

ՄԻԱՄՆԱԿԱՆ ՔՆՆՈՒԹՅՈՒՆ

2025

ՀՈՒՆԻՍ

ԱՆՔԼԵՐԵՆ

ԹԵՄԱ 3

Խմբի համարը

Նստարանի համարը

Հարգելի՛ դիմորդ

Խորհուրդ ենք տալիս առաջադրանքները կատարել ըստ հերթականության: Ուշադիր կարդացե՛ք յուրաքանչյուր առաջադրանք և պատասխանների առաջարկվող տարբերակները: Եթե Ձեզ չի հաջողվում որևէ առաջադրանքի անմիջապես պատասխանել, ժամանակը խնայելու նպատակով կարող եք այն բաց թողնել և դրան անդրադառնալ ավելի ուշ:

Ձեր առջև դրված թեստ-գրքույկի էջերի դատարկ մասերը Դուք ազատորեն կարող եք օգտագործել սևագրության համար: **Թեստ-գրքույկը չի ստուգվում: Ստուգվում է միայն պատասխանների ձևաթուղթը:**

Առաջադրանքները կատարելուց հետո չմոռանաք պատասխանները ուշադիր և խնամքով նշել պատասխանների ձևաթղթում: Պատասխանների ձևաթղթի ճիշտ լրացումից է կախված Ձեր քննական միավորը:

Ցանկանում ենք հաջողություն:

I. Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right answer.

Կարդալ տեքստը և պատասխանել հարցերին՝ ընտրելով ճիշտ տարբերակը:

Line number

1. Esperanto is an artificial language created in the late 19th century by Polish doctor Ludwik
2. Zamenhof. He envisioned a universal language that could break down barriers between people of
3. different nations and cultures. Zamenhof believed that communication could lead to better
4. understanding and peace, and Esperanto was designed to be an easy-to-learn language for people
5. worldwide.
6. Zamenhof's first attempt to create a universal language was not successful. He started with a
7. complex system of sounds and rules, but it was difficult for people to learn and use. After further
8. work, he simplified the structure, choosing root words that were familiar to many languages, and
9. adding a clear set of grammar rules. One of the unique features of Esperanto is its regularity,
10. with no exceptions to grammar rules.
11. In 1887, Zamenhof published his first book about Esperanto, calling it "Unua Libro" (First
12. Book). He used the pen name Dr. Esperanto, which means "one who hopes" in his language. The
13. publication was a success, and Esperanto quickly gained a following, with groups of speakers
14. forming in Europe and beyond.
15. Over the years, Esperanto grew in popularity, with numerous organizations, publications, and
16. even radio broadcasts in the language. In 1905, the first World Esperanto Congress was held in
17. France, attracting around 700 people from 20 different countries. By the 1930s, Esperanto was
18. spoken by tens of thousands of people around the world.
19. Despite challenges from political forces and the rise of national languages, Esperanto
20. continued to survive and grow. It is still spoken today, with estimates suggesting that between
21. one and two million people can speak the language to some degree. While not an official
22. language in any country, Esperanto has become a symbol of internationalism and a tool for
23. cross-cultural communication.
24. Modern Esperanto speakers continue to **promote** the language and **its** ideals of peace and
25. global understanding. The language is taught in schools, universities, and through online courses,
26. and it has a thriving community of speakers worldwide. Many books, films, and songs have also
27. been created in Esperanto, making it a vibrant part of **contemporary** culture.

1

The main idea of this text is

- a) the difficulties of communicating in Esperanto.
- b) the history and development of Esperanto.
- c) the challenges of learning a universal language.
- d) how Esperanto has influenced modern languages.

2

According to the text, why did Zamenhof create Esperanto?

- a) To simplify existing languages.
- b) To make a profit from language teaching.
- c) To connect people across different languages and cultures.
- d) To replace national languages.

3

The word **contemporary** in line 27 is closest in meaning to

- a) reliable
- b) temporary
- c) permanent
- d) modern

4

What does the text suggest about the popularity of Esperanto by the 1930s?

- a) It had started to decline in use among many people.
- b) It had attracted a significant number of speakers globally.
- c) It remained limited to a small group of scholars.
- d) It was officially recognized by several governments.

