and started going on trips around America. It was on one of these tours that I was offered a _____ in a film, which I accepted. As a result, I went to Hollywood, where I eventually became a director as well as an actor.

When I was a child, I could never have predicted my future fame and fortune. My _____ life was a time of great hardship, although my family had started off living quite comfortably. We had even had a maid to help out in the house. Our financial situation, however, gradually got _____ and in the end we lost everything. The family became so poor that at one stage my brothers and I had to take it in turns to _____ the only pair of shoes we had. Years later, a lot of these childhood experiences found their way into my films. I loved being the centre of _____ in films, something which I had never been as a boy.

1.better 2.attention 3.role 4.all 5.wear 6.worse 7.early

Text 49

Encyclopaedia Britannica, the world's most famous set of _____ books, has decided to stop _____ its 32-volume collection. The company has recently _____ a digital encyclopaedia for iPads and _____ tablet devices. Officials said the end of the physical books had been foreseen for many years, although they played down the impact of Internet sites. If you remember, it was last printed in 2010 and there are still 4,000 sets left, selling for \$1,395 each.

In many instances doing a keyword _____ in an online resource is simply a lot faster than standing up looking at the index of the Britannica and then finding the appropriate volume.

1.another 2.reference 3. search 4.copying 5.installed 6.other 7.printing

Text 50

Giuseppe Fortunino Francesco Verdi (1813-1901) was an Italian Romantic composer, mainly of opera. He was one of the most _____ composers of the 19th century. His works are frequently performed in opera houses throughout the world, transcending the boundaries of the genre.

1813 was also the year of birth of Richard Wagner. The two composers, _____ music and subject matter could not have been more different, revolutionized the opera and continue to influence it even today. Wagner was _____ with myths and gods whereas Verdi was more interested in human beings and their problems.

After his opera *Aida*, Verdi rearranged *Simon Boccanegra* and *Don Carlos*. In their new form, both works _____ the direction Verdi intended to take in order to create a new type of opera. In 1887, he put his ideas into practice with the première of *Othello* in Milan. Verdi's new style was marked by a refined interplay between orchestra and canto. The text accentuated the psychological and musical dimension. For *Othello*, Verdi has been _____ accused of copying Richard Wagner.

1.influential 2.involved 3.unknown 4.whose 5.unjustly 6.concerned 7.reveal

Text 51

George Gordon Byron (1788-1824) was a British poet, a leading figure in the Romantic movement and one of the most famous poets of the English _____. He was also a satirist whose poetry and personality soon captured the interest and the imagination of Europe. Byron was as famous in his lifetime for his personality cult as for his poetry. He created the concept of the “Byronic hero”, a defiant, melancholy young man, brooding on some mysterious, unforgivable event in his past. Byron’s _____ on European poetry, music, novel, opera and painting has been _____, although the poet was widely condemned on moral grounds by his contemporaries. In 1816, Byron visited Saint Lazarus Island in Venice, where he studied Armenian _____ with the help of the abbots belonging to the Mechitarist Order. There he learned the Armenian language, and _____ many seminars about language and history.

1.influence 2.participated 3.literature 4.immense 5.language 6.attended 7.culture

Text 52

Musee Rodin is located in an elegant eighteenth-century mansion surrounded by a beautiful garden. The mansion, which is _____ by the French government, was Rodin’s studio from 1910 until his death in 1917. In return for being allowed to use this house Rodin _____ all his work to the state upon his death. The exhibits include numerous works, marble sculptures, plaster casts, reproductions, originals and sketches. One room inside the museum is devoted to Camille Claudel, Rodin’s pupil, model and mistress. Her sculptures display a _____ delicacy which makes them look fragile and beautiful. Behind the mansion there is a rose garden, and an alley which _____ its way around a pond, making this museum one of the most idyllic _____ in Paris.

1.owned 2.spots 3.left 4.pieces 5.winds 6.touching 7.abandoned

Text 53

A canal tour is a great way to start _____ the city and it's probably the best approach to Amsterdam. After all the city was founded and has developed around its canals and there's nothing like a boat trip to give you a _____ of Amsterdam. There are lots of places to board the canal tours, several cruise companies that run tours and many different itineraries to _____ from.

The tours _____ you to see most of the highlights of the city. It feels a bit like mass tourism at first but as soon as you start seeing the beautiful houses that line the canals and the boat-houses and the bridges, you'll start enjoying the _____.

1.experience 2.feel 3.let 4.looking 5.viewing 6.allow 7.choose

Text 54

Some villagers who wanted to protect a rare bird's _____ have finally solved the mystery of the disappearing eggs. For the last three years, a pair of rare birds has built a nest near a village and every year the eggs have _____. Last year, the villagers suspected thieves of stealing the rare eggs and selling them in the market. This year, organized by local birdwatcher Margery Thisk, they spent weeks guarding the nest-site. They installed a burglar alarm and kept watch with a powerful video camera. Despite all their careful precautions, they found the eggs missing again. However, the video recording has been used to _____ the thief, who is Mrs. Thisk's black and white pet cat called Flash. "We were watching the video playback when Flash suddenly _____ and ran away with one of the eggs," said Mrs. Thisk. Next year, the villagers plan to fix a cat scarer to the tree where the birds build their nests. This _____ makes a very high-pitched noise which birds and people cannot hear, but cats can and they do not like the noise at all.

1.identify 2.appeared 3.car 4.vanished 5.remind 6.nest 7.machine

Text 55

One of the information age's biggest successes has celebrated its 20th birthday. The very _____ simple text message was sent on December 3, 1992. It was sent by software engineer Neil Papworth to his boss at the British mobile phone operator Vodafone. It _____ simply "Merry Christmas". Little did they know that their humble mode of communication would take the world by _____. SMS (short message service) is today a multi-billion-dollar industry covering every corner of the globe. An estimated nine trillion text messages are sent globally each year. Everyone from presidents to schoolchildren and villagers in _____ parts of developing countries relies on it to communicate.

SMS is now an integral part of daily life for most of us. It is the preferred method of communication between family members. However, SMS has also been blamed for a decline in language ability and an increase in traffic accidents. A new sub-language has spread worldwide as texters find shortcuts to write their messages as quickly as possible using the fewest possible characters. Texting _____ such as LOL (laugh out loud) and OMG (oh my god) has even entered the Oxford English Dictionary.

1.wrote 2.remote 3.first 4.shorthand 5.read 6.storm 7.latest

Text 56

An innovative _____ of fashion and science has resulted in the design of a new technology in jeans that cleans the air. Helen Storey, professor of fashion and science at The London College of Fashion, _____ up with Dr Tony Ryan, pro-vice-chancellor for the Faculty of Science at the University of Sheffield, to create what could be a ground-breaking solution to our _____ problems. They discovered that when denim is coated with tiny particles of the chemical titanium dioxide, it _____ with air and light to absorb and break down harmful emissions in the environment. The emissions become harmless and are washed away when the jeans are cleaned. This means we can help clean the air simply by going for a walk.

Ms Storey and Dr Ryan have created a company to showcase their invention, called Catalytic Clothing. Their website says: "Catalytic Clothing seeks to explore how clothing and textiles can be used as a catalytic surface to purify air, _____ existing technology in a new way." The technology is similar to how a catalytic converter in a car helps clean the fuel mix.

1.teamed 2.blend 3.environmental 4.united 5.employing 6.react 7.responds

Text 57

The United Nations General Assembly has _____ a special day to celebrate Nelson Mandela. July 18th, Mandela's birthday, is now officially Nelson Mandela International Day. The UN said it decided to create this occasion to say thank you to a "great man". The day celebrates Mandela's "_____ of a culture of peace throughout the world". It also recognizes Mandela's contributions towards improving race relations and human _____. The president of the UN General Assembly Ali Treki stated the day highlighted how Mandela suffered to create a better world. Mr. Treki said Nelson Mandela played a "leading role and support for Africa's struggle for liberation and made an _____ contribution to the creation of a non-racial, non-sexist democratic South Africa." Nelson Mandela led the _____ against apartheid in South Africa for several decades. He spent 26 years in prison for his efforts.

1.quarrel 2.invented 3.rights 4.fight 5.promotion 6.outstanding 7.created

Text 58

When children begin music lessons, it is often at the _____ of their parents. To many it is just another lesson, no more popular than school. Practice is a bore, theory – difficult, and after a few months some give it up with _____, having learnt virtually nothing. There are plenty of _____, of course, who later make excellent musicians.

With adults it is different. They _____ decide to learn, and are able to learn quickly what they are taught, though this can lead to a feeling of frustration because the physical achievement is slower than the mental.

This is normal. There is no need to _____. Very few people have the natural talent to be a world-famous virtuoso, but almost anyone with the will to succeed can become proficient by dedicated practice.

1.voluntarily 2.exceptions 3.request 4.concern 5.relief 6.worry 7.unwillingly

Text 59

The giant panda is already on the endangered _____. The _____ of pandas in the world has been falling for decades. There are several reasons for this. One is that many of the panda's forests have gone. They have been cut down to make towns and cities. Another is the fact that the animal _____ very slowly and has few cubs (baby pandas). The panda is now facing another big threat to its survival – a _____ of food. A new report shows that bamboo, the panda's main food, is disappearing because of climate change. Bamboo is pretty much the only food the panda eats. Ninety-nine per cent of its diet is bamboo. An adult panda needs around 38 kilograms of bamboo every day. The study _____ that nearly all the bamboo in China's Qinling Mountains could disappear by the end of this century because of global warming.

1.predicts 2.number 3.breeds 4.sum 5.shortcoming 6.shortage 7.list

Text 60

Fifty million bottles of Lea and Perrins Worcestershire Sauce are now sold every year in 130 countries. The original recipe did not come from Worcestershire, however, and in the _____ Mr Lea and Mr Perrins did not even like it.

It was Lord Marcus Sandys who, on his retirement as Governor of Bengal in India, _____ the recipe to Worcester in 1835. He asked the local chemist's shop, Lea and Perrins, to make some for him. This they did, also making some for themselves. But, deciding it tasted _____, they put it in the cellar and forgot about it.

Two years later, when clearing out the cellar they found the bottles, tasted the sauce and thought it was wonderful.

The sauce is now made to the _____ secret recipe and the bottles you buy in the shops are about three years old. Even when one hundred years old, the sauce is _____ to be not only safe, but also still very good.

1.horrible 2.beginning 3.terribly 4.said 5.same 6.brought 7.start

Dialogue 61

- Harry:** Hi Jerry. The school year is almost over. Do you have _____ for the summer holidays?
- Jerry:** I'm planning on sleeping all day, every day!
- Harry:** Oh, come on Jerry, you must be kidding.
- Jerry:** Yeah! Actually, I'm going to go to the Grand Canyon.
- Harry:** Really?
- Jerry:** Exactly! It won't be too crowded. I enjoyed my trip to the Grand Canyon last year. I think the Grand Canyon is one of America's main _____.
- Harry:** But won't it be _____ in the summer?
- Jerry:** No, according to one of my friends, it's very cool in the summer.
- Harry:** Well, that _____. I wouldn't mind going. But... still, I wonder... is there anything _____ in the Grand Canyon?
- Jerry:** Sure! For one thing, there's the beautiful natural scenery and a lot of things to do. I can go hiking in the hills.
- Harry:** Gee, when you describe it like that, it sounds really interesting!

1. any plans 2. sounds good 3. tourist attractions 4. worth seeing 5. too hot
6. good thing 7. works

Dialogue 62

- Airport Officer:** Good afternoon.
- Sam:** Hi, I am flying back to New York today.
- Airport Officer:** Your _____, please. Yes, your flight leaves at six p.m. No delay.
- Sam:** _____.
- Airport Officer:** How many bags will you check today, sir?
- Sam:** I have two bags to check.
- Airport Officer:** And do you want a window seat or an _____ seat?
- Sam:** A _____, please.
- Airport Officer:** OK. We have reserved Seat 42A on Flight 322 to New York with a chicken dinner for you. Your flight _____ from Gate 15.
- Sam:** Thank you.
- Airport Officer:** Have a good flight!

1. aisle 2. great 3. window seat 4. departs 5. ticket 6. corridor 7. card

Dialogue 63

- Sam:** Taxi! Taxi! Right here!
Driver: _____?
Sam: I am going to the airport. Could you, please, _____ to the airport?
No problem. _____, please.
Driver: Thank you.
Sam: Where are you _____ to?
Driver: I am going to a conference in London.
Sam: Oh! Are you a businessman?
Driver: Yes. I am a manager. By the way, how long will it take to get to the airport?
Sam: It usually takes about 30 minutes. But the traffic _____ at the moment.
Driver: Don't worry you will be in time.

1. where to 2.get in 3.take me 4.is heavy 5.flying 6.carry me 7.hard

Dialogue 64

- Reporter:** Jasmine, _____ for meeting today. You have had some success recently. How do you feel now to be famous?
Jasmine: Yes, it has all happened so _____. Now, I can't simply go out and go to the market, because people _____ to me now and ask me for my autograph. It's really nice, but it can be tiring as well. I mean, all I want to do is to buy some milk and go home, but that usually takes 45 minutes now.
Reporter: So, your next big tour is set to begin in June. Are you excited about that?
Jasmine: Yeah, I can't wait. I love performing in front of an _____. I always have. Ever since I have been a child, I have been singing in front of people. I remember once when I was singing on the stage outside and _____ a bee came and landed right on top of me – all I could do was scream. Ha ha ha...

- 1.thank you 2.fast 3.audience 4.all at once 5.come up 6.violently 7.all of a sudden

Dialogue 65

- A:** Hello, may I take your order? What would you like _____?
- B:** Yes. I'd like fried chicken, fries, any mineral and a cup of coffee, please.
- A:** _____? Something to have?
- C:** I'll take spaghetti and a salad.
- A:** What would you like to drink?
- C:** _____, please.
- B:** Could we have the cheque, please?
- A:** Yes, _____.
- B:** Hmm. \$20.55. Here you are, 22 dollars. The rest is a _____.
- C:** We are full now. It was delicious.
- A:** Thank you! Come again!
- B:** Thank you. Good-bye!

1.tip 2.to have 3.just water 4.take 5.and you 6.menu 7.here it is

Dialogue 66

- Harry:** Good morning, Sam.
- Sam:** Hi, Harry. How are you?
- Harry:** I am fine. Listen. Do me a _____, please. Can you help me with a small project?
- Sam:** What is the project?
- Harry:** I _____ finish this report before noon.
- Sam:** OK. How can _____ you?
- Harry:** I need the addresses and phone numbers of the people on this list.
- Sam:** Well, I am busy _____, but I can help you later.
- Harry:** Can you finish it before noon?
- Sam:** No problem. I will do _____ to help you. I'll call you when I finish all the work with the list.
- Harry:** Thanks a lot, Sam. I have always trusted you.

1.at the moment 2.I help 3.this time 4.need to 5.favour 6.my best 7.am trying

Dialogue 67

Harry: Hello, sir! _____ our store.

Sam: Thanks.

Harry: _____ ?

Sam: Yes. I am looking for a watch.

Harry: What kind of watch?

Sam: _____ a silver watch to give my son as a gift.

Harry: _____ this one here?

Sam: I do not like the style.

Harry: What about this model?

Sam: Yes, I like that one. _____ is it?

Harry: This one is two hundred and fifty dollars.

Sam: That is too expensive. Do you have anything less expensive?

Harry: Do you like this one, sir? It costs less, one hundred and twenty dollars.

Sam: Yes, it is also very nice. I will take it.

- 1.the price 2.can I tell you 3.welcome to 4.I am looking for 5.how about
6.can I help you 7.how much

Dialogue 68

Natasha: Excuse me, sir?

Sam: Yes? Can I help you?

Natasha: Could you, please tell me _____ the café from here?

Sam: Sure. You may _____ for two blocks, then _____. The café is on the right.

Natasha: Can you _____ on this map, please?

Sam: We are here. So, go north two blocks, then go east. The café is on the south side, here.

Natasha: Thank you. Can you also tell me where the bank is ?

Sam: Of course. Go one block and turn left. Then go past the traffic signal. The bank is _____.

Natasha: Thanks for your help.

- 1.turn right 2.how to get to 3.can I ask you 4.go straight 5.on the left 6.in the left
7.show me

Dialogue 69

- Sam:** Dr. O'Neils office.
Marilyn: Hi, this is Marilyn Cruz. I want _____, please.
Sam: _____ with you?
Marilyn: I think _____. I have a very bad headache and cough. I also have a stomachache. And my throat hurts, too.
Sam: Do you have a high temperature?
Marilyn: No. My temperature is normal.
Sam: OK. We have an _____ open tomorrow at two o'clock. Is that good for you?
Marilyn: Do you have any earlier appointments?
Sam: Yes. _____ o'clock?
Marilyn: That is better. I'll be there at one.

- 1.what has happened 2.what is wrong 3.appointment 4.to make an appointment
 5.to have treatment 6.how about one 7.I have a cold

Dialogue 70

- Harry:** Good afternoon, Golden Hotel. How can I help you?
Sam: _____ a room, please?
Harry: For how many people?
Sam: Just me. _____.
Harry: Would you like a double bed, or a king size?
Sam: King size, please.
Harry: When will you be arriving, sir?
Sam: I will be there June 15th.
Harry: How many nights will you _____?
Sam: Five. How much _____?
Harry: The room costs \$120 _____. Your total will be \$600.
Sam: OK. Thank you.
Harry: Is there anything else I can do for you today, sir?
Sam: No, that's everything.
Harry: Thank you for choosing Golden Hotel. Good-bye.

- 1.may I tel 2.stay 3.may I reserve 4.will the room cost 5.I am alone 6.per night
 7.remain

Dialogue 71

- Jane:** Hello, Peter! What are you doing here in the library? I often come to the reading room, but I have never seen you here before!
- Peter:** Hello, Jane. That's right – you could not have possibly seen me here. I have come to _____ the newspapers. The exams are coming and I am _____ bit nervous.
- Jane:** Have you missed many classes then?
- Peter:** Not many, but there is a lot of information which went out of my head. I cannot _____ a single thing.
- Jane:** It _____! You will have to spend days and nights with books and your computer.
- Peter:** What worries me is the language course.
- Jane:** Peter, be more _____! If the teacher sees you have tried to do something he will appreciate it, I am sure.

- 1.find out 2.optimistic 3.getting a 4.don't worry 5.look through 6.is up to you
7.make out

Dialogue 72

- A:** Could you tell me if you have ever taken a class from Dr. Miller?
- B:** Yes. Are you going _____ from him?
- A:** Yes, but I have never taken his class before.
- B:** He is very interesting and _____. Is that what you _____ for?
- A:** Yes, that's what I need.
- B:** Are you willing to study hard?
- A:** Yes, I guess so.
- B:** What I really liked about him is that he was an _____ and friendly teacher. Do you enjoy that in a teacher?
- A:** Yes, I had a teacher like that before.
- B:** Besides he has 20 years of _____.

- 1.good 2.to take a class 3.challenging 4.understanding 5.teaching experience
6.are looking 7.experize

Dialogue 73

- A:** I'd like _____ a hotel room.
B: That should be no problem. May I have your _____, please?
A: My name is John Sandals.
B: Hello, Mr. Sandals. My name is Michelle. What days do you need that reservation, sir?
A: I'm planning to visit New York from Friday, April 14 until April 17.
B: Our room rates recently _____. Is that OK with you? Each night will be \$308.
A: That price is perfectly _____.
B: Wonderful! Do you prefer a smoking or nonsmoking room?
A: Nonsmoking, please.
B: That _____.

1. went up 2. full name 3. sounds fine 4. to reserve 5. acceptable 6. price
 7. information

Dialogue 74

- A:** I would like to make a plane _____.
B: I would be happy to help you. Where do you _____ going?
A: I am going to Hawaii.
B: For that _____, you may leave from Los Angeles or Burbank Airport. Which would you prefer?
A: I think that I would rather leave from Los Angeles Airport.
B: Would you prefer a morning or an afternoon _____?
A: I prefer to leave in the afternoon.
B: I have _____ you on your flight. Here are your tickets.
A: Thank you!

1. destination 2. plan on 3. flight 4. leave 5. ticket reservation 6. return 7. booked

Dialogue 75

A: Hello, Mr. Smith! This is Mr. Blake from the Information Department of Foreign Affairs. I would like _____ to your attention that the Polish Delegation _____ the Minister of Foreign Trade and Shipping that is due to get to London _____. We have just had a _____ that owing to a dense fog all aircraft bound for London has been diverted to Amsterdam.

B: Thank you for letting us know. I wonder if you _____ so kind as to give us a ring when you are sure of the time the plane will be arriving.

1. led by 2. would be 3. leading by 4. message 5. to say 6. to bring 7. is delayed

Dialogue 76

A: Excuse me, Professor, I'm concerned about my _____. Do you have a minute to listen to me?

B: Of course. How can I help you?

A: I want to know if I am doing OK.

B: Let's _____ your scores so far. Do you think you are doing OK?

A: I am afraid that I might not be doing all well.

B: I see that you are doing OK in some areas, but not so well in others.

A: I think I could take _____ and read a little more.

B: You can greatly improve your grades if you work _____. Just _____ and I am sure that you will see improvement.

1. grades 2. see 3. be doing all 4. harder 5. better notes 6. good 7. do your best

Dialogue 77

- A:** David, have you thought about where you would like to go for dinner on Friday for _____?
- B:** I am not sure. I don't know many good restaurants _____.
- A:** You know, we could look _____ at the local Internet sites.
- B:** Good. Let's _____!
- A:** What kind of food would you like for your birthday?
- B:** I _____ barbeque or Chinese food the best.
- A:** This one, that's to say lazania, looks good.
- B:** I think that would be a really good choice! Let's call and make a reservation.

- 1.your birthday 2.online 3.around here 4.enjoy eating 5.computer 6.take a look
7.looks well

Dialogue 78

- Sarah:** Sorry, you were very rude to Henry when you said he needs _____.
- Ann:** Well, it's true. Exercise would be good for him. He started jogging and then _____.
- Sarah:** Yes, but we can't all _____ taking physical exercise.
- Ann:** Anyone can do a bit of jogging. You don't have to be brilliant at it. And _____ must be bad for you.
- Sarah:** Well, you could have been _____.
- Ann:** Sorry, I'm not very good at saying the right thing. I'll try to be nice to him next time I see him.
- Sarah:** In any case my advice is to be always careful while speaking with people.

- 1.gave it up 2. to lose weight 3.be good at 4.to be nice to 5.eating so much
6.eating less 7.more polite

Dialogue 79

- Mark:** I am sorry I was out when _____ yesterday afternoon, Alice. Look, I am free on the fifteenth of March. Can we meet then?
- Alice:** I am _____ next week, I'm afraid. I can't see you on Friday.
- Mark:** I'd like to have a meeting this month _____. I'll be very busy in April.
- Alice:** I am going away at Easter, so _____ a week later?
- Mark:** Let's meet on Wednesday afternoon at 2.30.
- Alice:** OK. I think, we must _____.

- 1.you called 2.if possible 3.pretty busy 4.keep our promise 5.asked 6.how about
7.agreement

Dialogue 80

- A:** I have never seen so much stuff. How we'll ever pack all this? I would rather _____ all this.
- B:** Well, I _____ you to throw away anything we don't need.
- A:** But some of this stuff is in such a shape that I suggest we should have a garage sale.
- B:** A _____ ? Hmm....not a bad idea. We might make some money.
- A:** Right of course. But we will still have _____ the real junk. I doubt if these magazines will help you. If I were you I would throw them away.
- A:** What? Throw away my magazine collection? Oh, no. These magazines are so old that they are probably _____ .
- B:** We had better sell them.

- 1.keep telling 2.market 3.to throw away 4.extremely valuable 5.garage sale
6.get rid of 7.stand

SECTION 3

**Ընտրել քերականորեն ճիշտ ձևակերպված հարցական նախադասությունները:
Choose the correctly formulated questions.**

1. 1. Had you to read all these articles for your graduation work?
2. Are you working still on your report or you finished it?
3. Ted's got used to going to bed late, hasn't he?
4. What do you think he will do to save the situation?
5. Are you through with your work yet?

2. 1. You shouldn't deliver goods to their company, should you?
2. Has John translated the novel or is he still working on it?
3. What do you think when will he visit them?
4. Can you show me how I have to paint the walls?
5. Since when Jane hasn't gone in for swimming?

3. 1. He had completed the work before I came, hadn't he?
2. Do you know where his brother-in-law works?
3. He'd better accept their proposal, wouldn't he?
4. When do you think they will arrive in Holland?
5. Do they have to announce the verdict today?

4. 1. The girls could hardly carry the suitcases, could they?
2. It's time you stopped smoking, isn't it?
3. Does your brother or sister go in for basketball?
4. Can you tell me what time does the show begin?
5. When you did see Dr Adams last?

5. 1. There's a bank between the restaurant and the post office, isn't it?
2. She couldn't remember where she had seen that young man, hadn't she?
3. Is Debbie or are you fond of poetry?
4. Can't you show me how have I to use this device?
5. Is your brother fond of horror films or westerns?

6. 1. Can we stay here and play a little bit more?
2. It will take them more than three hours to arrange the things, won't they?
3. Must we leave right now or have we to wait?
4. Linda's going to buy a new computer next year, isn't she?
5. It's necessary for us to postpone the discussion of the matter, hasn't it?
7. 1. Can you tell me where did you put the documents yesterday?
2. She had to work hard to make both ends meet, didn't she?
3. Since when has Dr Sandford been your family doctor?
4. Did he tell you where would the tourists be taken?
5. What is the weather like today?
8. 1. When she lived in Paris she used to visit museums, didn't she?
2. Does your daughter speak Spanish as fluently as your son does?
3. Did Mary or Susie attend the classes regularly?
4. Since when have people tried to understand natural phenomena?
5. He phoned you after he had received your message, hadn't he?
9. 1. I suppose Karen can take up that work, can't he?
2. Does he have to go there alone or has he to go with Mike?
3. How long is it since he called you?
4. Do you know why was David angry yesterday?
5. Are you going to spend your vacation in Italy or in France?
10. 1. Did the delegation arrive in New York by plane or by train?
2. Nancy can hardly cope with such a pile of work, can she?
3. Bob has to take part in the coming elections, doesn't he?
4. What time do you think will the train arrive in Boston?
5. Do you have any idea what they are planning for tomorrow?
11. 1. Can you tell me where have I to register my luggage?
2. They were listening to the news when he came, weren't they?
3. They have to receive a long-term loan, haven't they?
4. Have they had any problems with their son lately?
5. He ought to help his friends, shouldn't he?

- 12.** 1. Let's delay sending the documents, shall we?
2. Do you have any idea where they are having a meeting tonight?
3. Must we paint the fence today or can we do it tomorrow?
4. Don't forget to lock the door before you leave, do you?
5. Robert had to earn his living since early childhood, didn't he?
- 13.** 1. It's time for you to start a new business, isn't it?
2. Will you be able to finish the work in two weeks or not?
3. Do you know when did the trade delegation arrive?
4. Who did help you carry these heavy sacks?
5. He's had a lot of trouble with his car since he bought it, didn't he?
- 14.** 1. Can you show me where do I have to sign?
2. He went to America with his friends, didn't they?
3. What does she look like?
4. You'd rather go there alone, hadn't you?
5. Aren't there plenty of flowers in their garden in spring?
- 15.** 1. Don't interrupt me while I am speaking, will you?
2. Where does study your younger brother?
3. Will your friends be here next weekend or not?
4. Marianne has to pass that test to get a license, hasn't she?
5. Do you know who that man is?
- 16.** 1. When you did go to the art gallery last?
2. Does Jane look like her sister Linda or Lily?
3. Everybody realized the danger, didn't they?
4. Did he tell you why he refused to take part in the race?
5. Nobody was ready to take a quiz, weren't they?
- 17.** 1. How many tickets do we have to book?
2. Somebody wanted a drink, don't they?
3. What kind of salad likes your sister?
4. He had to spend most of his time in the market to earn money, hadn't he?
5. Do you know when the next train arrives?

- 18.** 1. Can you tell me when the Morse code was invented?
2. Let's apply for the job, shall we?
3. She's read the book which I advised her to take, isn't she?
4. How much was the car they wanted to buy?
5. There are no letters in the mailbox, aren't there?
- 19.** 1. Mr. Klein has to deliver a lecture on art, doesn't he?
2. Do you know when was Yerevan founded?
3. I am more beautiful now than I was three years ago, aren't I?
4. Will you be able to join us tonight or not?
5. What was Lucy doing while Mother was shopping?
- 20.** 1. Can you tell me why couldn't Mark come yesterday?
2. Help me overcome educational challenges, will you?
3. He'd been away from his family for a long time, didn't he?
4. Do you think my English has improved or not?
5. It was the first time he had ridden in an elevator, wasn't he?
- 21.** 1. Who did take the boy from the streets and enabled him to learn painting?
2. Let's organize a trip to the capital of Great Britain, shall we?
3. You'd like to have another helping, wouldn't you?
4. What time do you think the train arrives in Manchester?
5. Did Mark a new apartment buy or didn't?
- 22.** 1. It's been raining hard since yesterday morning, hasn't it?
2. Who do you think he wanted to speak to yesterday?
3. Have you had to read all these books for your exam?
4. Please, book me a seat in a non-smoker compartment, don't you?
5. He'd answered all the letters before we came, hadn't he?
- 23.** 1. It's time you reconstructed your house, hasn't it?
2. Did you have any idea how did the accident happen?
3. Need I take the parcel to him now or can I do it later?
4. Was the passage very difficult to translate or was easy?
5. How long will it take us to reach that place?

- 24.** 1. Help me plant these trees, will you?
2. Do you know where they went after classes?
3. He ought to make a note of it, shouldn't he?
4. How long have been the students writing that test?
5. He'd signed all the documents by that time, wouldn't he?
- 25.** 1. Let's take a taxi to that library, will we?
2. How did the US delegation arrive in Yerevan?
3. Did he accept the invitation yesterday or refused it?
4. Can you show me where you put the dictionary?
5. It's the first time you have driven a car, isn't it?
- 26.** 1. The golf match was postponed because of the heavy rain, wasn't it?
2. Are you through with your term paper or not?
3. How many hours do you spend watching television?
4. Do you remember how many reporters were there at the meeting?
5. He visited you after he had received a note, didn't he?
- 27.** 1. The flight's postponed because of unfavorable weather conditions, hasn't it?
2. When does arrive your cousin in Amsterdam?
3. Who told you that news yesterday?
4. Did he show you how to do that work or not?
5. Would you rather take this bag with you or leave it here?
- 28.** 1. Nobody wanted to speak first, did they?
2. I'm sure Ben will invite me to that party, aren't I?
3. Which of these two pictures do you best like?
4. When is Linda going to buy a new laptop?
5. Did they tell you what are they planning for tomorrow?
- 29.** 1. Where went Mira before classes yesterday morning?
2. He used to live in a house before he moved into this flat, didn't he?
3. Are you a baseball player or your brother ?
4. It's fifty years since they built this church, isn't it?
5. Did it take them an hour to decorate the birthday cake?

- 30.** 1. How did you like the new performance?
2. It's time for you to make a decision, hasn't it?
3. What did she use to do when she lived in Greece?
4. Everybody wanted to be present at that meeting, weren't they?
5. Where will be going the Browns tonight?
- 31.** 1. She couldn't remember where she had seen that young man, hadn't she?
2. Had the agreement been signed before I arrived in town?
3. Have you to finish the work today or can you do it tomorrow?
4. Do we have to go there by taxi or on foot?
5. Will they be able to arrange the things in three hours or not?
- 32.** 1. There's enough salt in the salad, isn't it?
2. Did she join the drama club or did he?
3. What kind of performance was it: interesting or boring?
4. How long did it take them to decorate the Christmas tree?
5. Let's have lunch on the grass, shall we?
- 33.** 1. Their twins cry all night, don't they?
2. Why did without permission you take my laptop?
3. Do you know how often does he attend the lectures?
4. You can hardly understand the meaning of this poem, can you?
5. What did he do after he phoned you?
- 34.** 1. She'd better discuss it with her parents, hadn't she?
2. He's going to spend his summer holidays in France, hasn't he?
3. Did you notice that the boots he was wearing weren't a pair?
4. Can you show me where did you find a treasure last month?
5. Did she accept or reject your proposal yesterday?
- 35.** 1. Is the roast beef overdone or it's underdone this time?
2. Mr Rochester had to spend a weekend in London, didn't he?
3. Remember to buy a bottle of whisky, will you?
4. Did the football match take place yesterday or not?
5. How many guests at the party there were last night?

- 36.** 1. She'd never been there before, had she?
2. How long did Sally have to stay in hospital?
3. Was the concert interesting or was it boring?
4. Was the golf match postponed because of the rain or was the fog?
5. The travellers could hardly find a shelter, could they?
- 37.** 1. What did he use to do when he lived in St Petersburg?
2. What you think which is older: Yerevan or Moscow?
3. How did arrive the New York delegation in Helsinki?
4. The secretary was typing the letter when I came in, didn't I?
5. Was he surprised or angry to see her in the hotel?
- 38.** 1. Were the explorers surprised to see the results of the experiment or weren't?
2. Do we need to have a deep knowledge of this subject?
3. Do you know when President Richards arrived in Dublin?
4. The picnickers didn't have to start at dawn, had they?
5. Do you remember how many books did he borrow from me last week?
- 39.** 1. How old were you when began you to walk?
2. Did he tell you where the prisoners would be taken?
3. Did the boss shout at you when were you late?
4. You have your windows cleaned every month, don't you?
5. Let's have a swim in the lake, shall we?
- 40.** 1. Do you remember how many invitations we sent out yesterday?
2. Can you show me what colour will you paint the fence tomorrow?
3. I think I am a good candidate for that job, don't I?
4. Who explained the Math problems to you?
5. She couldn't remember where she had put the keys, hadn't she?
- 41.** 1. Samuel has to conceal the facts, doesn't he?
2. Since when have they worked for this corporation or not?
3. Nobody was aware that the deadline had passed, were they?
4. Can you tell me what assignments I missed when I was absent from your class?
5. Has the firm presented Mr. Peterson with a gold watch?

- 42.** 1. Why do you have to realize the importance of sleep?
2. Did they interview Donald Trump on CNN last week?
3. What did show further research?
4. When did Ben go with his friends to the pub?
5. Brandon and Lucy share the same room, don't they?
- 43.** 1. Do you know how many students flunked the exam yesterday?
2. Since when has Dr Jackson been our solicitor?
3. Has Rick bought a cottage in the country or not yet?
4. How did you like Jeremy's latest novel?
5. Ricky had to get up early this morning, hadn't he?
- 44.** 1. How long had been he waiting for the bus when it started to rain?
2. When she worked in that canteen she learnt to cook tasty dishes, didn't she?
3. What are popular holiday destinations for people from your country?
4. When do you think they will arrive in Washington?
5. The wounded man could hardly drag himself along, could he?
- 45.** 1. Everybody was eager to take part in the discussion, wasn't he?
2. Can you tell me where can I find Dr Mortimer?
3. Do you agree that the destruction of that system is really inevitable?
4. Does your sister dance as gracefully as you are?
5. There's nothing in that box, is there?
- 46.** 1. Did he tell you why he signed the agreement?
2. What time will you go to the restaurant tonight?
3. I am a quick study, aren't I?
4. How often has erupted the volcano recently?
5. The meeting's been cancelled because of some problems, isn't it?
- 47.** 1. The police could not arrest the criminals, could they?
2. Can you tell me why were you quarrelling yesterday?
3. When will you complete your research work?
4. It took them two hours to find his new address, didn't it?
5. Did you get used to the cold climate soon or you didn't?

- 48.** 1. Where did work your friend before he came here?
2. He does not believe in what he cannot see, can he?
3. Do you know what at the summit they will discuss?
4. Your wife's fond of flowers, isn't she?
5. Do you know which is longer: the Nile or the Thames?
- 49.** 1. Do you know where are the Galapagos Islands located?
2. Why isn't your research carried out yet?
3. They have worked for this corporation for ten years, don't they?
4. Which of these paintings appeals to you?
5. What do you think defines people from your country?
- 50.** 1. Have you told them the whole truth yet?
2. Oliver had to work from morning till night, didn't he?
3. What did she learn to do when she worked there?
4. It's the second time you have made a terrible mistake, didn't you?
5. Do you know where lives the oldest man in the world?
- 51.** 1. It's time you had a holiday, isn't it?
2. What were you doing when was your sister watching TV?
3. You ought to help him with that work, shouldn't you?
4. How do the scientists involved in this project cooperate?
5. Can you tell me what do you know about stress?
- 52.** 1. What do you understand by the term 'déjà vu'?
2. I think Tom will win the race, won't he?
3. What is doing the child in the street at this time?
4. How long has Gregory worked for this corporation?
5. Sheila has to go to the dentist today, hasn't she?
- 53.** 1. Do you think there is a connection between health and happiness?
2. You'd rather cancel the meeting, wouldn't you?
3. Does further research show that the structure of the atom is very complex?
4. What does mean the phrase 'environmental ambassador'?
5. Where lives your brother-in-law?

- 54.** 1. Do they have to book tickets tomorrow or next week?
2. When brought the students their works?
3. He's got some problems at the office, doesn't he?
4. What do you do that is good for your physical health?
5. It's time you made a final decision, didn't you?
- 55.** 1. Was it you who broke the kitchen window?
2. I think your younger sister's very talented, hasn't she?
3. Have technological advances had a positive effect on people's lives?
4. Do you know which animal runs fastest?
5. The chief judge can delay the court case, can't he?
- 56.** 1. What do you think do we rely on technology too much?
2. The leading candidates ought to be here by now, shouldn't they?
3. Mike's got used to swimming in cold water, isn't he?
4. Do they have to book accommodation tomorrow or can they do it later?
5. Are you going to Italy or stay in town?
- 57.** 1. He's working on his graduation paper for Master's degree, isn't he?
2. Did you accept their invitation or refused it?
3. Must we book tickets in advance or to buy them tomorrow?
4. Don't forget to buy a gift for Emmy, will you?
5. What time you think the bus will arrive at the bus stop?
- 58.** 1. Does further research show that this disease is incurable?
2. He'd sent out all the invitation cards by then, didn't he?
3. He's been working on that report since Monday, isn't he?
4. Are you going to spend your vacation in Italy or in France?
5. Do you know where the conference will be held?
- 59.** 1. There are no people in the hall, are they?
2. They'd never been to Moscow before, had they?
3. How long have they been discussing the new project?
4. Do you know how long did it take her to solve the puzzle?
5. Could she remember where had she put the keys?

- 60.** 1. They have got a small house on the outskirts of London, don't they?
2. They established a rule that everyone must share the expenses, didn't they?
3. Do you have any idea when the competition will be held?
4. What is your sister-in-law interested in?
5. Did Bruce have the window repaired or did he repair it himself?
- 61.** 1. When did go Kevin to the shop to buy a gift for Mother?
2. He's going to spend his summer holidays in France, hasn't he?
3. They've heard very little of him lately, have they?
4. What do you think about these rules?
5. Do you know is he going to Palm Springs or to Palm Beach?
- 62.** 1. Help me take these three boxes upstairs, will you?
2. What makes the Galapagos Islands unique?
3. He had the mansard roof repaired, hadn't he?
4. Since when has he had much trouble with his car engine?
5. Who did they go to the pictures with?
- 63.** 1. Fred's been working on that project for two years, is he?
2. What it should be the responsibilities of nurses?
3. It's been raining hard since yesterday morning, isn't it?
4. Have the students handed in the essays yet?
5. How have advances in technology affected your studying and social life?
- 64.** 1. Sheila had to stay in hospital till the end of the week, didn't she?
2. What do you think is there a connection between wealth and happiness?
3. How long have been you working on that project?
4. The police could not find the burglars, could he?
5. Did he tell you why he had signed that agreement?
- 65.** 1. Do you have any idea about tomorrow's party?
2. It was the most interesting concert we have ever attended, wasn't it?
3. Why did Greg a new computer buy yesterday?
4. Help your sister wash the dishes, will you?
5. Do you know is the delegation arriving tonight or tomorrow?

- 66.** 1. You never say what you're thinking, are you?
2. Do you know how many guests there were at the festival last night?
3. Don't forget to take your passport, do you?
4. I guess you'll be ready for the trip in an hour, won't you?
5. Must the students from the library borrow these books?
- 67.** 1. Do you know did they arrive at the station on time?
2. It's hardly rained this summer, has it?
3. They had never travelled by ship before, did they?
4. Was it you who planned a new exploration project?
5. People know little about this phenomenon, doesn't he?
- 68.** 1. It will take her half an hour to get ready, won't she?
2. Do you know where the tallest man in the world lives?
3. Why did without permission you take my car?
4. Did he help you rearrange the furniture or did she?
5. Everybody was ready for the test, weren't they?
- 69.** 1. I suppose everybody likes chocolate, don't they?
2. What do you think will she get ready in half an hour?
3. Do you know how long they have worked at this project?
4. It's three years since you came to our class, hasn't it?
5. How long do you think will it take the children to get ready?
- 70.** 1. Do you know the date when do we have to hand in the essay?
2. Where do you think can I find the head of the department?
3. They'd no time to finish their discussion, did they?
4. Did he have the tyre pressure checked or he checked himself?
5. Nobody was late for the meeting, were they?
- 71.** 1. Who does have to take a test today?
2. What's the weather forecast for today?
3. Can you guess why were the explorers surprised?
4. The talk show ought to start at 7 sharp, oughtn't it?
5. It's necessary for the patient to see the doctor, isn't it?

- 72.** 1. There are some general rules to observe, aren't they?
2. Can you tell me why you returned the cheque to Mr. Wallis?
3. Are you going to Palm Springs next week or go tomorrow?
4. Their family is small, aren't they?
5. When do you think the tourists will be taken to Garni?
- 73.** 1. Would you stay with us and to watch the talk show on TV?
2. Where did you use to go in the evenings when you lived in Vienna?
3. Do you know what problem did an American inventor run into?
4. You have to get up early tomorrow, haven't you?
5. Do you know when Mr. Smith arrived at work?
- 74.** 1. Do you know what time the plane takes off?
2. Please help me download this program, will you?
3. How long had been you waiting for Ken when he arrived?
4. You ought to apologize to them, shouldn't you?
5. Who did he go to South America with?
- 75.** 1. What do you think is Steven an interesting or a dull speaker?
2. How long do you think it will take them to study the case?
3. He'd changed greatly after the accident, hadn't he?
4. They had little time to carry out the experiment, hadn't they?
5. Was it very difficult for you to translate the article?
- 76.** 1. Who does usually shopping do in your family?
2. Would you like to stay with us or would you like to go out with them?
3. Linda has to brush up her French, doesn't she?
4. Can you guess where I'm going to spend my vacation?
5. He's got used to living in cold climate, doesn't he?
- 77.** 1. We had a terrible weekend, didn't we?
2. Do you remember since when have they worked for this corporation?
3. What do you think they will do next?
4. Your sister's fond of historical novels, doesn't she?
5. I suppose it was difficult for you to translate that poem, wasn't it?

