

ՄԻԱՄՆԱԿԱՆ ՔՆՆՈՒԹՅՈՒՆ

2023

ՀՈՒՆՎԱՐ - ՓԵՏՐՎԱՐ

ԱՆԳԼԵՐԵՆ

ԹԵՍՏ 2

Խմբի համարը

Նստարանի համարը

Հարգելի՛ դիմորդ

Խորհուրդ ենք տալիս առաջադրանքները կատարել ըստ հերթականության: Ուշադիր կարդացե՛ք յուրաքանչյուր առաջադրանք և պատասխանների առաջարկվող տարբերակները: Եթե Ձեզ չի հաջողվում որևէ առաջադրանքի անմիջապես պատասխանել, ժամանակը խնայելու նպատակով կարող եք այն բաց թողնել և դրան անդրադառնալ ավելի ուշ:

Ձեր առջև դրված թեստ-գրքույկի էջերի դատարկ մասերը Դուք ազատորեն կարող եք օգտագործել սևագրության համար: **Թեստ-գրքույկը չի ստուգվում: Ստուգվում է միայն պատասխանների ձևաթուղթը:**

Առաջադրանքները կատարելուց հետո չմոռանաք պատասխանները ուշադիր և խնամքով նշել պատասխանների ձևաթղթում: Պատասխանների ձևաթղթի ճիշտ լրացումից է կախված Ձեր քննական միավորը:

Ցանկանում ենք հաջողություն:

**I. Կարդալ տեքստը և պատասխանել հարցերին՝ ընտրելով ճիշտ տարբերակը:
Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right answer.**

Line number

1. Imagine that you get an email one morning. It appears to be from your bank. The email warns
2. that someone broke into your account. It says that you need to sign in to check some things. You
3. click the link in the email. It takes you to a site that looks very much like your bank's. You enter
4. your username and password. You submit the form. You've just been phished!
5. **Phishing** is a type of attack that happens over the Internet. Users receive an email or text
6. message that seems like it came from a trusted source. These users are being deceived. They are
7. interacting with dangerous hackers. The attackers copy trusted companies. They send users to
8. web pages that look like the ones we use every day. When users login or provide sensitive,
9. important information, the attackers steal this data. Attackers want your data for many reasons.
10. They may use your data to commit identity cheating. They use your identity to buy
11. something with your credit. Then they receive the goods and you receive the bill. Or they may
12. want your password to take over a computer network. They may want access to private emails.
13. They gain access by tricking people into giving them their login info.
14. Phishing attacks are dangerous, but you can *spot* them if you pay attention. One thing to
15. watch is your address bar in your browser. Attackers use domains that look like the ones that we
16. trust, but they are not the same. The attackers often use the domain accounts-google.com. That
17. domain looks like google.com, but it isn't the same. When logging into Google, you should
18. always do it from google.com. Likewise, when logging into any account, make sure the address
19. matches what you expect. If you are unsure, search for the site and login from the main
20. domain. An even better way to secure your account against phishing attacks is to use 2FA: two
21. factor authentication. 2FA means that your account is secured with two keys. The first is your
22. password. The second key is a code that changes every few minutes. This code may be
23. generated by a 2FA app, like Authy. Or it can be sent to your cell phone on request. If you
24. activate 2FA on your accounts, an attacker will not be able to get in even with your password.
25. Phishing attacks are scary and common. The reason why they are common is that they are
26. effective. Many people accept appearances without suspicion. Browsing the Internet safely
27. requires a healthy amount of suspicion. Not everything is what it appears. Nobody is trying to
28. give you free money. Don't trust; verify.

1 Which is a phishing attack?

- a) Throwing water on an adversary's computer.
- b) Tricking someone into giving away sensitive data.
- c) Sneaking into a concert without paying.
- d) Buying something with someone else's credit.

2 As used in paragraph 2 which word can best replace the word *hacker*?

- a) thief
- b) operator
- c) master
- d) phisher

3 Which is NOT a motive or reason for phishing mentioned in the text?

- a) To steal private communication or records.
- b) To commit identity fraud.
- c) To gain control of someone else's computer network.
- d) To disarm home alarm systems.

4 The word *spot* in line 14 may best be replaced by

- a) place
- b) search
- c) detect
- d) miss

5 How can 2FA protect users from phishing attacks?

- a) Nobody can log into the account under any circumstances.
- b) The attacker needs a fingerprint or eyeball scan to access the account.
- c) Users need two keys to login, and the user can't give away one of the keys.
- d) Two people have to approve the login, so the attacker can't do it alone.

