

# ՄԻԱՄՆԱԿԱՆ ՔՆՆՈՒԹՅՈՒՆ

2024

ՀՈՒԼԻՍ

## ԱՆԳԼԵՐԵՆ

ԹԵՍՏ 6

Խմբի համարը

Նստարանի համարը

### Հարգելի՛ դիմորդ

Խորհուրդ ենք տալիս առաջադրանքները կատարել ըստ հերթականության: Ուշադիր կարդացե՛ք յուրաքանչյուր առաջադրանք և պատասխանների առաջարկվող տարբերակները: Եթե Ձեզ չի հաջողվում որևէ առաջադրանքի անմիջապես պատասխանել, ժամանակը խնայելու նպատակով կարող եք այն բաց թողնել և դրան անդրադառնալ ավելի ուշ:

Ձեր առջև դրված թեստ-գրքույկի էջերի դատարկ մասերը Դուք ազատորեն կարող եք օգտագործել սևագրության համար: **Թեստ-գրքույկը չի ստուգվում: Ստուգվում է միայն պատասխանների ձևաթուղթը:**

Առաջադրանքները կատարելուց հետո չմոռանաք պատասխանները ուշադիր և խնամքով նշել պատասխանների ձևաթղթում: Պատասխանների ձևաթղթի ճիշտ լրացումից է կախված Ձեր քննական միավորը:

Ցանկանում ենք հաջողություն:

I. Կարդալ տեքստը և պատասխանել հարցերին՝ ընտրելով ճիշտ տարբերակը:  
Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right answer.

Line number

1. Reading is very important for education. It is the base for all other learning. From young  
2. children to adults, the ability to read makes school easier and opens doors to personal growth  
3. and happiness. Let's look at how important reading is in education and how it affects people  
4. and society.
5. First, reading is essential for gaining knowledge. Whether it's reading a textbook,  
6. researching online, or enjoying stories from different cultures, reading is the main way to get  
7. information in schools. Being good at reading helps students access many resources and  
8. opinions, which helps them understand the world better and form their own ideas.
9. Second, reading helps develop critical thinking skills. When students read, they need to  
10. analyze information, **evaluate** arguments, and make conclusions based on evidence. This  
11. process makes their minds stronger and promotes independent thinking. By questioning and  
12. thinking deeply about what they read, students become active learners, not just passive  
13. receivers of information.
14. Reading also improves language and communication skills. By reading different texts,  
15. students learn new words and grammar, which helps them express themselves clearly in  
16. writing and speaking. Also, reading different writing styles and genres improves their ability  
17. to communicate effectively.
18. Beyond academic benefits, reading helps people understand and care about others and  
19. different cultures. Through stories, students experience different perspectives and voices from  
20. around the world. By seeing life through the eyes of characters from various backgrounds,  
21. **they** develop kindness and compassion, promoting a sense of global citizenship and  
22. connection.
23. In conclusion, reading is more than just a skill to learn; it is a lifelong journey of discovery.  
24. By encouraging a love of reading and critical engagement with texts, teachers help students  
25. become lifelong learners, critical thinkers, and caring individuals. In a world that is becoming  
26. more complex and connected, the ability to read and understand written information is more  
27. important than ever, making literacy education vital for both academic success and personal  
28. growth.

1

According to paragraph 1 (lines 1-4)

- a) Reading is mainly important for accessing literature from different cultures.
- b) Reading is only important in early childhood.
- c) Reading is essential for both academic success and personal growth.
- d) Academic success doesn't depend on reading skills.

2

Reading contributes to global citizenship by

- a) teaching how to cook international dishes.
- b) fostering a sense of connection and understanding.
- c) showing how to analyze information.
- d) encouraging people to travel.

3

How does reading help students academically?

- a) It improves their ability to write short stories.
- b) It increases their proficiency in various sports.
- c) It develops their artistic skills.
- d) It enhances academic success.

4

The word **evaluate** in line 10 is synonymous to

- a) ignore
- b) estimate
- c) neglect
- d) discuss

5

Reading is described as a lifelong journey because it

- a) ends after school.
- b) provides new discoveries and learning.
- c) is only important in certain phases of life.
- d) is easy to master quickly.

6

Literacy education is considered vital in the modern world because it

- a) helps people sing better.
- b) is essential for personal growth.
- c) helps people become chefs.
- d) improves driving skills.