- 78.** 1. Do you think Mr. Jackson's lecture was interesting?
2. What places of interest visited Maggie in Madrid?
3. Helen never goes to parties, does she?
4. He won't be able to persuade his father into lending us the car, will he?
5. I hope it's the last time you are lying to me, aren't you?
- 79.** 1. Fred's never been to Egypt, is he?
2. Are they to hold a seminar on ecology or are you?
3. Do you know why was he shocked?
4. Did he tell you why he refused our help?
5. Jane had to overcome a lot of obstacles, hadn't she?
- 80.** 1. Do you think they will be able to settle the problem tomorrow?
2. The Greens have to repair their holiday cottage, don't they?
3. Are you going to bring up details or not?
4. It's twenty years since they got married, aren't they?
5. When do you think will they finish the operation?
- 81.** 1. Why do you think he flunked the exam?
2. Let's take a taxi, shall we?
3. You'd rather go there by train, hadn't you?
4. Is Mary or are you going to cooperate with Debbie?
5. His wife has headaches quite often, doesn't she?
- 82.** 1. Do you have any idea where he comes from?
2. He had a smoke every ten minutes, hadn't he?
3. She does not believe in what she cannot see, does she?
4. How often did you visit museums when were you in London?
5. This is a nice place to have a picnic, isn't this?
- 83.** 1. Don't you think St. Petersburg is a clean city?
2. Can you tell me why do you take English classes?
3. There are a lot of fruit trees in their orchard, aren't they?
4. He's been working on this project since last year, hasn't he?
5. Do you think my pronunciation has improved?

- 84.** 1. Did she feel better after she took a nap?
2. Do you know who invented the telescope?
3. This is the second time you have escaped from classes, isn't it?
4. Will you come to the nightclub tomorrow or to stay at home?
5. She has to buy an evening dress for the party, doesn't she?
- 85.** 1. What does the first Amendment guarantee?
2. Do you think you can achieve happiness by avoiding negative feelings?
3. He's to interview a foreign delegation today, hasn't he?
4. Have you read how many houses did the tornado destroy?
5. What do you think he appreciates in a person most?
- 86.** 1. How do the students intend to demonstrate against the new regulations?
2. Did you know that the inventors of cinema were French?
3. George Washington was the first US president, wasn't he?
4. Do you think has my English improved?
5. You had the ceiling whitewashed, hadn't you?
- 87.** 1. When did you find out that the bath had overflowed?
2. Do you have any idea who won the scholarship?
3. I think everybody likes ice-cream, don't they?
4. What should the responsibilities of teachers be?
5. Is this the first time you have won a prize, isn't it?
- 88.** 1. Do seldom you go to the swimming-pool?
2. A good speaker must be able to hold the attention of the audience, isn't?
3. Who do you think are the most superstitious people in the world?
4. What does make Karlovy Vary unique?
5. I'm a better dancer now than I was a year ago, am I not?
- 89.** 1. Why did the United Nations plan to investigate the outbreak of TB?
2. Do you know where board members meet to develop new strategies?
3. Was the economic life of Africa centered in the Sudan?
4. Mary's got a nice cottage in the country, doesn't she?
5. What do you think how can you achieve health and happiness?

- 90.** 1. David and Mike sent an anniversary card to their parents, didn't he?
2. What do you think we should buy for Mother on her birthday?
3. Did you know that the *black widow* is the most dangerous spider living in the US?
4. Do you enjoy having a wide circle of acquaintances?
5. Do you know what type of account does the woman want?
- 91.** 1. Haven't you done your homework yet?
2. Are you sure you don't want to go to the movies tonight?
3. Are you more interested in a general idea than in the details of its realization?
4. Do you know why did the publishing houses appreciate him highly?
5. There are plenty of glasses in the cupboard, aren't they?
- 92.** 1. Why do you think objective criticism is always useful in any activity?
2. The coffee tastes extremely good, doesn't it?
3. Would you like to have a cup of coffee with me?
4. Who did allow you to touch these things?
5. He'd better buy a new computer, hadn't he?
- 93.** 1. Can you tell the class where comes chocolate from?
2. Do you know how was the name California first used?
3. Do you find it funny when I do my mute exercises with a mirror?
4. It's time for them to swim ashore, hasn't it?
5. Did you hear about the fire down the street?
- 94.** 1. How much was the stove you bought yesterday?
2. Is it in your nature to assume responsibility?
3. Would you like to go to bed early or going to the pub with us?
4. John thinks I will help them with that work, doesn't he?
5. Who did look after the children while Mrs. Smith went shopping?
- 95.** 1. He has to visit his sick friend today, doesn't he?
2. Is there a website that can explain why leaves change color in the fall?
3. Do you know what does the new computer program provide?
4. Does anybody know where was first played the game of golf?
5. Sam will scarcely want to take up this job, will he?

- 96.** 1. Did you see yesterday anybody shoplifting?
2. Do you know where the president and his family are staying?
3. Which test do you think is more difficult: the TOEFL or the GRE?
4. Their family are early risers, don't they?
5. How old was your sister when she began to talk?
- 97.** 1. Why did you return the vacuum-cleaner you bought yesterday?
2. What do you think he means by these words?
3. Didn't she to the shopping centre go yesterday?
4. It's hardly snowed this winter, has it?
5. Ted couldn't speak English well when he was a first-year student, wasn't he?
- 98.** 1. Do you take the train to go to work?
2. The poor harvest caused prices to rise abruptly, didn't it?
3. Was it you or your brothers who repaired the road?
4. Do you know how long did the baby-sitter look after the children?
5. This is the second time Ted has been fined, isn't this?
- 99.** 1. Are you sure do the great majority of tornadoes occur in the US?
2. Do you often think about mankind and its destiny?
3. Isn't it hard to drive downtown to work?
4. Do you have any idea why did he conceal the facts?
5. He'd changed a lot after the operation, wouldn't he?
- 100.** 1. Do you remember what did the lecturer say about early teachers?
2. Is Cambridge University as old as the University of Oxford?
3. How long had you studied English before you took the TOEFL test?
4. When are you planning to send the memo to the staff?
5. The body depends on food as its primary source of energy, isn't it?
- 101.** 1. He had the kitchen knives sharpened, didn't he?
2. How did you like my new apartment?
3. Do you think was he surprised to see her in the hotel?
4. Has been Ted working for this corporation for two years?
5. The twins cry all night, aren't they?

- 102.** 1. Mark's got a nice motor-bike, isn't he?
2. John had his laptop repaired, hadn't he?
3. Are you going to Palm Springs or to Palm Beach?
4. Can you tell me what do Armenians usually have for breakfast?
5. Are checks and balances an important concept in the formation of the US system of government?
- 103.** 1. Is it the second time you have taken this test, isn't it?
2. What do you do that is good for your mental health?
3. There's been a lot of snow recently, isn't there?
4. How many hours a day do the sportsmen have to train?
5. Is Sarah considered to be the best player in your team?
- 104.** 1. Did they make the enemy withdraw the troops from the city or not?
2. Coldrex is considered to reduce temperature or not?
3. Your brother's fond of westerns, hasn't he?
4. There's hardly any money left, is there?
5. Did you use to live in a house before you moved into this flat?
- 105.** 1. Which University does your elder sister study at?
2. Is the church at the end of the street catholic or it isn't?
3. How do you get to school: by car or on foot?
4. He's been working in this company for six years, isn't he?
5. I am slenderer now than I was three years ago, aren't I?
- 106.** 1. I suppose everybody likes this author, don't I?
2. Which of you would like to take part in the race?
3. There's somebody waiting for you, hasn't there?
4. The rugby match was postponed, wasn't it?
5. Is it you who wants to speak to the boss?
- 107.** 1. Do you think the owl can see at night?
2. Are the children back from school yet?
3. This fast car can do 350 kilometers an hour, can't this?
4. How many times have you been to that museum?
5. Did you sign yesterday the contract?

- 108.** 1. He's got a web camera on his mobile phone, doesn't he?
2. Let's go to Scotland in July, will you?
3. Can your brother render this text in English or you can?
4. Aren't you fed up with eating bacon and eggs every morning?
5. Do you think we are doing the right thing?
- 109.** 1. Why do most people on holiday go in summer?
2. The most unusual animals can be seen in this zoo, don't they?
3. Why do you think Ruby wants to talk to me?
4. Do you think horses eat lobsters?
5. You'd like to see Speaker's Corner in Hyde Park, wouldn't you?
- 110.** 1. This kind of weather gets people down, doesn't it?
2. I am a better programmer now than I was two years ago, am not I?
3. Do you have any idea what vegetables grow in this part of the country?
4. What do you think he has to do to return her?
5. It's twelve years since they moved to this district, isn't it?
- 111.** 1. Hasn't been Janet trying to improve her Spanish since last year?
2. Is there a good hotel in the neighbourhood or there isn't?
3. You'd never been to a rainforest before, had you?
4. Would anyone care to respond to the last question?
5. Will the people one day react against the political system that oppresses them?
- 112.** 1. How long have they been trying that problem to solve?
2. The police broke the door down, didn't they?
3. Isn't it strange that he didn't respond to that question?
4. Annie's got a lot of English books, hasn't she?
5. What do you think is he ready to take a decisive step?
- 113.** 1. Does Julia at 11 o'clock have a break for lunch or not?
2. He's got all the modern conveniences in his house, doesn't he?
3. Do you know why he wants to take an extended leave of absence?
4. You won't be able to change anything, will you?
5. Where did you last month travel?

- 114.** 1. He's had a lot of trouble with her lately, hasn't he?
2. How do you think she solved the puzzle?
3. Does anybody know who invented the first bicycle?
4. After the rain there was a rainbow in the sky, wasn't it?
5. How dared you speak to me like that?
- 115.** 1. The Nile's the longest river in the world, hasn't it?
2. When will be held the seminar?
3. Do you know that the ice on the Great Lakes breaks up in spring?
4. I suppose Mary will decorate the room, won't she?
5. How do you think he will react to this provocation?
- 116.** 1. You like Italian food very much, don't you?
2. Nobody in the office could give you the information you needed, could they?
3. There's somebody calling your name, isn't he?
4. Do you like your new job or it's boring?
5. Did you use to eat a lot of chocolate when you were a child?
- 117.** 1. What was doing Hans when you saw him?
2. Did this businessman use to be rich when he was young?
3. He's going to enter Medical College, hasn't he?
4. Can you tell me what do you know about dreams?
5. There's no information about it in this magazine, is there?
- 118.** 1. Which hotel were the Blacks staying at?
2. Will there be any opportunity for them to start the course again?
3. How long did it take the Smiths to save money to buy that house?
4. Can you tell me what kind of food are you fond of?
5. The residence of the president of the USA is the White House, isn't he?
- 119.** 1. Who helped them the difficulty to overcome?
2. Was it you who won the first prize?
3. Open the windows to air the room, will you?
4. It's the first time you have broken the law, hasn't it?
5. What do you think he knows about that case?

- 120.** 1. Who did you talk to about your plans yesterday?
2. The packages just mailed at the post office will arrive on Monday, didn't they?
3. How many chapters does your graduation paper consist of?
4. Jack thinks I'll refuse his invitation, won't I?
5. Who do you think is the best player in your team?
- 121.** 1. This instrument's grown out of use, hasn't it?
2. What made you accept his proposal?
3. The family's purchased a new car, isn't it?
4. Who are you making this cocktail for?
5. How dared your brother go there alone?
- 122.** 1. Would you rather do the shopping now or after work?
2. It's hardly rained this autumn, is it?
3. That sofa needs cleaning, doesn't it?
4. Do you know why was Mark searching for a new apartment?
5. They have to receive a long-term loan, haven't they?
- 123.** 1. Donald ought to help his parents, shouldn't he?
2. Who did you go to the discotheque with?
3. It's five years since they graduated, haven't they?
4. He's not seen my bike anywhere, is he?
5. Are there any women drivers among your friends?
- 124.** 1. He had to meet his parents at the airport, didn't he?
2. How many greeting cards had typed the secretary by then?
3. Did you the terms discuss yesterday morning or not?
4. He promised to repay us within six months, didn't he?
5. Evergreen trees replace their leaves at specific times in the year, don't they?
- 125.** 1. Why do you think he told such a terrible lie?
2. Is this the first or the second time you have driven a car?
3. Does Sarah at the University study medicine or law?
4. The police respond to emergencies in just a few minutes, don't they?
5. Can you tell me are you still corresponding with your former boyfriend?

- 126.** 1. Which of you wants to take part in the discussion?
2. Her photograph corresponds with the description that he gave us, doesn't it?
3. Hasn't been Dan living in this district for ten years already?
4. She's got little money to buy that computer, has she?
5. The unions have reacted strongly against the government's wage and price controls, don't they?
- 127.** 1. For who did you buy these flowers?
2. She's recommended as a suitable candidate for the job, isn't she?
3. Do you think they provided us a firm guarantee of quality?
4. He's not seen my keys anywhere, has he?
5. Do you know when are they coming to install the new cooker in the kitchen?
- 128.** 1. Who usually goes shopping when you are not in town?
2. Are you or is your brother involved in politics?
3. The owner guaranteed the coins to be genuine, wasn't it?
4. His only interest was mathematics, wasn't he?
5. Do you know that behaviorism was one of the leading schools of psychological thought in the 20th century?
- 129.** 1. This is the first time Henry has ridden a horse, isn't this?
2. Which of these two candidates appeals to you?
3. He's interested in art and music, isn't he?
4. How long had you been walking in the street when it started to snow?
5. Can you tell me what do you know about people called 'healers'?
- 130.** 1. What is he looking at in admiration?
2. She didn't dare to open her mouth, did she?
3. The Smiths need two cars, needn't they?
4. Tom's got used to getting up early, hasn't he?
5. Do you know why bears sleep all winter?
- 131.** 1. I believe Henry is a talented actor, don't I?
2. How dare you listen to a private conversation?
3. Have you sent out the greeting cards yet?
4. There are accidents every day at these crossroads, aren't they?
5. Who is Debbie chatting with?

- 132.** 1. What did happen yesterday when I phoned you?
2. Do you know the harms that smoking causes?
3. I hope he's grown out of that bad habit, hasn't he?
4. Your garden fence needs repairing, needn't it?
5. Why he took *Gulliver's Travels* with him on his journey?
- 133.** 1. Did Tom lose his job because he kept arriving late for work?
2. The police arrested the criminals yesterday, didn't it?
3. There's no money in this wallet, is it?
4. Help me alter this project, will you?
5. Did you know that air expands and becomes lighter when it's warmed?
- 134.** 1. She's recommended him as a suitable candidate for that post, isn't she?
2. Do you know that light travels faster than sound?
3. It's difficult to decide between these two candidates, isn't it?
4. He's always been interested in literature, isn't he?
5. The concert ought to start at 7:30, oughtn't it?
- 135.** 1. I think the car's suffered great damage, hasn't it?
2. Do you have any idea can we pay by credit card?
3. You think Mary will accept your proposal, don't you?
4. What did you use to do when you in Dresden lived?
5. Since when have you attended these courses?
- 136.** 1. Were it you who signed those papers?
2. How long have you been working at this novel?
3. Is John a quick study, isn't he?
4. Do you know that the cheetah is the fastest animal?
5. This company has never provided a good service, has it?
- 137.** 1. Have you registered for additional courses in Biology yet?
2. Can you tell me did you get used to the cold climate soon?
3. Does Mary usually go home after classes?
4. It's always been difficult for him to make a choice, hasn't it?
5. The boy's grown out of his clothes, isn't he?

- 138.** 1. Did the Great Depression cause numerous problems to many farmers?
2. He's going to enter Law school, isn't he?
3. By what did you arrive in this city?
4. Do you know the harms that causes alcohol?
5. The head of the company's established his son in business, hasn't he?
- 139.** 1. Which is more exciting: travelling by ship or by car?
2. It's ten years since we met last, isn't it?
3. Where will go your elder sister this summer?
4. How much time do you need to complete the work?
5. He drew a picture of a girl with flowers on her hat, wasn't she?
- 140.** 1. What sports do you go in for?
2. Where will your children this winter go?
3. Did you have to wait for the bus long or it arrived soon?
4. There's been a very rich harvest this year, hasn't it?
5. She's got little time to spend with her children, has she?
- 141.** 1. I think it's established by law, isn't it?
2. Army's changed this boy into a man, hasn't it?
3. How many texts had translated Judy by 6 o'clock?
4. I am more experienced now than I was last year, am I not?
5. Must they deliver the goods today or they will do it tomorrow?
- 142.** 1. What do you think he has to do in such a situation?
2. Do you know have they to study the appeal case tomorrow?
3. It's the second time Dan has been fired, isn't it?
4. Can Lucy order new office furniture this week or not?
5. He's changed greatly since we met last, isn't he?
- 143.** 1. It's time for you to get ready for your exams, isn't it?
2. Didn't you know that rice grows in water?
3. Your overprotection's changed this boy into a coward, isn't it?
4. Where went they after classes yesterday?
5. The object of this gymnastic exercise is to expand the chest, isn't this?

- 144.** 1. The flight's cancelled because of the heavy fog, isn't it?
2. Mr. Klein has to deliver a lecture on art, doesn't he?
3. Do you know who did invent the first helicopter?
4. Who would you recommend for the chairmanship?
5. Can you tell me where have I to register my luggage?
- 145.** 1. Didn't you know that he was introduced into the Cabinet?
2. The sonnets established his reputation as a gifted poet, didn't they?
3. Why do you think Fred was fired?
4. The president of the US appoints the cabinet members, don't they?
5. Do you know adverbs may introduce a sentence when used emphatically?
- 146.** 1. When are arriving your parents-in-law?
2. I think I'm a good cook, aren't I?
3. Do you think they will have reached the peak of the mountain by noon?
4. Let's go to the forest to gather some mushrooms, shall we?
5. Is the football match to start at 8 p.m. between Barcelona and Real Madrid?
- 147.** 1. She's to finish the work tomorrow, hasn't she?
2. Must we count the votes right now or can we do it tomorrow?
3. What did fall on the ground and broke to pieces?
4. What was Jane doing when you entered the room?
5. Alessandro Safina's concert ought to start at 7:30, oughtn't he?
- 148.** 1. Will you have finished working on your paper by midnight?
2. Did he tell you who was to take an exam on Tuesday?
3. It's necessary for them to cancel the meeting, hasn't it?
4. There's no furniture in that room, isn't there?
5. Why do you think the patient intruded into the doctor's office angrily?
- 149.** 1. How well does Nancy speak Japanese?
2. Do you think the children will get used to getting up early in the morning soon?
3. Does Nelly or do her sisters work at a bank?
4. Bob's got a good collection of coins, doesn't he?
5. Do you know will the foreign representatives visit the museum on Sunday?

- 150.** 1. I suppose he can cope with that work, don't I?
2. Have you sent out the invitations yet?
3. Are you used to working late hours or not?
4. Was it you who dared speak to him in that way?
5. What was doing Margaret when you visited her?
- 151.** 1. The beauty of this picture consists in its balance of colours, isn't it?
2. Does your daughter play chess as well as your son does?
3. Why did the speaker accompany his words with strange gestures?
4. Don't forget to lock the door before going to bed, do you?
5. Did she suggest that an exception should be made?
- 152.** 1. Are you still painting her portrait or you have it finished?
2. With who are you going to the pictures tonight?
3. Henry's afraid of snakes, isn't he?
4. Why do you think he demanded his money back?
5. Why do you persist in interrupting me when I have repeatedly asked you to stop?
- 153.** 1. Have you already moved to your new house?
2. You'd like to book your ticket beforehand, wouldn't you?
3. Is it any use our going into all that now?
4. It's time he stopped using drugs, hasn't it?
5. What did you use to do when escaped you from classes?
- 154.** 1. When consulted you the doctor about your health last?
2. I believe he's a good violinist, isn't he?
3. Why do you think he agreed to accompany you?
4. He was frustrated to find no support among his friends, wasn't it?
5. Are you perspiring because it is hot?
- 155.** 1. Do you think will they agree to an exchange?
2. Let's go out for dinner, don't you?
3. She's been wearing this dress for almost a year, hasn't she?
4. Have you ever been to the United States?
5. What do you think you will never forgive?

- 156.** 1. Do you know that water boils at 100 °C?
2. What do you think shall we drive or go on foot?
3. She's supposed to be good at geography, isn't she?
4. Will you be discussing this problem when I come back?
5. Is it true that haven't you given him my message?
- 157.** 1. Do you remember when did you last hear from him?
2. The students have to work in the laboratory on Wednesday, don't they?
3. What did Betty do every time the door bell rang?
4. He's used this article in his report, hasn't he?
5. Is it possible that hasn't she followed her parents' advice?
- 158.** 1. Could you tell me where you've put my book?
2. The waiter's already taken your order, isn't he?
3. Are you shivering because is it cold?
4. Do you have any idea why did he demand the manager to see?
5. The dress she's wearing is too formal for such an occasion, is it not?
- 159.** 1. Do you mind my smoking here?
2. Did they to this useless talk put an end?
3. Your father's recently got a promotion, hasn't he?
4. Who was that speech written by?
5. They'd to arrange a farewell party, hadn't they?
- 160.** 1. When are you going to get your bachelor's degree, Sandy?
2. Emily scarcely stayed to say a few words to him, did she?
3. Did the press upon that event comment?
4. Stop interrupting me while I'm speaking, will you?
5. Why are you being so rude today?
- 161.** 1. Nowadays cars are getting more and more expensive, isn't it?
2. That program's designed to combat the trafficking of children, isn't it?
3. Does the name really suggest nothing to you?
4. Did you hear that Ben was last month fired?
5. How long had you been waiting before he received you?

- 162.** 1. Whether the game will be played or not depends on the weather, won't it?
2. What are they talking about now in the corridor?
3. Since when have you been studying that problem?
4. She'd to work hard to pay for her education, didn't she?
5. What is he looking at with horror in his eyes?
- 163.** 1. Developing questionnaires demands great care, doesn't it?
2. What does your decision depend on?
3. Will you still be on board the ship on Saturday?
4. Have you been discussing me with your friends?
5. He's decided to settle the case out of court, isn't he?
- 164.** 1. He'd offered us many solutions to that problem, hadn't he?
2. Have the police arrested the smugglers yet?
3. Don't forget to delete those files from the desktop, will you?
4. Do you think has my pronunciation improved lately?
5. Did the noise in the next room last night disturb you?
- 165.** 1. What made you return earlier than you had planned?
2. How dared he sign those papers without showing them to Mr Lynch?
3. It's time for them to reconstruct their house, isn't it?
4. Can you show me how have I to operate this machine?
5. People entering the military camp need to report to the guardhouse, don't they?
- 166.** 1. What information did you get about the flood?
2. Charles has to have a talk tomorrow, hasn't he?
3. Do you know could Henry answer the Professor's questions?
4. I think you ought to call the police, shouldn't you?
5. Do you think he knows what he's doing?
- 167.** 1. What do you think should I buy a silver ring or a gold ring?
2. How much money do you think you will spend on the wedding ceremony?
3. There's a drugstore around the corner from the bank, isn't it?
4. Is it true that she hasn't taken her exams yet?
5. Could Betty have told the policeman about the accident?

- 168.** 1. What did you do the moment you heard the news?
2. He's used to the climate of Africa, hasn't he?
3. Will be they discussing my proposal in an hour?
4. Have you come across any new words in the text?
5. Don't you think they demand too much of him?
- 169.** 1. I think it's a fair verdict, hasn't it?
2. You'd better offer them love and security, wouldn't you?
3. What do you think I should buy for Jenny?
4. Are you yawning because you are tired or are you getting bored?
5. Can you tell me what won't you do even for a great sum of money?
- 170.** 1. What did you use to do when were you lonely?
2. The price of houses has dramatically risen in recent years, haven't they?
3. Do you remember where you have seen this man?
4. Had you to do this hard work all by yourself?
5. He agreed to accompany me on a trip to Africa, didn't he?
- 171.** 1. I think you can't punish me for something I didn't do, don't I?
2. Do you think are there any snakes in these rocks?
3. There's nothing interesting in this issue of the magazine, is there?
4. The manager needn't write the report about our expenses, need he?
5. Can you tell me how long you've known Sally?
- 172.** 1. How long have you been practicing in the language laboratory?
2. Should I buy a rocking chair or an armchair?
3. Where does work your ex-boyfriend?
4. This puzzle's designed to stimulate thinking, hasn't it?
5. Nobody blamed her for the accident, did they?
- 173.** 1. The two brothers differ in their judgment of this piece of music, don't they?
2. What won't you do even to save your friend?
3. Does your sister work as hard as you are?
4. Never represent yourself as perfect, do you?
5. Have you found the article or are you still looking through the journals?

- 174.** 1. She's supposed to be good at chess, hasn't she?
2. He's been abroad twice this year, hasn't he?
3. Do you know what they are going to name their baby?
4. What were your brothers doing while you were making tea?
5. Did you have the ceiling whitewashed?
- 175.** 1. Nobody realized what was going on, did they?
2. What are you going to be when do you grow up?
3. Did you repair the roof yourself or had it repaired?
4. Will you be able to visit Granny tomorrow or not?
5. Can you tell me who suggested his taking part in the race?
- 176.** 1. Will you be working still on your thesis in summer?
2. He's got a lot of work to do today, hasn't he?
3. Have you renewed your licence yet?
4. What does that symbol represent?
5. Does he have to carry out the work alone or has he to join the workgroup?
- 177.** 1. He's fastened the papers together with a paper clip, isn't he?
2. Why do you think Alice felt very pleased with herself?
3. Whether we'll go there or not depends on your decision, doesn't it?
4. Who do you cooperate with?
5. Would you rather sit at the pilot's cabin or at the window?
- 178.** 1. Do you know what time does the talk show begin?
2. He's suggested a compromise to us, hasn't he?
3. Can I hang the washing out of the window?
4. She's a new love of yours, isn't she?
5. There were a lot of customers in the shop in the afternoon, weren't they?
- 179.** 1. Can you tell me where are you coming from?
2. Her offer's been accepted gratefully, hasn't it?
3. You'd like to visit him today, wouldn't you?
4. Why are you being so impolite?
5. What did you do the moment you got off the train?

- 180.** 1. He's accepted an offer of £250,000, isn't he?
2. Could Bob have told such a terrible lie?
3. Do you remember were you at home last weekend?
4. Your friend's got a strange hobby, hasn't he?
5. Have you ever thought of starting your own business?
- 181.** 1. What were doing your children while you were making dinner?
2. Where are training your friends?
3. You ought to stop smoking, shouldn't you?
4. Ted's getting used to working there, isn't he?
5. How much is the yacht your brother wants to buy?
- 182.** 1. Why didn't you go last night to the skating-rink?
2. You'd better offer them help, hadn't you?
3. She's not much of a cook, is she?
4. Your neighbours need two cars, don't they?
5. Are you blushing because it is hot or you are embarrassed?
- 183.** 1. Free dishes used to be a big draw at the movie theaters, weren't they?
2. He'd been away from his wife for rather a long time, wouldn't he?
3. The capital of Hungary's worth visiting, isn't it?
4. Why didn't he stop to talk to you?
5. How old were you when you started school?
- 184.** 1. Why do you think Harry was so embarrassed?
2. It's necessary for us to hold a meeting, hasn't it?
3. He's been trying to make you see his point of view for an hour, isn't he?
4. What did he do when he heard the noise outside?
5. When will you be able to arrange these things?
- 185.** 1. Who has been playing with the remote control?
2. What won't you do even for the sake of your dearest people?
3. Are you having your house painted at the moment?
4. She'd hardly any wish to discuss it with us, wouldn't she?
5. The hijackers eventually surrendered themselves to the police, didn't they?

- 186.** 1. I'd rather call a taxi, hadn't I?
2. Everyone taking an interview must bring their passports, mustn't they?
3. Has your brother-in-law ever been to South Africa?
4. Will you tell me if can you see my future in the crystal ball?
5. What was he trying to explain when I came up?
- 187.** 1. Could Linda such a silly mistake have made ?
2. She's probably very tired after the journey, isn't she?
3. Who did weigh their luggage?
4. Would you like to speak to the Dean now or after the meeting?
5. They'd offered no resistance, had they?
- 188.** 1. Is Miss Black very busy right now or not?
2. The defendant was released to await trial, wasn't it?
3. Your boyfriend's got a foreign accent, doesn't he?
4. What was Jane doing while were you repairing the bicycle?
5. Does your sister dress as beautifully as you do?
- 189.** 1. He's discussed the matter with his lawyer, isn't he?
2. Did Alan pass his examinations as successfully as David did?
3. Which do you think is higher: Ararat or Aragats?
4. Can you tell me why your shoes are so muddy?
5. I think your grandmother's very energetic, isn't she?
- 190.** 1. Everybody gathered around the speaker, didn't they?
2. Why didn't you take yesterday the children to the park?
3. Did you know that the largest port in Great Britain is London?
4. What did he use to do when he had spare time?
5. How did you spend your spare time with your friends when were you at school?
- 191.** 1. It's time you consulted your doctor, hasn't it?
2. Did the old man have his will drawn up?
3. Will you be in if I drop in at your place in the afternoon?
4. Will he be working for this company in a few years yet?
5. Would you like to book your ticket beforehand or on the day of the departure?

- 192.** 1. Antonio Stradivarius made wonderful violins, didn't he?
2. Must we leave now or have we to wait for Willy?
3. Have you discussed the terms yet?
4. Your cousin's got a nice holiday cottage, isn't he?
5. Is she going to have her hair done?
- 193.** 1. Is Samuel doing gardening or is he repairing the car?
2. It's the second time he has insulted you, isn't it?
3. Had you to read all the books mentioned in the list?
4. Have you had such an experience before?
5. You'd like to go to the party with Robert, hadn't you?
- 194.** 1. How long is it since you visited Bulgaria?
2. Are the Greens very busy right now or they are free?
3. She's probably very tired after the exam, hasn't she?
4. That article's worth reading, hasn't it?
5. Why do you think they sacrificed the first harvest of rice to the goddess of Sun?
- 195.** 1. Is it you who designed this storage tower?
2. Mira's going to move to a new apartment, isn't she?
3. Have been the scientists making these experiments for the last few years?
4. Will you be next week in town still?
5. Can you tell me what you are thinking about?
- 196.** 1. When are meeting the members of the club?
2. Did they enjoy yesterday themselves at the concert?
3. It's time you stopped drinking alcohol, isn't it?
4. Is the weather as cool in summer as it is in autumn?
5. Everyone working in a mine must be very careful, don't they?
- 197.** 1. He's afraid to dive from the high board, hasn't he?
2. Is the patient breathing as heavily now as in the morning was he?
3. Can you explain to me why are your clothes wet?
4. He'd better change his attitude to people, hadn't he?
5. Do you know where Jenny's parents work?

- 198.** 1. Which is city bigger: Washington or New York?
2. Does your sister cook as well as you do?
3. What does this shape suggest to you?
4. He'd better find a better-paid job, wouldn't he?
5. She can finish it before noon, can't she?
- 199.** 1. Who raised the question at yesterday's meeting?
2. He's been taking English lessons since childhood, hasn't he?
3. Can you tell me is Edinburgh as large as London?
4. He'd signed the contract before we arrived, hadn't he?
5. Do you know did she have the pictures framed?
- 200.** 1. Ted's got used to living in a big city, hasn't he?
2. The visitor proceeded to fasten his horse to a large iron hook, didn't he?
3. Don't you know why she reported him to the police?
4. Does anybody know when was first staged *Romeo and Juliet*?
5. Are you through with your experiment yet?

SECTION 4

Հանապատասխանեցնել բառերը և սահմանումները:

Match the words and their definitions.

1.

- | | |
|------------------|--|
| A) Leisure | 1) a favourable position or chance |
| B) Entertainment | 2) a job or profession |
| C) Opportunity | 3) something that serves for amusement |
| D) Occupation | 4) free or unoccupied time |
| | 5) hard physical work |

2.

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| A) Calm | 1) able to think, understand, and learn things quickly and well |
| B) Intelligent | 2) not excited, nervous or troubled |
| C) Brave | 3) willing to do things which are difficult or dangerous |
| D) Independent | 4) free from outside control |
| | 5) feeling or showing love |

3.

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| A) Miniature | 1) the name of a person or a sign representing his name, marked by himself |
| B) Signature | 2) an exciting or dangerous experience |
| C) Adventure | 3) a verbal, written, or recorded message |
| D) Gesture | 4) a movement of part of the body to express an idea or meaning |
| | 5) a model or copy of something on a very small scale |

4.

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| A) Tornado | 1) a violent storm with very strong winds |
| B) Flood | 2) a heavy fall of snow, especially with a high wind |
| C) Snowstorm | 3) something that is dangerous for children |
| D) Breeze | 4) an overflow of a large amount of water beyond its normal limits |
| | 5) a gentle wind |

5.

- A) Request
 - B) Refusal
 - C) Advice
 - D) Response
- 1) a spoken or written answer
 - 2) an act of asking politely or formally for something
 - 3) an act of punishment
 - 4) a suggestion about what somebody should do in a particular situation
 - 5) an act of saying 'no' to an invitation, offer, etc.

6.

- A) Service
 - B) Catalogue
 - C) Brand
 - D) Purchase
- 1) a book that contains pictures of things that are on sale
 - 2) a product or group of products that has its own name
 - 3) the money owed to somebody
 - 4) something that you buy
 - 5) the action of helping or doing work for someone

7.

- A) Lie
 - B) Compliment
 - C) Flattery
 - D) Prize
- 1) a polite expression of praise or admiration
 - 2) an award given to the winner
 - 3) something based on a fact
 - 4) a statement that is not true
 - 5) a false insincere praise

8.

- A) Contract
 - B) Quarrel
 - C) Discussion
 - D) Trial
- 1) a pleasurable surprise
 - 2) hearing and judging a person or case in a court
 - 3) the process of talking something over an angry argument
 - 4) a written legal agreement between two people or organizations

9.

- A) Conversation
 - B) Exclamation
 - C) Utterance
 - D) Argument
- 1) an exchange of opposite views, typically an angry one
 - 2) the act or process of speaking or expressing in words
 - 3) an emphatic or excited cry
 - 4) an informal talk between people
 - 5) an element of written language

10.

- A) Ordinary
 - B) Strange
 - C) Human
 - D) Hostile
- 1) odd, unusual, or extraordinary
 - 2) showing strong dislike
 - 3) relating to or characterizing people
 - 4) easy to understand
 - 5) of common or established type, usual

11.

- A) Match
 - B) Situation
 - C) Incident
 - D) Performance
- 1) a game in which individuals or teams compete
 - 2) an event or occurrence
 - 3) an act of presenting a play, concert, etc.
 - 4) a set of circumstances
 - 5) a set of rules

12.

- A) Production
 - B) Amount
 - C) Equivalence
 - D) Substance
- 1) a kind of matter with particular properties
 - 2) equality in value, amount, meaning, etc.
 - 3) a subject or situation under consideration
 - 4) a sum of money
 - 5) the process of growing or making goods or materials

13.

- A) Consideration
 - B) Motive
 - C) Motion
 - D) Command
- 1) careful thought, typically over a period of time
 - 2) a reason for doing something
 - 3) the action or process of moving or being moved
 - 4) an order given to a person or an animal
 - 5) the restriction of an activity, tendency, or phenomenon

14.

- A) Flexible
 - B) Reliable
 - C) Predictable
 - D) Authentic
- 1) good in quality or performance; able to be trusted
 - 2) not likely to move or change
 - 3) always behaving or occurring in the way expected
 - 4) able to make changes or deal with a situation that is changing
 - 5) of undisputed origin and not a copy; genuine

15.

- | | |
|------------|---|
| A) Dispute | 1) social equality |
| B) Peace | 2) the state existing during the absence of war |
| C) Treaty | 3) a fight between large armed forces |
| D) Battle | 4) a formal agreement between countries |
| | 5) an argument or a disagreement |

16.

- | | |
|------------|---|
| A) Elegant | 1) graceful or attractive in appearance or manner |
| B) Lively | 2) beautiful, enjoyable and pleasant |
| C) Vital | 3) full of energy |
| D) Lovely | 4) inessential or unimportant |
| | 5) very important, necessary |

17.

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| A) Inner | 1) right or appropriate for a particular person, purpose, or situation |
| B) Average | 2) being or located inside |
| C) Complicated | 3) able to be used or obtained |
| D) Available | 4) typical or normal; ordinary |
| | 5) difficult to understand |

18.

- | | |
|-------------|--|
| A) External | 1) of the inner nature of a thing |
| B) Internal | 2) having four equal sides and four angles of 90° |
| C) Round | 3) shaped like a cone |
| D) Square | 4) shaped like a circle or a ball |
| | 5) belonging to or forming the outer surface or structure of something |

19.

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| A) Design | 1) the action of putting something in order |
| B) Arrangement | 2) the parts or elements of which something is made |
| C) Composition | 3) a border of wood in which a picture is set |
| D) Frame | 4) a tool made of wood |
| | 5) a drawing or an outline from which something may be made |

20.

- | | |
|-----------|---|
| A) Branch | 1) the outer covering of something |
| B) Stem | 2) the long, thin part of a plant above the ground |
| C) Body | 3) the whole physical structure of a human being |
| D) Skin | 4) a part of a tree on which leaves, flowers and fruit grow |
| | 5) a tree growing at the riverside |

21.

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| A) Carriage | 1) an aircraft without wings |
| B) Helicopter | 2) a separate section of a train |
| C) Lorry | 3) a large vehicle that is used to transport goods by road |
| D) Ship | 4) a railroad engine |
| | 5) a large boat for transporting people or goods by sea |

22.

- | | |
|-------------|---|
| A) Price | 1) reduction of prices |
| B) Discount | 2) a small flat piece of metal used as money |
| C) Prize | 3) a paper banknote |
| D) Coin | 4) an award given to the winner |
| | 5) the amount of money that you pay for something |

23.

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| A) Pedestrian | 1) a person who drives a vehicle |
| B) Driver | 2) a person who rides a bicycle |
| C) Hiker | 3) a person who goes for long walks in the country for pleasure |
| D) Cyclist | 4) a person walking rather than travelling in a vehicle |
| | 5) a person who rides a horse |

24.

- | | |
|-------------|--|
| A) Traveler | 1) a person with an excessive appetite for food |
| B) Beggar | 2) a person who robs people |
| C) Robber | 3) a person, typically a homeless one, who lives by asking for money or food |
| D) Tutor | 4) a private teacher |
| | 5) a person who is traveling or who often travels |

25.

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| A) Crowd | 1) a group of people ruling a country or state |
| B) Government | 2) a number of people who watch, read or listen to the same thing |
| C) Audience | 3) people of the same age |
| D) Team | 4) a large number of people gathered together |
| | 5) a group of people working together at a particular job |

26.

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| A) Masterpiece | 1) a work of outstanding creativity and skill |
| B) Portrait | 2) a painting, drawing, or photograph of a person |
| C) Landscape | 3) a picture or diagram made with a pencil or pen rather than paint |
| D) Photo | 4) a picture taken with a camera |
| | 5) a picture representing an area of countryside |

27.

- | | |
|-----------------|--|
| A) Tourist | 1) a person who is travelling or visiting a place for pleasure |
| B) Photographer | 2) a person who takes pictures |
| C) Researcher | 3) a person invited to visit someone's home |
| D) Guide | 4) a person exploring new facts or information |
| | 5) a person who shows tourists around interesting places |

28.

- A) Chef
 - B) Chief
 - C) Instructor
 - D) Manager
- 1) a professional cook
 - 2) a leader or ruler of a people
 - 3) a person or organization that employs people
 - 4) someone whose job is to organize and control the work of a company, business, etc.
 - 5) a person whose job is teaching

29.

- A) Laptop
 - B) Laboratory
 - C) Hardware
 - D) Software
- 1) a small computer that you can carry with you
 - 2) a machine controlled from a distance
 - 3) a room where people do scientific research
 - 4) the programs and other operating information used by a computer
 - 5) computer equipment

30.

- A) Fascinate
 - B) Imagine
 - C) Desire
 - D) Worship
- 1) form a mental image or concept of
 - 2) love and admire somebody very much, especially so much that you cannot see their faults
 - 3) attract the strong attention and interest of someone
 - 4) strongly wish for or want
 - 5) have a strong feeling of dislike for

31.

- A) Designer
 - B) Assistant
 - C) Customer
 - D) Sculptor
- 1) a person who sells goods at a shop
 - 2) the amount of money you need to buy something
 - 3) a person or company that buys goods or services
 - 4) a person who plans constructions, works of art and other things
 - 5) a person who makes statues

32.

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| A) Sociable | 1) certain about your abilities |
| B) Confident | 2) having a strong sense of humour |
| C) Caring | 3) willing to talk and engage in activities with other people |
| D) Shy | 4) displaying kindness and concern for others |
| | 5) embarrassed in the company of other people |

33.

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| A) Stress | 1) a worried or nervous feeling that makes you unable to relax |
| B) Hostility | 2) aggressive behaviour towards people or ideas |
| C) Faith | 3) complete trust or confidence in someone or something |
| D) Fantasy | 4) the act of imagining impossible or improbable things |
| | 5) a feeling of satisfaction |

34.

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| A) Ambulance | 1) a small aircraft |
| B) Fire engine | 2) a large vehicle that is used to transport goods by road |
| C) Excavator | 3) a large machine used for digging and moving earth |
| D) Truck | 4) a large vehicle which carries fire fighters and equipment for putting out fires |
| | 5) a vehicle for taking people to and from hospital. |

35.

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| A) Online | 1) connected to or available through the internet |
| B) Social | 2) relating to society and to people's lives in general |
| C) Digital | 3) not interesting or special |
| D) Automatic | 4) storing information such as sound or pictures as numbers or electronic signals |
| | 5) working by itself without being operated by people |

36.

- A) Image
 - B) Courage
 - C) Mood
 - D) Pleasure
- 1) the impression that a person, an organization or a product, etc. gives to the public
 - 2) the way that someone is feeling
 - 3) the ability to do things which one finds frightening
 - 4) an action designed to achieve efficiency
 - 5) a feeling of happiness and enjoyment

37.

- A) Convert
 - B) Compensate
 - C) Prevent
 - D) Invent
- 1) pay someone money because they have suffered damage, loss, injury, etc.
 - 2) be the cause of (a problem or difficulty)
 - 3) keep (something) from happening
 - 4) change the form, character, or function of something
 - 5) make up; produce or design something that has not existed before

38.

- A) Defeat
 - B) Cheat
 - C) Fail
 - D) Defend
- 1) win against someone
 - 2) encourage or arouse interest or enthusiasm
 - 3) behave dishonestly
 - 4) be unsuccessful in something
 - 5) say things to support someone or something

39.

- A) Encourage
 - B) Enable
 - C) Endanger
 - D) Enrich
- 1) make it possible for somebody to do something
 - 2) publicize information or an event
 - 3) put someone or something at risk
 - 4) give somebody support or hope
 - 5) improve the quality or value of something, often by adding something to it

40.

- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| A) Construction | 1) a physical harm |
| B) Injury | 2) a psychological disorder |
| C) Treatment | 3) the process of providing medical care |
| D) Destruction | 4) the action of building something |
| | 5) the action of causing so much damage to something that it no longer exists |

41.

- | | |
|-------------|--|
| A) Permit | 1) allow somebody to do something |
| B) Forbid | 2) to make someone agree to do something |
| C) Persuade | 3) order somebody not to do something |
| D) Cancel | 4) help somebody do something |
| | 5) decide that something planned will not now take place |

42.

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| A) Pollutant | 1) a substance that makes something dirty, especially water or the atmosphere |
| B) Smog | 2) the hot gas that water changes into when it boils |
| C) Smoke | 3) a mixture of smoke and fog |
| D) Petrol | 4) a substance that filters the water |
| | 5) a liquid used as fuel in car engines |

43.

- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| A) Polite | 1) silly or unreasonable and deserving to be laughed at |
| B) Enthusiastic | 2) very interested in something, or excited by it |
| C) Miserable | 3) extremely unhappy |
| D) Ridiculous | 4) making a lot of noise |
| | 5) behaving towards other people in a respectful way |

44.