6 Which statement would the author most likely AGREE with?

- a) Every phishing attack involves stealing the victim's identity to commit cheating.
- b) In a phishing attack, an attacker overpowers a victim with a stronger computer.
- c) In a phishing attack, the attacker erases the victim's information and data .
- d) If a phishing attack is successful, users willingly give attackers sensitive data.

7 Why does the author discuss 2FA?

- a) He is trying to impress readers by using technical terms.
- b) He is trying to persuade readers not to use the Internet.
- c) He is trying to inform readers about how to protect themselves.
- d) He is trying to entertain readers by telling a short story.

8 Which is NOT discussed by the author?

- a) Reasons why people commit phishing attacks.
- b) Which computers work best for phishing attacks.
- c) Two Factor Authentication will help to secure private information and data.
- d) How to protect oneself against phishing attacks.

9 With which statement would the author most likely AGREE?

- a) A safe Internet user is suspicious of links.
- b) A company's logo on a web page means that the site is safe.
- c) Using 2FA doesn't help to protect against phishing attacks.
- d) The Internet is too dangerous for regular people to use.

10**According to paragraph 5, the author advises the reader**

- a) to cheat people.
- b) to believe everyone.
- c) to check.
- d) not to deceive.

II. Ընտրել ճիշտ տարբերակը:**Choose the right option.**

When Lucy Pound was nearly sixty it was time she (11) _____ an education – the education she (12) _____ when she was a child. So she went back to school . She studied History and English and started to write the story of her life, of her experiences as a servant and a cook. Today her books are bestsellers , probably because they (13) _____ so true and because the writer’s personality is so strong .They sound as if she (14) _____ face to face.

11

- a) gets
- b) got
- c) is getting
- d) has got

12

- a) missed
- b) was missing
- c) was missed
- d) has missed

13

- a) is sounding
- b) sounds
- c) sound
- d) were sounding

14

- a) is speaking
- b) was spoken
- c) has spoken
- d) will be speaking

Early on in life, Bill Gates showed that he (15) _____ the ambition, intelligence and competitive spirit that (16) _____ the elder members of his family rise to the top in their chosen profession. His parents therefore (17) _____ to enroll him in Lakeside, a private school. Bill Gates, Paul Allen and a few other Lakeside students (18) _____ inseparable from the school's computers.

15

- a) was inheriting
- b) had inherited
- c) inherits
- d) has inherited

16

- a) was helping
- b) is helping
- c) had been helping
- d) had helped

17

- a) decided
- b) were decided
- c) had been deciding
- d) have decided

18

- a) had become
- b) become
- c) became
- d) were becoming

One of the greatest advances in modern technology (19) _____ the invention of computers. They are capable of doing extremely complicated work in all branches of learning and (20) _____ to varied uses. For instance, they (21) _____ provide information on the best way to prevent traffic accidents or count the number of times the word 'and' (22) _____ in the Bible. Because they work accurately and at high speeds, they (23) _____ research workers years of hard work. This whole process is called *automation*.

19

- a) was being
- b) has been
- c) had been
- d) will be

20

- a) put
- b) is put
- c) are put
- d) were being put

21

- a) mustn't
- b) are not allowed to
- c) might not
- d) can

22

- a) has been used
- b) had been using
- c) had used
- d) has used

23

- a) saved
- b) are saved
- c) would save
- d) save

**III. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը:
Choose the appropriate option.**

24

“The New Year tree was so beautiful!”
“I agree. It was _____.”

- a) beautifully decorated
- b) decorated beautiful
- c) beautiful decorated
- d) so beautiful decorated

25

“I don’t have to be there until seven.”
“The traffic is really bad. _____ leave a few minutes early.”

- a) You had rather
- b) You had better not
- c) You would rather not
- d) You had better

26

“What a nice photograph! I like it so much!”
“_____ . Tomorrow I am going to have it enlarged.”

- a) So do I.
- b) So can I.
- c) Nor I can
- d) Nor I do

27

“You look tired.”
“I am _____ I can’t keep my eyes open.”

- a) so tired that
- b) such a tired
- c) too tired that
- d) very tired that

28

“Do you think they are enthusiastic about the exhibition?”
“Definitely. They are looking forward _____ the artwork in the museum.”