7

The word **they** in line 21 refers to

- a) students
- b) stories
- c) backgrounds
- d) characters

8

According to paragraph 5 (lines 18-22), which of the following is true?

- a) Reading different texts enhances language and communication skills.
- b) Reading is only beneficial for academic purposes.
- c) Reading exposes students to various learning styles.
- d) Reading has no impact on understanding different cultures.

9

What is the main idea of the text?

- a) The history of reading
- b) The importance of reading in education
- c) Different cultures and their literature
- d) Techniques for improving reading skills

10

Which of the following is **NOT** mentioned as a benefit of reading in the text?

- a) Gaining knowledge.
- b) Developing critical thinking skills.
- c) Improving physical abilities.
- d) Enhancing language and communication skills.

**II. Ընտրել ճիշտ տարբերակը:  
Choose the right option.**

Once, when Martha (11) \_\_\_\_\_ through the forest near her grandmother's house, she found a hidden path she (12) \_\_\_\_\_ never \_\_\_\_\_ before. Curious, she followed it and soon (13) \_\_\_\_\_ to a small cabin covered in dust. Inside, there was an old book on a table. When she opened it, the pages (14) \_\_\_\_\_ to sparkle, showing a map to a treasure hidden in the forest. Martha felt excited and decided to follow the map. As she walked, she met magical creatures and (15) \_\_\_\_\_ solve problems, which finally led her to the treasure.

11

- a) had been walking
- b) walks
- c) had walked
- d) was walking

12

- a) was seen
- b) was seeing
- c) had seen
- d) has seen

13

- a) comes
- b) will come
- c) came
- d) had come

**14**

- a) seems
- b) will seem
- c) seemed
- d) seem

**15**

- a) may
- b) had to
- c) is to
- d) has to

The future of communication will be drastically different from what we (16) \_\_\_\_\_ today. Advances in technology (17) \_\_\_\_\_ instant communication across the globe through virtual reality. People (18) \_\_\_\_\_ to attend meetings and social gatherings in virtual spaces, feeling as if they are physically present.

Nowadays, organizations (19) \_\_\_\_\_ such kind of technologies, anticipating that they will change the way we interact and will make long-distance communication more personal. With these advancements, communication (20) \_\_\_\_\_ more engaging than ever before.

**16**

- a) knew
- b) know
- c) are knowing
- d) are known

**17**

- a) enables
- b) are enabled
- c) will enable
- d) have been enabled

**18**

- a) will be able
- b) is allowed
- c) might
- d) could

**19**

- a) develops
- b) are developing
- c) will be developed
- d) had developed

20

- a) had become
- b) will become
- c) was becoming
- d) have become

A solar eclipse occurs when the moon (21) \_\_\_\_\_ directly between the Earth and the Sun, casting a shadow on the Earth's surface and plunging regions into temporary darkness.

The total solar eclipse of April 8, 2024, which (22) \_\_\_\_\_ observers across the globe, (23) \_\_\_\_\_ eagerly \_\_\_\_\_ by astronomers and skywatchers alike. The eclipse was visible along a narrow path stretching from the western United States to the eastern parts of Canada. During the peak of totality, lucky spectators (24) \_\_\_\_\_ witness a breathtaking view. Armed with cameras, crowds of enthusiasts (25) \_\_\_\_\_ to the sight to document the phenomenon.

21

- a) is passed
- b) passes
- c) will pass
- d) passed

22

- a) is fascinating
- b) fascinated
- c) fascinate
- d) was fascinated

23

- a) has anticipated
- b) had been anticipating
- c) was anticipated
- d) is anticipating

24

- a) could
- b) ought
- c) were able
- d) have to

25

- a) were attracted
- b) had attracted
- c) have attracted
- d) has been attracted

III. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը:  
Choose the appropriate option.

26

“Is Ann pleased with her job?”

“Not quite. I guess she may change it when she has two or three \_\_\_\_\_ experience.”

- a) year
- b) years
- c) year’s
- d) years’

27

“This book is torn. Can I exchange it for \_\_\_\_\_?”

- a) other one
- b) another one
- c) other book
- d) another books

28

“Who is going to organize the party?”

“I think we should let Lisa \_\_\_\_\_.”

- a) planning
- b) in planning
- c) plan
- d) to plan

29

“Why are you upset?”

“I’ve had \_\_\_\_\_ stressful day at work.”

- a) a such
- b) so many
- c) such a
- d) so much

30

“Do you need help with your assignment?”