- A) Selfish
 - B) Boring
 - C) Lonely
 - D) Attractive
- 1) dull, uninteresting
 - 2) pleasant to look at
 - 3) unhappy because one has no friends or company
 - 4) caring only about yourself rather than about other people
 - 5) able to remain calm and confident in a difficult situation

45.

- A) Accept
 - B) Admire
 - C) Deny
 - D) Receive
- 1) formally make a suggestion
 - 2) like and respect very much
 - 3) refuse to accept or admit something
 - 4) say 'yes' to an invitation, offer, etc.
 - 5) get something that is sent to you

46.

- A) Coach
 - B) Captain
 - C) Judge
 - D) Oculist
- 1) a person who treats diseases of the eye
 - 2) a person who is taught how to do a particular job
 - 3) the person in command of a ship
 - 4) a person in a court who has the authority to decide how criminals should be punished
 - 5) a person who trains a person or team in sport

47.

- A) Sportsman
 - B) Director
 - C) Lawyer
 - D) Prisoner
- 1) a person who is in charge of a company
 - 2) a person who practises or studies law
 - 3) a person who is suspected of a crime
 - 4) a person who is kept in a prison as a punishment
 - 5) a man who takes part in a sport, especially as a professional

48.

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| A) Bride | 1) the child of your uncle or aunt |
| B) Bridegroom | 2) a woman who is getting married or who has just got married |
| C) Nephew | 3) a man on his wedding day or just before and after the event |
| D) Cousin | 4) a son of one's brother or sister |
| | 5) a male friend |

49.

- | | |
|------------------|---|
| A) Widow | 1) an unmarried girl or young woman |
| B) Bachelor | 2) a man who is not and has never been married |
| C) Stepmother | 3) a woman who is married to one's father, other than one's biological mother |
| D) Mother-in-law | 4) the mother of the husband or wife |
| | 5) a woman who has lost her husband by death and has not married again |

50.

- | | |
|------------------|---|
| A) Absent-minded | 1) lacking intelligence or common sense |
| B) Smart | 2) not depending on other people |
| C) Talented | 3) clean, tidy, and well dressed |
| D) Stupid | 4) very good at something; gifted |
| | 5) forgetful or inattentive |

51.

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| A) Impatient | 1) easily annoyed because of having to wait for something long |
| B) Talkative | 2) fond of or given to talking |
| C) Tolerant | 3) able to accept what other people say or do even if you don't agree with it |
| D) Violent | 4) filled with great emotion |
| | 5) using physical force to hurt, damage, or kill someone or something |

52.

- | | |
|------------|--|
| A) Nurse | 1) a person receiving medical treatment |
| B) Surgeon | 2) a doctor who is specially trained to perform operations |
| C) Dentist | 3) a person trained to care for the sick, especially in a hospital |
| D) Patient | 4) a person who examines and treats people's teeth |
| | 5) medical care given to a patient for an illness or injury |

53.

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| A) Sensitive | 1) making one feel ashamed |
| B) Reserved | 2) not giving sufficient attention or thought to avoiding harm or errors |
| C) Shameful | 3) hiding one's emotions and feelings |
| D) Careless | 4) able to understand other people and their feelings |
| | 5) paying close attention to something |

54.

- | | |
|------------|--|
| A) Witty | 1) having the ability to achieve things in a clever way, often by deceiving other people |
| B) Keen | 2) showing very close connection |
| C) Cunning | 3) having or showing eagerness or enthusiasm |
| D) Frank | 4) showing quick and inventive verbal humour |
| | 5) open and sincere |

55.

- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| A) Lazy | 1) extremely angry |
| B) Crazy | 2) having good luck; fortunate |
| C) Hard-working | 3) not guilty of a crime |
| D) Lucky | 4) unwilling to work or use energy |
| | 5) putting a lot of effort into a job and doing it well |

56.

- | | |
|-------------|--|
| A) Sensible | 1) easily worried or frightened |
| B) Nervous | 2) well known or easily recognized |
| C) Familiar | 3) based on reasons; wise |
| D) Strange | 4) unusual or surprising; difficult to understand or explain |
| | 5) very interesting |

57.

- | | |
|-----------|---|
| A) Tinned | 1) preserved in a tin |
| B) Fresh | 2) (of food) stored at a very low temperature in order to preserve it |
| C) Frozen | 3) recently produced or picked |
| D) Rotten | 4) decayed and not fit for use |
| | 5) packed in a paper container |

58.

- | | |
|----------|---|
| A) Boil | 1) cook in hot water |
| B) Fry | 2) cook in hot fat or oil |
| C) Grill | 3) cook under or over a very strong heat |
| D) Dry | 4) to free from moisture or liquid |
| | 5) add salt, herbs and other spices to food |

59.

- | | |
|------------|---|
| A) Taste | 1) use the teeth to cut food |
| B) Bite | 2) drink something by taking small mouthfuls |
| C) Chew | 3) work food in the mouth with the teeth, especially to make it easier to swallow |
| D) Swallow | 4) cause or allow something to pass down the throat |
| | 5) test the flavor of something by taking it into the mouth |

60.

- | | |
|-------------|--|
| A) Loose | 1) rather large and not fitting closely. |
| B) Tight | 2) fitting closely around your body |
| C) Striped | 3) with a pattern of lines |
| D) Suitable | 4) right for a particular purpose, person or situation |
| | 5) with a smooth surface |

61.

- | | |
|-----------|--|
| A) Peel | 1) cut thin pieces of food, such as bread, meat or cake |
| B) Slice | 2) reduce something to powder using a special machine |
| C) Divide | 3) separate something into parts |
| D) Roast | 4) remove the outer covering or skin from a fruit or a vegetable |
| | 5) cook something, especially meat in an oven or over a fire |

62.

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| A) Climate | 1) the type of weather a country has |
| B) Forecast | 2) a programme, performance, or speech on the radio or on television |
| C) Broadcast | 3) a statement about what is likely to happen, often relating to the weather |
| D) Weather | 4) the state of the atmosphere at a place and time as regards heat, sunshine, wind, rain, etc. |
| | 5) a period of very hot weather |

63.

- | | |
|-----------|---|
| A) Cool | 1) become or cause to become less hot |
| B) Heat | 2) raise the temperature of something |
| C) Freeze | 3) turn into ice |
| D) Mix | 4) cut into small pieces |
| | 5) combine or put together to form one mass |

64.

- | | |
|-----------------|--|
| A) Neighborhood | 1) a very large area of land, such as Africa or Asia, that consists of several countries |
| B) Region | 2) the solid surface of the earth |
| C) Nature | 3) all the animals, plants, and other things in the world that are not made by people |
| D) Continent | 4) one of the areas that a country is divided into, that has its own government |
| | 5) a particular area of a town |

65.

- | | |
|----------|---|
| A) Sweet | 1) containing a lot of sugar |
| B) Sour | 2) flavoured with salt, pepper, etc. |
| C) Spicy | 3) having an acid taste like lemon or vinegar |
| D) Mild | 4) not severe or strong |
| | 5) very plain in style or appearance |

66.

- | | |
|------------|---|
| A) Sailor | 1) a person who works on a ship |
| B) Pilot | 2) a person who runs a company |
| C) Mayor | 3) a person who operates the flying controls of an aircraft |
| D) Soldier | 4) the head of a city or town |
| | 5) a person who serves in the army |

67.

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| A) Tasteless | 1) extremely unpleasant |
| B) Disgusting | 2) lacking flavour |
| C) Delicious | 3) highly pleasant to the taste |
| D) Exotic | 4) a bit oversalted |
| | 5) interesting or unusual because of coming from a faraway place |

68.

- A) Adequate
 - B) Prosperous
 - C) Equal
 - D) Enormous
- 1) successful financially
 - 2) the same in size, number, standard, or value
 - 3) enough in quantity, or good enough in quality for a particular purpose or need
 - 4) small in size
 - 5) extremely large in size or amount

69.

- A) Criminal
 - B) Explorer
 - C) Employer
 - D) Employee
- 1) a person who is paid to work for somebody
 - 2) a person who explores a new or unfamiliar area
 - 3) a person or organization that pays people to work for them
 - 4) a person who has committed a crime
 - 5) a person who is unemployed

70.

- A) Introduce
 - B) Report
 - C) Export
 - D) Defend
- 1) give a spoken or written account of something that one has observed, heard, done, or investigated
 - 2) say things to support someone or something
 - 3) send goods or services to another country for sale
 - 4) buy a product from another country
 - 5) tell someone another person's name

71.

- A) Soft
 - B) Genuine
 - C) Artificial
 - D) Firm
- 1) changing shape easily when pressed
 - 2) real, true, not false
 - 3) made by man; not natural
 - 4) having a solid surface or structure
 - 5) operated by hand

72.

- | | |
|-----------|---|
| A) Height | 1) the quality of being tall or high |
| B) Weight | 2) the quality of being heavy |
| C) Shape | 3) an inner quality of something |
| D) Size | 4) how big something is |
| | 5) the external form or appearance of something |

73.

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| A) Rubbish | 1) a large container in which people put rubbish |
| B) Pollutant | 2) a small area of water formed naturally |
| C) Mud | 3) a substance that makes something, especially air and water, dirty and harmful |
| D) Pool | 4) things that you throw away because you no longer want or need them |
| | 5) a sticky mixture of earth and water |

74.

- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| A) Amateur | 1) someone who does something as a hobby and not as a job |
| B) Professional | 2) a person just starting to learn a skill |
| C) Beginner | 3) a person engaged or qualified in a profession |
| D) Leader | 4) a person who drives a vehicle |
| | 5) the person who is in control of or in charge of a group of people or an organization |

75.

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| A) Poison | 1) a substance that causes death or harm if swallowed |
| B) Infection | 2) something that is done to cure an illness or injury |
| C) Treatment | 3) an illness that is caused by bacteria or a virus |
| D) Wound | 4) an extremely small living thing that can cause disease |
| | 5) an injury to the body, especially with a weapon |

76.

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| A) Dislike | 1) a very strong feeling of love, hatred, anger, etc. |
| B) Passion | 2) a feeling of happiness |
| C) Willingness | 3) the quality or state of being prepared to do something |
| D) Inclination | 4) a feeling of distaste |
| | 5) an interest in or liking for something |

77.

- | | |
|-------------|--|
| A) Goods | 1) an attractive object which usually has no practical value |
| B) Ornament | 2) things that are produced to be sold |
| C) Property | 3) a mark that you are given for homework |
| D) Debt | 4) the things that one owns |
| | 5) an amount of money that you owe |

78.

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| A) Illiterate | 1) wanting more than one's fair share of something |
| B) Generous | 2) ready to give more of something, especially money, than is necessary or expected |
| C) Mean | 3) unable to read or write |
| D) Greedy | 4) loved and respected |
| | 5) not willing to give or share things |

79.

- | | |
|-------------|---|
| A) Client | 1) a person or organization that buys something at a shop |
| B) Customer | 2) a person with special knowledge or training in something |
| C) Expert | 3) a person or company that grows or makes food, goods or materials |
| D) Producer | 4) a person who uses services or advice of an organization |
| | 5) a person in charge of a department in a company |

80.

- | | |
|------------|---|
| A) Loan | 1) money borrowed from a bank |
| B) Debt | 2) an arrangement somebody has with a bank to keep money there |
| C) Bill | 3) a regular amount of money that you earn |
| D) Account | 4) a sum of money that somebody owes |
| | 5) a piece of paper that shows how much you have to pay for goods or services |

81.

- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| A) Introduction | 1) a gift or payment to a common fund or collection |
| B) Expansion | 2) the action of becoming larger or more extensive |
| C) Conclusion | 3) the process of becoming smaller |
| D) Contribution | 4) the first part of a book, etc. giving its general idea |
| | 5) the end, finish or last part of something |

82.

- | | |
|------------------|---|
| A) Old-fashioned | 1) having a resemblance in appearance, character, or quantity |
| B) Odd | 2) no longer used or admired by most people |
| C) Contemporary | 3) living or occurring at the same time |
| D) Similar | 4) extremely large in size, amount, or degree |
| | 5) different to what is usual or expected; strange |

83.

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| A) Profit | 1) a heavy demand |
| B) Advantage | 2) the money made in business, especially after paying the costs involved |
| C) Income | 3) a condition that puts one in a favourable position |
| D) Donation | 4) the money received regularly for work or through investments |
| | 5) something that is given to a charity, especially a sum of money |

84.

- A) Expedition
 - B) Excursion
 - C) Voyage
 - D) Experience
- 1) a short journey or trip, especially one taken as a leisure activity
 - 2) a journey by sea
 - 3) the things happened to you that influence the way you think or behave
 - 4) an organized journey that is made for a particular purpose, such as exploration
 - 5) a journey by plane

85.

- A) Embarrassment
 - B) Crisis
 - C) Disaster
 - D) Enthusiasm
- 1) a time of intense difficulty or danger
 - 2) a change of mood
 - 3) a natural catastrophe
 - 4) a strong feeling of excitement and interest in something
 - 5) a feeling of shame or awkwardness

86.

- A) Achievement
 - B) Accident
 - C) Event
 - D) Failure
- 1) a lack of success in doing or achieving something
 - 2) something which someone has succeeded in doing
 - 3) an unfortunate incident that happens unexpectedly
 - 4) a period of economic difficulty or depression
 - 5) a thing that happens or takes place, especially one of importance

87.

- A) Hurt
 - B) Shake
 - C) Change
 - D) Break
- 1) separate into pieces
 - 2) move (an object) up and down or from side to side
 - 3) make or become different
 - 4) cause pain or injury
 - 5) strike repeatedly and violently

88.

- | | |
|-----------|--|
| A) Pull | 1) carry or support with one's arms or hands |
| B) Affect | 2) put (things) in a neat or required order |
| C) Press | 3) move in a specified direction by pushing |
| D) Hold | 4) have an effect on |
| | 5) move something towards you |

89.

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| A) Destination | 1) an inclination towards a particular characteristic or type of behavior |
| B) Fashion | 2) a course along which someone or something moves |
| C) Manner | 3) a way of doing something |
| D) Direction | 4) the place to which someone or something is going or being sent |
| | 5) a popular or the latest style of clothing, hair, decoration, or behaviour |

90.

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| A) Recognize | 1) cause someone to remember something |
| B) Repeat | 2) speak very softly |
| C) Remind | 3) say again something one has already said |
| D) Remember | 4) identify somebody or something from having seen them before |
| | 5) keep in memory |

91.

- | | |
|----------|--|
| A) Crawl | 1) move slowly forward on your hands and knees, with your body close to the ground |
| B) Climb | 2) move from side to side |
| C) Drop | 3) go up (stairs, a mountain, etc.) |
| D) Fall | 4) let or make something fall |
| | 5) move from a higher to a lower level |

92.

- A) Sympathy
 - B) Support
 - C) Promotion
 - D) Aggression
- 1) a move to a more important job in a company
 - 2) encouragement or help that you give to somebody
 - 3) the act of making something stay the same
 - 4) feelings of pity and sorrow for someone else's misfortune
 - 5) feelings of anger and hatred that may result in violent behaviour

93.

- A) Gossip
 - B) Hint
 - C) Doubt
 - D) Complain
- 1) a loud and confused noise
 - 2) talk about others; spread rumours
 - 3) think that something is probably not true
 - 4) suggest something in an indirect way
 - 5) say that you are not happy about something

94.

- A) Wander
 - B) Wonder
 - C) Rush
 - D) Delay
- 1) move slowly and carefully in order to avoid being heard or noticed
 - 2) walk or move in a leisurely, casual, or aimless way
 - 3) do something later than is planned or expected
 - 4) move with haste
 - 5) think about something in a very surprised way

95.

- A) Discover
 - B) Invent
 - C) Recover
 - D) Invest
- 1) find unexpectedly or during a search
 - 2) be deprived of or cease to have
 - 3) create or design something that has not existed before
 - 4) return to a normal state of health, mind, or strength
 - 5) put (money) into financial schemes, shares, property to achieve a profit

96.

- | | |
|-----------|--|
| A) Hunger | 1) highly unpleasant physical sensation caused by illness or injury |
| B) Thirst | 2) an uninteresting situation |
| C) Anger | 3) a feeling of wanting to drink something |
| D) Pain | 4) a strong feeling of annoyance or hostility |
| | 5) the feeling of discomfort that you get when you need something to eat |

97.

- | | |
|-------------|---|
| A) Guest | 1) someone that you have invited to your house |
| B) Ghost | 2) someone who you do not know |
| C) Host | 3) the spirit of a dead person |
| D) Stranger | 4) a person who receives or entertains other people as guests |
| | 5) a member of your family |

98.

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| A) Steady | 1) developing gradually and in a regular way |
| B) Shaky | 2) weak or unstable |
| C) Comfortable | 3) making you physically relaxed |
| D) Compact | 4) closely and neatly packed together |
| | 5) changing shape easily when pressed |

99.

- | | |
|------------|---|
| A) Staff | 1) a group of people chosen to make decisions |
| B) Family | 2) a group of people who are related to each other, especially parents and their children |
| C) Crew | 3) all the people working on a ship, plane, etc. |
| D) Faculty | 4) all the workers employed in an organization |
| | 5) the teachers of a particular college or university |

100.

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| A) Amaze | 1) surprise somebody very much |
| B) Amuse | 2) give someone confidence or hope |
| C) Encourage | 3) believe that something is true |
| D) Involve | 4) make somebody laugh or smile |
| | 5) make somebody take part in something |

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LEVEL B

SECTION 1

Տեքստում բաց են թողնված նախադասություններ: Լրացնել տեքստը՝ տեղադրելով համապատասխան նախադասությունը:
Fit the missing sentences into the gaps of the following texts.

Text 1

One evening I was driving home along a quiet dark street in a suburb of London. A man stopped me and asked for a lift. _____.

As I drove I suddenly remembered all the headlines I had recently seen in the popular newspapers, describing the activities of thieves and murderers. I began to feel suspicious of the man sitting next to me. _____. Sure enough, the watch had disappeared! So the newspapers were right after all.

_____. It was not loaded, but that did not matter. Stopping the car I quickly took out the pistol. Pushing the pistol into the man's ribs I ordered him to give me the watch.

It was amusing to see the man's reaction. He was a very strange robber! _____. "Now, get out, quick!" I ordered. He rushed out of the car and ran like a rabbit. _____. Half an hour later I was undressing to go to bed and suddenly I looked at my dressing table. What do you think I saw there? My watch which I had forgotten to take!

- 1) All trembling and shaking, he handed me the watch.
- 2) I felt in my pocket for my expensive gold watch.
- 3) Proud of my presence of mind, I hurriedly drove home.
- 4) Aiming his pistol at me he ordered me to stop the car.
- 5) I agreed and he got into the car beside me.
- 6) Suspecting something, I asked him what the time was.
- 7) Fortunately, I had a pistol in the car.

Text 2

A group of five old people in a nursing home won over five million pounds on the National Lottery last Saturday night. _____. The oldest person in the group is 87 and the youngest is 77.

Most Lottery winners want to change their lives immediately. _____. They don't want to leave the nursing home, or even go on holiday. "We have no reason to leave," they said. "This is our home and we're very happy here. _____."

What exciting things are they going to buy with their money? "Well, perhaps an electric chair on wheels," said one. Is that all? No new houses or fast cars? "But what can we do with Ferraris at our age?" replied the old people. "Cars are no use to us. We need help just to move around the home!"

Professional financial people are sent to visit Lottery winners by the company which runs the National Lottery. _____. But these five old people don't need any help. _____. They just want things to stay as they are.

- 1) They help winners decide how to spend their money.
- 2) And these five old friends are no exception.
- 3) They are looking forward to leaving the nursing home.
- 4) But these friends want to change their lives as little as possible.
- 5) They don't want big changes in their lives.
- 6) We have good food, TV, friends – everything that we want.
- 7) Each got over a million pounds.

Text 3

I am a writer and my latest books are about ghosts. To get all the information I need for my books I travel around the country. _____. I've been to several haunted houses and you can scarcely imagine the experiences I've had, many of them quite frightening.

A few months ago I was staying with friends near Land's End. _____. One evening someone mentioned The Smuggler's Arms, an inn outside the village. "The inn's nearly 400 years old and they say it has a ghost. I've never seen it, of course, but you can ask the man who owns the place. His name is Tregagle. He won't mind you asking him questions."

The next day I went out to the inn. Tregagle could hardly tell me anything about the history of the place. _____. I had a few drinks with him in the bar and at a quarter to eleven we went upstairs to wait. Soon we heard footsteps in the room above us. It sounded like the footsteps of several men walking around. _____. There was nobody in the room.

The next morning I went to the local library to look for some books on the history of the area. _____. It turned out that the inn was once a place where smugglers met. The owner was a smuggler and died there in the 18th century. Many years ago people found a secret room in the roof where the smugglers used to hide.

- 1) I ran upstairs and pushed the door open.
- 2) I stay in various places and talk to people about their experiences.
- 3) I spent only one day there and then got bored and left the place.
- 4) Every time I stay there, they ask me to talk about ghosts.
- 5) So I had to get into my car and drive away.
- 6) But he allowed me to spend the night there.
- 7) I managed to find all the information I needed about the inn.

Text 4

Mafia is a famous party game created in the USSR in 1986. It models a battle between the mafia and the townspeople. _____. They are either mafia, who know each other; or townspeople, who know only the number of mafia among them. A typical game starts with seven townspeople and two or three Mafiosi. _____. During the day phase, all of the surviving players debate, trying to find out the members of the mafia. _____. The game continues until all of the mafia have been eliminated, or until the mafia outnumber the townspeople.

_____. He dates the first game to spring 1986 at the Psychology Department of Moscow State University spreading to classrooms, dorms, and summer camps of Moscow University. _____. Soon the game became popular in other Soviet colleges and schools and in the 1990s it began to be played in Europe, and then in the United States.

Mafia was called one of the 50 most historically and culturally significant games published since 1800.

- 1) Dimitry developed the game to combine psychology research with teaching students.
- 2) Then everybody votes to eliminate those who are suspected of being Mafiosi.
- 3) After a heated debate the game comes to its end.
- 4) The players are secretly assigned roles.
- 5) Dimitry Davidoff is generally acknowledged as the game's creator.
- 6) The creator of the game, Davidoff, was accused of teaching his students to lie.
- 7) In the game's night phase the mafia secretly 'murder' a townspeople.

Text 5

_____. Eggs after all are a symbol of spring and new life. Exchanging and eating Easter eggs is a popular custom in many countries. _____. Later they were replaced by chocolate Easter eggs.

_____. The traditionally bright colours represented spring and light.

An old traditional game is one in which real eggs are rolled against one another or down a hill. The owner of the egg that stayed uncracked the longest, won. _____. Hard boiled eggs are rolled down slopes to see whose egg goes furthest. In other places another game is played. You hold an egg in the palm of the hand and bang against your opponent's egg. The loser is the one whose egg breaks first.

_____ . They are usually hollow and filled with sweets. On TV you will see adverts for Cadbury's Cream Eggs, a very sweet confectionery.

And in Britain children hunt for chocolate Easter eggs hidden about the home or garden by the Easter Bunny.

- 1) Another favourite Easter symbol is the little chocolate Bunny.
- 2) The eggs were hard-boiled and dyed in various colors and patterns.
- 3) In many countries, some people exchange presents at Easter.
- 4) Easter eggs are an old tradition going back to a time before Christianity.
- 5) In England they still carry out the custom of egg rolling.
- 6) Nowadays people give each other Easter eggs made of chocolate.
- 7) In the UK real eggs were used, in most cases, chicken eggs.

Text 6

There was once a government minister who had a beautiful daughter. When she came of age, the minister began to look for an intelligent young man to be her husband. Shortly afterwards, a young scholar came to see the minister.

_____ .

The minister, seeing his poor and shabby appearance, thought that he was not a good match for his daughter and refused him. _____. He had a table laden with delicious dishes and expensive wines.

_____. He had never eaten or even seen such delicacies before. _____. Instead, he began to wrap up the food and put it in a bag he was carrying.

Greatly surprised, the minister asked the young scholar why he was storing the food away instead of eating it. The young man replied, "I have never seen such fine dishes before, and so I am taking them home to give to my mother."

_____. He instantly changed his mind and gave him permission to marry his daughter.

The young scholar later became a famous government minister like his father-in-law.

- 1) The poor scholar's eyes opened wide at the sight of the dishes.
- 2) The minister was deeply touched by the man's devotion.
- 3) But as it was lunchtime, he asked the young man to stay for lunch.
- 4) He expected that the minister would give him a well-paid job.
- 5) The man was hurt because of the refusal and left without saying good-bye.
- 6) However, he did not eat the delicious food set before him.
- 7) He asked for his daughter's hand in marriage.

Text 7

Any loud sound that can harm a person's health is noise pollution. There are more people and more noise in our world today than ever before. There are also more machines and engines.

One hundred years ago, noise pollution wasn't as big a problem as it is today.

Nowadays many people are not aware of the many noises around them. Loud noises may be a part of everyday living. Yet noise can affect a person's health. Suppose a person sneaked up behind you. This person made a loud noise and scared you. Your heartbeat rate would increase causing your blood pressure to rise. Constant noise can produce stress which also causes the above effects.

There is also a relationship between noise and disease. When you don't get enough sleep, your body becomes tired. A tired body is a poor defence against disease.

Noise can also affect your study habits and your grades. If you try to do homework while a stereo is playing loud music, you might not be able to concentrate. You will make more mistakes in your homework.

- 1) If this occurred, certain things would happen to your body.
- 2) It wouldn't affect your body or mind in any way.
- 3) Many of the products that make noise were not around then.
- 4) Research shows that a quiet environment helps people to learn.
- 5) You cannot sleep soundly unless there is a loud noise around.
- 6) People don't seem to understand that loud noises hurt them.
- 7) Noise can keep you from sleeping well.

Text 8

I was born in Switzerland, in the town of Geneva. My parents loved each other very much. I learnt that to love and to be patient are the most important things in the world.

My mother hoped to have a daughter after I was born. And then my mother found a sister for me. She was helping a family in which there were five children. One of the children was a little girl, with golden hair and blue eyes. Her name was Elizabeth. So Elizabeth became the daughter that my mother had always wanted. As I grew older, my love

for Elizabeth became stronger all the time. We loved her as much as she loved us.

The years passed happily, and we had everything that we needed. _____ . His name was Henry Clerval, and he was very clever. My family also liked him very much, so he was a welcome visitor to our house.

- 1) They had five boys and couldn't take proper care of them.
- 2) So I learnt from the example of their love.
- 3) My mother took the little girl into our family.
- 4) I liked my youngest brother most of all.
- 5) They were very poor, and the children were thin and hungry.
- 6) At school I met another very fine person.
- 7) However, for five years I was the only child in the family.

Text 9

In the middle of the seventeenth century London was a city of dirty narrow streets. Indeed, the streets were so narrow that it was often possible for a person at the window on one side of the street to shake hands with a neighbour in the house across the street. _____ . So it is not strange that the great epidemic of the plague began in 1665.

_____ . There were no people in the streets, shops were closed and there were few boats on the Thames. Every house in which there were sick people was shut up. _____ . The doors of such houses were marked with red marks.

The following year the Great Fire took place. _____ . The summer of that year was dry, a hot wind was blowing and the fire spread very quickly.

The Fire went on for five days and destroyed the greater part of the city. But it did the city much good. _____ .

- 1) Nobody was allowed to go in or out.
- 2) It was a beautiful scene and some artists later painted it.
- 3) It destroyed the old wooden houses and the dirty narrow streets.
- 4) It began late on Saturday night in a street not far from London Bridge.
- 5) In those days the city attracted a lot of visitors.
- 6) There was little light and air in London streets.
- 7) It was a sad time for London.

Text 10

Some six months ago Mr. John Smith, an American gentleman, bought a small piece of ground. Mr. Smith afterwards presented this piece of ground to a poor artist named George Arnold. _____. Now he wanted to pay for the damage he had done. He then said that he would make additional satisfaction by improving the ground for Mr. Arnold, at his own cost.

Four weeks ago, while digging the ground, Mr. Smith discovered something. _____. It was an exquisite figure of a woman, though sadly stained by the soil and the mould of ages. The nose, the left leg from the knee down, an ear, and also the toes of the right foot and two fingers of one of the hands were gone. _____.

The government at once took possession of the statue, and appointed a commission of art critics and antiquaries to estimate and determine the compensation that must go to the owner of the ground in which it was found. The whole affair was kept secret until last night. _____. Last night they decided unanimously that the statue is a Venus. _____. At midnight they held a final conference and decided that the Venus was worth the enormous sum of ten million dollars!

- 1) But on the whole the noble figure was remarkably preserved.
- 2) It must be the work of some unknown but gifted first century artist.
- 3) Some time before he had damaged some property belonging to Mr. Arnold.
- 4) In the meantime the commission sat with closed doors discussing the matter.
- 5) He did it in return for some favour Mr. Arnold had done him.
- 6) He learnt that George was hopelessly in love with a woman.
- 7) It turned out to be a very remarkable ancient statue.

Text 11

If you do not use your arms or legs for some time, they become weak. _____. Everybody knows this, and nobody would think of questioning this fact.

Yet there are many people who do not seem to know much about memory. _____. When someone says that he has a good memory, he really means that he keeps his memory in practice by exercising it regularly.

When someone else says that his memory is poor, it is actually his fault. _____. The position is exactly the same as that of two people, one of

whom exercises his arms and legs by playing tennis, while the other sits in a chair or a motor-car all day. _____. But if he tells us that he has a poor memory, many of us think that his parents are to blame, or that he is just unlucky. Few of us realize that it is just his own fault.

_____. But all of us can, if we have ordinary bodies and brains, improve our strength and our memory by the same means – practice.

- 1) So one should use them as little as possible.
- 2) When you start using them again, they slowly become strong.
- 3) The reason is that he doesn't give it enough opportunity to become strong.
- 4) Not all of us can become extremely strong or extremely clever.
- 5) He may be accused of deliberately forgetting important things.
- 6) If a friend complains that his arms are weak, we know that it is his own fault.
- 7) The thing is that memory works in the same way.

Text 12

I was only five years old but I remember it very well. We arrived at the airport in the afternoon. _____. We waited in the departure lounge for a very long time. Then suddenly everyone stood up and walked towards the doors to get on the plane. _____. We all climbed up the steps and into the plane. My seat was by the window. My brother sat next to me.

_____. I looked out of the window and saw the houses getting smaller and smaller. The plane flew through the clouds and into very bright sunshine. It was magical.

I hate eating on airplanes now. _____. It tasted wonderful!
_____. They were very bright. When we got on the bus to take us back to the terminus, I felt very tired but also very happy. It was a very special day.

- 1) I was very nervous when the plane took off.
- 2) My parents said good-bye to us and got on the plane.
- 3) I was with my parents and my two older brothers.
- 4) That first time I really liked the food though.
- 5) I kept watching the dark clouds through the window.
- 6) We landed in the dark and I saw all the airport lights.
- 7) Nervous but eager, I followed my parents.

Text 13

_____. When we arrived in the town we didn't know that there was a celebration going on. In the streets there were many people. Almost everyone was wearing unusual clothes. They had masks on their faces. Some of them looked like characters from cartoons. _____. We followed them into a big park where a band was playing really exciting music. _____. We didn't feel that we were tourists anymore because everyone around us was so friendly. We really enjoyed being in this happy atmosphere.

_____. Inside, someone served us with delicious ice-cold drinks. There was lots of mouth-watering food on the tables. When it began to get dark, the music stopped and suddenly we heard an enormous bang. _____. I had never seen anything like it before. The noise, the brilliant patterns and the bright colours against the night sky were all incredible.

The whole day was wonderful. I'll never forget it.

- 1) Others looked like famous people from the past.
- 2) After a while we felt quite thirsty and went into a large white tent.
- 3) The crowd started to dance and we joined in.
- 4) They could see we were foreigners and took no notice of us.
- 5) Last summer we spent a fortnight in a small town in Spain.
- 6) It was the start of the fireworks display.
- 7) After a while we felt that something extraordinary was going to happen.

Text 14

I arrived about two hours before the start of the marathon. It was cold but sunny. _____. This was also their first marathon. We had to run about 40 kilometres on the roads in the city. There was a feeling of great excitement. _____. I also had a number on it. I was number 375. I didn't feel nervous when the race started. _____. My legs hurt and my head ached. The crowd shouted, 'Come on!' 'Good luck!' and someone gave me some water. _____.

I finally finished the race and sat down in the road. I felt very proud and very happy. I don't know why I wanted to run in the marathon but I am very pleased that I did. _____. But I am not sure I will.

- 1) I am trying to persuade my friends to join me next year.
- 2) There were many other people all around me.
- 3) I drank it very quickly and felt better.
- 4) When I looked at those who weren't going to run, I felt proud.
- 5) I was wearing my favourite white T-shirt.
- 6) My friends want me to run again next year.
- 7) After about an hour I felt tired though.

Text 15

Dangerous sports can be very expensive. _____. Those who take risks often feel very happy afterwards.

In sky diving you jump out of a plane with a parachute on your back. You don't open your parachute immediately. Instead, you dive through the air for several seconds. You can control the way you move in the air with your arms and legs. When you get closer to the ground, you open your parachute. _____.

Some of Renata's friends are members of a sky diving club. _____.

When Renata was going up in the plane for the first time, she felt absolutely terrified, but her instructor was very calm. This helped her a lot. _____. They went before Renata so she was the last one to jump. Suddenly she felt that she was going down very quickly and then she opened her parachute and was floating in the air. When she landed safely she felt very happy. _____. Renata wants to jump again but her boyfriend is against it.

- 1) They really enjoy it, so she decided to try it.
- 2) Then you float down so that you land safely.
- 3) All her friends were cheering and clapping.
- 4) They have advised Renata never to try sky diving.
- 5) However, many people want to try them.
- 6) Then you get rid of it and jump down.
- 7) There were three other sky divers on the plane.

Text 16

Sean Connery was born in 1930 in Edinburgh. He had a series of jobs – driving vans, working as a cleaner, etc. – and struggled to make a living. However, he was a fanatical bodybuilder and spent three or four hours a day in the gym. Eventually, he represented Scotland in the 1950 Mr. Universe contest. He came third.

_____. He appeared in several stage productions, and in the late 1950s began his career in the movies.

He became the first James Bond in 1962, when producer Albert Broccoli asked him if he would play the secret agent in *Dr No*. _____. Most people in the movie business thought that Cary Grant would get the role.

_____. He said that he had already acted in five James Bond films and that he was looking for something more challenging. He also said that his family wanted him to spend more time with them.

_____. He won an Oscar for Best Supporting Actor in 1987, for his role as an Irish police officer in *The Untouchables*.

In the British New Year's Honours List for 1998, many people expected him to receive a knighthood (so that he would be Sir Sean Connery). _____. He was finally knighted in 2000.

- 1) Connery has played many varied roles in films over the years.
- 2) This helped him to get into the national football team.
- 3) In 1967, Connery announced that he wanted to stop playing Bond.
- 4) This led to a job with a theatre company.
- 5) Later that year, Connery gave up acting and went into business.
- 6) He didn't get it, possibly because of his support of Scottish nationalism.
- 7) Connery was an unexpected choice for the role.

Text 17

Mary Shelley, the author of 'Frankenstein', is less famous than her story. _____. He was a huge, clumsy creature with a square face and strange eyes. Fewer people realize that the writer of the original story was a slim, pretty, eighteen-year-old girl.

'Frankenstein' is a tale of horror. _____. Although he succeeds in bringing his creature to life, it's a monster. The story includes elements of myth and magic, as well as science and nature. It's a tragic story because the monster kills Doctor Frankenstein and his family.

Mary Shelley was born in 1797, in London. When she was eighteen, she ran away with the poet Percy Bysshe Shelley, whom she later married. _____. Among them were George Byron and his doctor Polidori. The evenings were cold and wet. _____. For entertainment, everybody read and told ghost stories. _____. Only Mary Shelley finished her story. It was 'Frankenstein'.

Mary Shelley's idea of a monster who turns against its creator has become a popular subject for horror films and frightening stories.

- 1) They stayed in Switzerland with some friends.
- 2) Frankenstein, a young scientist, tries to create a perfect human being.
- 3) Nobody can read the story without feeling scared.
- 4) Then somebody suggested writing their own stories.
- 5) All their stories were published and became very famous.
- 6) There was almost nothing to do, they couldn't go out much and were bored.
- 7) Most people have seen Frankenstein's monster in films and pictures.

Text 18

Edinburgh is the capital of Scotland. It's such a beautiful city that it's called 'Athens of the North'. The first thing you see in the centre of the city is the Rock. _____ . It looks like a castle from a fairy tale and parts of it are nearly a thousand years old. Lots of people visit it every year. _____. You can also see that the city is between the sea and the hills.

_____. In one room there is a collection of old weapons, such as swords and spears. In another there are the crowns and jewels of Scottish kings from the past.

At exactly one o'clock every day you can hear the sound of a very large gun. _____. You can check that the time on your watch is correct.

_____. It is more than 900 years old. Below the castle is Esplanade, which leads into the Royal Mile.

- 1) The modern shopping centre is also a very impressive building.
- 2) It is a very large hill on which Edinburgh Castle stands.
- 3) There's a beautiful chapel inside the castle walls.
- 4) It's a big castle built a few years ago.
- 5) There is a wonderful view of the city from the top of the Castle walls.
- 6) There is a very loud bang as it fires.
- 7) Inside the Castle there are many different rooms to visit.

Text 19

It was ten o'clock in the morning when I received the telephone call. I was told to be ready at 6.30 the next morning wearing warm clothes. After weeks of uncertainty at last a life-long ambition was about to be fulfilled. _____. The flight was supposed to have taken place at a summer balloon festival. But the weather had been so bad that no flying was possible. Now I was full of anticipation.

At 7.15 a.m. we took off. It was not with a bump like in a lift as I had previously imagined. _____. It was so gentle that the only way I knew I must be going up was that the ground was going down away from us! Waving good-bye to my family, I did not know which way to look: across the houses, gardens and fields, or down at the fields we had just left where the people and cars were rapidly beginning to look like toys.

_____. Apart from the essential blasts of gas and flames which roared around my ears it was so quiet that I could hear dogs barking below. I could easily call out to the people in one of the other balloons which happened to travel quite near us.

_____. True, my feet were cold, but a rapid increase in temperature rose up my legs, ensuring my body and hands were warm and my head, nearest the burner, was positively hot! It was not at all windy either.

One cannot fully give words to this unique experience. _____. This was a peaceful and beautiful journey totally in tune with the environment.

- 1) I was going to make a round-the-world cruise.
- 2) Up in the air I could neither see nor hear anything.
- 3) I had imagined it would be cold and windy.
- 4) I was going to fly in a hot air balloon.
- 5) I was surprised how incredibly peaceful it was up there.
- 6) There was no feeling of movement whatsoever.
- 7) Airplanes and helicopters seem a noisy and dirty way to fly.

Text 20

_____. He made the first draft of his international language when he was fifteen. _____. Russian was used at home, with Yiddish and Polish outside, and French, German, Latin, Greek and English taught in school.

The scheme was first published in Russian in 1887. The first Esperanto journal was published in 1889 and the first congress was held in 1905. It brought together nearly 700 delegates from 20 countries. _____. Several journals and

newspapers are published in the language and there is a large translated literature in addition to original works written in Esperanto.

_____. A proposal to the United Nations in 1966 was signed by nearly a million people from 74 countries, but it was not accepted. _____ . Supporters of other artificial languages also are against this proposal.

Several criticisms have been expressed of the language, but it is generally easy to learn to read Esperanto. As always with language learning, though, passive competence is much easier to achieve than active use, and a good deal of memory work is still needed before fluency is acquired.

- 1) Today Esperanto may be encountered at international conferences.
- 2) Esperanto was invented by L. Zamenhof, a Polish oculist.
- 3) He was eager to learn languages, but he never got the opportunity
- 4) There is a lot of opposition from those who favour English.
- 5) Yet, Esperanto recently acquired the status of an international language.
- 6) However, Esperanto failed to achieve official status as a world language.
- 7) His own language background was very mixed.

Text 21

William Henry Gates III was born on October 28, 1955. _____. He co-founded the software giant Microsoft and turned it into the world's largest software company. He is the best known entrepreneur of the PC revolution. He has also written two best-selling books and started his own charity with his wife. Gates was fascinated with electronics from a young age. _____. He contacted them to see if they were interested in a computer programme he had written. This led to the creation of Microsoft. _____. This deal made Microsoft a major player in the IT industry. Gates was in charge at Microsoft from 1975 until 2006. He was an active software developer at the beginning.

_____. He helped make this vision come true and developed many products that are now part of modern life. His management style has been studied and copied around the world. Gates stepped down as Microsoft CEO in June 2008. _____. They provide funds for global problems that are ignored by governments and other organizations. 'Time' magazine voted Gates as one of the biggest influences of the 20th century.

- 1) Gates later struck a deal with IBM that put Microsoft's Windows on IBM computers.
- 2) He now spends his time with his wife, Melinda, focusing on their charitable foundation.
- 3) He is one of the world's richest people and perhaps the most successful businessman ever.
- 4) IBM is a company whose management was tied to old technology.
- 5) In 1975 he read about a small technology company.
- 6) Gates is addicted to competition and to winning.
- 7) He had a vision that computers could change everyone's life.

Text 22

A list of Benjamin Franklin's inventions reveals a man of many talents and interests. It was the scientist in Ben that brought out the inventor. His natural curiosity about things and the way they work made him try to find ways to make them work better. Ben had poor vision and needed glasses to read. He got tired of constantly taking them off and putting them back on, so he decided to figure out a way to make his glasses let him see both near and far. _____. Today, we call them bifocals.

Even though Ben is not famous for his study of bioscience, he was interested in how the human body works and looked for ways to help it work better. For example, Ben's older brother John suffered from kidney stones and Ben wanted to help him feel better. Ben developed a flexible urinary catheter that appears to have been the first one produced in America.

During Ben's lifetime, he made eight voyages across the Atlantic Ocean. _____. As early as 1784, Franklin suggested following the Chinese model of dividing ships' holds into watertight compartments so that if a leak occurred in one compartment, the water would not spread throughout the hold and sink the ship.

Everyone knows the story of Ben's famous kite flight. Although he made important discoveries and advancements, Ben did not "invent" electricity. _____. In colonial America, most people warmed their homes by building a fire in a fireplace even though it was kind of dangerous and used a lot of wood. _____. His invention of an iron furnace stove allowed people to warm their homes less dangerously and with less wood. _____.

- 1) Franklin became a newspaper editor, printer, and merchant in Philadelphia.
- 2) Ben figured that there had to be a better way.

- 3) He played a major role in establishing the University of Pennsylvania.
- 4) He did, however, invent the lightning rod which protected buildings and ships from lightning damage.
- 5) The furnace stove that he invented is called a Franklin stove.
- 6) These long journeys gave him a lot of time to learn about ships and how they worked.
- 7) He had two pairs of spectacles cut in half and put half of each lens in a single frame.

Text 23

Martin Luther King was born in Atlanta, Georgia on 15th January, 1929. Both his father and grandfather were Baptist preachers who had been actively involved in the civil rights movement.

King graduated from Morehouse College in 1948. After considering careers in medicine and law, he entered the seminary. _____. Over the next few months King read several books on the ideas of Gandhi, and eventually became convinced that the same methods could be employed by blacks to obtain civil rights in America. _____. King was also influenced by Henry David Thoreau and his theories on how to use nonviolent resistance to achieve social change.