5

The expression “*quickly gained a following*” in Paragraph 3 could best be replaced by

- a) failed to attract interest
- b) immediately lost popularity
- c) was quickly rejected
- d) became widely accepted

6

Which significant event in Esperanto's history occurred in 1905?

- a) The launch of the first Esperanto-language radio program.
- b) Zamenhof's initial design of the language.
- c) The hosting of the first international Esperanto conference.
- d) The official recognition of Esperanto by a government.

7

It can be inferred from the text that Esperanto is

- a) only spoken in a few countries.
- b) an ancient language.
- c) a widely spoken national language.
- d) still used by millions of people worldwide.

8

The pronoun **its** in line 24 stands for

- a) peace
- b) speakers
- c) ideals
- d) language

9

The word **promote** in line 24 is synonymous to

- a) encourage
- b) enlighten
- c) endanger
- d) endure

10

The last paragraph discusses

- a) the role of Esperanto in education and culture.
- b) the future of Esperanto and its speakers.
- c) the historical challenges Esperanto faced.
- d) the influence of Esperanto on modern languages.

II. Choose the right option.

Ընտրել ճիշտ տարբերակը:

The ancient city (11) _____ by a volcanic eruption that took place centuries ago. Before the disaster, people (12) _____ there peacefully for generations, building grand temples and wide roads. They traded goods with neighboring cities and (13) _____ many religious festivals throughout the year. When the volcano erupted, thick ash and lava (14) _____ the city, preserving buildings, artwork, and even some personal belongings under layers of rock. Every year the ruins (15) _____ by thousands of tourists, who (16) _____ to admire the preserved remains of the once-thriving civilization and learn about its history.

11

- a) was destroyed
- b) has destroyed
- c) had destroyed
- d) destroyed

12

- a) have lived
- b) were lived
- c) was living
- d) had been living

13

- a) celebrated
- b) celebrate
- c) have celebrated
- d) were celebrated

14

- a) was burying
- b) were buried
- c) buried
- d) had been buried

15

- a) visit
- b) are visiting
- c) have visited
- d) are visited

16

- a) had come
- b) are coming
- c) have come
- d) come

A group of scientists (17) _____ an exciting deep-sea expedition to explore a part of the ocean that had never been studied before. They believed that many new sea animals and old shipwrecks (18) _____ there. As the team descended deeper into the water in their small submarine, they (19) _____ by the sight of strange glowing fish swimming around them. The scientists (20) _____ to take notes, collect samples, and use special equipment to study the environment. The discoveries they made (21) _____ scientists learn more about the ocean in the future.

17

- a) started
- b) was started
- c) has started
- d) starts

18

- a) can have found
- b) could find
- c) could be found
- d) can be found

19

- a) were amazed
- b) had been amazed
- c) were amazing
- d) had amazed

20

- a) could
- b) should
- c) might
- d) were able

21

- a) are helped
- b) will help
- c) is helping
- d) has helped

Diwali, also known as the Festival of Lights, (22) _____ by millions of people across India and other parts of the world for centuries. The festival (23) _____ for five days, and each day has a special meaning. Families decorate their homes with lamps and candles, believing that light (24) _____ prosperity and happiness.

In recent years, some environmental groups (25) _____ people to reduce firework use, as it (26) _____ cause air pollution. By the time Diwali arrives this year, markets (27) _____ with sweets, decorations, and colorful rangoli patterns.

22

- a) celebrates
- b) are celebrated
- c) has celebrated
- d) has been celebrated

23

- a) lasted
- b) is lasting
- c) lasts
- d) had lasted

24

- a) will be brought
- b) will bring
- c) bring
- d) has been brought

25

- a) were asked
- b) are asked
- c) had asked
- d) have been asking

26

- a) was to
- b) is able
- c) ought
- d) might

27

- a) would fill
- b) will have been filled
- c) had been filled
- d) were filled

III. Choose the appropriate option.

Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը:

28

“You must have received _____ advice!”

“Yes, I did. It really helped me.”

- a) a good
- b) well
- c) good
- d) a better

29

“Did you enjoy the movie?”

“No, it was _____ boring movie that I almost fell asleep.”