“Just \_\_\_\_\_, please.”

- a) a little
- b) a few
- c) few
- d) many

31

“Would you mind \_\_\_\_\_ the door? It’s so noisy outside.”

“Not at all.”

- a) closing
- b) to closing
- c) close
- d) to the closing

32

"I'll buy the cake for David's birthday party."

"And I'll be responsible \_\_\_\_\_ the ice cream."

- a) of
- b) to
- c) for
- d) with

33

"The store sells a wide variety of items. You can buy practically anything."

"Anything \_\_\_\_\_ organic products."

- a) except to
- b) besides
- c) beside
- d) except

34

"Alice, Brenda, and Carol are intelligent students."

"Yes, but Alice is \_\_\_\_\_ of the three."

- a) intelligent
- b) the more intelligent
- c) the most intelligent
- d) the intelligent

35

"The movie starts in ten minutes."

"You \_\_\_\_\_ hurry if you want to catch the beginning."

- a) would rather not
- b) had better
- c) had rather
- d) had better not

36

"I wonder what has happened."

"She seems \_\_\_\_\_."

- a) such happy
- b) so happily
- c) happy
- d) happily

37

"Have you been to this city before?"

"Yes, I used \_\_\_\_\_ here."

- a) to live
- b) lived
- c) living
- d) to living

**IV. Ընտրել համատեքստին համապատասխանող խոսքիմասային ձևը:  
Fill in the blanks with the word form that best fits each space.**

The term "tip of the iceberg" is used to describe a situation where what is seen or known is only a (38) \_\_\_\_\_ part of a larger, unseen issue or problem. It implies that there is much more beneath the surface that is not yet (39) \_\_\_\_\_. The phrase originated from the idea that only a small portion of an iceberg is visible above water, while the majority of its mass lies hidden beneath. Just like an iceberg, the issue may not be immediately apparent, but its impact can be (40) \_\_\_\_\_. This metaphor is commonly used to highlight the complexity and (41) \_\_\_\_\_ of various challenges, urging people to look beyond what is immediately (42) \_\_\_\_\_.

**38**

- a) significantly
- b) significant
- c) significance
- d) insignificant

**39**

- a) revealed
- b) reveal
- c) revealing
- d) revealer

**40**

- a) noticing
- b) notice
- c) noticed
- d) unnoticed

**41**

- a) deepened
- b) deepen
- c) deep
- d) depth

**42**

- a) visualize
- b) visuality
- c) visible
- d) visibility

V. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը:  
Choose the right option.

43 \_\_\_\_\_ the work was physically demanding, and at times we felt really exhausted, seeing the end result was very satisfying.

- a) Owing to
- b) Even though
- c) No matter
- d) As though

44 In order to grow vegetables properly, gardeners must know \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) that the requirements for each vegetable
- b) what are each vegetable's requirements
- c) what the requirements for each vegetable are
- d) that is required by each vegetable

45 All memory is based on association. \_\_\_\_\_, you can remember any new piece of information by associating it with something you already know.

- a) As if
- b) However
- c) Consequently
- d) Otherwise

46 The knee is \_\_\_\_\_ other joints in the body as it cannot twist without injury.

- a) to be damaged more than likely
- b) more likely to be damaged than
- c) likely to be more than damaged
- d) more than likely to be damaged

47 I don't mind if you go out for lunch \_\_\_\_\_ you're back for the meeting at two.

- a) as long as
- b) in case of
- c) so long
- d) as if

48 Maria had a high temperature, and \_\_\_\_\_ she stayed in bed the whole day.

- a) because
- b) as
- c) for that reason
- d) so as

49

Not until a student has mastered algebra \_\_\_\_\_ the principles of geometry, trigonometry, and physics.

- a) he can begin to understand
- b) can he begin to understand
- c) he begins to understand
- d) begins to understand

50

\_\_\_\_\_ Matilda were not a feminist she would want to be equal and develop her potential.

- a) Whether
- b) Due to
- c) Because of
- d) Even if

**VI. Ընտրել ճիշտ փոխակերպված նախադասությունները:  
Choose the correctly transformed sentences.**

51

1. *“Will you have cleaned your room by the time I come back from work?” said my mother.*  
My mother asked me if I would have cleaned my room by the time she came home from work.
2. *Bob said to Fred, “How did you manage to finish the project in time?”*  
Bob wanted to know how had Fred managed to finish the project in time.
3. *Jack asked Lily if she would be able to visit them the following day.*  
“Will you be able to visit us tomorrow?” Jack asks Lily.
4. *“Have a nice trip, Mike!” said Nick.*  
Nick wished Mike a nice trip.
5. *“Let’s go to the café to have a snack, shall we?” said Emma.*  
Emma suggested going to the café to have a snack.