After his marriage to Coretta Scott, King became pastor of the Dexter Avenue Baptist Church in Montgomery, Alabama. _____. On 1st December, 1955, Rosa Parks, a middle-aged tailor's assistant, who was tired after a hard day's work, refused to give up her seat to a white man. After the arrest of Rosa Parks, King and his friends, Ralph David Abernathy, Edgar Nixon, and Bayard Rustin helped organize protests against bus segregation. It was decided that black people in Montgomery would refuse to use the buses until passengers were completely integrated. _____. Others involved in the Montgomery Bus Boycott also suffered from harassment and intimidation, but the protest continued.

_____. The new organization was committed to using nonviolence in the struggle for civil rights, and SCLC adopted the motto: "Not one hair of one head of one person should be harmed."

- 1) In Montgomery, like most towns in the Deep South, buses were segregated.
- 2) The campaign to end segregation at lunch counters in Birmingham, Alabama, was less successful.
- 3) He was particularly struck by Gandhi's words: "Through our pain we will make them see their injustice".

- 4) While studying at Crozer Theological Seminary in Pennsylvania, King heard a lecture on Mahatma Gandhi.
- 5) King was arrested and his house was fire-bombed.
- 6) They employed a method of terrorizing the local black population.
- 7) In 1957 King joined with R. D. Abernathy and B. Rustin to form the Southern Christian Leadership Conference.

Text 24

When we are children, our siblings – that is, our brothers and sisters are our first friends and first enemies. _____. The effect of sibling relationships in childhood can last a lifetime. Many experts say that the relationship among brothers and sisters explains a great deal about family life, especially today when brothers and sisters often spend more time with one another than with their parents.

Studies have shown that sibling relationships between sister-sister pairs and brother-brother pairs are different. _____. Brothers are the most competitive. Sisters are usually more supportive of each other. They are more talkative, frank, and better at expressing themselves and sharing their feelings. On the other hand, brothers are usually more competitive with each other.

_____. For example, studies have shown that both brothers and sisters become more competitive and aggressive when their parents treat them even a little bit differently from one another. _____. Genetics, gender, life events, people, and experiences outside the family all shape the lives of siblings. Recently, one researcher demonstrated another factor in sibling relationships. _____. In fact, they respond to arguments by taking sides – supporting one sibling and punishing the other.

- 1) Sister pairs are the closest.
- 2) Experts agree that the relationship among siblings is influenced by many factors.
- 3) It was discovered that children dislike watching their siblings fight.
- 4) Females and males generally have different relationships.
- 5) At the end of life, they are often our oldest friends and oldest enemies.
- 6) But parental treatment is not the only factor.
- 7) In fact, siblings support their brothers in an argument.

Text 25

Rowenta and Billy Wrangler are model high school students. They study hard._____. And next year Rowenta and Billy will be attending Harvard University. What makes them different from most students is that they don't go to school. _____. Since kindergarten, they've studied at home.

_____. Parents kept their children out of public schools so they could provide religious education at home. Today, as the home-schooling trend continues to grow, parents are more likely to consider home-schooling as an option because they believe schools don't do a very good job of teaching and are occasionally dangerous places.

_____. The answer in many cases is yes. In many studies, students taught at home ranked average or above average when compared to students who went to public schools. _____. "They are very well prepared for academic challenges," says Patricia Riordan, the dean of admissions at George Mason University.

- 1) But can parents really do a better job?
- 2) They do extremely well on achievement tests.
- 3) School provides the best education these children can get.
- 4) More importantly, these students are often more self-directed and have a greater depth of knowledge.
- 5) Why do parents want to teach their kids at home rather than send them to school?
- 6) The home-schooling trend began in the US in the 1980s.
- 7) In fact they have never been to school.

Text 26

All of you are enrolled in this introductory education course because you want to become teachers. I'd like to introduce this course with a little information about the life of a teacher a century ago. I hope you'll understand this information about early teachers. _____.

Early in the twentieth century, the life of a teacher was quite different from what it is now. _____. The rules weren't just about how a teacher could conduct herself in the classroom and on the school grounds. There were also numerous rules that governed just about everything a teacher did.

Here are some of the rules. _____. For example, they were sometimes told not to wear colorful clothing, not to dye their hair or wear it loose, and not to wear their skirts above the ankle. Teachers' whereabouts during after-school hours were also strictly regulated.

_____. There were rules requiring teachers to be home after 8:00 in the evening, and there were some rules forbidding them to leave town without permission. Teachers were forbidden to smoke or to drink. _____. And if they wanted to remain teachers, they couldn't get married.

- 1) They were also sometimes forbidden to spend time with men.
- 2) Teachers had to establish strict rules about their pupils' appearance.
- 3) Teachers fought for their rights and won the battle.
- 4) And I think you'll appreciate how much the life of a teacher has changed over the past century.
- 5) There were very strict rules that governed every aspect of the teacher's life.
- 6) There were rules forbidding teachers to go to bars and to ice-cream parlors.
- 7) Teachers had to follow strict rules about their appearance.

Text 27

To this day, the history of ice cream remains a mystery. _____. It was a mixture of snow, nectar, fruit pulp and honey. Others proclaim that Marco Polo, a 13th century adventurer, brought ice cream to Europe from the Far East. However, regardless of where it came from, a great amount of ice cream is eaten in America every day. It is said that the first parlour in America opened in 1776 in New York City.

_____. The US, New Zealand, Denmark and Australia top the list. _____.

Then comes chocolate, strawberry, Neapolitan and chocolate chip. After eating ice cream people often get a headache which is called 'brain freeze'. _____. But why does it happen in the first place? _____. When something cold touches this spot, people get the sensation known as ice cream headache. It often occurs only in hot weather.

If you want to prevent it, you must try to limit the amount of cold ice cream touching the roof of your mouth.

- 1) The favourite flavor is classic vanilla.
- 2) However, many people say that the first ice cream is credited to Nero.
- 3) Ice cream is dangerous for health and should be forbidden.

- 4) Which countries like ice cream most?
- 5) This unpleasant sensation usually lasts only about 30 seconds.
- 6) Everybody has a nerve center located on the roof of their mouth.
- 7) There are cafes in the most beautiful spots in every city.

Text 28

The Russian winter of 1910 was the severest in memory. Because of its location, a popular hotel suffered particular loss of business. No one had stayed there for weeks and the owner had laid off most of his staff. One evening, he was surprised to hear a knock on his front door. _____. The old man said that he had been out in the snow for several days. He was freezing cold and starving hungry. He asked if the hotelier could give him a meal and a bed for the night. "I can certainly do that", said the hotelier, "For one night's accommodation plus a meal, the charge is three roubles. Can you pay?" The old man confessed that he had no money. But if he was sent away, he would die in the cold. _____. The old man was obviously very hungry and soon was given bread and soup. The old man thanked the hotelier for the food and said, "You won't see the going of me in the morning. _____". The hotelier said nothing but did not expect to see either the three roubles or the man ever again.

In the spring, the hotelier decided to go to the great cathedral in the city to give thanks to God for the hotel's recovery and success. _____. He was drawn in particular to one image in a far corner. As he drew closer, he noticed a familiar image. _____. It read, "Saint Nicholas". He reached for a candle to place in front of the icon and as he moved the loose earth into which he would fix the candle, his hand touched something small and hard. It was a coin, a rouble. Beside it were two more.

- 1) Once inside, his eyes fell upon the icons that decorated the walls.
- 2) Upon opening it, he saw a bearded old man.
- 3) He looked at the name inscribed beneath the image.
- 4) The hotelier felt sorry for the old man and told him to come inside.
- 5) When he reached the cathedral he saw the old man sitting in the corner.
- 6) I will pay you the three roubles when I have it.
- 7) He wrote his name on the stony wall of the cathedral.

Text 29

One day, rumors spread that the king's son was holding something in his hand and he would give half of his gold to whoever guessed what it was. _____. Because he was the king's son, everybody thought that it would be natural for him to be holding either gold or some other valuable thing. Thus, people came one after another. _____.

In these lands there was a boy who had no home or family. He would wander, spending each night in a different place, and the people named him Grasshopper. Hearing the rumor of the king's son's contest, the boy said to himself, "Grasshopper, come on, let's try! Either you will die tomorrow of hunger, or today the king's son will kill you." _____. Inside, he found the king's son and said, "I will tell you what you have in your hand."

The king's son challenged him, saying, "Come on, peasant! I wish that you would guess."

The Grasshopper stood in front of the king's son for several minutes weighing his thoughts thoroughly, yet, he could not guess. _____. "Oh Grasshopper, you are dead, you are dead..." he said to himself.

_____. "Not only did he guess that I have a grasshopper in my hand," the king's son said, "but he also knew that it was dead."

- 1) Taking his chance, he calmly travelled to the palace.
- 2) The servants got ready to give the boy some gold.
- 3) The guards immediately took him to prison where he was executed the next day.
- 4) None happened to make a correct guess and they were all killed.
- 5) The king's son called the servants and ordered to give the boy half of his fortune.
- 6) Grasshopper's heart started to beat when he realized his fate.
- 7) Those who couldn't guess on their first try would be beheaded.

Text 30

When June Booker bought a new frying pan at 30% off in the sales, she thought she had got a real bargain. _____. First, she dropped the pan on her foot on the way home and was taken to hospital. "I had lots of shopping because I hadn't planned to buy a frying pan. _____. I just couldn't carry it all," said June. At the hospital her foot was bandaged and she was sent home in a taxi.

_____. "I'd just put some oil in it and started to heat it up when the phone rang. I only left the kitchen for a couple of minutes but when I came back there were flames coming out of it," said June. So she picked up a bowl of water and threw it onto the pan. "I know it was a stupid thing to do, but I panicked," said June, "and the flames got bigger."

_____. They arrived and dealt with the fire in minutes. Although she will need a new kitchen, the rest of June Booker's flat was only slightly damaged by smoke. _____. "The doctors were rather surprised to see me back again so soon," she said.

- 1) Shocked but unhurt, Mrs. Booker was taken to hospital for routine tests.
- 2) Mrs. Booker has accused the shop of selling faulty frying pans.
- 3) When she got home, she decided to use the new pan to cook dinner.
- 4) The fire quickly spread to the sitting room, then to the bedroom.
- 5) But it turned out to be the beginning of an expensive and eventful day.
- 6) Fortunately, her neighbours saw smoke and called the fire brigade.
- 7) Unfortunately, the pan was very heavy.

Text 31

Sam Lewis was a customs officer. _____. It wasn't a busy town and there wasn't much work. The road was usually very quiet and there weren't many travellers. _____.

About once a week, he used to meet an old man. His name was Draper. _____. The truck was always empty. _____. Once he asked Draper about his job. Draper laughed and said, "I'm a smuggler."

Last year Sam retired and went on holiday to Bermuda where one day in a luxury hotel he met Draper. _____. The answer was... "Trucks!"

- 1) He asked Draper what he had smuggled.
- 2) It seemed to be a very difficult job.
- 3) He worked in a small border town.
- 4) He always arrived at the border in a big truck.
- 5) He asked whether he was enjoying his holidays there.
- 6) Sam searched the truck but he never found anything.
- 7) It was quite a boring job but Sam liked an easy life.

Text 32

Every morning, billionaire Milton Petrie walked from his New York apartment and bought a newspaper from the ragged old man on the street corner. _____. Petrie learned that he was very ill in the city hospital. Immediately he paid his hospital bill and later, when the man died, paid for his funeral.

_____. Whenever he read about personal disasters in his newspaper Petrie sent generous cheques, especially to the families of policemen or firemen injured at work. He also sent cheques to a mother who lost five children in a fire, and a beautiful model, whose face was cut in a knife attack.

_____. He said that he was lucky in business and he wanted to help those less fortunate than himself. 'The nice thing is, the harder I work, the more money I make, and the more people I can help.'

Milton Petrie died in 1994 when he was 92. His will was 120 pages long because he left \$150 million to 383 people. His widow, Carroll, his fourth and last wife, said his generosity was a result of the poverty of his early years.

_____. His father was a Russian immigrant, who became a policeman, but he never arrested anyone as he was too kind. _____.

- 1) He gave up supporting others as people didn't appreciate it.
- 2) He couldn't even give a parking ticket.
- 3) His family were poor but kind-hearted.
- 4) His heart had hardened as a result of dealing with criminals.
- 5) One morning the man wasn't there.
- 6) The old man was just one of many people that Milton Petrie helped with his money.
- 7) It cost him millions of dollars, but he still had millions left.

Text 33

Once a year a race is held for old cars. Last year a lot of cars entered for this race. _____. And the most moving thing about it was the fact that most cars were very unusual. The most unusual car was a Benz which had only three wheels and was the oldest car taking part.

After a great many loud explosions, the race began. Most cars broke down on the course. _____. A few cars, however, completed the race. _____. The winning car reached a speed of forty miles an hour. It seems funny to boast on such a speed. _____. It sped downhill at the end of the race and its driver had a lot of trouble trying to stop it. The race gave everybody great pleasure. _____.

- 1) So there was a great deal of excitement just before it began.
- 2) Yet, it was much faster than any of its rivals.
- 3) Some drivers spent more time under the cars than in them.
- 4) Unfortunately, the race was cancelled.
- 5) Everybody was delighted to see that the most handsome car – a Rolls-Royce Silver Ghost was among them.
- 6) In spite of the efforts the drivers made no cars were able to come to the finish.
- 7) It was very different from modern car races but no less exciting.

Text 34

I decided to visit a fortune teller called Madam Brown. Her colorful tent was in a village fair. _____. She looked very strange, and there was a smell of unusual herbs. I gave her the money she asked for.

_____. “A relation of yours is coming to see you. She will be arriving this evening. _____. You will be happy to hear that as you haven’t seen her for so long. The moment you leave this tent you will get a big surprise. A woman you know well will rush towards you. _____. That is all.”

As soon as I went outside I forgot all about the fortune-teller as my wife rushed towards me. “Where have you been hiding?” she asked impatiently. “_____”. She is going to spend the weekend with us.” As she walked away I followed her out of the fair.

- 1) She was surprised and refused to do anything for me.
- 2) Moreover, she intends to stay for a few days.
- 3) But then I changed my mind and did not enter the tent.
- 4) She smiled and looked into the crystal ball.
- 5) She will tell you something urgent, and you will leave the fair in a great hurry.
- 6) Your sister will be here soon, and we must be at the station to meet her.
- 7) I went into her tent and she told me to sit down.

Text 35

After reading an article entitled “Cigarette Smoking and Your Health” I lit a cigarette to calm my nerves. I smoked with concentration and pleasure. _____. For a whole week I did not smoke at all. During this time I suffered terribly but my wife suffered even more. _____. My bad temper and my enormous appetite were sometimes unbearable even for me. My friends kept on offering me cigarettes and cigars. _____. This picture would amaze everybody and they would even make no effort to hide their smiles or laughter. After seven days of this I went to a party. I felt extremely uncomfortable with my packet of sweets. _____. So when my old friend Brian urged me to accept a cigarette, it was more than I could bear. _____. My wife was delighted that the things had returned to normal once more. As Brian pointed out, it is the easiest thing in the world to give up smoking. He himself has done it lots of times.

- 1) To tell the truth I had all the usual symptoms of someone giving up smoking.
- 2) I refused to take it and went on eating my sweets.
- 3) I was sure this would be my last cigarette.
- 4) In return to this I would produce a packet of sweets which I ate rather unhappily.
- 5) My wife has always been against my smoking.
- 6) I took one guiltily, lit it and smoked with satisfaction.
- 7) Everybody around me was smoking and gazing at my packet.

Text 36

Once a poor flower-girl, quite by chance, overheard a conversation between two gentlemen. _____. He was saying to the other that he could teach an uneducated person to speak good English. The girl was very much interested in what they were talking about. She tried to hear every word.

The fact was that she had been thinking for a long time of learning to speak correctly, and now she saw an excellent chance for herself. _____. She asked the two gentlemen to buy a few flowers from her and tried to speak to them but they didn't listen to her and soon went away.

_____. The professor was very much surprised. At first he refused to teach her, saying that it was no use even to try, but then he agreed.

_____. She couldn't produce proper English sounds and was tired to do endless exercises. _____. She took a great interest in her lessons and never missed a chance of practicing the sounds. As a result her English became so good that the people who met her thought that she was a real lady.

- 1) The man boasted that he could speak six languages.
- 2) The very first lesson proved that the girl was unusually talented.
- 3) One of the gentlemen was a professor of phonetics.
- 4) But soon the professor discovered that she was a clever girl.
- 5) The results of the first lesson were poor.
- 6) The next day the girl came to the professor's house and asked him to give her lessons.
- 7) If she improved her manner of speaking, the owners of the big flower shop would give her a job.

Text 37

Most people are taught at school that Columbus is one of the greatest heroes of western civilization. For a lot of people, he not only discovered America but introduced the arts, law and religion to the primitive tribes of the New World. _____ . Which view is more reliable?

In the 15th century, the Portuguese were one of the most powerful nations on earth. By the end of the century, they were sailing further and further into the Atlantic, in search of a new route to India. _____. It seemed the most sensible thing to do, but the journey was much further than they thought. No European before had deliberately sailed ships away from land, with no certainty of getting back home safely.

In 1492 Columbus sailed west with three small ships: the *Nina*, the *Pinta* and the *Santa Maria*. After three weeks, on October 12, Columbus and his crew arrived at an island in the Bahamas inhabited by the Indians. _____. Columbus wrote in his Diary: "They brought us parrots and balls of cotton, and many other things."

When the gold Columbus found was not enough, he made the natives into slaves. Columbus thought the Indians were gentler and more intelligent than he had expected. _____. During his later voyages to the Caribbean he imposed terrible punishment on the Indians.

Five hundred years later, Christopher Columbus remains an enigma. He clearly had a strong desire for riches. _____. However, his attempt to create a colony was disastrous.

- 1) He was determined to find gold – in this he was successful.
- 2) For others he is responsible for the introduction of slavery and the destruction of native American culture.
- 3) Columbus decided to stop the journey and sail back home safely.
- 4) This is why he thought they would make good servants and slaves.
- 5) On their arrival the Indians got frightened and ran away.
- 6) When they came ashore, the Indians ran to greet them bringing food and gifts.
- 7) They thought the best way to do this was by sailing south round Africa and eastwards.

Text 38

Although many people will insist that they aren't superstitious, omens and superstitions actually play a part in all our lives. Commonsense should, by rights, triumph over instinct. But that's not always the case! _____. You will automatically flinch even though you know the glass will protect you. Instinct wins over common sense!

Why do people believe in superstitions? Superstitions come in three main forms each one having its own explanation. _____. Love letters should always be written in ink according to some superstitions. To write in pencil is an ill-omen for the courtship. It is not a good omen to propose by mail and if a girl receives two letters from different lovers at the same time, she will marry neither of them.

_____. And only the person conducting the service should pick it up, or the life of the couple may turn out unhappy. _____. Unable to resist this temptation, some girls will try on their dress but leave off a shoe or a glove, out of respect for this old tradition.

How did this type of superstition originate? It is likely that people observed certain unfortunate experiences after having performed an action. They will have avoided repeating these for fear of attracting further misfortune on their way. _____. Walk under a ladder for instance and there's the danger of some paint, tools or a bucket falling on your head!

- 1) Similarly, it is unlucky for a bride to make her own wedding dress or try it on before a full-length mirror.
- 2) Sometimes there was a sensible explanation for avoiding certain actions.
- 3) Suppose for instance, you're looking out of a window and someone kicks a football in your direction.
- 4) The first one implies that certain actions or omens will attract or signify bad luck.
- 5) Many ideas, such as rocking an empty rocking chair, or breaking a mirror, are said to bring bad luck.
- 6) Many people hang guardian angels from their rear-view mirrors to avoid automobile accidents.
- 7) It is said to be an unlucky omen if the wedding ring is dropped during the wedding ceremony.

Text 39

Albert Einstein is known all over the world as a brilliant theoretical physicist and the founder of the theory of relativity. _____. Some of his ideas made possible the atomic bomb, as well as television and other inventions.

He was born in 1879 in a small German town. _____. Neither his parents nor his schoolteachers thought much of his mental abilities. His uncle often joked; "Not everybody is born to become a professor."

In 1895 Albert failed the entrance examination to a technical college in Zurich. _____. After graduating the college, Einstein started a work at the Swiss Patent Office in Bern. In 1905 he wrote a short article in a science magazine. _____. Later he became a professor in several European Universities and in 1914 moved to Berlin as a member of Prussian Academy of Sciences. After ten years of hard work he created his "General Theory of Relativity." In 1921 Einstein received the Nobel Prize for Physics. A Jew, and the pacifist, he was attacked by the Nazis and when Hitler came to power in 1933 he decided to settle in the United States.

In 1939 Albert Einstein wrote a letter to President Roosevelt, at the request of several prominent physicists, outlining the military potential of nuclear energy and the dangers of Nazis lead in this field. His letter greatly influenced the decision to build an atomic bomb, though he took no part in Manhattan Project. After the war he spoke out passionately against nuclear weapons and repression. Einstein died in 1955.

- 1) A year later, however, he managed to pass the exam and entered the college.
- 2) He is perhaps the greatest scientist of the 20th century.
- 3) The artificial element "einsteinium" has been named in his honour.
- 4) Einstein left Zurich since he didn't want to study at college.
- 5) Scientists don't fully estimate the significance of his discoveries.
- 6) This was his "Special Theory of Relativity".
- 7) The Einstein family soon moved to Munich, where Albert went to school.

Text 40

Mark Twain, the famous American author, was well known as a lecturer, and literary clubs often invited him to speak. Before one of his lectures a club member came to him and said: "Mr. Twain, people say that you can tell very funny stories. _____ . He hasn't laughed for ten years."

"I'll do my best," Mark Twain said.

_____. He was sitting in front of him with an old man who had a very sad face.

Mark Twain began to tell jokes one after another. "I told long jokes and short jokes, new jokes and old jokes," Mark Twain told his friends. "I told every joke in my memory, and soon everybody was laughing. Everybody – but not the old man. _____. I was ashamed to think that I couldn't make him laugh, and I tried again and again. _____."

After the lecture, the club member came to Mark Twain and said "Thank you, Mr. Twain. I have never heard so many funny stories."

"_____." Mark Twain answered, "He didn't even smile!"

"I know," the man said. "I told you that he hasn't laughed for ten years. But didn't tell you that he hasn't heard anything for ten years. He is deaf."

- 1) When he began his lecture, Mark Twain noticed the club member.
- 2) But nothing helped.
- 3) I'm a publisher and I'm interested in publishing your stories.
- 4) I hope that during your lecture you will tell a story that will make my uncle laugh.
- 5) I'm so happy that I managed to make your uncle laugh.
- 6) They weren't funny enough for your uncle.
- 7) He continued to look at me with his cold, blue eyes.

Text 41

In business, the first thing we do when we meet someone is shake hands. While it seems simple enough, this “first impression” greeting sends a powerful message about you and your respect for others. For the most part, the western-style handshake is the accepted form of greeting in the international business world. _____. Your understanding of the subtle, and not-so-subtle, differences, as well as the traditional greetings of a country, conveys a great deal. It sends a message about how you view and value a culture and whether you respect your peers and potential partners.

When doing business outside the United States, make sure you shake hands with everyone you greet and greet everyone in the room. _____. Also, be sure to shake hands upon arrival and departure. When meeting associates in the US, a firm handshake is preferred, but when traveling abroad, it’s a different story.

_____.

CHINA – While the western handshake is accepted, it is performed with a lighter grip and a pumping motion. Chinese also lower their eyes slightly as a sign of respect when meeting someone. _____.

JAPAN – Both handshaking and bowing are accepted forms of greeting in international business circles so take your lead from the person you are meeting. If shaking hands, do so lightly. If you are greeted with a bow, respond by bowing in kind.

RUSSIA – Russians usually use only one firm handshake when meeting a guest. _____. Russian men customarily kiss their guest’s cheeks (men and women alike) while women reserve such intimacies for other Russians and simply shake hands with foreigners.

FRANCE – Shake hands with one brisk stroke upon arrival and departure and make sure to shake hands with everyone.

- 1) Failure to do so is considered a rejection of those you omitted, and will be noticed.
- 2) Staring into their eyes can be perceived as a sign of disrespect.
- 3) These values can be learned by anyone, regardless of their prior life experience.
- 4) However, the manner in which it is performed varies from country to country.
- 5) Here are a few ways you might be greeted by others when doing business abroad.
- 6) If you’ve met the person before, don’t be surprised if the greeting includes a hug.
- 7) They do not stand very close to one another when talking.

Text 42

I play the trumpet in my school jazz band. Last month we held a jazz competition with bands from local high schools – and our band won!

_____. We didn't look much like adult professional bands, but all of us were used to performing in competitions, so the quality of playing was amazing, especially considering everyone was so young. Players from each band even created new tunes right there on stage. It was exciting to watch – but even better when my band played on stage!

We have a great jazz band at my school, but not everyone who wants to play in it gets accepted – only about half, in fact. But anyone who's keen to play goes to jazz practice before school, and we often spend time together after school, listening to jazz and learning its language. _____. I've been to a couple and learnt a lot.

Adults are often surprised that young people are getting interested in jazz. _____. But I find it exciting because it's both new and old at the same time – you can create your own music, but you also feel you're part of its history. _____.

My school's really lucky because we have great teachers, and parents who've supported us all the way. _____.

- 1) Each band had their own costumes, ranging from black school uniforms like my band wore, to brightly-coloured T-shirts.
- 2) There are also trips to jazz summer camps across the country.
- 3) Without them, we'd never get anywhere with our music!
- 4) What is more, you're playing on stage in the same way as great jazz performers before you.
- 5) In fact, there is nothing exciting about jazz and people often pretend they like it.
- 6) History was one of the important subjects at our school.
- 7) Jazz is something very old and you simply need to know it if you want to know your own history.

Text 43

Everybody knows bubble gums, and for young people bubble gum is probably more popular than chewing gum. It is a type of chewing gum with a particular flavor that is especially designed for blowing bubbles. _____. In the early 1900s, Frank Fler experimented with a lot of gum ingredients to find perfect bubble gum recipe. His first bubble gum recipes were never sold, because bubble gums were just too sticky. Fler Chewing Gum Company in Philadelphia had been searching for years to produce a formula which allowed bubbles to be blown that didn't stick.

In 1928 Walter Diemer, an accountant for the Fler gum company, while testing new gum recipes, noticed the mass was less sticky than regular chewing gum, and while testing it he found out that he could create bubbles easily. Walter Diemer accidentally founded best recipes for bubble gum. _____. All the gum was sold in a single day. Diemer's Bubble gum was the first ever commercially sold bubble gum. The Fler Chewing Gum Company began making bubble gum using Diemer's recipe. The gum was named and marketed as "Dubble Bubble" gum. This gum was different from all the other gums.

The Fler Chewing Gum Company trained people to teach others to blow bubbles. _____. "Blowing teachers" proved a perfect success for Fler Company. When Frank H. Fler founded bubble gum it was the first time that food coloring was used. _____. Walter Diemer used this color. That is the reason why bubble gum was pink, and ever since then, no one has thought to change it.

- _____.
- 1) Pink became, and remains, the industry standard.
 - 2) Diemer brought his discovery to a grocery store to test it.
 - 3) The only food coloring in the factory was pink.
 - 4) He will forever be remembered as the father of modern day chewing gum industry.
 - 5) The inventor of the first bubble gum was Frank Fler.
 - 6) All chewing gum manufactured today share the same main ingredients.
 - 7) These "blowing teachers" taught the people how to blow bubbles using the gum.

Text 44

With the first publication of the children's book Winnie-the-Pooh on October 14, 1926, the world was introduced to some of the most popular fictional characters of the twentieth century – Winnie-the-Pooh, Piglet, and Eeyore. The second collection of Winnie-the-Pooh stories, *The House at Pooh Corner*, appeared on bookshelves just two years later and introduced the character Tigger. _____.

The author of the wonderful Winnie-the-Pooh stories, A. A. Milne found his inspiration for these stories in his son and his son's stuffed animals. The little boy who talks to the animals in the Winnie-the-Pooh stories is called Christopher Robin. _____. On August 21, 1921, the real-life Christopher Robin Milne received a stuffed bear for his first birthday, which he named Edward Bear. Although the real-life Christopher Robin loved his stuffed bear, he also fell in love with an American black bear that he often visited at the London Zoo. _____. This bear was named "Winnie" which was short for "Winnipeg," the hometown of the man who raised the bear as a cub and later brought the bear to the zoo. _____. As A. A. Milne states in the introduction to Winnie-the-Pooh, "Well, when Edward Bear said that he would like an exciting name all to himself, Christopher Robin said at once, without stopping to think, that he was Winnie-the-Pooh. And so he was." Thus, the name of the famous lazy bear in the stories became Winnie-the-Pooh, even though traditionally "Winnie" is a girl's name and Winnie-the-Pooh is definitely a boy bear. Many of the other characters in the Winnie-the-Pooh stories were also based on Christopher Robin's stuffed animals, including Piglet, Tigger, Eeyore, Kanga, and Roo. _____.

- 1) Although he is a small boy, all the creatures look up to him for advice and friendship.
- 2) How the real-life bear's name also became the name of Christopher Robin's stuffed bear is an interesting story.
- 3) Many locations in the stories can be linked to real places in and around the forest.
- 4) However, Owl and Rabbit were added without stuffed counterparts in order to round out the characters.
- 5) It is the name of A. A. Milne's real-life son who was born in 1920.
- 6) He sometimes even went into the cage with the bear.
- 7) Since then, the books have been published worldwide in over twenty languages.

Text 45

A police officer finally found out how to fight speeding. _____. It was impossible for drivers to detect him whereas he could easily see all the cars. _____. One day, the officer was amazed when every single driver was under the speed limit. _____. It appeared that a ten-year old boy was standing on the side of the road with a huge hand-painted sign which said "Radar Trap Ahead."

A little more investigative work led the officer to the boy's accomplice. _____. The sign read "tips." _____.

- 1) That was another boy about 100 yards beyond the radar trap with a sign.
- 2) So, he investigated the problem.
- 3) For a few days, everything went well.
- 4) Next to the boy there was a bucket full of change.
- 5) In most cases, the drivers detected him easily.
- 6) He found a perfect place for watching for speeding motorists.
- 7) The accomplice took the tips and ran away.

Text 46

London taxi drivers know the capital like the back of their hands. Just jump into one of the city's 22,000 cars and tell the driver your destination. No matter how small and difficult to find the street is, the driver will be able to get you there without any trouble. _____. During this period, which can take from two to four years, the would-be taxi driver has to learn the most direct route to every single road and to every important building in London. To achieve this, most learners go around the city on small motorbikes, practicing how to move to and from different points of the city.

Learner drivers are not allowed to work and earn money as drivers. _____. The training period can cost quite a lot, because learners have to pay for their own expenses, the tests they take and a medical exam.

_____. Drivers agree that most passengers are very pleasant, although occasionally they can be nasty. But, as Brian Turner, 53, a taxi driver for thirty years, explains: "Your job is to take them where they want to go in a polite and pleasant manner, whatever they are like. After all, if you are unpleasant to your passenger, you won't get a tip."

_____. Colin Sinclair was once attacked by a passenger who did not want to pay the fare: “He grabbed my hand and pushed me towards the window. Luckily, I managed to reach the emergency radio and within five minutes twenty drivers had come to my aid.”

_____. This means that they only deal with customers who have telephoned for a taxi and who often have an account with them. The big advantage of this system is that drivers then know the name and the destination of their passengers in advance, which is very useful if something nasty happens.

- 1) But sometimes it is not only the tip that is at risk; a taxi driver’s job can also be dangerous.
- 2) Therefore, many of them keep their previous jobs until they get their taxi driving license.
- 3) Politicians often use taxis and this can add a bit of excitement to the lives of the drivers.
- 4) The reason London taxi drivers are so professional is that they have all gone through a very difficult training period to get the license needed to drive taxis.
- 5) But this is the art that London’s taxi drivers have brought to perfection.
- 6) Once a new taxi driver has a license, the next thing he or she has to cope with is the public.
- 7) To avoid situations like this, more and more drivers are joining radio taxi companies.

Text 47

Tina Bradden was born in 1945 and grew up in a block of flats in Manchester. She was the youngest of a large family of seven and her family was quite poor. Her father worked in a local factory and her mother worked as a cleaner. Neither of them made much money so sometimes it was difficult to feed their large family.

_____. She left it at 15 and went to work in the factory her father worked in. It made plates. _____. They commemorated special events like the Queen’s birthday. At first, Tina hated the factory. _____. Every day was the same. However, as time went by, she began to enjoy it. This happened when she was allowed to work on the special plates. She found she liked working with colours. Initially, she had to follow instructions and use the colours she was told to use. _____. As a result, she was given more freedom to choose the colours she liked. The factory owners were very pleased because she helped to make their plates well-known. To reward her for this Tina was made artistic designer. She continued working in the factory until the mid-90s when it closed down.

With no job, Tina decided to continue painting and has been painting ever since. _____ . Shortly afterwards, Tina Bradden won the famous Arta prize. She says she was so happy to receive it and will continue to paint as long as she can.

- 1) The work was boring.
- 2) Some of her work was shown in Manchester Art Gallery.
- 3) Then the manager realized that Tina was very talented at painting plates.
- 4) Her family told her to stop painting.
- 5) The plates were used at special ceremonies.
- 6) Later she stopped following the manager's instructions.
- 7) Tina went to the local school.

Text 48

Things did not go well for Stan Smith, a burglar trying to break into a house in upstate New York. _____. That is probably why he fell into the swimming pool as he was approaching the house he was planning to rob. _____. However, it was cold outside, and he was soaking wet.

He thought his luck had changed when he found the basement door of the house unlocked. _____. He took off all his clothes and put them in the dryer. _____. Imagine his surprise when he saw the naked burglar sitting there. _____.

- 1) The situation looked even better when he saw a washing machine and a clothes dryer.
- 2) It was the sound of the dryer that woke up the homeowner, who went downstairs to turn it off.
- 3) Luckily, he was a good swimmer and was able to pull himself out quickly.
- 4) First, he forgot his glasses.
- 5) He climbed a fence to get away.
- 6) He was happy to steal a washing machine and a clothes dryer.
- 7) He called the police, and Stan was arrested a short while later.

Text 49

Leland Stanford was a nineteenth century politician, businessman, and philanthropist. _____. As a businessman, he was very successful in

establishing the railroads. As a philanthropist, he gave away a lot of money to start a university.

First, we'll talk about his success in politics. Leland Stanford served as governor of the state of California in the 1860s. _____.

Now, we'll go on to talk about Leland Stanford as a businessman. This map shows the Central Pacific Railroad. The Central Pacific Railroad was the western part of the country's first transcontinental railroad, and Leland Stanford was president of the company when the transcontinental railroad was completed. _____.

Stanford was accomplished not just as a politician and a businessman. _____. As a philanthropist, Leland Stanford gave away millions of dollars of the money he earned from the Central Pacific Railroad to start a University. It is, of course, Stanford University.

The university is actually named after Leland Stanford's son, Leland Stanford, Junior: Leland Stanford, Junior was Leland Stanford's only child and he died in 1884 at the age of fifteen. _____. Because the university is a memorial to Stanford's son, the official name of the university is actually Leland Stanford Junior University, but most people just call it Stanford.

- 1) Stanford's work on the railroad was part of his philanthropic work.
- 2) Millions of dollars were made in the railroads business.
- 3) Some twenty years later, he represented the state of California in the United States Congress.
- 4) He worked for the Central Pacific Railroad.
- 5) As a politician, he was deeply involved in government and held a number of public offices.
- 6) Stanford decided to start the university to honor his son who had died.
- 7) He was also quite a philanthropist.

Text 50

During the gold rush, Sam Brannan became one of the most successful businessmen in California. _____. They had left New York to escape religious persecution. They had made the journey by sea, and on arrival in San Francisco (then called Yerba Buena) they had tripled the city's tiny population.

_____. Quickly recognizing a gap in the market, he bought up all the picks, shovels and pans he could find, and then ran up and down the streets of San Francisco shouting 'Gold, gold on the American River!' _____. No, he was

planning to sell shovels. And having cornered the market, he ended up with a lot more gold than the person who had to dig for it.

_____. A metal pan that sold for twenty cents a few days earlier was now available from Brannan for fifteen dollars. In just nine weeks he made \$36,000.

_____.
In the end, though, Sam Brannan lost his fortune and his health, as did many of those who first benefited from the gold rush. Alcoholism finally led to his downfall, and California's first millionaire died an unnoticed death.

- 1) This was a man who keenly understood the laws of supply and demand.
- 2) When gold was discovered on John Sutter's land in 1848, Sam Brannan owned the only store in that area.
- 3) He became the first gold rush millionaire within a few years.
- 4) Sam Brannan quickly sold the only store in San Francisco and became a jeweler.
- 5) Brannan bought John Sutter's land and ended up with a big fortune digging for gold.
- 6) He had no intention of digging for gold!
- 7) He arrived in California in 1846 with a group of two hundred Mormons.

Text 51

Collis P. Elsworth was a respectable businessman who suffered greatly from the useless purchases he made, which were disastrous for both his health and his pocket. _____ . The patient agreed. Soon a poor art student whose name was Frank Swain was invited to give him art lessons. Frank was sure that the old man would never learn to draw. _____. The old man worked very hard and spent most of his time drawing something. Besides he seemed to take a great interest in the galleries and the painters who were exhibited there. _____ .

When spring came and the trees were in bloom, Mr. Elsworth made a picture which he called *Trees Dressed in White*. The picture was awful, but the old man announced that he was going to exhibit it in the summer show at the Lathrop Gallery. It was the biggest exhibition of the year, and a Lathrop prize was the lifetime dream of every artist in the United States. _____. Fortunately, it was hung in a dark corner where visitors could hardly see it.

Two days before the close of the exhibition Mr. Elsworth was awarded the first prize of a thousand dollars for his painting. When Frank heard about this, he was astonished. "Congratulations, sir," said he, seeing the old man. "_____." "Art's nothing," said Mr. Elsworth. "I bought the Lathrop Gallery last month."

- 1) It was evident that the doctor's advice did him good.
- 2) Isn't art more satisfying than business?
- 3) Finally, his doctor advised him to take up art as a treatment.
- 4) However, he needed money and therefore was patient with his pupil
- 5) So, he was advised by his doctor to think twice before purchasing something really expensive.
- 6) To everybody's surprise, the picture was accepted for the Show.
- 7) However, the Gallery was so packed with pictures that no place was found for Mr. Elseworth's painting.

Text 52

Sigmund Freud was an Austrian doctor. _____. It is the study and treatment of the brain and the nervous system. In 1885, just before he got married, he obtained a grant to go to Paris. _____. Charcot worked with men and women who suffered from hysteria. At first sight they appear to be blind, or are paralyzed in a part of their body, or cannot stop coughing, or have some other physical symptom. _____. Under hypnosis he could get them to walk or see. From this demonstration Freud realized the power that the mind could have over the body, and he came back from Paris determined to make a name for himself in this new field of study.

Gradually more and more patients came to see Freud, and with each patient he tried to learn something new about his work. He also tried to analyze himself. He realized that some of the ideas that affect people are unconscious. _____. Freud said that this means that people may do things without knowing the real reason why they are doing it.

He also showed that the unconscious is full of memories and ideas from early childhood. These ideas are things we do not want to think about, or they are forbidden.

_____.

- 1) People always hate to remember their childhood.
- 2) He became a famous doctor when he was still very young.
- 3) We do not know about them even though they are in our own minds.
- 4) There he wanted to see the famous neurologist Jean Martin Charcot.
- 5) So they are 'repressed' and made unconscious.
- 6) But Charcot used hypnosis to show that the real problem was a mental one.
- 7) While he was still at university he decided to specialize in neurology.

Text 53

Almost every nation is famous for a particular characteristic feature. People say that Irish people talk a lot. They say that the Welsh are great singers. The Scots, they say, are not a very happy or fun-loving nation, and they are also very careful with money. _____. But it is true that there are some very good Welsh actors and singers like Anthony Hopkins, Catherine Zeta Jones and Tom Jones.

Foreigners have some ideas about the things that are considered to be 'British'. _____. The great British breakfast and afternoon tea, for example, are mostly found in hotels and 'bed and breakfast' places for tourists. And the British do not only drink tea these days. _____. They drink, on average, 3.39 cups of tea each day and 1.65 cups of coffee.

_____. Most of them are not very interested in clothes. Many British people wear suits to the office during the week, but at weekends they prefer to wear jeans.

It takes time to know a British person well. _____. And they are not good at learning foreign languages. Perhaps all this is because they live on an island!

- 1) British people spend less money on clothes than the people in other European countries.
- 2) Coffee is popular too.
- 3) They admire the British for their conservatism and reserve.
- 4) They are generally quite shy, and they do not make friends easily with strangers.
- 5) It's quite easy to make friends with a British person.
- 6) These descriptions are not always true.
- 7) But some of these things are not part of ordinary people's everyday life.

Text 54

Lewis Carroll was the pseudonym of the Reverend Charles Lutwidge Dodgson, an enigmatic author, illustrator, logician, renowned photographer, letter writer, diarist, and for the majority of his adult life, mathematics lecturer at Christ Church, Oxford University. To illustrate this author's advanced sense of logic, mystery, and creativity, Dodgson constructed his pen name as a puzzle in itself. _____.

Charles Lutwidge Dodgson was born in 1832 in Cheshire, England, a village about twenty miles from Liverpool. One of eleven children living on a secluded farm, young Dodgson spent much of his young life seeking isolation in the landscapes surrounding his home. _____. Most creatures in Alice's world are constructions of a young boy's observations on the farm: white rabbits, caterpillars, mushrooms, field mice, gardens of flowers, and other barnyard and parsonage animals.

_____. His two most famous works, however, are *Alice's Adventures in Wonderland* (1865) and *Through the Looking-Glass* (1872). _____. Although these pieces of literature were originally written to entertain the minds of young children, they are full of themes and allusions to Victorian society.

Along with personal experiences on his childhood farm, the story of Alice is a direct result of Dodgson's work as a tutor and photographer during his time at Christ Church. _____. They took many rowing trips down the river and Dodgson would collect his thoughts in a diary. Aside from these interactions, the artist also took many posed photographs of Liddell's family, specifically his young children, one of which was seven-year-old Alice.

- 1) He spent many evenings with the new dean of the school, Harry Liddell, and the dean's family.
- 2) As a writer, Charles Dodgson published nearly three hundred works on a variety of topics, including children's stories and parodies.
- 3) It was on one such expedition, on 4 July 1862, that Dodgson invented the outline of the story.
- 4) The overwhelming commercial success of the first Alice book changed Dodgson's life in many ways.
- 5) The pseudonym Lewis Carroll, was created by Latinizing his two given names.
- 6) Both are stories written about the childhood adventures of young Alice.
- 7) These roaming "adventures" are reflected in the characters and images of both *Alice's Adventures in Wonderland* and *Through the Looking-Glass*.

Text 55

Mark was walking home from school one day when he noticed the boy ahead of him slip and drop all of the books he was carrying, along with two sweaters, a baseball bat, a glove and a small tape recorder. _____. Since they were going the same way, he helped to carry part of the burden. As they walked Mark discovered the boy's name was Bill, that he loved video games, baseball and history, and that he was having lots of trouble with his other subjects and also that he had just broken up with his girlfriend. _____. Mark was invited in for a Coke and to watch some television. The afternoon passed pleasantly with a few laughs and some shared small talk, then Mark went home. They continued to see each other around school, had lunch together once or twice, and then both graduated from junior high school. They ended up in the same high school where they had brief contacts over the years. _____. Three weeks before graduation, Bill asked Mark if they could talk. _____. "Did you ever wonder why I was carrying so many things home that day?" he asked. "You see, I cleaned out my locker because I didn't want to leave a mess for anyone else. I had stored away some of my mother's sleeping pills. _____. But after we spent some time together talking and laughing, I realized that if I had killed myself, I would have missed that time and so many others that might follow. So you see, Mark, when you picked up those books that day, you did a lot more, you saved my life."