- a) so much
- b) so
- c) such
- d) such a

30

“Would you like some more tea?”

“Only _____, thank you.”

- a) a few
- b) little of
- c) few of
- d) a little

31

“Did you enjoy hiking when you were young?”

“I _____, but I don't enjoy it as much now.”

- a) wasn't used
- b) didn't use to
- c) used to
- d) wasn't used to

32

“Who is going to prepare the presentation?”

“I think we should let John _____ it.”

- a) in presenting
- b) present
- c) to present
- d) presenting

33

"Are you excited about your new job?"

"Yes! I've been looking forward _____ my first day."

- a) to have started
- b) to start
- c) starting
- d) to starting

34

"Have you heard anything new about the project?"

"There isn't _____ information available right now."

- a) much
- b) many
- c) a lot
- d) lot of

35

"He always speaks honestly."

"He's always telling _____ truth."

- a) —
- b) a
- c) the
- d) an

36

"Alice and Emma both play the piano well."

"However, Alice is _____ of the two."

- a) most skillful
- b) the more skillful
- c) the most skillful
- d) more skillfully

37

"Did you find a buyer for your house?"

"No, but there's someone who is _____ in purchasing it."

- a) interesting definitely
- b) definitely interested
- c) definite interested
- d) definitely interesting

38

"The train leaves in five minutes."

"You _____ hurry, if you want to catch it."

- a) had better
- b) had rather
- c) had better to
- d) would rather to

IV. Fill in the blanks with the word form that best fits each space.

Ընտրել համատեքստին համապատասխանող խոսքիմասային ձևը:

Tourism is a major source of (39) _____ growth for many countries, bringing financial benefits to local businesses and creating jobs. However, the rapid growth of tourism can also have (40) _____ effects on the environment and traditional ways of life. Many popular tourist destinations struggle with issues like pollution and the (41) _____ of historical sites. In response, some governments have introduced (42) _____ measures to control the number of visitors and protect natural and cultural landmarks. Responsible tourism can bring certain advantages while preserving local traditions more (43) _____ .

39

- a) economics
- b) economist
- c) economic
- d) economically

40

- a) negate
- b) negative
- c) negation
- d) negatively

41

- a) destruct
- b) destroy
- c) destructive
- d) destruction

42

- a) regulator
- b) regulate
- c) regulatory
- d) regularly

43

- a) effect
- b) effectively
- c) effective
- d) ineffective

V. Choose the right option.

Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը:

44

“Why did you walk home?”

“_____ the bus drivers went on strike, I had to walk all the way home.”

- a) As soon
- b) Since
- c) Because of
- d) In order

45

“Do you think they will cancel the picnic?”

“_____ it rains will the picnic be cancelled.”

- a) Despite
- b) If only
- c) Only if
- d) In case of

46

Jack is an interesting storyteller, _____ his brother bores others by talking about himself all the time.

- a) as though
- b) as long as
- c) as far as
- d) whereas

47

_____, I’m excited to let you know that the new product line will be available next month.

- a) Owing to you are interested in our products
- b) Because of you have been interested in our products
- c) Even though your continuous interest in our products
- d) Due to your continuous interest in our products

48

“What plans do you have, George?”

“_____ the semester is over, I am going to rest a few days and then take a trip.”

- a) Until when
- b) Not until
- c) Now that
- d) Only that

49

“Did you go to the zoo anyway?”

“_____ I was tired, I took the children to the zoo.”

- a) In case of
- b) In spite of
- c) Even though
- d) In addition to

50

_____ they announced the winner, the crowd erupted into applause.

- a) Scarcely
- b) No sooner
- c) Hardly
- d) As soon as

VI. Choose the correctly transformed sentences.

Ընտրել ճիշտ փոխակերպված նախադասությունները:

51

1. *He said to me, "Fill in this form in block letters and sign it, please."*
He asked me to fill in that form in block letters and sign it.
2. *"We should try the new restaurant," said Mark.*
Mark suggested to try the new restaurant.
3. *Natali said to George, "Thanks. You helped me yesterday."*
Natali thanked George for helping her the day before.
4. *Sarah reminded me to switch off the computer when I was done.*
Sarah asks, "Will you please switch off the computer when you are done?"
5. *"Where did you go on vacation?" Sam asked Tom.*
Sam wanted to know where had Tom gone on vacation.