1. *The manager said, "These employees applied for a pay rise."*  
The manager said that those employees had applied for a pay rise.
2. *Mother said to Daniel, "It's cold in the street. Put on your coat."*  
Daniel's mother warned him to put on his coat as it is cold in the street.
3. *"I'm sorry Paul, I didn't want to offend you yesterday," said Nancy.*  
Nancy apologizes to Paul for offending him the day before.
4. *The doctor said to the patient, "You had better stay in bed for a week at least."*  
The doctor advised the patient to stay in bed for a week at least.
5. *Eduard wonders if they have to postpone the tennis match until tomorrow.*  
Eduard asks: "Do we have to postpone the tennis match until tomorrow?"

1. *The journalist said to the scientist, "When are you going to apply your new method?"*  
The journalist asked the scientist when he was going to apply his new method.
2. *"Happy birthday, Sally!" said Kelly.*  
Kelly congratulated Sally on her birthday.
3. *The professor told that the students were going to take a written exam the next day.*  
The professor said to the students, "Are you going to take a written exam tomorrow?"
4. *I asked Ben, "Where are you planning to spend your holidays this summer?"*  
I asked Ben where he was planning to spend his holidays that summer.
5. *"Please, don't make a noise, children!" says the teacher.*  
The teacher asks the children to make a noise.

1. *"Brian, you shouldn't talk to your teacher so rudely," said Mike.*  
Mike said that Brian shouldn't talk to his teacher so rudely.
2. *The teacher reminded us to hand in our papers before Tuesday.*  
"Don't forget to hand in your papers before Tuesday," said the teacher.
3. *"No. I can't take the children for a walk. I am tired," said Tonny.*  
Tonny said that he couldn't take the children for a walk as he is tired.
4. *"I hope I can attend the conference today," said Fiona.*  
Fiona hoped that she could attend the conference that day.
5. *Maria said to Ronald, "If you lie, nobody will trust you."*  
Maria warned Ronald that if he lies, nobody would trust him.

1. *“Who is responsible for the management of the project?” asked the director.*  
The director wondered who was responsible for the management of the project.
2. *“Hello, Pedro! When will you be able to fix my computer?” asked Lucy.*  
Lucy greeted Pedro and asked him when he would be able to fix her computer.
3. *“Let’s stay here until the storm has passed,” said Derek.*  
Derek suggested staying there until the storm passed.
4. *Uncle James asked me if I had already made an appointment with the dentist.*  
Uncle James said to me, “Have you already made an appointment with the dentist?”
5. *Jane said, “Shall I bring you some tea?”*  
Jane asked me to bring her some tea.

**VII. Տեղադրել բառերը համատեքստում՝ բովանդակությանը համապատասխան (տրված բառերից երկուսն ավելորդ են):**

**Fill in each gap with an appropriate word from the list below (two odd variants are given).**

On a crisp autumn morning, Cristiano Ronaldo \_\_\_\_\_ at the stadium for his routine practice. Known for his extraordinary skills, Ronaldo has established himself as one of the most \_\_\_\_\_ footballers in history. His remarkable speed, agility, and precision in scoring goals have led him to break numerous records and win multiple Ballon d'Or awards. \_\_\_\_\_ his career, he has played for top clubs, such as Manchester United, Real Madrid, and Juventus, \_\_\_\_\_ demonstrating his exceptional talent and leadership. Off the field, Ronaldo is admired for his philanthropy and commitment to various charitable causes. His \_\_\_\_\_ on sport and society is profound and far-reaching.

1. impact   2. consistently   3. brightest   4. reached   5. throughout   6. successful   7. arrived

**VIII. Ընտրել քերականորեն ճիշտ ձևակերպված հարցական նախադասությունները: Choose the correctly formulated questions.**

1. Why did you leave these important documents on the desk?
2. Fred’s never been to Egypt, is he?
3. Everybody was impressed by the wonderful play, were they?
4. Who did invent the first motor-car?
5. There are plenty of glasses in the cupboard, aren’t there?