- 1) I was going home to commit suicide.
- 2) Bill reminded him of the day years ago when they had first met.
- 3) Mark knelt down and helped the boy pick up the scattered articles.
- 4) I intended to sell them and get some pocket money.
- 5) They shared thoughts, secrets and did everything together.
- 6) They soon arrived at Bill's home.
- 7) The boy cried out in pain – apparently, he had twisted his ankle.

Text 56

One day, a poor boy who was selling goods from door to door to pay his way through school, found he had only one thin dime left, and he was hungry. _____ . However, he lost his nerve when a lovely young woman opened the door. Instead of a meal he asked for a drink of water. She thought he looked hungry so she brought him a large glass of milk. He drank it slowly, and then asked, "How much do I owe you?" "You don't owe me anything," she replied. "Mother has taught us never to accept pay for a kindness. _____ .

As Howard Kelly left that house, he not only felt stronger physically, but his faith in God and man was strong also. He had been ready to give up and quit.

_____ . The local doctors were baffled. They finally sent her to the big city, where they called in specialists to study her rare disease. Dr. Howard Kelly was called in for the consultation. When he heard the name of the town she came from, a strange light filled his eyes. Immediately he rose and went down the hall of the hospital to her room. _____. He recognized her at once. He went back to the consultation room determined to do his best to save her life. From that day he gave special attention to the case. _____. Dr. Kelly requested the business office to pass the final bill to him for approval. He looked at it, then wrote something on the edge and the bill was sent to her room. She feared to open it, for she was sure it would take the rest of her life to pay for it all. Finally she looked, and something caught her attention on the side of the bill. She read these words: "Paid in full with one glass of milk" (Signed) Dr. Howard Kelly.

- 1) After a long struggle, the battle was won.
- 2) He decided he would ask for a meal at the next house.
- 3) He was now a tall young man who studied medicine at university.
- 4) She had changed very much since they last met.
- 5) Dressed in his doctor's gown he went in to see her.
- 6) Years later that young woman became critically ill.
- 7) He said, "Then I thank you from my heart."

Text 57

A philosophy professor stood before his class and had some items in front of him. When class began, wordlessly he picked up a large empty mayonnaise jar and proceeded to fill it with rocks right to the top, rocks about 2 inches in diameter. He then asked the students if the jar was full. They agreed that it was.

So the professor then picked up a box of pebbles and poured them into the jar. _____. The pebbles, of course, rolled into the open areas between the rocks. He asked his students again if the jar was full. They agreed: it was.

The professor then picked up a box of sand and poured it into the jar. _____. “Now,” said the professor, “I want you to recognize that this is your life. The rocks are the important things – your family, your partner, your health, and your children. _____. The pebbles are the other things in life that matter, but on a smaller scale. The pebbles represent things like your job, your house, your car. The sand is everything else. The small stuff. If you put the sand or the pebbles into the jar first,” he continued “there is no room for the pebbles or the rocks.

_____. If you spend all your energy and time on the small stuff, material things, you will never have room for the things that are important to you. _____. Play with your children. Take your partner out dancing. There will always be time to go to work, clean the house, give a dinner party and fix the disposal. Take care of the rocks first – the things that really matter. Set your priorities. The rest is just pebbles and sand.”

- 1) The same goes for your life.
- 2) Of course, the sand filled up everything else.
- 3) If everything else was lost and only they remained, your life would still be full.
- 4) Pay attention to the things that are critical for your happiness.
- 5) He asked the students to explain why he had done it.
- 6) He shook the jar lightly.
- 7) They are not long-lasting values, so you needn't care about them.

Text 58

It was a beautiful, sunny day, so Helen decided to take the bus and visit her cousins who lived in a small town, 80 kms far from her home. _____. After half an hour she was on her way to her cousins'. As the trip was very tiring, the bus made a stop in the middle of a forest. _____. Amazed by the sound of birds singing, a little river flowing and leaves rustling due to the breeze, Helen started walking through the forest, enjoying its magic.

Suddenly she realized that she had gone far away from the bus. _____. When nobody answered she tried to find which way she had got there. But as she was looking for the path, she moved deeper into the forest and got lost for good. The night was coming and she was alone among strange animals and plants. _____. Finally she found a cave and decided to stay there for the rest of the night. Meanwhile her parents and cousins, who were informed of her trip, started worrying and called the police to search for her.

The next day, the rain stopped and the sun rose in the sky. Helen felt afraid and hungry. She went out to find some fruit or berries to eat. _____. She knew that her little odyssey was over. After a few hours she was back home, in her room, thinking of the adventure she had had.

- 1) But suddenly she heard people calling her name.
- 2) She took her purse and went shopping for dinner.
- 3) She panicked and started calling for help.
- 4) She ran in the direction of the voices she could hear afar.
- 5) She got ready and went to the bus stop.
- 6) The passengers got off to relax and have a breath of fresh air.
- 7) With the first drop of rain on her head she knew that she had to find a shelter.

Text 59

The Invisible Man was first published in 1897. It is one of a number of “scientific romances”, early examples of science fiction that Herbert George Wells (1866-1946) wrote as a young man.

_____. It has fascinated storytellers for centuries. In a typical story the hero is given a magic cloak which has the power to make him invisible. But Wells’ immediate source was a comic poem, *The Perils of Invisibility* by W.S. Gilbert. From this Wells borrowed two basic ideas. _____. The second was that invisibility might not be such a blessing after all. Gilbert’s poem tells of a fairy who invites a man named Peter to choose one of three gifts. Peter asks to be made invisible. _____. Peter vanishes but his clothes do not.

_____. Well’s hero is a scientist who offers an elaborate explanation of the theory and practice of invisibility, and although there is a great deal of light comedy in the book there is also seriousness and food for thought. Wells’ *Invisible Man* develops ambitions that go far beyond science.

The Invisible Man, then, is a semi-realistic fantasy: that is, a story that takes just one impossibility and places it in the context of ordinary everyday experience. _____. The physical setting, in particular, is very real. Iping, where the story takes place, is an actual village that was well known to Wells.

- 1) Gilbert’s ideas were strange and absolutely unacceptable.
- 2) Wells used the idea of the fairy in his story and wrote another fairy tale.
- 3) The story told by Wells, however, is very different from Gilbert’s story.
- 4) One idea was that the hero’s clothes might fail to become invisible.
- 5) Almost everything in Wells’ story is within the limits of reality.
- 6) The idea of human invisibility was not invented by Wells.
- 7) But the fairy plays an unkind trick on him.

Text 60

A few years ago on a skiing holiday in the Dolomites I had one of the worst experiences of my life.

That day the sun was shining and the snow was melting fast. _____. We decided, instead, to take the ski-lift to the top of the mountain and have a walk around, taking our picnic lunch with us.

_____. The bar at the top of the lift was empty. After drinking a quick cup of coffee we set out to explore the mountain top. We had lunch, sitting on a rock overlooking a deep wooded ravine. _____. Then we were going to turn back and follow the path back to the bar.

_____. We had been too busy talking to notice the approaching black clouds, but suddenly the sun disappeared and it became quite cold. We decided to turn back immediately and before long, reached our lunch spot. _____. We hadn't noticed this before, and realised that we didn't know which path to take. To make matters worse, it began to snow and we realised that soon we might not be able to find the path at all.

Despite all this, neither of us panicked and, after a brief discussion, we decided to choose the right-hand path.

- 1) As there was little snow left we met very few skiers.
- 2) To our horror, we noticed that two paths led away from that place.
- 3) So my friend and I decided not to ski.
- 4) There was a strong wind blowing from the North.
- 5) Something went wrong with the ski-lift when we were half way to the top.
- 6) Having eaten our sandwiches we decided to walk a little further.
- 7) The weather changed quite suddenly.

Section 2

Տրված նախադասություններից որո՞նք են կրավորական ստեղծ ճիշտ ձևակերպված:

Choose the correctly formulated Passive constructions.

1. 1. The workers must be stimulated by an offer to share in the firm's profits.
2. I can assure you everything will have arranged in time.
3. His old shoes were thrown away.
4. After the accident the young man had taken to hospital.
5. Invented by an Indiana housewife in 1889, the first dishwasher was operated by a steam engine.
2. 1. Throughout the trial, the prisoner insisted on his lack of guilt.
2. Was this trade centre opened last year?
3. All the books mentioned in this catalogue can be borrowed from the library.
4. The hall hasn't decorated with artificial flowers.
5. Citizens forced into poverty by unfair government policies will usually support a new candidate.
3. 1. Who is this wedding hall being decorated by?
2. The teacher was impressed by the student's answer.
3. This message isn't to be e-mailed now.
4. The drug was claimed to produce no undesirable side-effects.
5. Julius Ceasar, Hannibal, Napoleon, Mussolini, Hitler had born with teeth.
4. 1. Where is the hole digging?
2. This easy task can be carried out without anybody's help.
3. Some TV programs were being criticised at that time.
4. Some consonants are mispronouncing by the students.
5. Niccolò Paganini is known in history as an Italian violinist and composer.
5. 1. Great progress in physics has been made lately.
2. Who had met the foreign delegation?
3. These red roses have bought for my dear mother.
4. The films of Charlie Chaplin are loved all over the world.
5. Paganini's *Caprice No.24 in A minor* is widely considered one of the most difficult pieces ever written for the solo violin.

6. 1. This big house is made of brick.
2. The suspect had told the police an unassailable alibi.
3. Was designed the first helicopter by Leonardo da Vinci?
4. This major social problem should be settled at once.
5. The local party workers have adopted Mr. Green as their representative for the coming election.
7. 1. The golf match was postponed because of the heavy rain.
2. A fixed salary will be paid to you.
3. The students impressed by the professor's lecture.
4. They're going to perform Beethoven's *Fifth Symphony* next week.
5. *Caprice No.24 in A minor* has served as an inspiration for many prominent composers.
8. 1. I am always invited to their political meetings.
2. Two new engineers were introduced to the head of the department.
3. This scandal could bring down the government.
4. They probably recycle some of the solid wastes regularly.
5. Left-handed people are often placed at a disadvantage by the prevalence of right-handed tools in society.
9. 1. A lot of goods are brought to London from many countries.
2. The young man was asked to wait in the corridor.
3. They had finished the preparations by the time the guests arrived.
4. Those files must have been deleted from the computer.
5. Many tools and devices are designed to be comfortably used with the right hand.
10. 1. Lots of people had parked their cars on the pavement.
2. Children should be taught foreign languages before starting school.
3. Must be these documents signed by the director himself?
4. Who has your holiday cottage been designed by?
5. No production cameras have been made for left-handed people.
11. 1. Is this nice bouquet bought for your girlfriend?
2. Magical properties are sometimes claimed for certain medicines.
3. The historical novel had translated into German and English.
4. The boy couldn't have given a better answer than this one.
5. America is often described as a melting pot because of different religions living there side by side.

- 12.** 1. Are those big monuments made of brass?
2. This e-mail had received after his departure.
3. The fisherman's boat was overturned by a huge wave.
4. They couldn't get Saddam Hussein to withdraw from Kuwait.
5. If people only made prudent marriages, what a stop to population there would be!
- 13.** 1. This music seems to have heard from the next room.
2. Your drinks will be brought in a moment.
3. The police have issued a description of the burglar.
4. The motorbike George rode in the race was lent to him by Tom.
5. The Nile, the world's longest river, stretches north for about 4,000 miles from East Africa to the Mediterranean.
- 14.** 1. All the texts were looked through yesterday and not a single mistake was found.
2. All their profit is given to the sick.
3. It was the most difficult passage I had ever translated.
4. The boxes haven't been packed yet.
5. Antonio Banderas is famous for the role he played in *The Mask of Zorro*.
- 15.** 1. I haven't been to a football match for a long time.
2. We were greatly shocked by Albert's behaviour.
3. These folders should have been sent to a USB flash.
4. Whowas your house designing by?
5. The Amazon, the world's largest tropical rainforest, covers an area of about 2.8 million square miles.
- 16.** 1. A new apparatus for the deaf was invented recently.
2. The social grants will have been reduced by next year.
3. I have never been treated like that before.
4. I don't want you to spend your money on me; we'll go Dutch treat.
5. Antonio Banderas has been in numerous hit movies.
- 17.** 1. The fence was painted in two applications.
2. Was he injured in the accident?
3. They broke off their engagement just two days before the wedding.
4. You needn't have bought such an expensive watch.
5. After only a year in the sports club, the youngest player was elected to the committee.

- 18.** 1. These exotic plants should have been watered twice a day.
2. The exterior of the house was washed using warm water and a mild detergent.
3. They were killed in the earthquake.
4. The government must deal with unemployment.
5. Electricity lines had brought down, leaving thousands of houses without electricity.
- 19.** 1. The essays are to be handed in on Monday.
2. Before the conference we had drawn up a plan to stop drug trafficking.
3. All the chinks and pores in the walls were sealed with putty.
4. The stress of the last few weeks has broken me down.
5. Featured in many Spanish and American films, Banderas often being used a musical performer as well.
- 20.** 1. A five-star hotel was being built next to the cinema.
2. The draught blew out the candle.
3. Why were these important documents left on the desk?
4. After the putty had had a chance to dry, the exterior could be painting.
5. Winds are caused by air moving from a high-pressure area to a low-pressure area.
- 21.** 1. We have thought of all eventualities.
2. The explosion was believed to have been caused by a mine.
3. Our concert hall was being decorated the whole day.
4. This event will build up his confidence.
5. In his first American movie role Banderas, still speaking no English, was forced to learn his lines phonetically.
- 22.** 1. They will call on the rebels to stop fighting.
2. The wounded soldiers are surely being taken care of.
3. The police let her off with a fine.
4. Their new album must have been released this week.
5. Mother Teresa was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 1979 for her humanitarian work.

- 23.** 1. A whole week was needed to finish this part of the job.
2. Being washable and easy to apply, a latex paint was used.
3. You should be careful when working on electrical equipment.
4. That strange event is still being talked about.
5. It was later admitted that the information had been obtained from unreliable sources.
- 24.** 1. Documents are usually written in ink.
2. I was careful to apply the paint evenly in order not to apply two coats.
3. Mr Boddington's new book may be published in January.
4. She was brought up in a friendly atmosphere.
5. More antioxidants are found in a glass of pomegranate juice than in red wine.
- 25.** 1. Millions of dollars' worth of damage caused by a storm last night.
2. The new product is supposed to come out soon.
3. I must get my dad to buy me a new computer.
4. The delegation was impressed by the places of interest in Paris.
5. Carrots are given to young children as a substitute for snacks high in sugar.
- 26.** 1. Many people had rescued from the floods by fire-fighters.
2. Is English spoken in many countries all around the world?
3. Life's a succession of lessons which must be lived to be understood.
4. Father's shirt is being ironed by my younger sister.
5. The Amazon Rainforest gets its life from the majestic Amazon River.
- 27.** 1. The roads were blocked by fallen trees.
2. Instead of buying a new car, have your old one repaired.
3. Will be these documents taken to the head office next Monday?
4. Very little is needed to make a happy life.
5. Compounds found only in pomegranates are shown to benefit the blood vessels.
- 28.** 1. The cyclist was hit by a trailer truck.
2. A policeman stopped Tom for speeding.
3. The work should do by yourself to achieve good results.
4. How much money is being transferred to you?
5. The paint bucket had to be hung on the top of the ladder while working.

- 29.** 1. A good computer was recommended to me.
2. The River Reiner burst its banks after a heavy rain.
3. My sister has been promoted to a management position at work.
4. Mr. Harrington had us replace the broken window.
5. Tangerine oil is considered to reduce anxiety.
- 30.** 1. A tall ladder was needed to paint the kitchen ceiling.
2. Firefighters had received hundreds of calls for help.
3. When painting, a color very close to the original used by me.
4. Fruit and vegetables are bought at the greengrocer's.
5. During World War I Ernest Hemingway was wounded on the Italian front.
- 31.** 1. Wind speeds reached ninety miles an hour in some places.
2. Someone ought to wash those dishes right away.
3. The directives will be shown to us.
4. Many people could have been killed during that dangerous trick.
5. Mushroom was highly prized by the Romans.
- 32.** 1. The furniture was broken up for firewood.
2. The Beatles were an English rock band formed in Liverpool, in 1960.
3. Everything possible was done to get things back to normal.
4. My boss told me to send the check to a Nigerian bank account.
5. Animals and slaves were sometimes given samples of mushrooms to test their reactions.
- 33.** 1. Someone must have picked it up by mistake.
2. The tree had been decorated with colourful balloons.
3. Two of the climbers were injured.
4. How stupid of you to have invited that boring person!
5. The old myths of cooking mushrooms with a silver coin or spoon have not been substantiated.
- 34.** 1. Nuclear power stations are thought to be dangerous.
2. Have the janitor arrange for the plumber to deal with the blockage.
3. This surgeon is considered to be a brilliant practitioner.
4. These flowers should be planted in a sunny place.
5. The singer Michael Jackson was dubbed *the King of Pop*.

- 35.** 1. He is thought to have been on holiday.
2. The flight must have been postponed because of the fog.
3. The Board offered the manager's job to Simon.
4. The article had translated in thirteen languages.
5. One of Michael Jackson's gloves was sold for \$200,000 in Los Angeles.
- 36.** 1. The world-famous opera *Aida* was written by Verdi.
2. These books must have returned within a fortnight.
3. Alice badly hurt by his words.
4. He was fired for his irresponsibility.
5. When dubbed into English, a lot of the original meaning of foreign films is lost in the translation.
- 37.** 1. How many invitation cards were sent yesterday?
2. Even the best students frequently make this mistake.
3. Glenn Miller was killed in an air crash in England.
4. Bread is bought at the baker's.
5. In 1921, Chaplin was awarded by the French government for his outstanding work as a filmmaker.
- 38.** 1. She needs be taken care of.
2. The design had spoiled and it was good for nothing.
3. That wonderful picture had looked at with admiration.
4. The work was done with due care and understanding.
5. John Fitzgerald Kennedy, the 35th US President, was assassinated in 1963, in Dallas, Texas.
- 39.** 1. Were you offered that job?
2. No major decision was taking without his father's knowledge or advice.
3. I was given five shillings change at the shop.
4. Is this academic journal published twice a month?
5. The song "We Are the World" was originally recorded by the supergroup *USA* for Africa in 1985.

- 40.** 1. He was shot with a rifle.
2. Evidently somebody had informed him of the news before.
3. These consonants pronounced with aspiration.
4. Mr Smith's lectures were being listened to with interest.
5. No prince of the house of Lancaster betrayed a wish to renew the quarrel with the Church.
- 41.** 1. Did the noise in the next room disturb you last night?
2. The classified research is still being carried out.
3. I was shocked by your attitude.
4. The positive hydrogen atoms are attracted to the negative oxygen atoms.
5. The speaker had tried to urge the crowd forward to show their opposition to the new law.
- 42.** 1. If she hadn't been so bad-tempered, I might have married her.
2. "We Are the World" was written by Michael Jackson and Lionel Richie.
3. A ballet school is being built in this district.
4. Friends are needed both for joy and for sorrow.
5. Hemingway's experiences in Italy during World War I became the material for one of his best-loved novels, *A Farewell to Arms*.
- 43.** 1. Vitamins A, C, E and K contained within the strawberry are vital to health.
2. Only once had the grandfather been angry.
3. The mission was found to be impossible.
4. The work must be finished as soon as possible.
5. Philadelphia International Airport was evacuated for about an hour yesterday morning.
- 44.** 1. The thief was caught easily for he was described thoroughly.
2. The first parachute designed by Leonardo da Vinci.
3. Those impolite girls shouldn't have been invited to our party.
4. Will a new suit have bought for your brother tomorrow?
5. The subject in the Armenian sentence may sometimes be omitted.

45. 1. The Passive Voice is formed with the help of *to be* + *Past Participle*.
2. Why haven't the suitcases packed yet?
3. On his way home he was attacked by unknown men.
4. The letter of application had been signed before his arrival.
5. Armenian learners of English encounter some difficulty related with the rules of sequence of tenses.
46. 1. The last student is being examined right now.
2. I ought to have phoned him this morning.
3. Dazzled by the orchestra's brilliant performance, the audience clapped wildly.
4. Was the young gentleman asked to wait outdoors?
5. According to Holy Trinity Church records, Shakespeare was baptized on the 26th of April.
47. 1. The crowd cheered the football players in the stadium yesterday.
2. In the interrogative form the auxiliary verb is placed before the subject.
3. The hurricane severely damaged the houses on the shore.
4. Not a moment's peace does she have during the day.
5. *The Beatles* is considered to be the most influential rock group of the era.
48. 1. I was invited to the university ball.
2. Nouns are classified into *proper* and *common*.
3. My younger brother's jokes had laughed at.
4. These paintings shouldn't have been kept in a damp room.
5. Madame Tussaud's Museum in London has got branches in a number of major cities.
49. 1. Neither love nor cough can be hidden.
2. Pushed by somebody, the boy fell into the water.
3. Visitors to the Matenadaran are shown a collection of old manuscripts.
4. Van Gogh spent his early adulthood working for a firm of art dealers.
5. The lyrics of the Armenian national anthem *Mer Hayrenik* were written by Mikael Nalbandian.
50. 1. The lyrics later set to music by Barsegh Kanachyan.
2. Those documents are being studied by the manager.
3. He stood before the masterpiece as if lost in admiration.
4. Are these red tulips bought for your teacher?
5. Before today's Gregorian calendar was adopted, the older Julian calendar was used.

- 51.** 1. I am sure this easy work can be done even by a child.
2. People know that cars pollute the environment.
3. The president of their country elected two years ago.
4. Craftsmen make many beautiful objects of paper in Japan.
5. In the Middle Ages, the study of the measure of time was first viewed as prying too deeply into God's own affairs.
- 52.** 1. The diploma paper was written in good English.
2. A new film about the Armenian genocide is being made at present.
3. The incident would have argued about for a long time.
4. Several houses were washed away by the flood.
5. Protestant tract writers responded to Gregory's calendar by calling him *the Roman Antichrist*.
- 53.** 1. The handwriting has been identified as hers.
2. The witnesses of the robbery were being questioned.
3. A lot of tragedies and comedies written by Shakespeare.
4. He will be given all the necessary information.
5. The song *Mer Hayrenik* was adopted as National Anthem of Armenia, in 1991.
- 54.** 1. Proper nouns are individual names given to persons and things.
2. Numerous inventions were made by Leonardo da Vinci.
3. This beautiful flower vase is made of crystal.
4. The injured passengers had been taking care of.
5. Kennedy was fatally shot by a sniper while traveling with his wife Jacqueline, Texas Governor Connally with his wife Nellie, in a presidential motorcade.
- 55.** 1. The definite article is used before names of parties and organizations.
2. A big hospital has built opposite the bank.
3. People drink a lot of tea in England.
4. Were the parents shocked by their son's behaviour?
5. These rules must be learned by heart.
- 56.** 1. Paganini was the most talented violin virtuoso of his time.
2. The Smiths should have been invited to this meeting.
3. The order given, the servant hurriedly left the room.
4. The national anthem of the United States is called "The Star-Spangled Banner".
5. *Passive Voice* is often used without a mention of the doer of the action.

- 57.** 1. These doughnuts are made from milk and honey.
2. Love is composed of a single soul inhabiting two bodies.
3. Did everyone find fault with her?
4. I think this book can be enjoyed by a person of any age.
5. Pope Gregory XIII finally reformed the Julian calendar.
- 58.** 1. Nobody has ever treated me with such kindness.
2. Out ran a crowd of children, laughing and talking excitedly.
3. David was asked some tricky questions.
4. The last patient was being examined at that time.
5. The indefinite article may be used with personal names to indicate one member of a family.
- 59.** 1. Naturally Frederick hurt by her rude remark.
2. Two skyscrapers are being built in this district.
3. The nurse insisted on the patient's taking the medicine at once.
4. Reaching the town, they were raided by the police.
5. The new calendar was not adopted uniformly across Europe until well into the 18th century.
- 60.** 1. An apple a day keeps the doctor away.
2. The origin of high heels goes back many centuries in history.
3. She was seen to enter the building in the morning.
4. He will be rewarded for finding our lost dog.
5. Bruce Lee was born in the year of the Dragon.
- 61.** 1. The law of gravity was discovered by Newton.
2. That tiny cottage is made of wood.
3. Did they put an end to this useless talk?
4. The research carried out by a group of young scientists.
5. The lyrics of the US national anthem were written in 1814 by Francis Scott Key.
- 62.** 1. A reward has been promised to us for finding their puppy.
2. Coal is used for making artificial materials.
3. Your sister has sewn the button on to your coat.
4. Martin's story was rejected by several magazines.
5. On February 4, 1789, George Washington became the first and only president unanimously elected by the Electoral College.

- 63.** 1. They are getting fined for breaching safety regulations.
2. Had been your proposal objected to?
3. Excellent shelters have been built for tourists in these mountains.
4. The yard and the rooms were being cleaned.
5. Washington's opponent John Adams had the most votes and became Vice President.
- 64.** 1. Grandmother's parcel had been received the day before.
2. Were many guests invited to your birthday party?
3. This expression is commonly used in informal, conversational English.
4. The manager had received a letter marked 'personal'.
5. Key's poem was set to the tune of a popular British song written by John Stafford Smith.
- 65.** 1. Everything was thoroughly explained to the participants.
2. Nothing was being done to save the situation.
3. The oak tree broke by a violent storm.
4. All the colours of the rainbow have used by this painter.
5. Washington's was re-elected in 1792.
- 66.** 1. Having sprained my ankle, I couldn't play tennis.
2. He was distracted by that news.
3. The new time-table has not been hung up yet.
4. This composer's symphonies are performed everywhere.
5. After their break-up in 1970, each of the Beatles enjoyed successful musical careers.
- 67.** 1. He was shown into a lounge.
2. He finally was enrolled in a management training course.
3. A glass bridge has to build across the river.
4. After the hurricane these houses are repairing.
5. In 1980, John Lennon was shot and killed by Mark Chapman, a fan of his.

- 68.** 1. At that time my favourite program was being broadcast on TV.
2. The stolen motorbike is still being looked for.
3. These books and magazines may be taken for a week.
4. No sooner had the boy hung the picture on the wall than it fell down.
5. Madame Tussaud's museum of wax figures in London is visited by thousands of people annually.
- 69.** 1. Our project was discussed at the last meeting.
2. The houses could not be seen in the dark.
3. The children are silent; they must have fallen asleep.
4. The violent hurricane struck several cities.
5. The name *Bruce* was given to Lee by a nurse at his birthing hospital.
- 70.** 1. Yesterday a greeting card sent to him.
2. Had many guests invited to your sister's birthday?
3. The football match ought to have been cancelled.
4. The experiment was carried out by an experienced scientist.
5. The first high-heeled shoes were discovered in a tomb of Tebas in Old Egypt.
- 71.** 1. The old pensioners were being looked after by some volunteers.
2. Santa Claus believed to have entered their house through the chimney.
3. A number of diseases have caused by smoking.
4. By that time most obstacles had been overcome.
5. *The Beatles'* songs are listened to with pleasure.
- 72.** 1. All the colours of the rainbow are used in this landscape.
2. The sick patient being taken care of by this nurse.
3. Our exploration project was being discussed at that time.
4. My brother's shoes made of leather.
5. The archeological excavations in the Valley of Kings were carried out by Howard Carter, in 1922.
- 73.** 1. The will was being reading by the lawyer at that time.
2. I am being taught the Chinese language.
3. He was given two journals to look through.
4. Had been the hall decorated before our arrival?
5. The work had been done when I returned.

- 74.** 1. The papers were set on fire in order to get rid of the evidence.
2. His bicycle stolen yesterday.
3. Hasn't the mystery novel translated yet?
4. Can be made this soup without cabbage?
5. The Paganini violin is known in classical music circles as "the cannon" because of its loud, booming sound.
- 75.** 1. These delicious pies are made from milk, honey and butter.
2. Where the summit being held?
3. The old and the handicapped are being taken care of.
4. The candidate was listened to with great interest.
5. Leonardo da Vinci's fascination with science aided him in mastering the realistic art form.
- 76.** 1. The non-fiction novel had written by a young author.
2. We were shown the way to Trafalgar Square.
3. The car had driven at a very high speed.
4. Yesterday morning the workers were paid the wages.
5. The museum was founded by a wax sculptor Marie Tussaud.
- 77.** 1. Who was invented the paper by?
2. *Gayane* is a four-act ballet with music by Aram Khachaturian.
3. According to church tradition, newly ordained priests are given new names.
4. The president of our country was elected last year.
5. Kennedy was assassinated by Lee Harvey Oswald, acting alone.
- 78.** 1. After the school-leaving party a surprise was being planned by the boys.
2. Komitas is regarded as the founder of Modern Armenian classical music.
3. Can we make this salad without vinegar?
4. The car had stopped by the police.
5. Abraham Lincoln was elected the 16th US president.
- 79.** 1. Granny's spectacles were found on the window-sill.
2. You should have asked my permission before signing the papers.
3. Will the tourists be taken to that ancient castle?
4. Do you keep documents in the safe?
5. All the personages in Leonardo da Vinci's works are painted with great accuracy and detail.

- 80.** 1. Will that educational film be shown to the students?
2. Is being the mansard roof repaired right now?
3. Granny's fairy tales were listened to with pleasure.
4. Pork not used by some nations for religion purposes.
5. *Madame Tussaud's* displays waxworks of historical and royal figures.
- 81.** 1. This easy work can be done without anybody's help.
2. We found the room exactly as it had been left the night before.
3. Tobacco introduced to France by Jean Nicot.
4. This modular computer has used by our researchers.
5. *Gayane* was first staged on December 3, 1942 in Perm during World War II.
- 82.** 1. The first chewing-gum was made by Thomas Adams.
2. Have these benches painted recently?
3. The students being examined by the professor at that time.
4. The vase made of crystal was broken to pieces.
5. Lincoln was shot in the head by John Wilkes Booth, an actor.
- 83.** 1. Marie Tussaud created her first wax figure (of Voltaire) in 1777.
2. Before him lay a splendid garden, full of blossom and scent.
3. I have been misunderstood – no intention to hurt you.
4. Is that big hat made of straw?
5. Many of Van Gogh's best works were created in 1889, in an asylum.
- 84.** 1. He will have published several poems by the end of the year.
2. What holidays are celebrated in your country in autumn and winter?
3. G. Washington is known to all Americans as "The Father of the Nation".
4. The dynamite had invented by Alfred Nobel.
5. Charlie Chaplin is considered one of the most famous stars of the early days of Hollywood.
- 85.** 1. Will the scientific seminar be held in two days?
2. The scientists have been making these experiments for the last few years.
3. Nobel preferred not to be remembered as the inventor of dynamite.
4. The patent matter was still being discussed.
5. The Smiths weren't invited to that meeting.

- 86.** 1. In what language will the meeting be held?
2. They must have misunderstood me.
3. That beautiful shawl was embroidered by her grandmother.
4. Sorry, I shouldn't have knocked at the door.
5. "God Save the Queen" became the UK National Anthem at the beginning of the 19th century.
- 87.** 1. I was promised some books on this problem.
2. Are these poems to be learnt by heart?
3. The first chocolate made by Daniel Peter.
4. Love can neither be bought nor sold.
5. The British national anthem first sung during the Jacobite invasion of England.
- 88.** 1. Are we being paid the whole sum now?
2. "God Save the King" was first publicly performed in London, in 1745.
3. Madame Tussaud's Museum has become a major tourist attraction in London.
4. Can all these books be borrowed from the library?
5. The actors had appeared on the stage in masks.
- 89.** 1. You needn't have cooked the vegetables; we could have eaten them raw.
2. On official occasions, only the first verse of the UK anthem is usually sung.
3. The results of the votes have been sending to us.
4. These single-use cups are made of plastic.
5. Komitas had a psychotic breakdown after witnessing the horrors of 1915 Armenian Genocide.
- 90.** 1. *David Copperfield* may be regarded as Ch. Dickens's autobiographical novel.
2. This ancient temple isn't being reconstructed.
3. "Sunflowers" was painted by Van Gogh.
4. In the autumn of 1916, Komitas was taken to a hospital in Constantinople.
5. That invasion was a serious threat to the population.
- 91.** 1. The candidate for the presidency had listened to with great interest.
2. The Jacobites were later defeated at Culloden on April 16, 1746.
3. The file was copied to a USB flash by John.
4. Didn't you know that the sweater had knitted by Mother?
5. The lyrics and music of the UK anthem are officially considered to be of anonymous origin.

- 92.** 1. I believe the whole truth has told to you.
2. A luxurious hotel is going to be built here.
3. Can all these books have borrowed from our school library?
4. Those people must be interviewed.
5. Charlie Chaplin is most recognized as an icon of the silent film era.
- 93.** 1. The expression “God Save the King” had been used long before the song.
2. The electricity discovered Michael Faraday.
3. This computer has to be formatted immediately.
4. The tablecloth had embroidered by Granny.
5. The Japanese emperor Hirohito was crowned in 1926 on platform shoes with a height of 30 cm.
- 94.** 1. A new song has been recorded by this rock band.
2. Granny’s letters were often written in pencil.
3. How long has she been practising the piano?
4. Decisive steps must be taking by our manager.
5. The British anthem was first performed by Henry Carey.
- 95.** 1. Preparations are still making by the picnickers.
2. The milkman will deliver two bottles of milk to your door.
3. Your brother will be allowed to take part in the contest.
4. Komitas is considered a martyr of the Genocide.
5. Lee Oswald was murdered before trial, by Jack Ruby.
- 96.** 1. Our local football team is training by Johnny Ball.
2. The fields will be covered with snow in winter.
3. *The Cullinan diamond* is the largest diamond ever found.
4. Can his collection of stories be published in January?
5. It is also claimed that the song is based on a similar hymn sung at the court of Louis XIV of France.
- 97.** 1. The tomb of the young pharaoh Tutankhamon was discovered by Carter.
2. They haven’t released the exam results yet.
3. People must not leave bicycles in the driveway.
4. Are novels by Faulkner easily understood?
5. The song was brought to Britain by the Stuart *Bonnie Prince Charlie*.

- 98.** 1. I know that some metro lines are reconstructing now.
2. I was given an hour to think over the matter.
3. The French national anthem *Marseillaise* originated during the French Revolution.
4. Who will be invited to take part in our masquerade?
5. The song got its name when a unit from Marseilles entered Paris singing it.
- 99.** 1. That five-star hotel isn't being built by our company.
2. The delegation was impressed by the places of interest in Paris.
3. The Cullinan was split and cut into 7 major stones and 96 smaller stones.
4. The first colour TV was invented Hovhannes Adamyan.
5. Being composed in 1792, *Marseillaise* was officially adopted only in 1879.
- 100.** 1. Bicycles must not leave in the driveway.
2. The course will have been finished by July.
3. The door opened by a stranger.
4. All their attention is given to the baby.
5. In 1972, Chaplin was honored with an Academy Award.
- 101.** 1. Nobel's original legacy of nine million dollars was invested.
2. Women of light behavior in Old Rome were identified by their high heels.
3. Her letters been written in an illegible handwriting.
4. The statements he had made were false.
5. The workers had to paint the gate yesterday.
- 102.** 1. The language course will have finished by the end of July.
2. The professor was greeted with a storm of applause.
3. These vegetables needn't have been cooked.
4. Your parents ought to have respected.
5. Byron's poems translated into Armenian.
- 103.** 1. The old church built in the 17th century is being reconstructed now.
2. He must have forgotten about our agreement.
3. The law of relativity was discovered by Albert Einstein.
4. The captain was wounded in the naval battle.
5. Carl Jung, a Swiss founded analytical psychology.

- 104.** 1. He could have organized it much better.
2. May this agreement be signed the day after tomorrow?
3. After all I've done for them they might be more thankful.
4. Parks in London are planned to look as natural as nature itself.
5. Slavery was abolished due to the sacrifices and struggles of millions of people.
- 105.** 1. All the required documents will be given to him.
2. They may have arrived by the time we get there.
3. Must these archival documents be kept in that safe?
4. The visitors were welcomed heartily by the manager of the company.
5. Already competent on keyboard and violin, Mozart composed at the age of 5.
- 106.** 1. The cocktail party is being looked forward to.
2. This subject was discussed at the previous lecture.
3. Can be this article used in my report?
4. The walls in your living-room shouldn't have painted in dark colours.
5. At the age of 17, Mozart was engaged as a court musician in Salzburg.
- 107.** 1. That hard work should not have been done alone.
2. No Nobel awards were presented at the beginning of World War II.
3. These flowers are watered every morning.
4. The Presidential motorcade was moving slowly through the Central Square.
5. The modern European fashion of high heels comes from the Italian "chopine" style.
- 108.** 1. In 1430 chopines were prohibited in Venice.
2. A work like this could not have been done so quickly.
3. The field had covered with tall grass.
4. Have these people just started looking for gold in these mountains?
5. The invention of high heels attributed to Catherine of Medici in Paris, in the 16th century.
- 109.** 1. Recently Angela was offered an interesting job.
2. By the end of the term I'll have attended this course for 4 months.
3. Not life, but good life, is to be chiefly valued.
4. He would have given you all the necessary information.
5. Lincoln has to be remembered as the abolisher of slavery system.

- 110.** 1. This fact will surely be taken notice of.
2. Have any decisive steps taken to solve the problem?
3. Are you allowed to go to the club?
4. We noticed the old man enter the house through the back door.
5. High heels were used by Catherine of Medici because of her short stature.
- 111.** 1. A new play is being staged at the Drama theatre.
2. The doctor was immediately sent for.
3. That work needn't have done in haste.
4. Crocodiles are found in swamps and slow-moving rivers of warm countries.
5. The picture had painted in dull colours.
- 112.** 1. These LCD television-sets are made by a German firm.
2. Suddenly somebody took me by the hand.
3. He had to do the work all by himself.
4. His monotonous and boring lecture wasn't being listened to with interest.
5. In later years, the plot of *Gayane* was modified several times.
- 113.** 1. The masterpiece had painted in oil paint.
2. Have all intelligent thoughts been already thought?
3. The Dean was spoken to on the subject.
4. Everything will be arranged by the time he comes.
5. The work had done in haste.
- 114.** 1. In the 19th century, high heels were introduced into the USA.
2. The girl's earrings are made of silver.
3. Flies buzz by beating the air with their wings.
4. Plums are said to decrease your thirst on a hot day.
5. He will have to work all night to finish the report.
- 115.** 1. Purchases are paid for at the door.
2. The picture painted by Picasso was sold at a very high price.
3. A report on Modern Linguistics had made by Mr Porter.
4. Carrots are widely used in many cuisines, especially in salads.
5. Archeologists have found evidence of cosmetics or make-up used in Egypt.

- 116.** 1. The Egyptians used henna to stain their fingernails.
2. We shall have moved to a new flat by your arrival.
3. The flying object was seen to disappear in the sky.
4. This heavy hammer must have been made of iron.
5. Portions of the *Requiem* were composed by Mozart during his final years in Vienna.
- 117.** 1. Nail polish can be traced back to at least 3000 BC.
2. These extravagant dresses were made by a custom tailor.
3. Nail color used to represent social class.
4. His old note-books are thrown away at the end of the school year.
5. Mark had been very regular in his work.
- 118.** 1. The same question was repeated to him several times.
2. He had knocked down by a lorry.
3. Jane's cousin will be allowed to take part in the race.
4. Rich in fibre, a green kiwi helps improve digestion.
5. During the Chou Dynasty (600 BC), gold and silver were considered to be the royal colors.
- 119.** 1. Later, royalty started wearing black or red nail color.
2. Lower ranking women were only permitted to wear pale tones.
3. Could this hard work be done without their help?
4. The meeting could have cancelled in the morning, but it's too late now.
5. The circumstances of Mozart's early death have much mythologized.
- 120.** 1. Wearing royal colors without the rank was punished by death.
2. Are the votes being counted right now?
3. They will have sold all the tickets by the time we arrive.
4. The silence in the room was broken only by a clock upon the wall.
5. They suppose that the 35-year-old Mozart died by poisoning.
- 121.** 1. The announcement was fixed to the door for everybody to see it.
2. Grapefruit is loaded with vitamins and antioxidants.
3. The tourists arrived at the hotel by bus.
4. The kitchen walls and the ceiling were whitewashed.
5. The Congo, the world's deepest river, gets its name from the ancient *Kingdom of Kongo*.

- 122.** 1. Lemon juice has many benefits when applied directly to the skin.
2. This student's report will be discussed in a week.
3. Is that two-storied cottage made of wood?
4. The horror film affected my little brother badly.
5. Coco Chanel is considered to be a revolutionary figure in fashion history.
- 123.** 1. As a rule, their weekly work plan is discussed on Mondays.
2. My brother's car was to be fixed the day before yesterday.
3. Will your elder brother be allowed to take part in the race?
4. For nutritional reasons, we're often advised to consume the skins of fruits.
5. The world-famous perfume Chanel No. 5, introduced by Chanel in 1922.
- 124.** 1. This talented artist's works are exhibited every year.
2. The boy was punished for telling a lie.
3. Thousands of people will have seen this exhibition by the end of the month.
4. Low in fat and rich in nutrition, bananas contain healthy dietary fibre.
5. Grapefruit is supposed to be a hybrid of the pomelo fruit and the sweet orange.
- 125.** 1. Are your cousin's off-color jokes still being laughed at?
2. Traces of old civilization were first found in the east of Africa.
3. We know that a big supermarket is building there.
4. Pears contain a substance called *pectin*, which helps reduce diarrhea.
5. MBTI – a popular psychometric instrument, has been developed from Jung's theory of personality typology.
- 126.** 1. Next year by this time we shall have bought a cottage in the country.
2. Half of the total dietary fiber of the pear is found in its skin.
3. Maggie left the room hastily for us to be able to speak face to face.
4. What is this nice ring made of?
5. Antonio Stradivari is known as an Italian craftsman of string instruments.
- 127.** 1. In her white dress Sue might have been taken for twenty.
2. Something had gone wrong with the car brakes.
3. His partner wasn't told all the details of the incident.
4. His works highly appreciated by the critics.
5. The Latinized form of his surname, *Stradivarius* is often used to refer to his instruments.

- 128.** 1. Tom might often be seen sitting in the garden, contemplating.
2. Little children are not allowed to play with sharp objects.
3. I am greatly satisfied with your answer.
4. Being just operated on, the man was fed intravenously.
5. Chanel introduced her signature “little black dress” in 1926.
- 129.** 1. Karl Lagerfeld has been chief designer of Chanel’s fashion house since 1983.
2. Is this powder medicine to be taken three times a day?
3. Were these magazines published last month?
4. Stradivari was taught to make instruments by Amati.
5. Katharine Hepburn starred in the musical *Coco* based on the life of Coco Chanel.
- 130.** 1. He wasn’t trusting by his friends as he often broke his promises.
2. Plums and apricots are strongly recommended to pregnant women.
3. My neighbor’s garden is choked by weeds.
4. Stradivari’s violins often used slightly smaller dimensions.
5. David Beckham’s fashion-forward haircuts and tattoos were closely observed in the British press.
- 131.** 1. You might have let me know you weren’t coming.
2. They got lost as the compass was broken.
3. Pineapples, lemons and dried figs are believed to be good for losing weight.
4. A flying object had seen by a farmer working in a field.
5. The world-famous American hard rock band *Guns N’ Roses* was formed in 1985.
- 132.** 1. That criminal case is to be taken to the Supreme Court of Appeal.
2. The fisherman’s boat was overturned during the storm.
3. Alcoholic drinks mustn’t be sold to children.
4. Pamela can’t have passed such a difficult exam in Maths.
5. *Guns N’ Roses* formed by the vocalist Axl Rose and rhythm guitarist Izzy Stradlin.