- a) seeing
- b) to seeing
- c) see
- d) to see

29

“Is Jack the only relative of yours in this city?”
“No, I have two cousins living here _____ him.”

- a) except for
- b) beside
- c) except
- d) besides

30

“You _____ be very good at tennis, did you?”

“No, I am not so keen on tennis.”

- a) never used to
- b) got used to
- c) are used to
- d) didn't use

31

“Did you see her yesterday? Her new hat was so wonderful!”

“_____ it really?”

- a) Did
- b) Was
- c) Do
- d) Is

32

“Where is _____?”

“Most of its territory is in Mongolia.”

- a) Gobi Desert
- b) the Gobi Desert
- c) Desert of Gobi
- d) the Desert Goby

33

“Jim is too serious, isn't he?”

“You're wrong. He's _____ person I've ever met.”

- a) most amusing
- b) more amusing
- c) the most amusing
- d) the more amusing

34

“I'll buy the cake for David's birthday party.”

“And I'll be responsible _____ the ice cream.”

- a) of
- b) to
- c) for
- d) with

35

“We have nearly reached Victoria station. When will we arrive?”

“We will be arriving in _____.”

- a) ten-minutes
- b) ten minute
- c) ten minutes
- d) ten-minute

36

“You are going to vote for Mr. Smith, or for Mr. Jones. Is that right?”

“Yes, I am going to vote for _____ Mr. Smith _____ Mr. Jones.”

- a) both...or
- b) either...or
- c) neither...nor
- d) not only... but also

37

“Did you like the new French movie?”

“My wife liked it but I was a little _____.”

- a) boring
- b) boredom
- c) bored
- d) bore

38

“Did you manage to buy the book I told you about?”

“When I got to the bookshop _____ were already sold out.”

- a) every book
- b) all the books
- c) every of books
- d) each of the books

IV. Ընտրել համատեքստին համապատասխանող խոսքիմասային ձևը:

Fill in the blanks with the word form that best fits each space.

A recent report on the (39)_____habits of children in Britain suggests that children from the age of three to sixteen show a strong dislike for vegetables and only eat sufficient amounts of fruit and vegetables at Christmas. One researcher says not eating (40) _____may have serious consequences on a child’s speech and physical development, resulting in poorer performance at school.

One (41)_____is to give children extra iron and vitamins but in the long run it is more effective if children get the right ingredients in their daily diet.

(42)_____, parents choose food for their children that is quick and (43)_____ to prepare, rather than food which is fresh and healthy. Consequently, it is difficult later to get children to change their habits.

39

- a) eatable
- b) eat
- c) eating
- d) eaten

40

- a) proper
- b) improperly
- c) properly
- d) improper

41

- a) solvable
- b) solvability
- c) solve
- d) solution

42

- a) unfortunately
- b) fortunately
- c) fortune
- d) fortunate

43

- a) convenience
- b) conveniently
- c) convenient
- d) inconvenient

**V. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը:
Choose the right option.**

44

Even though a duck may live on water, it stays dry _____ the oil on its feathers.

- a) in addition to
- b) due to
- c) in spite of
- d) provided that

45

The festival has many attractions: it will include concerts of classical music and an opera.
_____, there will be poetry readings.

- a) Because
- b) Besides
- c) However
- d) So

46 Education, business and government are becoming more dependent on computers. _____, it is advisable for all students to have basic computer skills.

- a) Because
- b) Therefore
- c) Nevertheless
- d) However

47 Primitive people had many superstitions about the owl, _____ the strange sounds it makes.

- a) apart from
- b) because
- c) since
- d) because of

48 Hardly _____ the office when he realized that he had left his wallet at home.

- a) had he entered
- b) he had entered
- c) had entered
- d) entered

49 The car suddenly went out of control _____ the driver's experience with driving on snowy roads.

- a) in spite of
- b) in order
- c) despite of
- d) because

50 Mike is always on time _____ his brother is late at least twice a week.

- a) whereas
- b) wherever
- c) whenever
- d) whatever

VI. Ընտրել ճիշտ փոխակերպված նախադասությունները:
Choose the correctly transformed sentences.

51

1. *Monika said, "I'll ignore his remark. It's no use arguing with him."*
Monika said she would ignore his remark as it was no use arguing with him.
2. *I said, "Victoria, don't forget to lock the door before you go to bed."*
I reminded Victoria to lock the door before she went to bed.
3. *Gladys asked, "Are there any doctors among your friends, Vicky?"*
Gladys asked to Vicky if there were some doctors among his friends.
4. *The detective said, "Who is this gentleman?"*
The detective said who was this gentleman.
5. *The student told the professor that he couldn't answer that question.*
The student said to the professor, "Can't I answer this question?"