52

1. *"Did any of you see how the accident happened?" the policeman said to the boys.*
The policeman asked if the boys had seen how the accident had happened.
2. *"It's sunny today. Put on your cap," said my grandmother.*
My grandmother warned me to put on my cap as it is sunny that day.
3. *Peter apologized to Helen for shouting at her the day before.*
"I didn't mean to shout at you yesterday, Helen," says Peter.
4. *The manager said to me: "Will you have finished the presentation by the time I arrive?"*
The manager asked me if I would have finished the presentation by the time he arrived.
5. *Dad told me to make sure I had locked the door before I left.*
"Make sure you've locked the door before you leave," Dad said to me.

53

1. *"I'll attend the meeting if I finish my work on time," said Jane.*
Jane said that she would attend the meeting if she finished her work on time.
2. *"I have been waiting for your reply for over a week, Jack," said Susan.*
Susan told Jack that she had been waiting for his reply for over a week.
3. *"If they had known about the traffic, they would have left earlier," said the driver.*
The driver told that if they had known about the traffic, they would have left earlier.
4. *I asked Bob why he didn't want to go back to London.*
"Bob, go back to London, please," I said.
5. *"I have some guests from Boston today," says my colleague.*
My colleague says he has some guests from Boston today.

1. *"I have never been to this restaurant, Sam." said Emma.*
Emma told Sam that she had never been to that restaurant.
2. *"Please, turn off the lights after you finish your work," Alice said to me.*
Alice asked me to turn off the lights after I finished my work.
3. *"Can you send me the report by 5 p.m.?" asked the boss.*
I asked the boss if he could send me the report by 5 p.m.
4. *The examiner asked how long Ann had been learning English.*
"How long have you been learning English, Ann?" asked the examiner.
5. *"I will call you as soon as I find a solution to your problem," said Ted.*
Ted told that he would call me as soon as he found a solution to my problem.

1. *"I'll send you a message if I find all the necessary information," said Peter.*
Peter said that he would send me a message if he found all the necessary information.
2. *"If you need help, just let me know." said Mark.*
Mark asked to me if I needed help, and advised me to inform him.
3. *"When is Ann planning to finish the project?" asked the team leader.*
The team leader asked Ann when she was planning to finish the project.
4. *"I don't understand why she hasn't come to the party," said Tom.*
Tom said that he didn't understand why she hadn't come to the party.
5. *Lily assured us that Jack was a good companion and we could fully trust him.*
Lily said to us, "Jack is a good companion. I'm sure we can fully trust him."

VII. Fill in each gap with an appropriate word from the list below (two odd variants are given).

Տեղադրել բառերը համատեքստում՝ բովանդակությանը համապատասխան (տրված բառերից երկուսն ավելորդ են):

Sunglasses are special glasses that _____ our eyes from the sun. They have dark lenses that reduce bright light and help us see clearly on sunny _____. Many people wear sunglasses when they go outside, especially in summer. They are also useful for driving, walking, or spending time on the beach. The UV protection of some sunglasses _____ our eyes safe from harmful rays and helps _____ eye problems. Sunglasses come in different shapes, colors, and sizes. Many famous people wear them as a fashion accessory, and some people choose a stylish _____ to match their outfits.

1. days 2. design 3. protect 4. prevent 5. weather 6. keeps 7. looks

VIII. Choose the correctly formulated questions.

Ընտրել քերականորեն ճիշտ ձևակերպված հարցական մախադասությունները:

57

1. You'd rather wait for his reply till Monday, hadn't you?
2. Do you know when the next meeting will take place?
3. Have you read my article on heart diseases or not?
4. Do you think I have to apologize to the boss?
5. Where is Fred going to stay in Rome?

58

1. Help me prepare for the seminar, will you?
2. They have to make a decision concerning the pay rise, haven't they?
3. Was the castle built in the 12th or 13th century?
4. Who did discover electricity and when?
5. Did you use to go on holiday abroad when a child you were?