- 133.** 1. In that glamorous dress Lily might have taken for twenty.
2. Kennedy's assassination is still the subject of widespread debate.
3. The rock band was first called *Rose*, *Hollywood Rose*, then *LA Guns*.
4. This research can't be carried out without your help.
5. Most of the best apples were introduced into Britain by Henry VIII.
- 134.** 1. Traffic rules must always be kept.
2. Had been the plan discussed before we arrived?
3. The novel was read with great interest.
4. The meeting ought to have been cancelled yesterday.
5. *Guns N' Roses* called simply by the surnames of Axl Rose and Tracii Guns.
- 135.** 1. Was he ever taught good manners?
2. That experiment is being carried out in our laboratory.
3. Written in pencil, the document had no power.
4. She has been dreaming of becoming an actress all her life.
5. As a teenager, Bruce Lee was taunted by British students for his Chinese background.
- 136.** 1. She may have had no particular feeling for him.
2. These white lilies are bought for my dear grandmother.
3. Lucy remembered how many times she had stood by an operating table.
4. Watermelon is known as a strong antioxidant.
5. James Hetfield co-founded *Metallica* in 1981.
- 137.** 1. Are these cars produced by a German firm?
2. How many guests will be invited to your wedding party?
3. The bags of flour were taken downstairs.
4. Oranges are known for their high concentration of vitamin C.
5. In Guitar World's poll, Hetfield was placed as the 19th greatest guitarist of all time.
- 138.** 1. This work must be done with due care.
2. The guests will have gathered by 6 o'clock.
3. These flowers must have been sent by David.
4. In the freeway accident some people got injured.
5. Jacqueline Kennedy married Greek shipping magnate Aristotle Onassis five years after her husband's assassination.

- 139.** 1. The price of beer was raised by the brewers.
2. Napoleon instantly appreciated the magnitude of the danger.
3. I think your brother won't allow to take part in the competition.
4. You should drive the car carefully.
5. Hetfield was ranked number 8 in Joel McIver's book *The 100 Greatest Metal Guitarists*.
- 140.** 1. Was America discovered by Christopher Columbus?
2. Where is that first-class hotel being built?
3. An apple a day will do a lot more than just keep the doctor away.
4. The facts had been thoroughly explained to her.
5. The first heavy metal bands such as *Led Zeppelin* and *Deep Purple* attracted large audiences.
- 141.** 1. The telephone had invented by Alexander Bell.
2. When will the tourists be taken to Geggard?
3. The first heavy metal bands were often derided by critics.
4. She must have been angry with me.
5. Stradivari's instruments are regarded as the finest instruments ever created.
- 142.** 1. This cottage has never been lived in.
2. The ground is covered with snow.
3. She impressed me with her grasp of the subject.
4. Judy's bike stolen the day before yesterday.
5. People are not allowed to touch anything in the museums.
- 143.** 1. He could have killed somebody by that dangerous trick.
2. Paul should have waited until the lights were green before crossing the street.
3. Is your sister's dress made of silk or nylon?
4. Like mythology, Greek philosophy has a tendency to personify ideas.
5. Stradivari's instruments are highly prized, and are still played by professionals today.
- 144.** 1. The listeners had greatly impressed by the speech.
2. How much money are the employees of this firm paid?
3. Your prompt reply will be very much appreciated.
4. The book was dedicated to her mother.
5. "Nothing Else Matters" is a power ballad by the American heavy metal band *Metallica*.

- 145.** 1. Fashions in music, as in other things, have changed over the centuries.
2. The last violin made by Stradivari was called *The Swan*.
3. The whole family congratulated Sam on his new appointment.
4. The fence was knocked down by the horses.
5. Lemon juice has long been advised as an ingredient to maintain your hair.
- 146.** 1. Going through a metal detector, I got stopped.
2. Getting bored at the party, he took French leave.
3. How were the mysterious Egyptian pyramids built?
4. The policeman wore his badge proudly.
5. "Nothing Else Matters" was released in 1992 as the third single from their self-titled album, Metallica.
- 147.** 1. Eminem awarded Global Icon Award at the 2013 MTV Europe Music Awards.
2. Lemon juice is proved to promote hair growth.
3. We were impressed by those articles in the newspaper.
4. The key to the front door may have lost.
5. In the past, instruments by Nicolò Amati and Jacob Stainer were preferred for their subtle sweetness of tone.
- 148.** 1. Will the agreement be signing tomorrow?
2. My passport and some other important documents may have been lost.
3. Would you describe this piece of music as well-written?
4. This medicine should be taken with a lot of water.
5. People suffering from morning sickness are advised to eat orange before going to bed.
- 149.** 1. Was the first motor-car invented by Benz?
2. After the earthquake the buildings had to be reconstructed.
3. The company's share price dived 19 % overnight.
4. The old tree has grown into the wall of the building.
5. The supremacy of Stradivari's and Guarneri's instruments is accepted only today.

- 150.** 1. Will the contract have been signed by 6 o'clock?
2. The paint was peeling on the window frames.
3. Remarks like that brought back painful memories.
4. Who was the first helicopter designed by?
5. As the equipment was broken, it couldn't be used in our future work any longer.
- 151.** 1. Due to their great efforts the truth was finally revealed.
2. All those years spent in prison have worn away the prisoner's resistance.
3. The country is defended with a strong navy.
4. The towel was embroidered in bright colours.
5. "Surb-Surb" is a liturgical hymn composed by one of the greatest masters of Armenian academic music, maestro Makar Yekmalian.
- 152.** 1. If you had taken the medicine, it might have helped you.
2. The professor was not satisfied with her answer.
3. He has been told everything, without concealing the facts.
4. He managed to convince the jury of his innocence.
5. The song was performed by Lusine Zakarian, one of the best performers of liturgical music.
- 153.** 1. The car was noticed to disappear in the dark.
2. Eminem is considered to be one of the best rappers of all time.
3. The X-rays discovered by the German physicist Wilhelm Conrad.
4. Those IBM-compatible computers are made in Japan.
5. Alain Delon had known as a French-born actor, with French-Swiss dual citizenship since 1999.
- 154.** 1. Signals, signs, symbols and gestures may be found in every known culture.
2. Seven times a year the offices and banks in England are closed on a Monday.
3. Is your brother's shirt made of cotton?
4. He should have given up smoking years ago.
5. The metallic ball to mix hot and cold water was invented Alec Manoukyan.

- 155.** 1. *Mona Lisa* was painted by Leonardo da Vinci.
2. Their house was being built on the other side of the river.
3. *Spartacus*, or *Spartak*, is a ballet by Aram Khachaturian.
4. A grasshopper makes sounds by rubbing one wing against the other.
5. By the age of 23 Alain Delon was being compared to French actors such as Gérard Philipe and Jean Marais.
- 156.** 1. A key to the problem must have found by Henry.
2. *Spartak* was composed in 1954.
3. No business houses and factories are open on Bank Holidays.
4. His health has been ruined by heavy smoking.
5. In 1978, Chaplin's corpse was stolen from its grave and was not recovered for three months.
- 157.** 1. For *Spartak*, Khachaturian was awarded a Lenin Prize in 1954.
2. He was fined for crossing the street in the wrong place.
3. The effect of the medicine will wear off in a few hours.
4. Three periods of babies' development have been identified.
5. *Zorro* is based on the character created by Johnston McCulley.
- 158.** 1. Suddenly the silence shattered by a loud screaming.
2. The football match between Chelsea and Liverpool must have been cancelled.
3. On 20 March 1959, Delon was engaged to actress Romy Schneider.
4. The country was proclaimed a republic.
5. The work follows the exploits of Spartacus – the leader of the slave uprising against the Romans.
- 159.** 1. The opera *Anush* had written by Armen Tigranyan.
2. Suddenly I was splashed with the red wine in her glass.
3. Is Egypt visited by thousands of tourists every year?
4. The article had rendered by the students without a mistake.
5. Every year on December 10, the anniversary of Nobel's death the awards are presented to the winners.

- 160.** 1. *Spartak* was first staged in 1956, in Leningrad.
2. They got infected by some infectious disease.
3. They will have arranged everything for the party by the time the guests arrive.
4. Alcohol slows down the work of the nervous system.
5. The prizes are awarded to people for their significant contributions to mankind.
- 161.** 1. We were not allowed to pay by cheque.
2. All our supporters were shouting for the home team.
3. The phone was answered by the director himself.
4. It must have snowed in the mountains.
5. Jacqueline Kennedy is remembered for her style, elegance and grace.
- 162.** 1. Alcohol is absorbed very quickly into the blood.
2. A well-balanced diet should be prescribed for you.
3. Chocolate is made from milk and cocoa.
4. What can we do to defend ourselves against continuously rising prices?
5. The police are trying to reconstruct the crime from all the separate pieces of information.
- 163.** 1. He was given a second chance to prove his innocence.
2. The authorities at once cheerfully granted all that they asked.
3. Each year in the United States about 25,000 people are killed by drunk drivers.
4. Was this nice cottage sold for 200 thousand pounds last year?
5. The recipients of the Nobel Prize are chosen by an international committee in Sweden.
- 164.** 1. A committee should be set up to examine such questions.
2. People are aware of the erosion of the American Dream.
3. Is Yerevan visited by a lot of foreigners today?
4. They won't have discussed all the questions by 6 o' clock.
5. The American flag was designed during the American Revolution.
- 165.** 1. His romance would have ended harmlessly if he hadn't made a stupid mistake.
2. This temple was built a century ago.
3. The instinct for self-preservation is the strongest we have.
4. The government minister hinted at an early election.
5. Grapes are proved to prevent serious diseases such as cancer or heart disorders.

- 166.** 1. Everybody was impressed by the wonderful play.
2. These machines are operated by electricity.
3. Cases have been reported of men over 120 getting married and having children.
4. A big snowman is making by the schoolchildren.
5. The distinctive feature of the Betsy Ross flag is the arrangement of the stars in a circle.
- 167.** 1. My friends were impressed by his speech.
2. Fans making trouble during the World Cup will be severely dealt with.
3. After the rainstorm she looked as if she had taken a shower with her clothes on.
4. She had granted pension by the government.
5. Oscar Wilde was involved in aesthetic and decadent movements during his days at Oxford.
- 168.** 1. Will a new bike be bought for your cousin next month?
2. Is his mother's bracelet making of gold?
3. He evaded the real issues in his report.
4. The programme is designed to help older welfare dependent people.
5. According to the traditional account, the original flag was made in June 1776.
- 169.** 1. The hall was decorated with candles and flowers.
2. Jogging is done by many people for exercise.
3. Vinegar is now mainly used as a cooking ingredient.
4. The Nobel Peace Prize awarded to Martin Luther King in 1964.
5. Marilyn Monroe, a famous American actress, began a career as a model, which led to a film contract in 1946 with Twentieth Century-Fox.
- 170.** 1. The man had known to evade paying taxes.
2. They were forbidden to get engaged in any business.
3. Vinegar used to be a general household cleanser.
4. Was the new furniture arranged yesterday evening?
5. Only the peace prize is awarded in Oslo by a committee of the Norwegian Parliament.

- 171.** 1. Gregory has got an unassailable alibi.
2. A standing ovation was given to the guitar player.
3. The city of Alexandria was founded in 331 by Alexander, King of Macedonia.
4. Nick was taught how to play backgammon, wasn't he?
5. Elvis Presley came from very humble beginnings and grew up to become one of the biggest names in rock 'n' roll.
- 172.** 1. This world-famous painting painted by Van Gogh.
2. Aristotle taught Alexander philosophy, poetry, drama, science and politics.
3. The presents are often piled around the Christmas tree.
4. Vinegar with baking soda considered as one of the most effective ways to unclog and deodorize drains.
5. In an effort to produce the largest, fastest and most luxurious ship afloat, the Titanic was built.
- 173.** 1. This medicine is to be taken twice a day.
2. Will a new laptop have bought for you tomorrow?
3. In Britain, the day after Christmas is called *Boxing Day*.
4. What can we do to urge these lazy workers to greater production?
5. Left-handed people are considered to have a greater aptitude for language skills.
- 174.** 1. The war involved a great increase in the national debt.
2. Tracts of farmland were divided by stone walls.
3. Vinegar may be used to make your silverware shine.
4. The Nobel Peace Prize was awarded to Andrey Sakharov in 1975.
5. With the collapse of the Persian Army, Alexander became "King of the Four Quarters of the World."
- 175.** 1. Are your children invited to the party?
2. Will you have made the cake by the time the guests arrive?
3. We put forward an idea for discussion.
4. Carpet stains may be removed by using vinegar.
5. Obama was voted *Left-Hander of the Year 2008* by members of the Left-Handers' Club, just before becoming the 44th US President.

- 176.** 1. Lots of people were arrested yesterday.
2. I was dragged into helping with the meeting.
3. This part of the field has been divided off with a fence.
4. Many important businessmen began as factory workers.
5. Bruce Lee's son Brandon Lee died of a gunshot wound after an accidental shooting on the set of the film *The Crow*.
- 177.** 1. The sky is covered with clouds.
2. The factory may close down if supplies cease.
3. Ballpoint-pen marks can be erased rubbing with vinegar.
4. The students had been forbidden to take part in the meeting.
5. Barack Obama, the first African-American president of the United States, was elected in 2008.
- 178.** 1. Many modern Easter symbols come from pagan times.
2. The Statue of Liberty was given to the United States by France in 1884.
3. Was a nice bunch of flowers sent to Jenny last week?
4. Another world war could mean the end of civilization.
5. Monroe has often been cited as a pop icon.
- 179.** 1. Our conversation might have been overheard.
2. The Statue of Liberty given a present on the 100th anniversary of the USA.
3. She was dismissed for her incompetence.
4. The world had divided into the idle rich and the labouring poor.
5. Beethoven's *Moonlight Sonata* was devoted to one of his students, Countess Giulietta Guiccardi.
- 180.** 1. Sign language, the language used by the deaf, has a five-hundred-year history.
2. The signal of recall was given by the admiral.
3. Some of the mistakes cannot be corrected.
4. They hope to have finished building their new house by winter.
5. Breathing in the smoke, non-smokers are exposed to the same hazardous chemicals as smokers are.

- 181.** 1. She served the old man faithfully, hoping to have remembered in his will.
2. People can be divided into agricultural and manufacturing.
3. The town relies on the seasonal tourist industry for jobs.
4. Vinegar is used to soothe a bee sting and a mosquito bite.
5. The Statue of Liberty was designed by a French sculptor, Fredric Auguste Bartholdi.
- 182.** 1. I was invited to a party at the Greek Embassy.
2. You needn't have helped him with his diploma work.
3. The statue represented the goddess of liberty.
4. The life of the flowers in the vase may be prolonged by adding a little vinegar and sugar.
5. On the tablet in the statue's left hand the date of the Declaration of Independence (July 4, 1776) can be seen.
- 183.** 1. The writer dragged on an unhappy existence for many years.
2. The airliner disappeared off their radar.
3. The worker was dismissed for his laziness.
4. That poor dog has been shut up in the house all day.
5. Gustave Eiffel designed and built the frame work which holds the copper sheeting in place.
- 184.** 1. The temple of Garni had been built long before Christianity was adopted.
2. Leadership does not rest on the exercise of force alone.
3. Small nations often have to combine against the power of a large one.
4. We can cure an upset stomach by drinking two teaspoons Apple Cider Vinegar in one cup water.
5. On November 6, 2012, Obama was re-elected for his second term as President of the United States.
- 185.** 1. When will the new play *Macbeth* be staged?
2. That joke has been laughed at for a long time.
3. Many writers had tried to imitate the language of Shakespeare.
4. The fingerprints were identical with those of the convicted person.
5. In the Urartian period the walls of the fortress were reinforced.

- 186.** 1. A new play is rehearsing at the Drama theatre.
2. My blue bag has disappeared from the shelf.
3. The rolling chairs were removed downstairs.
4. Salt with vinegar used to clean coffee and tea stains from chinaware.
5. Beethoven's engagement to Giulietta was forbidden by her father for the lack of enough high rank on the social ladder.
- 187.** 1. The tickets should have been booked in advance.
2. Tars are brown substances containing hundreds of cancer-causing chemicals.
3. The builder has been examining the wall for cracks.
4. She has appeared on stage many times.
5. The Temple of Artemis is considered one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World.
- 188.** 1. The button has sewn on your coat by your sister.
2. He has got a complete command of his emotions.
3. How many people have subscribed for the book?
4. The Nobel Peace Prize was given to the 14th Dalai Lama (religious name: Tenzin Gyatso) in 1989.
5. *Great Expectations* is regarded by some critics as Dickens's most perfectly executed work of art.
- 189.** 1. Flood victims received a full measure of aid.
2. The soldier defended his friends by sacrificing his life.
3. The possibility of new negotiations was discussed at the meeting.
4. The confidential documents are kept shut up in a strongbox.
5. The Statue of Liberty considered an icon of freedom and a welcoming signal to immigrants arriving from abroad.
- 190.** 1. I will have sent the money to you without any delay by next week.
2. The coach was calculated to carry six regular passengers.
3. They are not ready to gamble their careers on this matter.
4. The boy had sneaked out of the room while we were talking.
5. The Temple of Artemis at Ephesus was built to honor the goddess of the moon and the hunt Artemis, the daughter of Zeus and Leto.

- 191.** 1. The hot sun deprived the flowers of water.
2. All the necessary wedding accessories can be bought at this shop.
3. *The Ninth Wave* was painted in 1850 by Armenian marine painter Aivazovsky.
4. The aqualung invented in Paris by Jacques Cousteau and Emile Gagnan.
5. The Nobel Peace Prize for 2009 was awarded to Barack Obama.
- 192.** 1. The Temple of Artemis was burned to the ground by Herostratus.
2. When driving home, we were stuck in thick mud.
3. Public opinion can contribute to government decisions.
4. The huge stadium was slowly being filled by the crowd.
5. Bruce Lee enrolled as a philosophy major at the University of Washington.
- 193.** 1. Herostratus burnt the Temple of Artemis to make himself famous.
2. These apricot-trees will have blossomed by the end of this month.
3. No better reply could have been given in such a situation.
4. Fresh air and exercise contribute to good health.
5. The music to the national anthem of Armenia was written by a Lebanese-Armenian composer Barsegh Kanachyan.
- 194.** 1. This room should be aired at least twice a day.
2. After the fire anyone speaking Herostratus's name was sentenced to death.
3. The possibility of new negotiations are being discussed.
4. People harm their health by smoking.
5. Fashion designers are rarely concerned with vital things like warmth and comfort.
- 195.** 1. On the very day the temple had destroyed, Alexander the Great had born.
2. Such an expensive car needn't have been bought.
3. Were a lot of new houses built in our city last year?
4. Teddy shouldn't have eaten so much ice-cream.
5. Clothes are often discarded because of the dictates of fashion.
- 196.** 1. The film about aliens and flying objects will have made by July.
2. The benches in the park were being painted green.
3. Your bill will be brought in a moment.
4. Fashion designers are mostly interested in outward appearance.
5. In 1997 Diana, Princess of Wales, died as a result of injuries sustained in a car crash in Paris.

- 197.** 1. I must be warned about the coming danger.
2. No patient is being operated on right now.
3. People close to your age are called your *peers*.
4. The importance of your work is not diminished by these few remarks.
5. *Nicotine* – the drug in cigarettes, leads many smokers to form the bad habit of smoking.
- 198.** 1. What we choose to buy is partly dictated by the fashion industry.
2. Sound is measured in units called *decibels*.
3. Television and computers robbed the cinema of its former popularity.
4. Was a new doll bought for little Lucy yesterday?
5. If you wanted to have an unusual hairstyle, you should have consulted with my stylist.
- 199.** 1. Many different things are sold at this trade centre.
2. She will have made all her purchases by tomorrow.
3. Was the urgent message sent yesterday evening?
4. Will this question be discussed next Tuesday?
5. The name “Stradivarius” has become a superlative often associated with excellence.
- 200.** 1. My companions were impressed by her singing.
2. I hope it will have stopped snowing by tomorrow morning.
3. Will be the children taken to the museum tomorrow?
4. That big monument is made of brass.
5. All the tense-forms can be used in the Passive Voice, except for the Perfect Continuous tenses and the Future Continuous.

Section 3

Համապատասխանեցնել նախադասության երկու մասերը:
Match the beginning and the end of the sentences.

1

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| <p>A. Nowadays it is quite common for</p> <p>B. The first curry house in England was</p> <p>C. Fish and chips is the oldest kind of British food</p> <p>D. It is common to find British restaurants that</p> | <p>1. operated by an Indian immigrant.</p> <p>2. still eaten today.</p> <p>3. both parents to work.</p> <p>4. that has recently been invented.</p> <p>5. have food from other cultures.</p> <p>6. three meals a day.</p> |
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2

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| <p>A. The writer Kazuo Isiguro was born in Japan,</p> <p>B. Although his first book was about Brazil,</p> <p>C. Orlando's daughter lost her hearing</p> <p>D. The boys got a job at the supermarket</p> | <p>1. after they finish high school.</p> <p>2. but his family emigrated to Britain when he was five.</p> <p>3. as they have become older.</p> <p>4. at the age of one.</p> <p>5. he didn't visit the country for many years.</p> <p>6. through a special programme.</p> |
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3

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| <p>A. The authorities warned</p> <p>B. He announced</p> <p>C. Mary told</p> <p>D. Fred should tell the manager that</p> | <p>1. the public about the imminent danger.</p> <p>2. his retirement from international football.</p> <p>3. to the woman who came in.</p> <p>4. a final decision hasn't been reached yet.</p> <p>5. the man who approached him.</p> <p>6. me she had found a well-paid job.</p> |
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4

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| <p>A. In future blind people will use a visual sensor</p> <p>B. There will be a time when we'll be able to</p> <p>C. R. Kurzweil is the author of <i>The Age of Intelligent Machines</i></p> <p>D. Scientists are already putting chips into the brain</p> | <p>1. to help people who have Parkinson's disease.</p> <p>2. built into a pair of sunglasses.</p> <p>3. is not likely to recognize voices.</p> <p>4. by helping people with hearing disorders.</p> <p>5. download our entire consciousness onto a computer.</p> <p>6. and is one of the world's best computer research scientists.</p> |
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5

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|---|--|
| <p>A. If the building catches fire,</p> <p>B. Unless they invited me,</p> <p>C. If the weather changes for the worse,</p> <p>D. If they ask me,</p> | <p>1. they would switch off the TV set.</p> <p>2. William would not go to hospital.</p> <p>3. I will try to arrange the matter.</p> <p>4. leave it by the emergency exit.</p> <p>5. I would never go to their wedding party.</p> <p>6. we shall not have a picnic.</p> |
|---|--|

6

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>A. The police found the robber without difficulty as he</p> <p>B. When the man broke into the house, the police</p> <p>C. A man who had climbed Mount Everest six times</p> <p>D. An unemployed man who tried to print his own money was</p> | <p>1. had left a business card at the bank with his phone number on it.</p> <p>2. by using black ink on the notes instead of green.</p> <p>3. caught as soon as he tried to spend it.</p> <p>4. arrested him at once.</p> <p>5. has attacked the enemy.</p> <p>6. died at home as a result of a fall.</p> |
|---|---|

7

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>A. There are no cars and lorries in Venice, but there are</p> <p>B. There is not much to do in this town</p> <p>C. The town has got a cathedral</p> <p>D. Rio de Janeiro has got some</p> | <p>1. it's not far to walk anywhere in the city.</p> <p>2. a world famous festival held every year in Brazil.</p> <p>3. many water buses on the main canals all day and night.</p> <p>4. but I still love it here.</p> <p>5. attractive parks and beautiful beaches.</p> <p>6. but it hasn't got a theatre.</p> |
|--|---|

8

- A. The hostess treated us warmly and asked
- B. While you were taking the dog for a walk someone called
- C. The director called a meeting
- D. Before I wrote my homework exercise

- 1. you on your mobile phone.
- 2. to discuss the issue of discipline in the office.
- 3. which the teacher would explain.
- 4. I had learnt to retell the text.
- 5. as she wanted to take the children to the zoo.
- 6. us to help ourselves to the sweets.

9

- A. In 1999 Tori Murden was the first woman who
- B. She determined not to send a signal
- C. She has been on mountaineering expeditions,
- D. They couldn't get the boat out of the sea as

- 1. including climbs in Alaska.
- 2. asking to be rescued.
- 3. the sea was too rough.
- 4. therefore there was a hurricane.
- 5. that's how the accident happened.
- 6. rowed solo across the Atlantic.

10

- A. Helen is tired,
- B. Your son spends all night in chat rooms
- C. Ordering take-away food every day
- D. My nephew spoke French perfectly

- 1. she has been writing job applications since morning.
- 2. is awful diet.
- 3. as they had left for France the day before.
- 4. which is dangerous for both physical and mental health.
- 5. is exposed to high cancer risk.
- 6. because he had studied it since childhood.

11

- A. Linda was wearing the leather coat
- B. A parachute enables a person to jump from an aircraft
- C. Robert used to wake up very late
- D. The parachute consists of a large piece of thin cloth

- 1. when he was on holiday.
- 2. which she is determined to purchase on Sunday.
- 3. as though he had bought a new iPad.
- 4. she had bought at the mall a few days before.
- 5. attached to your body by strings.
- 6. and float safely to the ground.

12

- A. Sam wondered why
- B. Uncle Jack asked how many
- C. My colleague asked what
- D. Granny suggested

- 1. to redecorate the hall.
- 2. I hadn't bought tickets to the concert.
- 3. trees we had planted.
- 4. work had we done.
- 5. planting roses in the garden.
- 6. I thought of his plan.

13

- A. Pet owners have a special understanding
- B. People who commit suicide deliberately kill
- C. The story is especially remarkable for the way it teaches children
- D. Little Charlotte does everything she can to stop the farmer

- 1. convincing the farmer that he is a genius.
- 2. with their animals.
- 3. from killing the pig.
- 4. how to deal with problems.
- 5. themselves because they do not want to continue living.
- 6. are very loyal to their owners.

14

- A. In the past teens usually spent a lot of money on sweets, but now
- B. Most of the boys and girls in my class seem to
- C. I prefer texting my friends on my mobile – I hate
- D. The most common jobs for a woman of her age are

- 1. and these days people use instant messaging to talk to friends.
- 2. it means some of them are working.
- 3. spend a lot of free time on computers.
- 4. sitting in front of a computer for hours.
- 5. they spend most of it on mobile phone cards.
- 6. babysitting, washing and cleaning the house.

15

- A. Little Johnny fell down
- B. What did you use to do
- C. Teresa wore her hair long
- D. Was Peter painting the ceiling

- 1. when you worked in this office?
- 2. while you were sweeping the floor?
- 3. during the official dinner at the town hall?
- 4. as he was jumping on the bed.
- 5. when she was six years old.
- 6. because she was ten.

16

- A. Dennis Tito, a 60-year-old multi-millionaire from New York was
- B. The taxi arrived late,
- C. We ran through the terminal to the department lounge where
- D. To go to space the man had to pay

- 1. certainly an unusual journey.
- 2. the first tourist ever in space.
- 3. everyone was waiting to get on the plane.
- 4. space travel will belong to the public.
- 5. so we missed the flight.
- 6. a sum of \$20 million.

17

- A. If something is bothering you,
- B. The guy sitting behind us keeps
- C. Just try to avoid eye contact
- D. What do you think she's gesturing

- 1. leaning forward – do you think he is trying to listen to us?
- 2. to hear our conversation.
- 3. say it out loud – don't whisper to your friends.
- 4. did they help you?
- 5. at? Do you think she is in trouble?
- 6. with Gerald if you don't want to talk to him.

18

- A. The reason why I like this programme is that the characters are interesting
- B. There is something in this soap opera for everyone,
- C. I watched the first 6 episodes of the series
- D. The audience enjoyed the performance a lot despite

- 1. but also because the presenters are really funny.
- 2. but then I got bored.
- 3. the cold in the hall.
- 4. there were no seats.
- 5. no matter how old they are.
- 6. and you get into their lives.

19

- A. Presently the detectives will be questioning the man
- B. They will have rebuilt the theatre building
- C. Susan dared not utter a word to defend herself
- D. The children will be

- 1. which took place in the town central square on Sunday.
- 2. in connection with last night's robbery.
- 3. by the end of the coming year.
- 4. being well aware that she would lose her job.
- 5. enjoying their holidays in summer.
- 6. lecture at 11:30 on Tuesday.

20

- A. If you agree to what I say,
- B. Just sit
- C. Please, contact me
- D. Try not to look nervous

- 1. that it's not too far from the underground station.
- 2. even if you are worried.
- 3. nod your head three times.
- 4. if you require further information on the case.
- 5. I would have arranged an appointment with them.
- 6. back in your armchair and enjoy the film

21

- A. If she'd studied harder for the test,
- B. I shouldn't have asked Rick for help
- C. He wouldn't drive so fast if
- D. I should listen to my parents

- 1. before it was too late.
- 2. she would have got a better mark.
- 3. because I think they are right.
- 4. he knew that the policeman was there.
- 5. and wrote Tim an e-mail apologizing for what I said.
- 6. as I knew he was busy studying for his exams.

22

- A. In Sweden the winters are very cold,
- B. The sari has its own distinctive style
- C. Young people in my country are casual
- D. You can find many pubs in Dublin

- 1. with their jeans and T-shirts.
- 2. so children and teenagers are more casual than their parents.
- 3. and they are open all day.
- 4. so overcoats and ski jackets are very common.
- 5. depending on which part of India it comes from.
- 6. because many people wear western-style clothes.

23

- A. Did they see the Wax Museum when
- B. I failed to call Nancy
- C. We would have gone to the station to meet them
- D. What were you doing

- 1. on their arrival at Vienna Airport?
- 2. if they had told us their exact arrival time.
- 3. they were in London last spring?
- 4. as I was busy packing my things for the trip.
- 5. because I bought a new cell phone.
- 6. when I phoned you yesterday morning?

24

- A. I don't mind where to go
- B. The news was much worse
- C. I was very proud
- D. Alice hardly knew

- 1. so long as my friends are with me.
- 2. even if I had a chance to quit this job.
- 3. be it a friend or an enemy.
- 4. than anyone had feared.
- 5. why Susan thought badly of Sally.
- 6. when I passed my final exams.

25

- A. The National Museum is on
- B. Dawson Street is
- C. They have moved to a new flat
- D. Jerry bought a new car on

- 1. in a very new building in Potsdam.
- 2. the sales last Sunday.
- 3. that she feels healthier now.
- 4. the corner of College Green and Westmoreland Street.
- 5. and now lives in London.
- 6. between St Stephen's Green and Nassau Street.

26

- A. For optimists thirty is one of the happiest ages, for pessimists
- B. She thinks she is cultured
- C. Water starts to boil at 100°
- D. You need to take a little more care

- 1. and turns into vapour.
- 2. he drives a Volkswagen now.
- 3. it is the minimum age for buying alcohol in Armenia.
- 4. merely because she is always polite.
- 5. it marks the end of feeling young.
- 6. of your body.

27

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>A. The sportsmen had been staying at the hotel</p> <p>B. Who was peeling the potatoes</p> <p>C. What happened at the time</p> <p>D. I didn't use to attend Geography classes</p> | <p>1. while Mother was cutting the meat?</p> <p>2. because I was at University.</p> <p>3. you were having a break?</p> <p>4. when I was a college student.</p> <p>5. before they rented a flat.</p> <p>6. and neither were their teammates.</p> |
|---|---|

28

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>A. After the interruption, the speaker went on talking</p> <p>B. Millions of people around the world continue to smoke</p> <p>C. In summer a lot of tourists usually walk round the town</p> <p>D. I didn't realize what he was saying because</p> | <p>1. without sightseeing and photographs.</p> <p>2. looking at the sights and taking photographs.</p> <p>3. in spite of the fact that it causes cancer.</p> <p>4. as if nothing had happened.</p> <p>5. so they don't work here any more.</p> <p>6. my mind was on something else.</p> |
|---|---|

29

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>A. It is so annoying to find somebody in your own room</p> <p>B. Many of the international problems we are facing now</p> <p>C. A good student must know</p> <p>D. The house was in darkness</p> | <p>1. linguistic incompetence.</p> <p>2. are the result of misunderstandings.</p> <p>3. how to study effectively.</p> <p>4. reading your personal letters.</p> <p>5. lack the ability to understand each other.</p> <p>6. except for a light in the kitchen.</p> |
|---|--|

30

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>A. The children were very tired</p> <p>B. She was still feeling bad</p> <p>C. Tommy had eaten too many sweets</p> <p>D. All the participants of the meeting were pleased</p> | <p>1. with the decision of the Board.</p> <p>2. though she had taken some medicine.</p> <p>3. and was feeling sick.</p> <p>4. after they had walked several kilometres.</p> <p>5. because he was still very hungry.</p> <p>6. since they had woken up in the morning.</p> |
|---|---|

31

- A. Dora wants to lose weight
- B. I am saving some money
- C. Bob was in such a hurry
- D. Sue left for Berlin

- 1. buying expensive kitchen appliances.
- 2. and he caught the 5 o'clock train to Birmingham.
- 3. that he left the documents at home.
- 4. where she was employed by a computer company.
- 5. because I want to travel around the world.
- 6. so she is going to cut down on bread.

32

- A. We can have a pet
- B. George will furnish his bedroom
- C. He would carry my bags for me
- D. I shall take my mobile phone with me

- 1. provided my boss doesn't reply to my e-mail.
- 2. provided that you promise to look after it properly.
- 3. when he finds high-quality furniture.
- 4. in case someone phones.
- 5. on condition that I gave him \$10.
- 6. unless he has kitchen furniture.

33

- A. The teacher will be checking
- B. Little John is going to wash
- C. Kate's children were
- D. The tourists will be

- 1. his bicycle in the morning.
- 2. at the moment.
- 3. our tests after classes.
- 4. to reply to my e-mail tomorrow.
- 5. going sightseeing tomorrow.
- 6. listening to music yesterday evening.

34

- A. I had finished reading the newspaper
- B. The boss would have fired Sally
- C. Father was watering the trees
- D. I went to the café

- 1. if she hadn't promised to be more punctual.
- 2. till I had arranged to meet Sue there.
- 3. where I had first met Gina.
- 4. after I gave it to Nancy.
- 5. and gave it to my brother.
- 6. he had planted the year before.

35

- A. The plane took off in time
- B. Nelly was very tired
- C. Everybody knows
- D. There is too much traffic

- 1. so she lay down on the sofa to have a rest.
- 2. that's why I don't go to work by car.
- 3. that Jupiter is the largest planet in the Solar system.
- 4. whether the government would make a wise decision.
- 5. because there wasn't much air traffic.
- 6. so Jupiter has rings around it.

36

- A. It turned out that we used to
- B. Will she ever get used to
- C. His mother used
- D. Were your colleagues used

- 1. to sharing a room at the hostel.
- 2. treating like a child.
- 3. to be very slim when she was young.
- 4. the strict regulations at the office?
- 5. attend the same music school.
- 6. to the boss's ignorant attitude?

37

- A. This is a non-smoking area,
- B. Sherlock Holmes enjoyed smoking his pipe
- C. When A.C. Doyle didn't feel like writing any more detective stories,
- D. Under the pressure from his readers,

- 1. drawn specially for them.
- 2. while he thought about his latest case.
- 3. the writer brought Holmes back to life.
- 4. so you can't smoke here.
- 5. he decided to kill his heroes.
- 6. she moves to her country house.

38

- A. If matters get worse
- B. The weather was sunny,
- C. If the terms were beneficial,
- D. As the weather was fine

- 1. unless there were clouds in the sky.
- 2. we decided to have a picnic by the river.
- 3. I would have accepted their proposal.
- 4. consequently he went to bed very early.
- 5. we shall have to inform the police.
- 6. so we decided to go to the beach.

39

- A. Maria didn't put up with her colleagues
- B. This is the first time
- C. If you smile all the time
- D. Why she was dismissed

- 1. that she has praised her employees.
- 2. people will think that you are mad.
- 3. remains a mystery.
- 4. therefore she found another workplace.
- 5. when this bridge was built.
- 6. because we are badly paid.

40

- A. I can't imagine living with someone
- B. The seahorse is a fish
- C. It's not always easy to learn
- D. One of the advantages of this device is

- 1. that it can run on batteries as well.
- 2. how some expressions become part of the language.
- 3. but its head looks like a horse.
- 4. consequently we can't eat fish for dinner.
- 5. who never stops talking.
- 6. not only because it is the specialty of this restaurant.

41

- A. What I find attractive in Paul
- B. When I think of Brazil,
- C. Despite sitting in a cold stadium
- D. Whatever the weather is tomorrow,

- 1. was his own decision.
- 2. I think of their football team.
- 3. we shall go to the stadium to see the football match.
- 4. is his respectful attitude towards everyone.
- 5. immediately find myself there.
- 6. we enjoyed the match.

42

- A. Robert won't be learning
- B. Will the child be eating
- C. Will she be going
- D. Shall we

- 1. asking no questions at the next lesson.
- 2. make a chocolate cake tonight?
- 3. his lesson from 2 to 3 p.m.
- 4. porridge today?
- 5. to the hairdresser's on Monday?
- 6. doing sports yesterday.

43

- A. Unless Sue is careful,
- B. If you borrowed Dick's iPhone,
- C. Unless they trust our company,
- D. If your brother touches your things,

- 1. Sam would never beat him.
- 2. Father won't break the plate.
- 3. she will break the glass.
- 4. Mother would be angry with you.
- 5. will you be angry with him?
- 6. they will insist on a written agreement.

44

- A. The doctor warned the man
- B. You must sit still
- C. George was the first person
- D. Henry was fired

- 1. who applied for that post.
- 2. although he hadn't been honest.
- 3. when the doctor is feeling your pulse.
- 4. because he had been dishonest.
- 5. that smoking was harmful for his lungs.
- 6. taking the medicine twice a day.

45

- A. They would agree to collaborate unless they suspected us
- B. He won't report me to the police
- C. My boss will demand an explanation if he finds
- D. I would report to the police if someone broke

- 1. out what we have done.
- 2. in case the weather changes for the better.
- 3. of dishonesty.
- 4. provided I return the stolen necklace.
- 5. provided that they robbed the shop.
- 6. into my house.

46

- A. Competitors in this sporting event can
- B. People have always been
- C. Most cities and towns have official skate parks
- D. If we win this match,

- 1. fascinated by space travel.
- 2. we'll become world champions.
- 3. provide young singers with learning opportunities.
- 4. become very famous in the skating world.
- 5. provided by the local council.
- 6. to pay to use the facilities.

47

- A. They will install the new equipment
- B. My sister will have done the rooms
- C. We had had dinner
- D. Peter will have defended his doctoral thesis

- 1. before Dad came home.
- 2. by the end of last century.
- 3. next week.
- 4. by the time the children return from school.
- 5. last year.
- 6. by next spring.

48

- A. The Jarawa are nomadic people
- B. The people on this island
- C. *Survival* is an international organization
- D. As a result of the elections

- 1. he became the company's president.
- 2. are fighting for their rights to own their land.
- 3. which helps endangered tribes.
- 4. and to make their own choices about how they live.
- 5. moving from place to place to find food.
- 6. as it was a disaster for tribal peoples.

49

- A. How important is the money for you
- B. What are you doing
- C. A lot of students have decided to study IT at university
- D. She has been working at a primary school

- 1. in order to get the job you want?
- 2. it's usually badly paid, but I like working with children.
- 3. definitely wouldn't want to do?
- 4. when you choose your future job?
- 5. for the last few years.
- 6. as they think they can get well-paid jobs that way.

50

- A. My dad doesn't like his new office
- B. She used to run every morning, but now she can't
- C. We have run out of sugar, so
- D. I couldn't drink the tea they served as

- 1. because of a problem with her knee.
- 2. I have to go to the shop to buy some.
- 3. because it isn't comfortable enough.
- 4. I don't like it with milk.
- 5. as all the shops close for lunchtime here.
- 6. he didn't use to like it when still a child.

51

- A. Fiona asked
- B. The detective wondered whose
- C. Mr Trench asked when
- D. The police officer asked what

- 1. car was I driving.
- 2. or how we had spent the skiing holiday.
- 3. I was planning to do next.
- 4. if I could help her with that work.
- 5. briefcase lay on the bench.
- 6. the meeting would be held.

52

- A. Sophie got her first computer when she was eight,
- B. She came second in the race in
- C. The expedition worked in the mountains under
- D. Danny started sailing when he was ten

- 1. most terrible circumstances.
- 2. going out on sailing trips with his aunt.
- 3. despite rough weather conditions.
- 4. spite of so many obstacles.
- 5. and she's been interested in the Internet since then.
- 6. as she wasn't interested in computer design.

53

- A. Easter Island, about halfway between Chile and Tahiti,
- B. A long time ago travellers noticed
- C. Seahenge is located in Norfolk,
- D. The scientists couldn't understand how the statues were

- 1. some strange lines on the ground on Easter Island.
- 2. in the east of England.
- 3. cooked in the oven.
- 4. these drawings are at least 1500 years old.
- 5. moved to their present position.
- 6. is the world's most mysterious island.

54

- A. It is not surprising
 - B. Greta never forgives an insult
 - C. Dick found a wallet
 - D. The assistant refused to give me the diamond ring
- 1. until I gave her the money.
 - 2. while her sister forgives easily.
 - 3. because he gave the book to his teacher.
 - 4. that everybody should be present at the ceremony.
 - 5. which turned out to be the teacher's.
 - 6. as though he were the happiest man on earth.

55

- A. The University of Santiago de Compostella has been
 - B. Yerevan State University was
 - C. Last year a number of unknown tribes were
 - D. This international association has
- 1. founded in 1919.
 - 2. discovered in various parts of the world.
 - 3. recognized as one of the most prestigious universities in Spain.
 - 4. members in more than 40 countries.
 - 5. the survivors of the plane crash.
 - 6. offer scholarships to advanced students.

56

- A. The style of an Islamic wedding varies depending
 - B. All my friends and relatives were invited
 - C. My birthday was a great occasion
 - D. Thousands of people were left without shelter
- 1. to share a meal and celebrate the event.
 - 2. with a prayer that marriage will never end.
 - 3. on the cultural background of the couple.
 - 4. after the severe earthquake.
 - 5. for violating the rules.
 - 6. in a restaurant with hundreds of people.

57

- A. She knew that going at 140 kph was breaking the law but
- B. If he doesn't slow down,
- C. I am sorry we are late; the car broke down
- D. He turned the job down because

- 1. and we had to get a bus.
- 2. you would be crazy to lose the opportunity.
- 3. it was badly paid.
- 4. she didn't think she'd have an accident.
- 5. as four innocent people are in hospital with serious injuries.
- 6. he is going to have an accident.

58

- A. I prefer to work with people
- B. You will be contacted by phone or email
- C. I would like to improve my skills
- D. My son will work as an assistant for a web design studio

- 1. through learning from others.
- 2. for an interview.
- 3. because she doesn't mind working overtime.
- 4. who have more experience than me.
- 5. during the summer holidays.
- 6. in a hundred years or so.