52

1. *"I can't give an answer now. I am busy.?" David says*
David says he can't give an answer now as he is busy.
2. *Sandy said, "Where is Mike going? I don't want to stay alone."*
Sandy asks where Mike was going and added that she didn't want to stay alone.
3. *"Happy birthday, Emma!" says Dad.*
Dad congratulated Emma on his birthday.
4. *Daniel said, "My friend will help me mend the roof."*
Daniel said his friend would help him mend the roof.
5. *Jonathan said he had returned the dictionary to the library the day before.*
Jonathan said, "I've returned the dictionary to the library yesterday."

53

1. *"When the doorbell rang, I was reading," says Suzan.*
Suzan told us she was reading when the doorbell rang.
2. *"I can't come. I am getting ready for the party," he said.*
He said he couldn't come as he was getting ready for the party.
3. *The teacher said to Andrew: "Are you sorry for what you did?"*
The teacher asked if Andrew was sorry for what had he done.
4. *"I wasted all my money last month," Matt said to George.*
Matt told George that he had wasted all his money the previous month.
5. *The manager asked what time the meeting would take place the next day.*
The manager said: "What time will the meeting take place tomorrow?"

54

1. *The teacher says: "The pupils will be going to the museum tomorrow."*
The teacher tells that the pupils will be going to the museum tomorrow.
2. *"I can't help you paint the fence. I am awfully tired now," he said to me.*
He told me that he couldn't help me paint the fence as he was awfully tired then.
3. *The Dean tells the girls not to make a noise.*
"Don't make a noise, girls!" says the Dean.
4. *The architect said: "When is Ben going to cite details?"*
The architect wanted to know when is Ben going to cite details.
5. *The chairman asked: "Is anybody absent today?"*
The chairman asked if anybody was absent that day.

55

1. Annie said to me, "I would help you to solve this quiz."
Annie said to me she would help me to solve this quiz.
2. *"Lucy, would you like me to help you with the homework?" Ann said.*
Ann asks Lucy if she wanted her to help her with the homework.
3. *"Who did you give the money to?" she said to me.*
She asked me who I had given the money to.
4. *The employer said to me: "Why do you want to change the project?"*
The employer asked me why I wanted to change the project.
5. *Mother said to me: "Don't go out without a raincoat."*
Mother told me not to go out without a raincoat.

VII. Տեքստում բաց են թողնված բառեր: Լրացնել տեքստը՝ տեղադրելով համապատասխան բառը (տրված բառերից երկուսն ավելորդ են):

Fit the missing words into the gaps of the following texts. (two odd variants are given).

56

Bangkok's traffic can be a _____. Sure, you can easily take a taxi – if you want to spend hours stuck in traffic jams – but there are two much better ways to get around the city. To explore the _____ and historical sites, catch an express boat river taxi or a longtail boat along the Chao Phraya river and the canals. For the modern part of the city, the Skytrain is a fast, cheap way to travel from the river to the shopping malls and nightlife of Sukhumvit, and the most _____ Chatuchak street market.

Thai street food is among the best in the world, and for around \$5 you can eat a filling and _____ meal. Some food stands have little plastic seats where you can sit and eat and they cook the same dish over and over, like fried chicken on rice or Pad Thai noodles. Head for Chinatown and choose _____ looks most interesting from the many excellent Chinese and Thai restaurants and food stands.

1. dream 2. whatever 3. famous 4. mainly 5. nightmare 6. delicious 7. temples

VIII. Ընտրել քերականորեն ճիշտ ձևակերպված հարցական նախադասությունները:
Choose the correctly formulated questions.

57

1. Why did the United Nations plan to investigate the outbreak of TB?
2. Do you know where board members meet to develop new strategies?
3. Was the economic life of Africa centered in the Sudan?
4. Mary's got a nice cottage in the country, doesn't she?
5. What do you think how can you achieve health and happiness?

58

1. Have you told them the whole truth?
2. Oliver had to work from morning till night, didn't he?
3. What did she learn to do when she worked there?
4. It's the second time you have made a terrible mistake, didn't you?
5. Do you know where lives the oldest man in the world?