59

1. What was your brother doing while you were talking on the phone?
2. Is this the first time you have won a scholarship, isn't it?
3. Can she sing as well as her sister is?
4. Do you have any idea how many planets there are in the solar system?
5. Did they use to live in the country before they moved here?

60

1. Should I take this medicine three or two times a day?
2. Are you sure that Mount Everest is the highest mountain in the world?
3. Emily has decided to change her job, hasn't she?
4. It's hardly rained this season, does it?
5. Do you remember how many stories did you read last month?

61

1. I am more confident in my writing now than I was last year, am not I?
2. There's little hope that the doctors can save his life, is there?
3. Must he finish the project alone or has he to collaborate with others?
4. Does Jack or you have to perform at the concert tomorrow?
5. Has this girl been interested in art since she was very young?

IX. Fill in the gaps with the prepositions/adverbs given below (two of them are odd).

Լրացնել տեքստը՝ տեղադրելով համապատասխան նախդիրները / մակբայները (տրված տարբերակներից երկուսն ավելորդ են):

62

Music has the ability to bring people _____ regardless of their backgrounds. It has been used _____ centuries for storytelling, celebration, and healing. Many musicians get inspiration _____ their personal experiences, creating songs that strongly connect _____ listeners. Classical composers, such as Beethoven and Mozart, made lasting contributions to the world of music, influencing countless artists. Today, digital platforms have transformed how music is shared and discovered, making it accessible to millions _____ the globe.

1. into 2. apart 3. from 4. with 5. for 6. across 7. together

X. Choose the sentences with an odd word.

Ընտրել այն նախադասությունները որոնցում կա ավելորդ բառ:

63

1. In the past, people got used to travel by ship, but nowadays, it's more convenient to fly.
2. The athlete was heard to discuss his injury with the coach before the press arrived.
3. That conference was organized by several universities to discuss climate issues.
4. We approached to the building cautiously, unsure if it was safe to enter.
5. She was worried about because she didn't receive any feedback on her report yet.

64

1. He was trying to decide which job offer to take, but he couldn't come to a decision.
2. The children were excited to go on the trip, and they weren't happy when it was been cancelled.
3. I am sure that they will have finished the project by next week, but they still have a lot to do.
4. Her ideas were very creative, and she suggested some great deal improvements for the project.
5. We ought to review the documents carefully before submitting them.

65

1. They were forced to go through all the paperwork again due to one missing form.
2. When the train came to the station, the passengers have started to gather their belongings.
3. Our delegation arrived at the airport on time, but it turned out that the flight was delayed.
4. He wanted to take the bus instead of the train because it was more cheaper.
5. Though we had an amazing trip, but we didn't manage to visit all the places we wanted.

66

1. If we had known the event was cancelled, we would not have travelled there.
2. She was so tired that she couldn't hardly keep her eyes open.
3. The new restaurant in town is a bit expensive, but the food is good enough to be worth of the price.
4. The children were not allowed to play outside unless if they had finished their homework.
5. I have to admit that I don't understand the instructions completely, but I will try again.

67

1. They would like to join the event, but they don't have enough of information yet.
2. A friend is someone who knows all about you, but still likes you.
3. You shouldn't to hide your feelings from someone you care about.
4. Wisdom is not in knowing what to do, but in knowing what to avoid from doing.
5. It's easier to judge each others than to know how to judge yourself.

XI. Choose the correctly formulated Passive constructions.

Տրված նախադասություններից որո՞նք են կրավորական սեռով ճիշտ ձևակերպված:

68

1. A new shopping mall is being constructed in the city center.
2. The ancient city of Petra, located in Jordan, was carved into red sandstone cliffs.
3. The missing documents have not been found yet.
4. Several complaints have received about the poor service.
5. Can be this tool used for teaching purposes?

69

1. A special award is going to be presented to the scientist for his outstanding contribution.
2. Has the invitation sent to all the guests?
3. No details have been revealed about the upcoming concert.
4. The Louvre Museum in Paris is the most visited museum in the world.
5. This ancient temple is dedicated to the goddess Athena.

70

1. The speech has delivered in front of thousands of people.
2. The Statue of Liberty was a gift from France to the United States in 1886.
3. The novel has already been translated into five languages.
4. The Renaissance period began in Italy in the 14th century.
5. Who will your cottage be designed by?