59

- A. My cousin will be meeting
- B. Will they be
- C. What will his friends be
- D. We won't

- 1. dinner at the restaurant.
- 2. making arrangements for the party?
- 3. doing after classes?
- 4. us at the station.
- 5. be sailing across the Channel.
- 6. going to the park last evening.

60

- A. Have you ever told
- B. Don't you think it would be
- C. Is it uncommon for people to speak
- D. Did she say

- 1. Russian in this country?
- 2. good-bye to us when she left?
- 3. a good idea to have a break now?
- 4. making arrangements for the trip?
- 5. a joke at which no one laughed?
- 6. foreign language in this city?

61

- A. Teenage criminals need to be shown that crime does not pay and
- B. I believe the solution
- C. We persuaded her to give up the idea
- D. The detective was strictly ordered

- 1. to spy on the man day and night.
- 2. protecting the world from villains.
- 3. of joining the BMG music club.
- 4. should be taught other ways to live.
- 5. for solving certain mathematical problems.
- 6. to the problem of teenage crime is in education.

62

- A. My dad works in a restaurant
- B. They stopped for a rest
- C. I have bought a new car
- D. I've moved to Bristol

- 1. going to the shopping centre on foot.
- 2. where they serve fantastic seafood.
- 3. and now I drive to work.
- 4. after walking six kilometers.
- 5. with more and more tourists visiting the country.
- 6. and I like it here very much.

63

- A. Viktor Frankenstein imagines
- B. Dad offered
- C. Today's audiences continue
- D. Young and old, male and female, audiences will

- 1. to lend me his car for the weekend.
- 2. agree that Bond films are still great entertainment.
- 3. borrow my bicycle next Sunday.
- 4. living in a world where people control life and death.
- 5. to enjoy the 007 series more than 40 years after its first appearance.
- 6. with popularity as big as it has ever been.

64

- A. We live next to a busy road, so I am used to
- B. I didn't recognize Jill as she was
- C. They used to
- D. I've worked in Argentina for five years, so I've got used

- 1. live in the city, but they moved to the country last year.
- 2. sleeping with lots of noise.
- 3. to speaking Spanish.
- 4. wearing dark sunglasses.
- 5. not to speak in public.
- 6. to take the old man to hospital.

65

- A. Anger is a feeling that can be caused
- B. It's important that the children
- C. These days there are rules everywhere we go
- D. You can control your angry feelings with

- 1. learn relaxation techniques.
- 2. behave themselves when they are in a public place.
- 3. a few simple techniques.
- 4. by both external and internal events.
- 5. and it's hard to obey them all.
- 6. despite breaking them.

66

- A. Greg was delighted
- B. The company director told
- C. Mother said
- D. Linda thanked

- 1. the man who showed her the way.
- 2. to the policeman who had found his bike.
- 3. to meet his ex-girlfriend at the cafe.
- 4. which was praiseworthy.
- 5. his employee that he was too busy to receive him.
- 6. she was proud of my achievements.

67

- A. My mother had a new phone line
- B. Some years ago a film was
- C. The president of the company was being
- D. The government has given up the idea

- 1. made about the situation in South Africa.
- 2. which support the disabled.
- 3. installed in her office.
- 4. interviewed on TV yesterday evening.
- 5. helping poor people worldwide.
- 6. of settling this land.

68

- A. Did your mother use to
- B. Is Timothy used to
- C. She hasn't got used
- D. Teresa used to

- 1. to taking the medicine before going to bed.
- 2. to fix the wash basin every year?
- 3. wake you up in the mornings?
- 4. to take a language course?
- 5. drinking milk in the mornings?
- 6. visit her parents every weekend.

69

- A. The secretary was printing the documents
- B. Fiona needed a rest
- C. When we got to the bank
- D. Jeremy took part in the race

- 1. because she had had a good rest.
- 2. organized by the local authorities.
- 3. which the manager had given her.
- 4. it had already closed.
- 5. which she was printing.
- 6. as she had worked really hard the whole year.

70

- A. My friend recommended
- B. Father reminded us
- C. Jenny didn't bother to thank me
- D. Mr. Norris warned me not to

- 1. to be ready for the journey at 6 sharp.
- 2. taking a single ticket.
- 3. for lending her my bike.
- 4. raise the issue of pay rise at the upcoming meeting.
- 5. not delete those files.
- 6. that he will reply to that email.

71

- A. When Steve was a teenager, he was always getting
- B. If you want to buy a pet, you should find
- C. If your cat finds
- D. I like the idea of camping, but I am

- 1. someone who cares for it more than you do, it will change owners.
- 2. into trouble with the police for vandalism and shoplifting.
- 3. up with my boss any more.
- 4. out as much as possible about it.
- 5. to look like a small puppy.
- 6. afraid of insects.

72

- A. While the population of Europe and America is growing old,
- B. Young peoples' tastes influence the design of goods;
- C. English plays an important role in a teenager's world since
- D. People are also learning English from their friends on the Internet

- 1. that's why children pick up foreign languages easily.
- 2. but can't remember anything about it.
- 3. whole industries are appearing to help teenagers spend their time and money.
- 4. those in developing countries are becoming younger.
- 5. and it is not always the same as the English they learn in the classroom.
- 6. it is the dominant language in youth style.

73

- A. They are very good athletes;
- B. Jim failed his driving test last Sunday;
- C. Tom and Nick have failed two exams;
- D. My parents bought my brother a bike;

- 1. he'll have to take it next month.
- 2. she needn't have done it.
- 3. they should have bought one for me as well.
- 4. they will surely be able to get the first prize.
- 5. they have to spend more time on their lessons.
- 6. they are allowed to drive a car.

74

- A. Your fingerprints can tell the interested observer a
- B. It is important which fingers
- C. Fingerprints are unique: no two people, not even identical twins,
- D. Hand analysts can distinguish your personality type by

- 1. the patterns are on.
- 2. whether the descriptions are true for me.
- 3. great deal about your personality.
- 4. special patterns on your fingers.
- 5. to the six basic types.
- 6. possess the same pattern.

75

- A. Mrs Caxton says that
- B. Joana advised
- C. Little Annie said
- D. Julia assured me that she

- 1. me to attend computer courses.
- 2. had settled the problem with her co-workers.
- 3. if she will be able to take the child to the kindergarten.
- 4. that she had a terrible toothache.
- 5. whether I could help her.
- 6. her son is a medical officer in the Royal Navy.

76

- A. In the 15th century, the Portuguese were
- B. Columbus not only discovered America, but also introduced
- C. When the gold Columbus found was not enough,
- D. He thought the Indians were gentler

- 1. he made the natives into slaves.
- 2. in which he was successful.
- 3. the arts, law and religion to the primitive tribes of the New World.
- 4. and more intelligent than he had expected.
- 5. one of the most powerful nations on earth.
- 6. she was one of the greatest figures of Western civilization.

77

- A. Kids these days can chat online with
- B. Today people across the world can communicate with each
- C. Companies like Benetton say they are trying
- D. Methods of teaching are changing to

- 1. to create a youth agenda to unite teenagers of the world.
- 2. new ways of learning have emerged.
- 3. meet the needs of today's pupils.
- 4. friends thousands of miles away.
- 5. pupils do not always adopt the same learning style.
- 6. other and share a common culture.

78

- A. H. Quimby was the first woman
- B. When he left home, he told his wife that he was
- C. Guess where I am writing from—
- D. In 1960, F. Chichester won the first transatlantic race

- 1. on the plane this time tomorrow.
- 2. by sailing from Plymouth to New York City in 40 days.
- 3. an Internet cafe in Barcelona.
- 4. win an award in a race in Alaska.
- 5. to get a pilot's license in the USA.
- 6. going on a skiing holiday.

79

- A. More people in cities should take up
- B. David is a keen cyclist and rides
- C. We missed the train because of
- D. When the storm began

- 1. his bike to school every day.
- 2. by driving his sports car.
- 3. cycling instead of using cars.
- 4. a Mercedes since last month.
- 5. the little boat headed for the harbour.
- 6. the queue in the ticket office.

80

- A. We had better take up some sport
- B. They called an ambulance
- C. Martin decided to
- D. I am afraid she

- 1. visit the doctor after his trip to the jungle.
- 2. is suffering from a severe disease.
- 3. to keep fit and healthy.
- 4. to take the injured man to hospital.
- 5. get a terrible headache.
- 6. to take the children to the National Art Gallery.

81

- A. *Eraline* is a modern, dynamic, middle-sized company
- B. Our products are not just good –
- C. I learnt to work under pressure
- D. His responsibilities included dealing with customers' problems

- 1. and thinking about future budgets.
- 2. with an informal business culture.
- 3. the various branches of *Eraline*.
- 4. and to deal with customers.
- 5. but also arranges sales conferences.
- 6. they are the best in the world.

82

- A. This toothpaste is made of a mixture of peppermint and eucalyptus,
- B. They want to increase
- C. BBCoffers a wide range of services,
- D. Our company aims

- 1. including sales, financing and fund management.
- 2. offer new products and services.
- 3. leaving your mouth clean, fresh and ready to start the day.
- 4. the number of their customers.
- 5. the number-one partner of the company.
- 6. at connecting industry with the financial markets.

83

- A. Television can be a useful source of information
- B. Parents should stop their children from wasting their time on TV
- C. I can't stand watching those silly quiz shows which are supposed to test
- D. It would be a good idea if

- 1. your knowledge of a variety of subjects.
- 2. we watched the comedy on Channel 6.
- 3. and get them to read books or listen to some music.
- 4. if it helped to pass the time.
- 5. as it requires some knowledge of computers.
- 6. about what's happening in the world.

84

- A. Mika had hardly entered the gym
- B. He said that the accident he had suffered had changed his life
- C. He was not thinking much about the future except
- D. The team were very sorry to

- 1. that he would remain the champion.
- 2. when the coach called him.
- 3. than he knew he would win the race.
- 4. and that from that day on he had become a different person.
- 5. win yesterday's tennis match.
- 6. have lost the chess tournament.

85

- A. The church of Hagia Sophia was
 B. When waiting to go on a ride to Disneyland you have
 C. It is definitely worth visiting the dome of the church and the mosaic of
 D. Visitors are advised to allow at least 2 hours for their visit
1. with all the famous pictures there.
 2. built in 537 AD by the Emperor Justinian I.
 3. the Virgin Mary, which are both quite spectacular to see.
 4. as there is a lot to see.
 5. to design the tallest tower in the world.
 6. to stand in a queue for at least 40 minutes.

86

- A. If you like swimming you could
 B. The Canary Islands are very popular with tourists so I
 C. If you want something cheap, I
 D. Let me know when you want to leave and I'll
1. leaving this until next summer.
 2. suggest that you book a five-star hotel in advance.
 3. would recommend a room at a youth hostel.
 4. try the Golden Coast, where the beaches are great.
 5. try to book a ticket for you.
 6. make sure you try stuffed peppers – my favorite!

87

- A. What would you say if I showed you the
 B. The man in this photo is wearing a
 C. What dress did you wear to
 D. Why did you buy
1. nice suit, isn't he?
 2. present I bought for you this morning?
 3. a T-shirt tomorrow.
 4. Bill's wedding party yesterday?
 5. for an official meeting at the City Council?
 6. this dress? You have so many nice dresses!

88

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>A. The crew faced a horrifying reality – their plane might</p> <p>B. After three days in space the three <i>Apollo</i> astronauts</p> <p>C. The film describes a 21st century where nuclear war has</p> <p>D. In the film we see him as a hopeful nine-year-old boy,</p> | <p>1. nearly reached the Moon.</p> <p>2. showed its power on humanity.</p> <p>3. never return to earth.</p> <p>4. to live on other planets.</p> <p>5. made the earth an unsafe place to live.</p> <p>6. dreaming of a bright future.</p> |
|--|--|

89

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>A. Jerry's father had spent most</p> <p>B. The burglars had managed to get</p> <p>C. We decided to install</p> <p>D. Simon was not guilty</p> | <p>1. into the house through the back door.</p> <p>2. a burglar alarm in the house after the robbery took place.</p> <p>3. of the crime committed years ago.</p> <p>4. because of lack of evidence.</p> <p>5. of his fortune on travelling around the world.</p> <p>6. to reach a verdict.</p> |
|--|--|

90

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>A. The student answered that</p> <p>B. Mother reminded me</p> <p>C. Jack apologized</p> <p>D. Yesterday Mike told</p> | <p>1. if I could contact the real estate agent later.</p> <p>2. he hadn't completed his term-paper yet.</p> <p>3. to me for arriving so late.</p> <p>4. them if the dean had signed the certificate.</p> <p>5. to go to the tailor's at 6 pm.</p> <p>6. us he would go to the jazz concert.</p> |
|--|---|

91

- A. Working in the summer will be a new experience for Jenny;
- B. One reason young people want to work is that
- C. I arranged this job so as not to get bored;
- D. Rafael doesn't only work in order to make money,
1. because such places have a special glamour for young people.
 2. she is going to be a sales assistant in a local supermarket.
 3. but also because of the opportunities to socialize and develop as a person.
 4. they want to manage their own finances and be independent.
 5. I didn't want to be sitting around all day.
 6. by then we shall have saved enough money to go to the Canary Islands

92

- A. Scientists have succeeded in proving what all parents know:
- B. All healthy babies are able to put together
- C. Researchers managed to show that children are sensitive
- D. Although a baby may have a good idea about the rules of the language,
1. it may not know much about meaning.
 2. babies are intelligent.
 3. it will be able to speak a foreign language.
 4. to grammatical information from the age of five months.
 5. where nouns and verbs belong in a sentence.
 6. rules of grammar almost before they can talk.

93

- A. *Nike* is an American manufacturer of sports clothes and shoes
- B. *Reebok*, whose reputation is worldwide, has
- C. The *Nike* logo, for which Davidson was paid only 35 dollars,
- D. *Nike*, which means 'victory' in Greek, was
1. won many international prizes.
 2. are my favourite brands.
 3. captures the spirit of the goddess that inspired Greek warriors.
 4. that has become very fashionable, particularly with young people.
 5. shopping for new trainers.
 6. an ancient goddess.

94

- A. The editor-in-chief said that
- B. Susie confessed
- C. Little Benny told
- D. Kevin thanked
1. to me that the meeting had been cancelled.
 2. me his puppy had disappeared.
 3. in order not to be late.
 4. they had to stay a bit longer.
 5. the little boy who had helped him.
 6. that she had told a lie.

95

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>A. Although most subjects pupils study at school can be interesting,</p> <p>B. Latin is a language that nobody speaks,</p> <p>C. Pupils should be taught Information technology</p> <p>D. If you don't do well in maths,</p> | <p>1. and is therefore not likely to be useful in many jobs.</p> <p>2. learning ancient languages like Latin.</p> <p>3. I think the most important are those which help them to find a job.</p> <p>4. you can't get into university.</p> <p>5. you will make an excellent mathematician.</p> <p>6. because everyone will need to use computers in the future</p> |
|---|--|

96

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>A. Miranda was worried as</p> <p>B. The boy denied that</p> <p>C. The young man apologized</p> <p>D. Henry told</p> | <p>1. he had taken the papers.</p> <p>2. me for telling a lie.</p> <p>3. signing the agreement.</p> <p>4. us he would be waiting at the bus-stop.</p> <p>5. to me for stepping on my foot.</p> <p>6. she couldn't find her documents.</p> |
|--|---|

97

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>A. We asked the famous singer</p> <p>B. The film director was asked a lot of questions about</p> <p>C. My friends asked me what book I would take with me</p> <p>D. The manager told the clerks</p> | <p>1. his new film.</p> <p>2. whether he liked signing autographs.</p> <p>3. how her life has changed after getting the award.</p> <p>4. whether we passed all the exams last term.</p> <p>5. if I were stranded on a desert island.</p> <p>6. to meet the guests at the entrance.</p> |
|--|--|

98

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>A. The art expert advised me on</p> <p>B. The boss warned Ted not to</p> <p>C. The party leader thanked everyone</p> <p>D. Father reminded us</p> | <p>1. not go to the party.</p> <p>2. be late for the meeting.</p> <p>3. to take the fishing-rods.</p> <p>4. buying that painting.</p> <p>5. for supporting their candidate.</p> <p>6. in advising the clients.</p> |
|--|--|

99

- A. I wouldn't eat mushroom soup unless
- B. You will look a lot healthier if
- C. If we go to the cinema tonight,
- D. I would die of happiness if

- 1. we aren't feeling too tired.
- 2. there was nothing else to eat.
- 3. I am going to watch TV.
- 4. Leonardo DiCaprio asked me for a date.
- 5. you get more fresh air every day.
- 6. we could go for a pizzabefore the film starts.

100

- A. *Greenpeace* will always do everything it can to protect our
- B. Our organization exists to defend
- C. *War on Want* has started a campaign
- D. We should take care

- 1. of endangered species.
- 2. after the plants and animals.
- 3. the environment wherever it is threatened.
- 4. against poverty around the world.
- 5. world and the creatures we share it with.
- 6. volunteers help us to save our planet from pollution.

101

- A. A bird in the hand is worth
- B. Never judge a book
- C. Never put off till tomorrow
- D. Don't cross your bridges

- 1. before you come to them.
- 2. in the mouth.
- 3. two in the bush.
- 4. the heart grow fonder.
- 5. by its cover.
- 6. what you can do today.

102

- A. Richard Branson is a famous British millionaire
- B. The company was extremely successful
- C. Although it is a very big company,
- D. The company's other activities include book and software publishing

- 1. because the records were very popular with young people.
- 2. and managing clubs and hotels in many countries.
- 3. but the service is very good.
- 4. *Virgin* is always looking for new business opportunities.
- 5. record companies of the world.
- 6. and the head of the *Virgin* group of companies.

103

- A. The whole world is fighting
 - B. The bright rays of the sun came in
 - C. The boy sat
 - D. For a long time Jenny walked
- 1. across the street and entered a small shop.
 - 2. against terrorism.
 - 3. beside the fire and thought about what had happened.
 - 4. throughout the world.
 - 5. through the glass roof of the hall.
 - 6. along the streets asking for a job.

104

- A. For centuries, it was believed that the Earth was the center of universe
 - B. Copernicus suggested that the sun was the center of the universe,
 - C. Through his use of telescope, Galileo realized
 - D. Today, we know that the Earth is one of the nine planets
- 1. and have made tremendous advances in our knowledge of the universe.
 - 2. that orbit the sun.
 - 3. and that every object in the sky revolved around it.
 - 4. over two hundred billion stars like our sun.
 - 5. but few people believed him.
 - 6. that the Earth was one of several planets that revolved around the sun.

105

- A. You'd better ask Miriam if
 - B. Jake told the captain of the team that
 - C. Sally was confused and didn't know how
 - D. Life doesn't always give us what
- 1. the way we want to live.
 - 2. he was invited to play in another team.
 - 3. to answer that impertinent remark.
 - 4. that she has been blamed for rude behaviour.
 - 5. we anticipate.
 - 6. she needs any help or not.

106

- A. Dangerous sports can be very expensive
 - B. After bungee jumping a number of times
 - C. The Arctic trek was the most frightening experience in her life
 - D. People who take risks
- 1. but it was also the most enjoyable.
 - 2. no matter how thrilling it may be.
 - 3. but many people want to try them.
 - 4. took part in an expedition to the North Pole.
 - 5. often feel happy afterwards.
 - 6. she wasn't frightened any more.

107

- A. Shaking his new boss's hand,
- B. After consulting with five contractors,
- C. By the time I bought the wallpaper Frances had found out
- D. When picking out an interesting wallpaper pattern, make sure

- 1. how much the wallpapering job would cost.
- 2. that it goes well with the furniture.
- 3. Fred is having a lunch break.
- 4. Tony knew he would like working with him.
- 5. we need new dining-room furniture as well.
- 6. she decided to do the work herself.

108

- A. Never stretch over the table for something you want,
- B. Take a slice of bread from the bread-plate by hand,
- C. Do not bite into the whole slice,
- D. When the dish is placed before you, do not eye it suspiciously

- 1. do not use a fork for it.
- 2. ask your neighbour to pass it.
- 3. read the morning newspaper while eating.
- 4. so do not use a knife for fish cutlets or omelets.
- 5. as though it were the first time you had seen it, and do not sniff it.
- 6. break it off piece by piece.

109

- A. Bob's car is old
- B. I wrote many books
- C. They had to cancel the meeting
- D. No one knows for sure

- 1. before I was awarded the literature prize.
- 2. because the director did not show up.
- 3. when he was young.
- 4. but he can't afford buying a new one.
- 5. while I was driving home.
- 6. who won last year's race.

110

- A. Look at that funny monkey
- B. Be careful or
- C. Susan has bought
- D. I want to see

- 1. you will hurt yourself.
- 2. look at myself in the mirror.
- 3. scratching itself.
- 4. himself a car.
- 5. a new dress for herself.
- 6. the headmaster himself.

111

- A. That Tony never helps with the cleaning
- B. To see potential problems in advance
- C. To discover that your passport was missing
- D. That people can eat such unhealthy food and live so long

- 1. must have been a shock.
- 2. was absolutely ridiculous.
- 3. is very important in my job.
- 4 really annoys everyone.
- 5. was a great disadvantage.
- 6. always amazes me.

112

- A. He got a hammer and some nails and
- B. Remember to eat well, exercise regularly and
- C. Thanks for offering to help but
- D. The plane started to descend and

- 1. I can do it myself.
- 2. fixed the broken chair myself.
- 3. I can't babysit for you today.
- 4. repaired it himself.
- 5. they saw the city below them.
- 6. take care of yourself.

113

- A. I can't imagine
- B. Kevin wondered
- C. Please tell us beforehand
- D. Berta told me

- 1. if he had really treated his friends right.
- 2. that helping me had never been a problem for her.
- 3. whether my mail order arrives in time.
- 4. if you choose not to accept our offer.
- 5. how I'm going to live without her.
- 6. though he had gained his ultimate purpose.

114

- A. The research showed that women speak about 16,000 words a day
- B. Scientists are skeptical of the common belief that women use three times
- C. The stereotype, that women talk too much and men keep quiet,
- D. When women talk to women their conversations cover many topics

- 1. is bad not only for women but also for men.
- 2. whereas men usually stick to one subject for long periods of time.
- 3. talk more than men may not be true.
- 4. as many words as men.
- 5. and men speak only slightly fewer.
- 6. than when men talk to other men.

115

- A. We have central heating
- B. Most houses in England are made of stone or brick
- C. People buying expensive property almost always pay for it
- D. In large cities, people often live in apartments
1. with a special loan taken from a bank.
 2. which keeps our house warm.
 3. which are called flats.
 4. there are streets of houses joined together in long rows.
 5. available in the local area where the houses are built.
 6. he rents from a private landlord or the local council.

116

- A. In 1851 the first World fair opened in London
- B. The International Exhibition was such a great success
- C. At such exhibitions visitors from around the world can learn
- D. The aim of the fair is to celebrate the successes of individual countries
1. and visitors came from all over the world to see it.
 2. in science, sport and art.
 3. that since then many countries have had similar fairs.
 4. an opportunity to display national customs and traditional dress.
 5. to see the latest designs, inventions and architecture.
 6. about life in different countries.

117

- A. The once traditional British family has undergone
- B. By the year 2020, it is estimated that there will be
- C. Today, people's views on marriage are changing
- D. Today women prefer to concentrate on their jobs
- 1 and many couples live together without getting married.
 2. this would have been socially unacceptable in Britain.
 3. and put off having a baby until their late thirties.
 4. great changes during the last decades.
 5. divorce was very difficult and expensive
 6. more single people than married ones.

118

- A. The brain is affected by what you eat and drink,
- B. Certain types of food contain substances
- C. People on diets begin to feel depressed after two weeks
- D. Schoolchildren who eat a high-protein breakfast often do better at school

- 1. which is high in carbohydrates can make us feel more relaxed.
- 2. than children whose breakfast is lower in protein.
- 3. because they are limited in their choice.
- 4. which affect how you think and feel.
- 5. just like every other part of your body.
- 6. can raise concentration levels for up to five hours.

119

- A. While slicing potatoes Mother
- B. Debby looked
- C. Sam wanted to talk
- D. Sometimes my grandma talks

- 1. hurt himself very badly.
- 2. at herself in the mirror.
- 3. loudly to myself.
- 4. to herself.
- 5. to the manager himself.
- 6. cut herself.

120

- A. I went to boarding school when I was seven,
- B. Because I was an only child,
- C. I found being an only child interesting
- D. When I am in a group of strangers, I want to go away

- 1. and do something on my own.
- 2. because I was always in the centre of my parents' attention.
- 3. and I could get excellent education at home.
- 4. and the hardest thing I found there was making friends.
- 5. and I feel very responsible for them.
- 6. I didn't know how to play with other children.

121

- A. The boys were not quite sure
- B. Virginia realized
- C. Sara knew it would be morning soon
- D. The detective never found out the truth

- 1. that Lee merely wanted to impress her.
- 2. despite thorough investigation.
- 3. though their doubts proved to be correct.
- 4. whether they would be forgiven or not.
- 5. if they return the stolen jewelry.
- 6. for the stars were becoming dimmer.

122

- A. At school, all the teachers thought Jeff was stupid
- B. He knew what people wanted,
- C. Soon Jeff Pierce set up a new business,
- D. He went to evening classes, and even employed a private teacher,
1. and easily understood their demands.
 2. so he calculated figures in his head.
 3. which again made him a millionaire.
 4. because he couldn't learn to read or write.
 5. but he still found reading very difficult because of his dyslexia.
 6. and cried because he felt so ashamed.

123

- A. When I travel to other countries,
- B. You can talk to the shopkeepers
- C. I don't like modern supermarkets
- D. I have a favourite market
1. because you can't talk to anybody or bargain there.
 2. sell everything from spices to jewellery.
 3. where I always buy lots of spices.
 4. I love to visit the local markets.
 5. to enjoy the smells of fresh fruit.
 6. and even bargain with them.

124

- A. Jessica failed
- B. She pretended
- C. Though she lived in England for two years, she can't
- D. Ginger tries never
1. to be late for classes.
 2. not to understand English.
 3. to be in time for the show yesterday.
 4. understand the words of that Spanish song.
 5. be reading an interesting article in the morning paper.
 6. understand English very well.

125

- A. An BBC series about cars organized a race across London,
- B. Four possible forms of transport were chosen:
- C. The road was confusing, and Jeremy realized
- D. When the traffic lights turned red he thought of driving through them,
1. a bike, a car, a motorboat, and public transport.
 2. but he was afraid of the traffic police.
 3. check the camera in the back of the car.
 4. an overground train which connects east and west London.
 5. to find the quickest way to cross a busy city.
 6. that he was going in the wrong direction.

126

- A. The manager agreed
- B. Will you promise never
- C. The shop assistant couldn't
- D. When we meet tomorrow,
I am going to

- 1. understand what the customer wanted.
- 2. to tell lies again?
- 3. coming shopping with you.
- 4. to talk to the displeased customer.
- 5. tell you the whole truth.
- 6. to keep this secret from you?

127

- A. While playing tennis Monica
- B. Is he making
- C. Shall we make
- D. Children often fall down and

- 1. a pizza for ourselves?
- 2. hurt herself very badly.
- 3. burnt her finger.
- 4. all those sandwiches for himself?
- 5. enjoy ourselves?
- 6. hurt themselves while playing.

128

- A. Tea can be bought in many forms –
- B. Some of them contain flavours,
- C. Although most people drink their tea
hot,
- D. Instead of putting tea leaves into a pot

- 1. many enjoy iced tea, especially during
the summer months.
- 2. like vanilla, orange or lemon.
- 3. as a medicine, then as a daily drink.
- 4. leaves, powder or tea bags.
- 5. most people prefer to put tea bags into
a cup.
- 6. by pouring water over a teaspoon of tea.

129

- A. Tea can be grown at a height of 2,000
meters above sea level,
- B. The plant produces pointed, dark
leaves, small white flowers
- C. Both black and green teas come from
the same plant,
- D. To make green tea, workers put the
freshly picked leaves into a steamer,

- 1. which keeps them green.
- 2. but the best quality grows in higher
regions.
- 3. but are processed differently.
- 4. so that workers can pluck the leaves
easily.
- 5. change the taste and character of the tea.
- 6. and seeds that look like hazelnuts.

130

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>A. For centuries people believed that teas could cure illnesses</p> <p>B. Some people have problems drinking tea because</p> <p>C. The tea plant grows best in tropical and temperate places</p> <p>D. Today scientists know that tea contains chemicals that</p> | <p>1. prevent cells from dying.</p> <p>2. a substance that makes you feel more active.</p> <p>3. where rain falls throughout the year.</p> <p>4. the quality of tea is higher when the leaves are hand-plucked.</p> <p>5. it can cause sleeplessness.</p> <p>6. so they used it as medicine.</p> |
|--|--|

131

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>A. All peoples want</p> <p>B. My mother says she only wishes</p> <p>C. Unless my neighbours stop that noise I cannot</p> <p>D. I'd like you</p> | <p>1. have any peace in my own house.</p> <p>2. to have peace all over the world.</p> <p>3. not see you anymore.</p> <p>4. to see me happy.</p> <p>5. to make a cup of strong tea for us.</p> <p>6. have a nice chat with their neighbours.</p> |
|--|---|

132

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>A. Be careful, don't cut</p> <p>B. If you are free tonight we can</p> <p>C. Children, you are too noisy,</p> <p>D. The little girl cut</p> | <p>1. the cake herself and offered a piece to her friend.</p> <p>2. enjoy ourselves at the karaoke club.</p> <p>3. yourself with those scissors!</p> <p>4. herself in the mirror.</p> <p>5. behave yourselves!</p> <p>6. enjoy yourself!</p> |
|---|--|

133

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>A. I got my parents to buy me a digital camera</p> <p>B. My father taught me</p> <p>C. The only thing you have to do to take a photo is</p> <p>D. I enjoy taking pictures</p> | <p>1. how to take good photos.</p> <p>2. to press the correct button.</p> <p>3. that does everything automatically.</p> <p>4. and hang it in my room.</p> <p>5. the huge waves rolling to the shore.</p> <p>6. of landscapes with trees and mountains.</p> |
|--|--|

134

- A. Taking caffeine away from regular users causes withdrawal symptoms,
- B. When you give people the caffeine that they need
- C. Studies show however that caffeine only helps those athletes
- D. Although caffeine may be good for world class athletes,

- 1. who are in good condition already.
- 2. often add it to many other beverages, energy drinks and snacks.
- 3. like headaches and sleepiness.
- 4. they do better and react more quickly.
- 5. it may harm the health of people who are overweight.
- 6. but don't overdo it!

135

- A. Some studies have shown that caffeine might help people
- B. Scientists have found out that caffeinated coffee and tea can
- C. Caffeine raises the amount of sugar in your bloodstream,
- D. Caffeine may also raise your blood pressure, increase your heart rate

- 1. protect your heart, brain and other organs from disease.
- 2. because we need sleep to stay healthy.
- 3. to respond to things more quickly.
- 4. even if there is no sugar in your caffeinated drink.
- 5. and make you feel more stressed.
- 6. as the next day you're tired and feel awful.

136

- A. Amanda isn't going to the seaside this summer; she has
- B. Sue doesn't get on
- C. George never does any exercise; he doesn't have
- D. If you want to get to the ancient castle, you can

- 1. neither with her parents nor neighbours.
- 2. neither time nor money.
- 3. either the health or the energy to do it.
- 4. either walk or take the bus there.
- 5. neither by bus nor by car.
- 6. either with her boss or her colleagues.

137

- A. Most coffee berries are picked by hand,
- B. After separating berries from leaves and other waste materials,
- C. Then they are put into bags and shipped to other countries
- D. Usually the beans are combined

- 1. where they are roasted.
- 2. which makes sure that only the good berries are chosen.
- 3. brings out the true flavor of the coffee.
- 4. the beans are taken out, cleaned and dried.
- 5. to make different blends of coffee.
- 6. where people used it as food and medicine.

138

- A. The power of garlic is widely
 B. Once cholesterol levels are lowered,
 C. There is increasing evidence that garlic c
 D. Today doctors tell us to include garlic
1. also lower cholesterol levels.
 2. in our diet in some form.
 3. an inexpensive but wonderful medicine.
 4. discussed today by the medical community.
 5. stomach cancer and heart diseases are less frequent.
 6. cardiac risks are also reduced.

139

- A. Carnegie learned that when a company performed well,
 B. During his lifetime he gave away 90 percent of his fortune
 C. He believed that wealthy people were morally obligated
 D. Carnegie supported education; he gave money
1. without having asked for it.
 2. become a philanthropist, a person who gives money to good causes.
 3. to give their money back to others in society.
 4. so that by the time he died he'd given away more than 350 million dollars.
 5. it paid *dividends* out of its profits.
 6. to build more than 2,000 public libraries.

140

- A. Although Andrew Carnegie became a millionaire,
 B. Because of his quickness and hard work,
 C. Carnegie learned all about the railroad industry and
 D. Andrew Carnegie retired at the age of 66 as
1. he did not start life as a wealthy man.
 2. the world's richest man.
 3. he was soon promoted to telegraph operator and was paid \$5 a week.
 4. later set up his own company.
 5. so his family immigrated to the United States.
 6. as he had learned to let his money work for him.

141

- A. Unless you play well,
 B. If Sue had studied well,
 C. Had you walked fast,
 D. Had Fred accepted the money,
1. she will win the match.
 2. she would have been admitted to the med college.
 3. you will have caught the train.
 4. you will not win the match.
 5. you would have caught the train.
 6. he would have paid his rent in time.

142

- A. Thomas Edison made many useful inventions,
 - B. While working on improvements to the telegraph and the telephone,
 - C. “Mary had a little lamb” were the first words that Edison recorded
 - D. Many of the uses Edison suggested for the phonograph have become a reality,
- 1. but his favorite was the phonograph.
 - 2. but there were others he hadn't imagined.
 - 3. and he was amazed to hear the machine play them back.
 - 4. he figured out a way to record sound.
 - 5. a machine with two needles: one for recording and one for playback.
 - 6. this is one of the uses that became a reality.

143

- A. Wherever she goes,
 - B. If anyone rings, I don't want
 - C. No matter what I do, I always seem
 - D. Whichever dish you choose,
- 1. it'll probably have meat in it.
 - 2. to cook for non-meat eaters here.
 - 3. to speak to them, no matter who it may be.
 - 4. she always takes the dog with her.
 - 5. to do the wrong thing.
 - 6. that recipe never seems to work

144

- A. I can't help
 - B. You had better
 - C. There's no point
 - D. I couldn't bear
- 1. not to get angry and shout at the child.
 - 2. to see the sadness in the child's eyes.
 - 3. trying to make the child go to sleep; he's just woken up.
 - 4. feeling disappointed by your irresponsibility.
 - 5. in shouting at children; it makes them naughtier.
 - 6. not punish the boy; he has done nothing wrong.

145

- A. The Civil War freed the slaves,
- B. Carver had other good job possibilities
- C. He taught African American students at the school as well as
- D. Carver taught his students to see

- 1. so he was responsible for an agricultural research program.
- 2. therefore his students created a laboratory.
- 3. but, in the end, he accepted the offer to teach agriculture at Tuskegee.
- 4. but it didn't teach them how to live as free people.
- 5. poor black farmers outside the school.
- 6. how everything in nature was interrelated.

146

- A. My reasons
- B. The purpose
- C. I came here with the aim
- D. That press article has given rise

- 1. with one small mistake we made.
- 2. of this pedal is to control the speed.
- 3. to a lot of criticism.
- 4. for not joining the club are personal.
- 5. in us having to do more work.
- 6. of resolving our dispute.

147

- A. Not having enough money,
- B. Whenever asked about his job,
- C. Tired and sleepy,
- D. Hearing a strange noise,

- 1. we ran to the window to see what was happening.
- 2. Sam buys every history book he can find in the bookshops.
- 3. Norman usually avoided answering.
- 4. the children went to bed very early.
- 5. Barry couldn't buy that car.
- 6. it's quite easy to do well in the test.

148

- A. In fact, many people spend more time with their friends than
- B. We start friendships almost from the time
- C. Everyone has special childhood friends, and some of these
- D. Nowadays the Internet has changed

- 1. we can walk.
- 2. strike up friendships online.
- 3. the way we make friends.
- 4. with their relatives.
- 5. to find long-lost friends.
- 6. become lifelong friends.

149

- A. Friendship Day, which takes place on the first Sunday of August, is
- B. One great way to celebrate is
- C. On Friendship Day people spend time with their friends and
- D. A Friendship Day poster may include Winnie the Pooh on it because

- 1. to make a poster or create an album about your friend or friends.
- 2. exchange presents.
- 3. wrote special songs or baked friendship cakes.
- 4. it has slowly spread around the world.
- 5. one day of the year we can say thank you to our friends.
- 6. the UNO made Pooh the world's Ambassador of Friendship in 1997.

150

- A. Today's parents have observed many changes in their children
- B. Many parents say they don't like the changes
- C. Parents have always had many challenges in raising their children,
- D. It is really difficult to raise a child,

- 1. however, perhaps never more than today.
- 2. especially when you are the only parent and there is no one else to support you.
- 3. he hasn't gone outside to play in months.
- 4. who frequently play video or computer games.
- 5. that we should stop trying to control them.
- 6. they see in their children.

151

- A. She wanted to differ from other girls so
- B. Angelina became involved in humanitarian work
- C. As the UN Goodwill Ambassador, Angelina
- D. She has effectively used her stardom

- 1. while she was filming in Cambodia.
- 2. to follow her dream of movie stardom.
- 3. she became a punk with purple hair and tattoos.
- 4. often visits refugee camps in poor countries.
- 5. to highlight world problems.
- 6. referred to not as Brad and Angelina but as "Brangelina".

152

- A. We want to live in a world at
- B. Harry is never at
- C. Do you believe in love at
- D. The tourists passed

- 1. peace and never see any war.
- 2. the time visiting museums and galleries.
- 3. a loss for words; he has such a rich vocabulary.
- 4. the first sight or not?
- 5. time reading and listening to music.
- 6. first sight?

153

- A. Brad Pitt is one of Hollywood's superstars
 - B. He is now married to Angelina Jolie,
 - C. He was an active student
 - D. He studied journalism at the University of Missouri
- 1. with whom he has six children.
 - 2. often tops the "most handsome guy in the world" lists.
 - 3. who has used his fame for charitable purposes.
 - 4. but instead drove to Hollywood to look for fame.
 - 5. but his heart wasn't really in reporting.
 - 6. and enjoyed debating and acting.

154

- A. Acupuncture is based on the idea
 - B. The person who takes medicine must recover twice:
 - C. If you throw all the medicine in the world into the sea,
 - D. People are becoming worried about the side effects of drugs and
- 1. are turning to alternative treatments such as homeopathy, yoga, etc.
 - 2. illness is the result of a blockage of the energy flow to certain organs.
 - 3. once from the disease and once from the medicine.
 - 4. that energy flows through the human body along 12 lines or meridians.
 - 5. restoring the patient's health with the help of fine needles.
 - 6. it will be bad for the fish and good for the mankind.

155

- A. I suggested that
 - B. The manager promised
 - C. It's no use
 - D. You had better
- 1. to think over my suggestions.
 - 2. of planning our actions beforehand.
 - 3. next time I would think better before taking any steps.
 - 4. thinking over that silly plan.
 - 5. we think of an additional plan before acting.
 - 6. think about your own problems.

156

- A. Bees do more than just make honey;
 - B. Donating money to research is the most important thing
 - C. One serious problem is
 - D. A bee sting hurts
- 1. they fly around and pollinate flowers, plants, and trees.
 - 2. in order to pollinate plants the year round.
 - 3. when there is a lack of food.
 - 4. and some people are allergic to bee venom.
 - 5. that bees are mysteriously disappearing in many parts of the world.
 - 6. humans can do to save the honeybees.

157

- A. People living in the mountains usually speak in
 - B. All kinds of fruits and vegetables are on
 - C. If you want me to tell you
 - D. We were having a nice talk, when, all of
- 1. the truth, I'm not interested in your story at all.
 - 2. a very loud voice.
 - 3. about my adventures in South Africa.
 - 4. sale in this supermarket.
 - 5. a sudden, Sue began to cry.
 - 6. suddenly we heard noises in the street.

158

- A. Scientists are developing a pill
 - B. The research suggests
 - C. Some fear that athletes will be tempted
 - D. Top athletes already go through extensive drug testing
- 1. that provides the same benefits as exercise.
 - 2. before national and international events.
 - 3. however, some athletes may already be taking it.
 - 4. to use this drug to enhance performance.
 - 5. that those who exercise and take the fitness pill will be even stronger.
 - 6. that might benefit from such a drug.

159

- A. Some people like classical music,
 - B. One of the countries I would like to visit is Spain,
 - C. The stone houses on
 - D. Only two students failed the exam;
- 1. other parts of the city are quite rare.
 - 2. another is Mexico.
 - 3. others prefer rock music.
 - 4. for many others the style didn't matter at all.
 - 5. the others did quite well in it.
 - 6. the other side of the river looked very old.

160

- A. Some research suggests that heavy users of mobile phones
- B. Over three billion people use cell phones every day,
- C. Many cordless phones emit dangerous levels of radiation
- D. Researchers advise keeping electronic devices out of bedrooms,

- 1. and many talk for more than an hour a day.
- 2. or at least six feet from your pillow.
- 3. even when they are not in use.
- 4. are not concerned about the effects of cigarettes on their health.
- 5. are at a great risk of developing brain tumours.
- 6. though it is still unknown exactly how or why.

161

- A. The headmaster looked
- B. A big dolphin appeared
- C. The child appears
- D. These words appear

- 1. unexpectedly and saved the drowning boy.
- 2. happily and with pleasure.
- 3. very strictly at the noisy children.
- 4. angrily and left without a word.
- 5. hopeless and disappointed, doesn't he?
- 6. on the desktop every time I switch on the computer.

162

- A. The law made the landlord
- B. The landlord refused
- C. The boss avoided
- D. Finally Tom agreed to let me

- 1. help him with the task.
- 2. pay the workers their due wages.
- 3. paying the workers their wages.
- 4. helped him with his presentation.
- 5. to pay the workers for the repairs.
- 6. having helped them do the repairs.

163

- A. Those who witnessed the accident
- B. He recovered consciousness
- C. Ever since the operation yesterday evening
- D. No sooner had the boxer recovered after being knocked out

- 1. because he stayed up later than usual last night.
- 2. than he lost consciousness again.
- 3. when the doctor applied artificial respiration.
- 4. looked frightened and shocked.
- 5. we had given him up for lost.
- 6. the patient has been unconscious.

164

- A. Apart from being an inspirational source
- B. According to the historical evidence
- C. Netting and hooking are two methods still
- D. The people who live in coastal areas have a diet of seafood

- 1. the sea is also a means of livelihood for many people.
- 2. containing a lot of fish.
- 3. used by fishermen as the traditional form of fishing.
- 4. fishing was done by ancient people right from the Stone Age period.
- 5. depend on fishing for their livelihood
- 6. recognizing as a traditional occupation

165

- A. Leisure time that gives peace to the stressful mind of a person
- B. Many people spent their leisure time engaged in several activities
- C. There are several countries where dancing
- D. Dance is an art form that gives

- 1. that bring pleasure and peace.
- 2. make an important part of celebrations and entertainment.
- 3. is an expression of thoughts and emotions through actions.
- 4. has become rare in the modern world.
- 5. enjoyment to the viewer and the performer.
- 6. provide entertainment and knowledge at the same time.