59

1. Did the Great Depression cause numerous problems to many farmers?
2. He's going to enter Law school, isn't he?
3. By what did you arrive in this city, didn't you?
4. Do you know the harms that does cause alcohol?
5. The head of the company's established his son in business, hasn't he?

60

1. Is the roast beef overdone or it's underdone this time?
2. Mr. Rochester had to spend a weekend in London, didn't he?
3. Remember to buy a bottle of whisky, will you?
4. Did the football match take place yesterday or not?
5. How many guests at the party there were last night?

61

1. I suppose Bob can take up that work, can't he?
2. Does he have to go there alone or he goes with Mike?
3. How long it is since he called you?
4. Do you know why David was angry yesterday?
5. Are you going to spend your vacation in Italy or in France?

IX. Լրացնել տեքստը՝ տեղադրելով համապատասխան նախդիրները/մակբայները (տրված տարբերակներից երկուսն ավելորդ են):

Fill in the gaps with the prepositions/adverbs given below (two of them are odd).

62

Sergeant Frank Spike sat _____ his desk and looked out of the window. Outside, cars moved slowly _____ the cold, grey rain. He looked down at the grey hairs on his arms. His round stomach pushed against the desk. This was his final month before he retired _____ the police. For Frank, his last day couldn't come too soon.

Frank felt angry as he thought about the money he would get when he retired. It wasn't enough money to pay _____ a short holiday _____ the cold and rainy east coast of England where he lived. It certainly wouldn't pay for his dream holiday – a luxury, round-the-world cruise.

1. on 2. next 3. behind 4. out 5. in 6. from 7. for

X. Ընտրել այն նախադասությունները որոնցում կա ավելորդ բառ:

Choose the sentences with an odd word.

63

1. Attitude is the way that we behave and in the way we react to the daily activities.
2. Positive attitude might be the key to all people who want to fulfil their dreams.
3. It is proved that successful people have been influenced by the way they see the circumstances.
4. When negative thoughts intrude to your mind, just refuse to look at them.
5. You are likely to resemble the people you are closely been related with, because attitude is contagious.

64

1. If he were elected president, he would have make a lot of changes.
2. Many of the sonnets Shakespeare wrote were devoted to a woman with a dark hair and black eyes.
3. Unless they don't repair this road, there is a serious risk of an accident on it.
4. As soon as I learnt that I had been accepted for that post, I cheered up.
5. While in some parts of the world it is jewelry that indicates high economic status, in others, it is fur coats.

65

1. Angela was heard to sing in the neighbouring room.
2. My sister was fond of poetry and she used to read a lot when she was at the school.
3. I have found out that the train to Brighton will depart from the Platform Three at 7.30.
4. The shortest distance between two people is a warm smile and laugh.
5. The most common question that people ask a fiction writer is whether he has experienced what he has written about.

66

1. He put aside the book he'd been reading for an hour and had left the room.
2. Brian didn't feel like going on with his work as he wasn't pleased with the results he had achieved.
3. The cinema used to be the most popular form of entertainment for most people nowadays.
4. The hormone insulin controls the amount of sugar in the blood.
5. On February 20, 1962, "Friendship 7" orbited the Earth in a manned flight that lasted five hours.

67

1. His remark was so funny that I couldn't help from laughing.
2. The boss suggested that I will look for another job.
3. More than 20 million people throughout the world died from influenza in 1918.
4. Labels in your clothes tell you how long to care for those clothes.
5. The first professional baseball game took place in 1846 when the New York Nine defeated the New York Knickers.

**XI. Տրված նախադասություններից որո՞նք են կրավորական սեռով ճիշտ ձևակերպված:
Choose the correctly formulated Passive constructions.**

68

1. He will have published several poems by the end of the year.
2. What holidays are celebrated in your country in autumn and winter?
3. G. Washington is known to all Americans as "The Father of the Nation".
4. The dynamite had invented by Alfred Nobel.
5. Charlie Chaplin is considered one of the most famous stars of the early days of Hollywood.

69

1. I am always invited to their political meetings.
2. Two new engineers were introduced to the head of the department.
3. This scandal could bring down the government.
4. They probably recycle some of the solid wastes regularly.
5. Left-handed people are often placed at a disadvantage by the prevalence of right-handed tools in society.

70

1. Are those big monuments made of brass?
2. This e-mail had received after his departure.
3. The fisherman's boat was overturned by a huge wave.
4. They couldn't get Saddam Hussein to withdraw from Kuwait.
5. If people only made prudent marriages, what a stop to population there would be!