71

1. The stadium is being renovated for the upcoming tournament.
2. How many invitations are to be sent till tomorrow?
3. The pyramids of Egypt were constructed as tombs for pharaohs.
4. The valuable painting was donating to the gallery by an anonymous collector.
5. Gothic architecture flourished in Europe during the Middle Ages.

72

1. The first modern Olympic Games were held in Athens in 1896.
2. The question had to be answered at once.
3. The committee has made no decision.
4. The old bridge should have been repaired long ago.
5. Shakespeare's play "Hamlet" is one of the most performed works in literary history.

XII. Match the words and their definitions.

Համապատասխանեցնել բառերը և սահմանումները:

73

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| A) Masterpiece | 1) a picture representing an area of countryside |
| B) Canvas | 2) a work of outstanding creativity and skill |
| C) Sculpture | 3) a painting, drawing, or photograph of a person |
| D) Landscape | 4) a three-dimensional work of art made by shaping materials like stone or clay |
| | 5) a surface, usually made of cloth, used for painting |

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|----------------|---|
| A) Confidence | 1) a strong belief in oneself |
| B) Curiosity | 2) a very strong feeling of love, hatred, anger, etc. |
| C) Passion | 3) a feeling of being truthful and sincere |
| D) Willingness | 4) the quality or state of being prepared to do something |
| | 5) a desire to learn or know something |

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|--------------|---|
| A) Tasteless | 1) having a strong, unpleasant taste like black coffee or certain herbs |
| B) Bitter | 2) flavoured with salt, pepper, etc. |
| C) Spicy | 3) having a sharp, sometimes unpleasant taste like lemon or vinegar |
| D) Sour | 4) lacking flavour |
| | 5) a bit oversalted |

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|---------------|---|
| A) Supporter | 1) a person who approves of and encourages a public figure, political party, policy, etc. |
| B) Consultant | 2) a person who gives expert advice professionally |
| C) Instructor | 3) a person who inherits and continues the work of a predecessor |
| D) Heir | 4) a person who obeys instructions |
| | 5) a person who teaches a skill or subject |

XIII. Match the beginning and the end of the sentences.

Համապատասխանեցնել նախադասության երկու մասերը:

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| A) Because the library has expanded its digital catalogue, | 1) they help students develop teamwork and communication skills. |
| B) As the school introduced new online textbooks, | 2) he delivered his speech with confidence. |
| C) Although Jack was nervous about his first presentation, | 3) she practiced several times to make sure she was well-prepared. |
| D) While group projects can be challenging, | 4) pupils were encouraged to use them more frequently. |
| | 5) but some people think it to be difficult. |
| | 6) researchers now have quicker access to a larger collection of academic materials. |

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|---|--|
| A) Social connections and strong relationships | 1) to helping the body get rid of toxins. |
| B) Regular exercise improves heart functioning, | 2) but ensure that the body and mind can function optimally. |
| C) A healthy, balanced diet | 3) promoting overall health and fitness. |
| D) Drinking plenty of water is important | 4) contribute to emotional well-being. |
| | 5) for maintaining proper hydration and supporting body functions. |
| | 6) provides the body with essential nutrients. |

- A) It might be helpful if we spent free
 - B) Watching documentaries can be an excellent way to
 - C) Parents should encourage their children
 - D) I don't find those talent shows interesting because
- 1) increase knowledge about various cultures.
 - 2) but develop their critical thinking skills.
 - 3) improved our way of thinking and analyzing situations.
 - 4) time reading books to improve our skills in this sphere.
 - 5) they seem to test only superficial qualities.
 - 6) to do creative activities rather than spend hours on social media.

- A) Earth Day may include educational talks and
 - B) Earth Day, celebrated on April 22, is
 - C) One way to observe this day is to
 - D) On Earth Day people often participate
- 1) raise awareness about environmental protection.
 - 2) eco-friendly activities because it symbolizes global environmental awareness.
 - 3) because it's a good time to buy gifts for loved ones.
 - 4) a day to focus on the importance of taking care of our planet.
 - 5) are celebrated their victory in a sports competition.
 - 6) in planting trees or cleaning up local parks to show their support for environmental causes.