166

- A. You may be surprised to learn
- B. The bicycle has come a long way
- C. The first bicycle was not a very fast or safe vehicle,
- D. Kirkpatrick was not recognised in his time,

- 1. since it had no steering and no brakes.
- 2. how the basic bicycle has not changed.
- 3. but the bicycle he invented became popular throughout the world.
- 4. since the day it was invented by a Scottish blacksmith in 1839.
- 5. and it has a big future as the town vehicle of tomorrow.
- 6. that the bicycle was invented later than the locomotive.

167

- A. After World War II, Britain was a country with lots of children,
 B. When they were offered the chance to come to Britain and work,
 C. While a few came from Africa,
 D. In many cases, black workers took the jobs that
1. there were millions of young men, just looking for work.
 2. but not enough men to work in the mines, and factories.
 3. thousands agreed to come.
 4. the largest number of immigrants came from the West Indies.
 5. white workers did not want – jobs that were not too well paid.
 6. so there was money, and there were schools for the children.

168

- A. Talk about sport in any language,
 B. The British were the first people to write down rules for a lot of sports,
 C. As the rules of lots of different sports spread all over the world,
 D. While some people just watch it for the thrill of the race,
1. and sooner or later you'll find yourself using English words.
 2. even in sports like tennis which was invented by the French.
 3. the Derby is watched on TV by millions of people all over Britain.
 4. it was one of the first sporting events to be shown on television.
 5. a lot more watch it for the money.
 6. so did the language of sport.

169

- A. The guards can stand absolutely still,
 B. Some people are surprised to learn that they are real soldiers
 C. There are two main groups of guards,
 D. Most of the time these men wear normal military uniforms,
1. even when tourists tell them jokes, touch them, or try to make them move.
 2. or can be serving in other parts of the world.
 3. and the guns that they carry are very real too.
 4. do not always wear their well-known red and blue uniforms.
 5. just like other soldiers.
 6. those who have horses and those who do not.

170

- A. These girls are so
- B. These are such
- C. My nieces are very
- D. Jenny knows so

- 1. hardworking and responsible children.
- 2. much that you can talk to her about anything you like.
- 3. a well-read girl that she knows almost all English writers.
- 4. clever that they can cope with the task by themselves.
- 5. interesting and I enjoyed talking to her.
- 6. intelligent and you will enjoy talking to them.

171

- A. Wrapped in newspaper, chips keep warm
- B. British hygiene rules no longer allow food to be wrapped in old papers,
- C. No British town is more than 150 km from a sea port,
- D. Once railways were built in the nineteenth century,

- 1. for a completely different reason: lack of fish.
- 2. fresh sea fish could easily be bought in all British towns.
- 3. even on the coldest days of the year.
- 4. so today's chip shops use new paper or styrofoam cartons.
- 5. and most are much closer.
- 6. fishermen in Britain and other countries protest, because jobs are lost.

172

- A. Both Europeans and Americans play football;
- B. The American model has spread to other countries of the world,
- C. Invented at Springfield College, Massachusetts, in 1891,
- D. Whole teams of sportsmen did not often travel around the world

- 1. basketball is quite certainly an "American game".
- 2. as it was too complicated and expensive.
- 3. they did not include the wide variety of sports that they now cover.
- 4. but American sports have not.
- 5. knowing that a US team will almost always win.
- 6. but surprisingly they do not play it in the same way.

173

- A. If you are hungry, make
- B. How about going to the disco and
- C. Max, you can help
- D. Alice, could you

- 1. enjoying ourselves?
- 2. to talk to the teacher herself.
- 3. yourself a sandwich.
- 4. yourself to the apple pie.
- 5. enjoying himself at the seaside?
- 6. slice these lemons, please?

174

- A. Though many American Indians still call themselves “Indians”,
- B. Huge areas of land that were stolen from the Indian nations,
- C. In fact, Buffalo Bill was one of the first men in America to realise
- D. Bill made his peace with the Indians

- 1. but by then the West was already changing dramatically.
- 2. and realised that the buffalos had to be protected.
- 3. the expression “native Americans” is considered to be more correct.
- 4. that white Americans and Indians could, and should, work together.
- 5. have been given back to them.
- 6. and recruited many famous Indians to work with him.

175

- A. Most airports have banks where you can exchange money and shops
- B. There are many cafés and restaurants
- C. Before boarding your plane you have
- D. Some airports have nurseries where passengers can find everything

- 1. to become embarrassed while being asked to show it.
- 2. where you can spend your money.
- 3. they need when feeding or changing their babies.
- 4. asking to show your boarding pass when you pay.
- 5. to go through passport and security control.
- 6. one can visit when feeling hunger.

176

- A. This book is so
- B. Saroyan wrote such
- C. My brother writes quite
- D. She buys so

- 1. wonderful stories that he became famous all over the world.
- 2. beautiful love story.
- 3. nice poems and I think he can have them published.
- 4. interesting that I can't put it down.
- 5. many magazines that she cannot read them all.
- 6. a thick magazine full of shiny pictures.

177

- A. One of the first duties we owe to ourselves
- B. If our body suffers from any disorder, our mind suffers with it,
- C. There are certain laws of health
- D. A certain amount of exercise

- 1. is a great charm in cleanliness.
- 2. is necessary to keep the body in perfect condition.
- 3. is to keep our bodies in perfect health.
- 4. which deserve particular attention.
- 5. and we are unable to make much progress in knowledge.
- 6. as they exhaust the nervous system.

178

- A. Engineers and inventors continually develop new products
- B. One product that has become popular in recent years is
- C. Most people would agree that this invention
- D. The microwave oven has become a piece of equipment you can see

- 1. much faster than a conventional oven does.
- 2. has had a positive effect on our life.
- 3. the microwave oven.
- 4. that affect our everyday life.
- 5. almost everywhere that people spend time: homes, offices, etc.
- 6. they do not have much time to spend preparing dinner.

179

- A. One question that worries every traveler is
- B. Food is a significant part of any culture and contact with its food
- C. It is well known that questions of food sometimes
- D. It is important to find out what they eat in other countries and

- 1. are the most complex of all those in the intercultural sphere.
- 2. how different they are from us.
- 3. if tasted in the given culture which gave birth to them.
- 4. where and what to eat in a foreign country.
- 5. is a way of finding out what is dearest to its people.
- 6. conflicts between cultures begin.

180

- A. English has some words that appear to be the same
- B. Many foreign students find
- C. Once, I happened to use an old word which people no longer use
- D. English words also cause problems
1. and to be able to understand Americans is not easy for a foreigner.
 2. because there are a lot of words that combine to make different meanings.
 3. but have different pronunciations for different meanings.
 4. that learning English is the hardest part of college life.
 5. and my friends couldn't understand what I said.
 6. instead of trying to make sentences in our own ways.

181

- A. The party was quite
- B. The weather was so
- C. It was such a
- D. The afternoon was rather
1. warm evening that we had a long walk in the park.
 2. hot and there was not a person in the street.
 3. that we decided to go on a picnic.
 4. pleasant and we greatly enjoyed ourselves.
 5. nasty weather that I sat by the fire all day.
 6. cold that we cancelled the trip.

182

- A. Congress is the name given to the institution
- B. The members of the House of Representatives must be at least 25 and they
- C. Federal Courts deal with cases against the US laws or
- D. The Senate is composed of 100 members –
1. with crimes that cross state lines.
 2. to the Democrats and the Republicans.
 3. are accused people found guilty.
 4. elected to make laws in the USA.
 5. two members from each state.
 6. are elected every two years.

183

- A. Sal, I'm too busy, can you
- B. Will the boys be able
- C. My grandmother sometimes talks
- D. Jessica's mother went to the school

- 1. with himself.
- 2. to paint the room themselves?
- 3. to herself.
- 4. cook something for dinner yourself?
- 5. to talk to the headmaster herself.
- 6. to repair the bicycle yourself?

184

- A. Quitting smoking is hard but not impossible
- B. Nicotine can have a calming effect,
- C. When you don't have a cigarette at regular intervals,
- D. If you quit smoking you will not only have better health,

- 1. that is why many people continue smoking.
- 2. so your body is addicted to nicotine.
- 3. you experience withdrawal symptoms: anxiety, irritability, etc.
- 4. you would have a good chance of quitting successfully.
- 5. as long as you really want to give up the habit.
- 6. but also fresher breath, clearer skin and whiter teeth.

185

- A. The nurse says it's crucial that
- B. The job advertisement requires
- C. The travel agent recommends
- D. Someone suggested that

- 1. uniforms are being worn all the time.
- 2. they will arrest the wrong person.
- 3. spending a week in Paris.
- 4. that the applicant should have two years' experience.
- 5. the patient shouldn't be disturbed.
- 6. the winner be given a car as the prize.

186

- A. I disagree with his point of view,
- B. While I disagree with his point of view,
- C. While most people agreed that the car was a bargain,
- D. Most people agreed that the car was a bargain,

- 1. I understand why he thinks that way.
- 2. understand why he thinks that way, though.
- 3. but I understand why he thinks that way.
- 4. so none of them wanted to buy it.
- 5. however, none of them wanted to buy it.
- 6. none of them wanted to buy it.

187

- A. All those people who say
 B. Average summer temperature has been rising,
 C. What scientists now believe is
 D. For more than two hundred years humans have been gradually changing
1. the temperature moved up.
 2. whether the climate may soon change.
 3. the atmosphere, mainly as a result of industrial pollution.
 4. that human activity is the cause of global warming.
 5. and this fact greatly worries scientists.
 6. that the weather hasn't been normal recently are right.

188

- A. The boy ran quickly
 B. For a long time we walked
 C. My parents were
 D. The old man sitting on the bench
1. across the street to the shop on the other side.
 2. against spending the holiday in the mountains.
 3. with two tall buildings in Cherry Street.
 4. along the path till we got out of the forest.
 5. through the papers before signing them.
 6. beside me kept silent for some time.

189

- A. Laurel and Hardy were a pair of actors
 B. In their films, Laurel often caused many accidents
 C. A *Jekyll and Hyde* person is somebody
 D. *Slapstick* is a kind of comedy
1. which simply wasn't true.
 2. who everybody knows to be a major American writer.
 3. who became famous for their slapstick style of comedy.
 4. which involved them both.
 5. who has two personalities, one of which is good and the other bad.
 6. which uses exaggerated actions, often involving accidents.

190

- A. Many people want to achieve success in life,
 B. The more vividly you imagine your success,
 C. It's easier to move towards your goal
 D. If you fail, be happy
1. lower self-confidence makes people more successful.
 2. the easier it will be for you to follow it.
 3. if you enjoy doing it.
 4. do the things that give you satisfaction.
 5. that you have been given a chance to be even more successful.
 6. but it's easier said than done.

191

- A. For some people one of the greatest fears is
- B. Not only would she have to speak to an audience,
- C. Actually, it's public speaking
- D. What worries me most, is

- 1. there was a thunder of applause after I made my speech.
- 2. that makes me nervous.
- 3. grasping the attention of your audience.
- 4. but she would have to do it in a foreign language.
- 5. that I may be unable to answer certain questions.
- 6. having to speak in public.

192

- A. Animal communication is
- B. Humans are capable of
- C. People can refer to things like
- D. Human communication has

- 1. heaven and hell without ever having seen them.
- 2. different from human communication in two ways.
- 3. fixed number of signals and each signal is used for one particular thing.
- 4. special properties not found in animal communication.
- 5. talking about what doesn't even exist.
- 6. very creative and humans are able to invent new words.

193

- A. About half of all injuries during car accidents last year
- B. The injuries occur when the car
- C. Some people think getting hurt or killed in a car accident
- D. Please fasten your seatbelt, because even the best driver in the world

- 1. still don't wear seatbelts.
- 2. might have been avoided if the people had been wearing seat belts.
- 3. is a question of fate; and therefore, seatbelts don't matter.
- 4. is considered to be an authority figure.
- 5. stops abruptly and the occupants are thrown against the car's interior.
- 6. can't predict what another driver will do.

194

- A. Tomorrow morning Albert is sailing
- B. The woman sat down
- C. The excited players ran
- D. Rose bushes grow

- 1. along the sides of the road.
- 2. throughout the continent.
- 3. between New York and Chicago.
- 4. across the English Channel.
- 5. beside her husband's bed and took his hand in hers.
- 6. round the field hugging one another.

195

- A. He has read almost
- B. Little Neil has read every
- C. To understand this poem, you must read each
- D. I have read everything

- 1. story in this book a thousand times.
- 2. that can be found on this subject.
- 3. books written in the English language.
- 4. plays by modern playwrights.
- 5. of the lines very carefully.
- 6. all the science fiction books in the public library.

196

- A. We need to believe
- B. David, don't blame
- C. Let's help
- D. Nobody blames

- 1. yourself for the accident; it wasn't your fault.
- 2. yourselves to these appetizing doughnuts.
- 3. in ourselves, or we won't achieve anything.
- 4. ourselves for the terrible misfortune.
- 5. you for the failure; it was team work.
- 6. ourselves to this exotic-looking dish.

Answer Key

LEVEL A SECTION 1

1a	2b	3a	4a	5b	6d	7a	8c	9a	10a
11a	12d	13b	14d	15a	16a	17d	18a	19b	20a
21a	22c	23a	24b	25b	26a	27a	28a	29b	30b
31b	32a	33c	34b	35c	36d	37b	38c	39a	40d
41d	42c	43a	44a	45b	46a	47d	48a	49a	50c
51a	52a	53c	54a	55a	56a	57d	58b	59d	60a
61a	62b	63a	64c	65a	66a	67d	68a	69a	70d
71c	72b	73a	74a	75a	76d	77a	78d	79c	80c
81c	82b	83c	84b	85a	86c	87c	88b	89d	90a
91b	92b	93b	94d	95b	96c	97a	98c	99b	100d
101d	102d	103b	104a	105c	106d	107c	108a	109c	110b
111a	112d	113b	114b	115c	116c	117a	118b	119d	120c
121b	122b	123c	124a	125d	126d	127d	128b	129a	130c
131b	132c	133a	134d	135c	136d	137b	138b	139a	140b
141a	142c	143b	144a	145d	146c	147a	148b	149d	150b
151a	152d	153c	154b	155d	156a	157d	158c	159c	160d
161a	162d	163d	164a	165c	166c	167b	168b	169a	170d
171a	172b	173a	174d	175c	176c	177b	178d	179a	180b
181c	182b	183d	184d	185d	186a	187b	188c	189b	190b
191a	192d	193c	194a	195c	196d	197d	198b	199a	200d
201d	202a	203a	204b	205b	206a	207c	208d	209b	210a
211d	212a	213d	214b	215c	216a	217d	218b	219c	220c
221c	222a	223b	224c	225a	226c	227a	228d	229a	230a
231b	232d	233b	234a	235a	236d	237a	238b	239b	240a
241d	242c	243d	244b	245c	246d	247b	248b	249a	250c
251a	252a	253c	254a	255a	256d	257b	258b	259b	260b
261c	262c	263c	264d	265a	266d	267b	268a	269a	270d
271a	272a	273d	274c	275b	276a	277a	278b	279b	280c
281d	282a	283b	284a	285a	286b	287c	288b	289d	290a
291a	292c	293d	294c	295d	296a	297c	298a	299a	300c

SECTION 2

Text 1	2, 5, 3, 1, 6	Text 21	2,6, 1, 7, 3	Text 41	5, 1, 6, 2, 3
Text 2	3, 1, 5, 7, 4	Text 22	6, 5, 4, 3, 7	Text 42	4, 7, 6, 1, 3
Text 3	6, 4, 5, 1, 7	Text 23	6, 7, 1, 2, 5	Text 43	6, 5, 3, 2, 4
Text 4	1,7, 3, 4, 6	Text 24	3, 1, 7, 2, 5	Text 44	3, 5, 7, 2,6
Text 5	6, 2, 5, 1, 7	Text 25	5, 3, 1, 7, 6	Text 45	5, 1, 2, 7, 3
Text 6	7, 6, 5, 2, 1	Text 26	7, 3, 2, 4, 1	Text 46	7, 1, 2, 3, 5
Text 7	5, 2, 7, 3, 1	Text 27	1, 7, 5, 6, 2	Text 47	6, 2, 4, 3, 5
Text 8	4, 1, 2, 5, 6	Text 28	2, 4, 6, 3, 1	Text 48	3,7, 6, 5, 2
Text 9	3, 5, 1, 2, 4	Text 29	2, 4, 7, 6, 1	Text 49	2, 7,5,6, 3
Text 10	3, 1, 7, 6, 2	Text 30	5, 1, 6, 2, 3	Text 50	1, 4, 6, 7, 5
Text 11	2, 6, 7, 5, 4	Text 31	5, 7, 1, 2, 3	Text 51	3, 1, 4, 7, 6
Text 12	7, 2, 5, 4, 6	Text 32	3, 5, 7, 4, 6	Text 52	1, 3, 6, 5, 2
Text 13	2, 3, 7, 4, 1	Text 33	1, 7, 6, 5, 2	Text 53	5, 2, 7, 6, 1
Text 14	1, 4, 7, 6, 2	Text 34	4, 3, 7, 6, 5	Text 54	6, 4, 1, 2, 7
Text 15	5, 1, 3, 2, 4	Text 35	1, 6, 4, 3, 7	Text 55	3, 5, 6, 2, 4
Text 16	1, 4, 5, 2, 3	Text 36	5, 4, 1, 3, 2	Text 56	2, 1, 3, 6, 5
Text 17	7, 3, 4, 5, 2	Text 37	6, 2, 5, 3, 1	Text 57	7, 5, 3, 6, 4
Text 18	4, 7, 6, 3, 5	Text 38	1, 7, 6, 3, 4	Text 58	3, 5, 2, 1, 6
Text 19	2, 7, 4, 5, 3	Text 39	4, 2, 6, 3, 1	Text 59	7, 2, 3, 6, 1
Text 20	7, 5, 6, 4, 1	Text 40	5, 6, 3, 2, 1	Text 60	2, 6, 1, 5, 4

Dialogue 61	1, 3, 5, 2, 4	Dialogue 71	5, 3, 7, 6, 2
Dialogue 62	5, 2, 1, 3, 4	Dialogue 72	2, 3, 6, 4, 5
Dialogue 63	1, 3, 2, 5, 4	Dialogue 73	4, 2, 1, 5, 3
Dialogue 64	1, 2, 5, 3, 7	Dialogue 74	5, 2, 1, 3, 7
Dialogue 65	2, 5, 3, 7, 1	Dialogue 75	6, 1, 7, 4, 2
Dialogue 66	5, 4, 2, 1, 6	Dialogue 76	1, 2, 5, 4, 7
Dialogue 67	3, 6, 4, 5, 7	Dialogue 77	1, 3, 2, 6, 4
Dialogue 68	2, 4, 1, 7, 5	Dialogue 78	2, 1, 3, 5, 7
Dialogue 69	4, 2, 7, 3, 6	Dialogue 79	1, 3, 2, 6, 4
Dialogue 70	3, 5, 2, 4, 6	Dialogue 80	6, 1, 5, 3, 4

SECTION 3

1.	3, 4, 5	2.	1, 2, 4	3.	1, 2, 4, 5	4.	1, 2, 3	5.	3, 5
6.	1, 4	7.	2, 3, 5	8.	1, 2, 3, 4	9.	1, 3, 5	10.	1, 2, 3, 5
11.	2, 4, 5	12.	1, 2, 3, 5	13.	1, 2	14.	3, 5	15.	1, 3, 5
16.	2, 3, 4	17.	1, 5	18.	1, 2, 4	19.	1, 3, 4, 5	20.	2, 4
21.	2, 3, 4	22.	1, 2, 5	23.	3, 5	24.	1, 2, 3	25.	2, 4, 5
26.	1, 2, 3, 5	27.	3, 4, 5	28.	1, 4	29.	2, 4, 5	30.	1, 3
31.	2, 4, 5	32.	2, 3, 4, 5	33.	1, 4, 5	34.	1, 3, 5	35.	2, 3, 4
36.	1, 2, 3, 5	37.	1, 5	38.	2, 3	39.	2, 4, 5	40.	1, 4
41.	1, 3, 4, 5	42.	1, 2, 5	43.	1, 2, 3, 4	44.	2, 3, 4, 5	45.	3, 5
46.	1, 2, 3	47.	1, 3, 4	48.	4, 5	49.	2, 4, 5	50.	1, 2, 3
51.	1, 3, 4	52.	1, 2, 4	53.	1, 2, 3	54.	1, 4	55.	1, 3, 4, 5
56.	2, 4	57.	1, 4	58.	1, 4, 5	59.	2, 3	60.	2, 3, 4, 5
61.	3, 4	62.	1, 2, 4, 5	63.	4, 5	64.	1, 5	65.	1, 2, 4
66.	2, 4	67.	2, 4	68.	2, 4, 5	69.	1, 3	70.	3, 5
71.	2, 4, 5	72.	2, 5	73.	2, 5	74.	1, 2, 4, 5	75.	2, 3, 5
76.	2, 3, 4	77.	1, 3, 5	78.	1, 3, 4	79.	2, 4	80.	1, 2, 3
81.	1, 2, 4, 5	82.	1, 3	83.	1, 4, 5	84.	1, 2, 3, 5	85.	1, 2, 5
86.	1, 2, 3	87.	1, 2, 3, 4	88.	3, 5	89.	1, 2, 3	90.	2, 3, 4
91.	1, 2, 3	92.	1, 2, 3, 5	93.	3, 5	94.	1, 2, 4	95.	1, 2, 5
96.	2, 3, 5	97.	1, 2, 4	98.	1, 2, 3	99.	2, 3	100.	2, 3, 4
101.	1, 2	102.	3, 5	103.	2, 4, 5	104.	1, 4, 5	105.	1, 3, 5
106.	2, 4, 5	107.	1, 2, 4	108.	4, 5	109.	3, 4, 5	110.	1, 3, 4, 5
111.	3, 4, 5	112.	2, 3, 4	113.	3, 4	114.	1, 2, 3, 5	115.	3, 4, 5
116.	1, 2, 5	117.	2, 5	118.	1, 2, 3	119.	2, 3, 5	120.	1, 3, 5
121.	1, 2, 4, 5	122.	1, 3	123.	1, 2, 5	124.	1, 4, 5	125.	1, 2, 4
126.	1, 2, 4	127.	2, 3, 4	128.	1, 2, 5	129.	2, 3, 4	130.	1, 2, 4, 5
131.	2, 3, 5	132.	2, 3	133.	1, 4, 5	134.	2, 3, 5	135.	1, 3, 5
136.	2, 4, 5	137.	1, 3, 4	138.	1, 2, 5	139.	1, 2, 4	140.	1, 5
141.	1, 2, 4	142.	1, 3, 4	143.	1, 2	144.	1, 2, 4	145.	1, 2, 3, 5
146.	2, 3, 4	147.	2, 4	148.	1, 2, 5	149.	1, 2, 3	150.	2, 3, 4
151.	2, 3, 5	152.	3, 4, 5	153.	1, 2, 3	154.	2, 3, 5	155.	3, 4, 5
156.	1, 3, 4	157.	2, 3, 4	158.	1, 5	159.	1, 3, 4	160.	1, 2, 4, 5
161.	2, 3, 5	162.	3, 4, 5	163.	1, 2, 3, 4	164.	1, 2, 3	165.	1, 2, 3, 5
166.	1, 4, 5	167.	2, 4, 5	168.	1, 4, 5	169.	3, 4	170.	3, 5
171.	3, 4, 5	172.	1, 2, 5	173.	1, 2, 5	174.	2, 3, 4, 5	175.	1, 4, 5
176.	2, 3, 4	177.	2, 3, 4, 5	178.	2, 3, 4	179.	2, 3, 4, 5	180.	2, 4, 5
181.	3, 4, 5	182.	2, 3, 4	183.	3, 4, 5	184.	1, 4, 5	185.	1, 2, 3, 5
186.	2, 3, 5	187.	2, 4, 5	188.	1, 5	189.	2, 3, 4, 5	190.	1, 3, 4
191.	2, 3, 5	192.	1, 3, 5	193.	1, 2, 4	194.	1, 5	195.	1, 2, 5
196.	3, 4	197.	4, 5	198.	2, 3, 5	199.	1, 2, 4	200.	1, 2, 3, 5

SECTION 4

1.	A	B	C	D	2.	A	B	C	D	3.	A	B	C	D	4.	A	B	C	D
	4	3	1	2		2	1	3	4		5	1	2	4		1	4	2	5
5.	A	B	C	D	6.	A	B	C	D	7.	A	B	C	D	8.	A	B	C	D
	2	5	4	1		5	1	2	4		4	1	5	2		5	4	3	2
9.	A	B	C	D	10.	A	B	C	D	11.	A	B	C	D	12.	A	B	C	D
	4	3	2	1		5	1	3	2		1	4	2	3		5	4	2	1
13	A	B	C	D	14.	A	B	C	D	15.	A	B	C	D	16.	A	B	C	D
	1	2	3	4		4	1	3	5		5	2	4	3		1	3	5	2
17.	A	B	C	D	18.	A	B	C	D	19.	A	B	C	D	20.	A	B	C	D
	2	4	5	3		5	1	4	2		5	1	2	3		4	2	3	1
21.	A	B	C	D	22.	A	B	C	D	23.	A	B	C	D	24.	A	B	C	D
	2	1	3	5		5	1	4	2		4	1	3	2		5	3	2	4
25.	A	B	C	D	26.	A	B	C	D	27.	A	B	C	D	28.	A	B	C	D
	4	1	2	5		1	2	5	4		1	2	4	5		1	2	5	4
29.	A	B	C	D	30.	A	B	C	D	31.	A	B	C	D	32.	A	B	C	D
	1	3	5	4		3	1	4	2		4	1	3	5		3	1	4	5
33.	A	B	C	D	34.	A	B	C	D	35.	A	B	C	D	36.	A	B	C	D
	1	2	3	4		5	4	3	2		1	2	4	5		1	3	2	5
37.	A	B	C	D	38.	A	B	C	D	39.	A	B	C	D	40.	A	B	C	D
	4	1	3	5		1	3	4	5		4	1	3	5		4	1	3	5
41.	A	B	C	D	42.	A	B	C	D	43.	A	B	C	D	44.	A	B	C	D
	1	3	2	5		1	3	4	5		5	2	3	1		4	1	3	2
45.	A	B	C	D	46.	A	B	C	D	47.	A	B	C	D	48.	A	B	C	D
	4	2	3	5		5	3	4	1		5	1	2	4		2	3	4	1
49.	A	B	C	D	50.	A	B	C	D	51.	A	B	C	D	52.	A	B	C	D
	5	2	3	4		5	3	4	1		1	2	3	5		3	2	4	1
53.	A	B	C	D	54.	A	B	C	D	55.	A	B	C	D	56.	A	B	C	D
	4	3	1	2		4	3	1	5		4	1	5	2		3	1	2	4
57.	A	B	C	D	58.	A	B	C	D	59.	A	B	C	D	60.	A	B	C	D
	1	3	2	4		1	2	3	4		5	1	3	4		1	2	3	4
61.	A	B	C	D	62.	A	B	C	D	63.	A	B	C	D	64.	A	B	C	D
	4	1	3	5		1	3	2	4		1	2	3	5		5	4	3	1
65.	A	B	C	D	66.	A	B	C	D	67.	A	B	C	D	68.	A	B	C	D
	1	3	2	4		1	3	4	5		2	1	3	5		3	1	2	5

69.	A	B	C	D	70.	A	B	C	D	71.	A	B	C	D	72.	A	B	C	D
	4	2	3	1		5	1	3	2		1	2	3	4		1	2	5	4
73.	A	B	C	D	74.	A	B	C	D	75.	A	B	C	D	76.	A	B	C	D
	4	3	5	2		1	3	2	5		1	3	2	5		4	1	3	5
77.	A	B	C	D	78.	A	B	C	D	79.	A	B	C	D	80.	A	B	C	D
	2	1	4	5		3	2	5	1		4	1	2	3		1	4	5	2
81.	A	B	C	D	82.	A	B	C	D	83.	A	B	C	D	84.	A	B	C	D
	4	2	5	1		2	5	3	1		2	3	4	5		4	1	2	3
85.	A	B	C	D	86.	A	B	C	D	87.	A	B	C	D	88.	A	B	C	D
	5	1	3	4		2	3	5	1		4	2	3	1		5	4	3	1
89.	A	B	C	D	90.	A	B	C	D	91.	A	B	C	D	92.	A	B	C	D
	4	5	3	2		4	3	1	5		1	3	4	5		4	2	1	5
93.	A	B	C	D	94.	A	B	C	D	95.	A	B	C	D	96.	A	B	C	D
	2	4	3	5		2	5	4	3		1	3	4	5		5	3	4	1
97.	A	B	C	D	98.	A	B	C	D	99.	A	B	C	D	100.	A	B	C	D
	1	3	4	2		1	2	3	4		4	2	3	5		1	4	2	5

LEVEL B
SECTION 1

Text 1	5, 2, 7, 1, 3	Text 31	3, 7, 4, 6, 1
Text 2	7, 4, 6, 1, 5	Text 32	5, 6, 7, 3, 2
Text 3	2, 4, 6, 1, 7	Text 33	1, 3, 5, 2, 7
Text 4	4, 7, 2, 5, 1	Text 34	7, 4, 2, 5, 6
Text 5	4, 7, 2, 5, 6	Text 35	3, 1, 4, 7, 6
Text 6	7, 3, 1, 6, 2	Text 36	3, 7, 6, 5, 4
Text 7	3, 6, 1, 7, 4	Text 37	2, 7, 6, 4, 1
Text 8	2, 7, 5, 3, 6	Text 38	3, 4, 7, 1, 2
Text 9	6, 7, 1, 4, 3	Text 39	2, 7, 1, 6, 3
Text 10	3, 7, 1, 4, 2	Text 40	4, 1, 7, 2, 6
Text 11	2, 7, 3, 6, 4	Text 41	4, 1, 5, 2, 6
Text 12	3, 7, 1, 4, 6	Text 42	1, 2, 7, 4, 3
Text 13	5, 1, 3, 2, 6	Text 43	5, 2, 7, 3, 1
Text 14	2, 5, 7, 3, 6	Text 44	7, 5, 6, 2, 4
Text 15	5, 2, 1, 7, 3	Text 45	6, 3, 2, 1, 4
Text 16	4, 7, 3, 1, 6	Text 46	4, 2, 6, 1, 7
Text 17	7, 2, 1, 6, 4	Text 47	7, 5, 1, 3, 2
Text 18	2, 5, 7, 6, 3	Text 48	4, 3, 1, 2, 7
Text 19	4, 6, 5, 3, 7	Text 49	5, 3, 2, 7, 6
Text 20	2, 7, 1, 6, 4	Text 50	7, 2, 6, 1, 3
Text 21	3, 5, 1, 7, 2	Text 51	3, 4, 1, 6, 2
Text 22	7, 6, 4, 2, 5	Text 52	7, 4, 6, 3, 5
Text 23	4, 3, 1, 5, 7	Text 53	6, 7, 2, 1, 4
Text 24	5, 1, 2, 6, 3	Text 54	5, 7, 2, 6, 1
Text 25	2, 7, 6, 1, 4	Text 55	3, 6, 5, 2, 1
Text 26	4, 5, 7, 6, 1	Text 56	2, 7, 6, 5, 1
Text 27	2, 4, 1, 5, 6	Text 57	6, 2, 3, 1, 4
Text 28	2, 4, 6, 1, 3	Text 58	5, 6, 3, 7, 1
Text 29	7, 4, 1, 6, 5	Text 59	6, 4, 7, 3, 5
Text 30	5, 7, 3, 6, 1	Text 60	3, 1, 6, 7, 2

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1. 1, 3, 5	2. 2, 3	3. 1, 2, 3, 4	4. 2, 3, 5	5. 1, 4, 5
6. 1, 4	7. 1, 2	8. 1, 2, 5	9. 1, 2, 4, 5	10. 2, 4, 5
11. 1, 2, 5	12. 1, 3	13. 2, 4	14. 1, 2, 4	15. 2, 3
16. 1, 2, 3	17. 1, 2, 5	18. 1, 2, 3	19. 1, 3	20. 1, 3, 5
21. 2, 3, 5	22. 2, 4, 5	23. 1, 2, 4, 5	24. 1, 3, 4, 5	25. 2, 4, 5
26. 2, 3, 4	27. 1, 4, 5	28. 1, 4, 5	29. 1, 3, 5	30. 1, 4, 5
31. 3, 4, 5	32. 1, 3, 5	33. 2, 3, 5	34. 1, 3, 4, 5	35. 1, 2, 5
36. 1, 4, 5	37. 1, 3, 4, 5	38. 4, 5	39. 1, 3, 4, 5	40. 1, 4
41. 2, 3, 4	42. 2, 3, 4	43. 3, 4, 5	44. 1, 3, 5	45. 1, 3, 4
46. 1, 4, 5	47. 2, 5	48. 1, 2, 4	49. 1, 3, 5	50. 2, 4, 5
51. 1, 5	52. 1, 2, 4	53. 1, 2, 4, 5	54. 2, 3, 5	55. 1, 4, 5
56. 2, 4, 5	57. 1, 2, 4	58. 3, 4, 5	59. 2, 4, 5	60. 3, 4, 5
61. 1, 2, 5	62. 1, 2, 4	63. 1, 3, 4	64. 1, 2, 3, 5	65. 1, 2, 5
66. 2, 3, 4	67. 1, 2, 5	68. 1, 2, 3, 5	69. 1, 2, 5	70. 3, 4, 5
71. 1, 4, 5	72. 1, 3, 5	73. 2, 3, 5	74. 1, 5	75. 1, 3, 4
76. 2, 4, 5	77. 3, 4, 5	78. 1, 2, 5	79. 1, 3, 5	80. 1, 3
81. 1, 2, 5	82. 1, 4, 5	83. 3, 4, 5	84. 2, 3, 5	85. 1, 4, 5
86. 1, 3	87. 1, 2, 4	88. 1, 2, 4	89. 2, 4	90. 1, 2, 3, 4
91. 2, 3, 5	92. 2, 4, 5	93. 1, 3, 5	94. 1, 2, 5	95. 3, 4, 5
96. 2, 4, 5	97. 1, 4, 5	98. 2, 4	99. 1, 2, 3, 5	100. 2, 4, 5
101. 1, 2	102. 2, 3	103. 1, 3, 4	104. 2, 4, 5	105. 1, 3, 4
106. 1, 2, 5	107. 1, 2, 3	108. 1, 2	109. 1, 3, 5	110. 1, 3, 5
111. 1, 2, 4	112. 1, 4, 5	113. 2, 3, 4	114. 1, 2, 4	115. 1, 2, 4
116. 3, 4, 5	117. 1, 2, 4	118. 1, 3, 5	119. 2, 3	120. 1, 2, 4
121. 1, 2, 4	122. 2, 3, 5	123. 1, 2, 3, 4	124. 1, 2, 5	125. 1, 2, 5
126. 2, 4, 5	127. 1, 3, 5	128. 1, 2, 3, 4	129. 2, 3, 4	130. 2, 3, 5
131. 2, 3, 5	132. 1, 2, 3	133. 3, 4, 5	134. 1, 3, 4	135. 1, 2, 5
136. 2, 4, 5	137. 1, 2, 3, 4	138. 1, 3, 4	139. 1, 5	140. 1, 2, 4
141. 2, 3, 5	142. 1, 2, 5	143. 3, 5	144. 2, 3, 4	145. 2, 4, 5
146. 1, 3, 5	147. 2, 3, 5	148. 2, 4, 5	149. 1, 2, 5	150. 1, 4, 5
151. 1, 3, 4	152. 2, 3, 5	153. 1, 2, 4	154. 1, 2, 3	155. 1, 2, 5
156. 2, 4, 5	157. 1, 2, 4	158. 2, 3, 4	159. 2, 3, 5	160. 1, 2, 5
161. 1, 3, 5	162. 1, 2, 3	163. 1, 3, 4, 5	164. 1, 3, 5	165. 2, 5
166. 1, 2, 3	167. 1, 2, 5	168. 1, 4, 5	169. 1, 2, 3	170. 2, 4, 5
171. 2, 3, 4	172. 3, 5	173. 1, 3, 5	174. 2, 3, 4	175. 1, 4, 5
176. 1, 2, 3	177. 1, 3, 4, 5	178. 2, 3, 5	179. 1, 3, 5	180. 2, 3, 5
181. 2, 4, 5	182. 1, 4, 5	183. 3, 4	184. 1, 5	185. 1, 2, 5
186. 3, 5	187. 1, 5	188. 4, 5	189. 3, 4	190. 2, 5
191. 2, 3, 5	192. 1, 2, 4	193. 3, 5	194. 1, 2, 5	195. 2, 3, 5
196. 2, 3, 4	197. 1, 2, 3, 4	198. 1, 2, 4	199. 1, 3, 4	200. 1, 4, 5

SECTION 3

1. A3 B1 C2 D5	2. A2 B5 C4 D6	3. A1 B2 C6 D4	4. A2 B5 C6 D1
5. A4 B5 C6 D3	6. A1 B4 C6 D3	7. A3 B4 C6 D5	8. A6 B1 C2 D4
9. A6 B2 C1 D3	10. A1 B4 C2 D6	11. A4 B6 C1 D5	12. A2 B3 C6 D5
13. A2 B5 C4 D3	14. A5 B3 C4 D6	15. A4 B1 C5 D2	16. A2 B5 C3 D6
17. A3 B1 C6 D5	18. A6 B5 C2 D3	19. A2 B3 C4 D5	20. A3 B6 C4 D2
21. A2 B6 C4 D3	22. A4 B5 C1 D3	23. A3 B4 C2 D6	24. A1 B4 C6 D5
25. A4 B6 C1 D2	26. A5 B4 C1 D6	27. A5 B1 C3 D4	28. A4 B3 C2 D6
29. A4 B2 C3 D6	30. A4 B2 C3 D1	31. A6 B5 C3 D4	32. A2 B3 C5 D4
33. A3 B1 C6 D5	34. A5 B1 C6 D3	35. A5 B1 C3 D2	36. A5 B4 C3 D6
37. A4 B2 C5 D3	38. A5 B6 C3 D2	39. A4 B1 C2 D3	40. A5 B3 C2 D1
41. A4 B2 C6 D3	42. A3 B4 C5 D2	43. A3 B4 C6 D5	44. A5 B3 C1 D4
45. A3 B4 C1 D6	46. A4 B1 C5 D2	47. A3 B4 C1 D6	48. A5 B2 C3 D1
49. A4 B1 C6 D5	50. A3 B1 C2 D4	51. A4 B5 C6 D3	52. A5 B4 C1 D2
53. A6 B1 C2 D5	54. A4 B2 C5 D1	55. A3 B1 C2 D4	56. A3 B1 C6 D4
57. A4 B6 C1 D3	58. A4 B2 C1 D5	59. A4 B2 C3 D5	60. A5 B3 C1 D2
61. A4 B6 C3 D1	62. A2 B4 C3 D6	63. A4 B1 C5 D2	64. A2 B4 C1 D3
65. A4 B2 C5 D3	66. A3 B5 C6 D1	67. A3 B1 C4 D6	68. A3 B5 C1 D6
69. A3 B6 C4 D2	70. A2 B1 C3 D4	71. A2 B4 C1 D6	72. A4 B3 C6 D5
73. A4 B1 C5 D3	74. A3 B1 C6 D4	75. A6 B1 C4 D2	76. A5 B3 C1 D4
77. A4 B6 C1 D3	78. A5 B6 C3 D2	79. A3 B1 C6 D5	80. A3 B4 C1 D2
81. A2 B6 C4 D1	82. A3 B4 C1 D6	83. A6 B3 C1 D2	84. A2 B4 C1 D6
85. A2 B6 C3 D4	86. A4 B2 C3 D5	87. A2 B1 C4 D6	88. A3 B1 C5 D6
89. A5 B1 C2 D3	90. A2 B5 C3 D6	91. A2 B4 C5 D3	92. A2 B6 C4 D1
93. A4 B1 C3 D6	94. A4 B6 C2 D5	95. A3 B1 C6 D4	96. A6 B1 C5 D4
97. A2 B1 C5 D6	98. A4 B2 C5 D3	99. A2 B5 C6 D4	100. A5 B3 C4 D1
101. A3 B5 C6 D1	102. A6 B1 C4 D2	103. A2 B5 C3 D6	104. A3 B5 C6 D2
105. A6 B2 C3 D5	106. A3 B6 C1 D5	107. A4 B6 C1 D2	108. A2 B1 C6 D5
109. A4 B1 C2 D6	110. A3 B1 C5 D6	111. A4 B3 C1 D6	112. A4 B6 C1 D5
113. A5 B1 C4 D2	114. A5 B4 C1 D2	115. A2 B5 C1 D3	116. A1 B3 C6 D2
117. A4 B6 C1 D3	118. A5 B4 C3 D2	119. A6 B2 C5 D4	120. A4 B6 C2 D1
121. A4 B1 C6 D2	122. A4 B1 C3 D5	123. A4 B6 C1 D3	124. A3 B2 C6 D1
125. A5 B1 C6 D2	126. A4 B2 C1 D5	127. A2 B4 C1 D6	128. A4 B2 C1 D5
129. A2 B6 C3 D1	130. A6 B5 C3 D1	131. A2 B4 C1 D5	132. A3 B2 C5 D1
133. A3 B1 C2 D6	134. A3 B4 C1 D5	135. A3 B1 C4 D5	136. A2 B6 C3 D4
137. A2 B4 C1 D5	138. A4 B6 C1 D2	139. A5 B4 C3 D6	140. A1 B3 C4 D2

141. A4 B2 C5 D6	142. A1 B4 C3 D2	143. A4 B3 C5 D1	144. A4 B6 C5 D2
145. A4 B3 C5 D6	146. A4 B2 C6 D3	147. A5 B3 C4 D1	148. A4 B1 C6 D3
149. A5 B1 C2 D6	150. A4 B6 C1 D2	151. A3 B1 C4 D5	152. A1 B3 C6 D2
153. A3 B1 C6 D5	154. A4 B3 C6 D1	155. A5 B1 C4 D6	156. A1 B6 C5 D4
157. A2 B4 C1 D5	158. A1 B5 C4 D2	159. A3 B2 C6 D5	160. A5 B1 C3 D2
161. A3 B1 C5 D6	162. A2 B5 C3 D1	163. A4 B3 C6 D2	164. A1 B4 C3 D2
165. A4 B1 C2 D5	166. A6 B4 C1 D3	167. A2 B3 C4 D5	168. A1 B2 C6 D5
169. A1 B3 C6 D5	170. A4 B1 C6 D2	171. A3 B4 C5 D2	172. A6 B4 C1 D2
173. A3 B1 C4 D6	174. A3 B5 C4 D6	175. A2 B6 C5 D3	176. A4 B1 C3 D5
177. A3 B5 C4 D2	178. A4 B3 C2 D5	179. A4 B5 C1 D2	180. A3 B4 C5 D2
181. A4 B6 C1 D2	182. A4 B6 C1 D5	183. A4 B2 C3 D5	184. A5 B1 C3 D6
185. A5 B4 C3 D6	186. A3 B1 C6 D5	187. A6 B5 C4 D3	188. A1 B4 C2 D6
189. A3 B4 C5 D6	190. A6 B2 C3 D5	191. A6 B4 C2 D5	192. A2 B5 C1 D4
193. A2 B5 C3 D6	194. A4 B5 C6 D1	195. A6 B1 C5 D2	196. A3 B1 C6 D5

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ՇՏԵՄԱՐԱՆ

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