71

1. Our local football team is training by Johnny Ball.
2. The fields will be covered with snow in winter.
3. *The Cullinan diamond* is the largest diamond ever found.
4. Can his collection of stories be published in January?
5. It is also claimed that the song is based on a similar hymn sung at the court of Louis XIV of France.

72

1. Proper nouns are individual names given to persons and things.
2. Numerous inventions were made by Leonardo da Vinci.
3. This beautiful flower vase is made of crystal.
4. The injured passengers had been taking care of.
5. Kennedy was fatally shot by a sniper while traveling with his wife Jacqueline, Texas Governor Connally with his wife Nellie, in a presidential motorcade.

**XII. Համապատասխանեցնել բառերը և սահմանումները:
Match the words and their definitions.**

73

- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| A) Lazy | 1) extremely angry |
| B) Crazy | 2) having good luck; fortunate |
| C) Hard-working | 3) not guilty of a crime |
| D) Lucky | 4) unwilling to work or use energy |
| | 5) putting a lot of effort into a job and doing it well |

74

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| A) Convert | 1) pay someone money because they have suffered damage, loss, injury, etc. |
| B) Compensate | 2) be the cause of (a problem or difficulty) |
| C) Prevent | 3) keep (something) from happening |
| D) Invent | 4) change the form, character, or function of something |
| | 5) make up; produce or design something that has not existed before |

75

- | | |
|-------------|--|
| A) Loose | 1) right for a particular purpose, person or situation |
| B) Tight | 2) with a smooth surface |
| C) Striped | 3) rather large and not fitting closely |
| D) Suitable | 4) fitting closely around your body |
| | 5) with a pattern of lines |

76

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| A) Colleague | 1) a fellow worker |
| B) Volunteer | 2) a person who inherits and continues the work of a predecessor |
| C) Heir | 3) a person who supervises a person or an activity |
| D) Supporter | 4) a person who freely offers to take part in a task |
| | 5) a person who approves of and encourages a public figure, political party, policy, etc. |

**XIII. Համապատասխանեցնել նախադասության երկու մասերը:
Match the beginning and the end of the sentences.**

77

- | | |
|--|--|
| A) While some people have the opinion that environmental problems are just a natural occurrence, | 1) offering plenty of opportunities for sunbathing and surfing. |
| B) Because of global warming, we see an increase in melting ice caps, a rise in sea levels and | 2) he made sure to include a visit to the recreation area as part of their tour. |
| C) Human beings need to consider the results of their actions, trying to reduce, reuse and | 3) others believe that human beings have a huge impact on the environment. |
| D) This year weather changes have caused stronger storms, rains, droughts | 4) flooding in places that they formerly did not occur. |
| | 5) recycle materials while establishing environmentally sustainable habits. |
| | 6) and the formation of new weather patterns. |

78

- | | |
|---|---|
| A) Ultimately, the harms of the modern world on the environment can | 1) and a treasure of world literature. |
| B) Independence Day is the national day of the United States and | 2) lead to many problems. |
| C) The Continental Congress declared that the thirteen American colonies were no longer under the rule of the monarch of Britain, and | 3) focused on environmental issues.. |
| D) Numerous communities of eco-activists celebrate Earth Week, an entire week of activities | 4) is associated with many activities. |
| | 5) he was almost completely forgotten. |
| | 6) were now united, free, and independent states. |

- A) They agree that the farm will now be run entirely by animals,
- B) Despite being rejected by multiple publishers,
- C) Teachers all over the world are leaving because
- D) The book's good not only for space travel fans and scientists but also
 - 1) including more than 11 hours a week marking homework.
 - 2) for anyone who is looking for a unique and exciting story.
 - 3) a system they refer to as "animalism."
 - 4) it is a difficult job and they feel overworked.
 - 5) the book went on to become a best-seller once it was published.
 - 6) you need to have patience.

- A) We owe many of our modern ideas about fairies to Shakespeare and stories
- B) Fairies today are the stuff of children's stories:
- C) Another explanation suggests that fairies
- D) Some photography experts thought those photos were fake,
 - 1) little magical people with wings, often shining with light.
 - 2) from the 18th and 19th centuries.
 - 3) is considered one of the New Seven Wonders of the World.
 - 4) who took some of the precious stones from the walls.
 - 5) while others didn't agree with them.
 - 6) were like ghosts, spirits of the dead.