58

1. Was this trade center built last year or last month?
2. John had his laptop repaired, hadn't he?
3. How long have they been waiting for the delegation?
4. Don't forget to discuss the problem with Tom, do you?
5. Who are you going to the pictures with?

59

1. How much money are the employees of this firm paid?
2. Do you remember since when have they worked for this corporation?
3. Was this nice cottage sold for 200 thousand pounds last year?
4. Let's go to the forest to gather some mushrooms, shall we?
5. Should a well-balanced diet be prescribed for you or it shouldn't?

60

1. Do you think was Mr. Jackson's lecture interesting?
2. Why did the speaker accompany his words with strange gestures?
3. I suppose it was difficult for you to translate that poem, wasn't it?
4. Is it the second time you have taken this test, isn't it?
5. When will the tourists be taken to Geghard?

61

1. What places of interest did Ann visit in Madrid?
2. Was he injured in the accident or is not?
3. It is no use arguing with the Smiths about politics, is it?
4. Who is this wedding hall being decorated by?
5. Vinegar is now mainly used as a cooking ingredient, didn't it?

**IX. Լրացնել տեքստը՝ տեղադրելով համապատասխան նախդիրները / մակբայները (տրված տարբերակներից երկուսն ավելորդ են):**

**Fill in the gaps with the prepositions/adverbs given below (two of them are odd).**

62

Have you ever seen a flying fish? Some fish can come up out of the water and "fly" \_\_\_\_\_ the air. They can fly right \_\_\_\_\_ small boats!

The flying fish does not fly the way birds do, for the fish doesn't really have wings, the flying fish throws itself from the water with a strong flick of its tail. Once in the air, it spreads its large fins. It uses them \_\_\_\_\_ the wings of a glider. The bigger the fish, the farther it can "fly."

But no flying fish can stay in the air very long. It soon drops \_\_\_\_\_ into the water. Flying fish live in all warm seas. Many are found \_\_\_\_\_ the coast of southern California. Sometimes large schools of fish are seen, all "flying" together.

1. back    2. similar    3. like    4. over    5. through    6. off    7. among

**X. Ընտրել այն նախադասությունները որոնցում կա ավելորդ բառ:  
Choose the sentences with an odd word.**

**63**

1. When I came to home, I heard them discuss that matter loudly.
2. Would you like to stay with us or would you rather to go out with them?
3. Many of people are superstitious about the number 13 but few have a phobia of it.
4. Madame Tussaud's Museum in London has branches in a number of major cities.
5. Paganini was the most talented violin virtuoso of his time.

**64**

1. How much time do you need to complete your project?
2. It is common knowledge so that technology makes life easier for everyone.
3. Visitors to the Matenadaran are shown a collection of an old manuscripts.
4. No sooner had the boy hung the picture on the wall than it fell to down.
5. He was so tired and such depressed that he felt he couldn't move any longer.

**65**

1. Children should be taught foreign languages before they starting school.
2. The Nile, the world's most longest river, stretches for about 4,000 miles from Africa to the Mediterranean.
3. The students have to work in the laboratory on next Wednesday.
4. Stradivari's instruments are regarded as the finest instruments ever created.
5. Niccolò Paganini is known in history as an Italian violinist and composer.

**66**

1. Is English language spoken in many countries all around the world?
2. Nuclear power stations are thought to be dangerous.
3. Was the young gentleman asked to wait for the director outdoors?
4. Mother Teresa was been awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 1979 for her humanitarian work.
5. He returned as soon as he could to help me complete the work by the midnight.

**67**

1. Our students have to choose to study either French or the Spanish.
2. Although smoking can cause lung problems, but many people all over the world smoke.
3. Students must to be taught how to think, not what to think.
4. Balloons rise into the air because they contain a gas which is more lighter than air.
5. I ought to have phoned him this morning.

**XI. Տրված նախադասություններից որո՞նք են կրավորական սեռով ճիշտ ձևակերպված:  
Choose the correctly formulated Passive constructions.**

68

1. The concert is being attended by thousands of fans.
2. A star on the Hollywood Walk of Fame was received by Dwayne Johnson.
3. I know that no preparations have made for the party yet.
4. Walt Disney was born in Chicago on December 5, 1905.
5. I have forgotten to buy a present for my boyfriend.

69

1. Were told we the whole truth yesterday?
2. Their children are not allowed to go out late in the evening.
3. A film adaptation is to be produced by Reese Witherspoon.
4. It has been snowing heavily since yesterday morning.
5. An award was given to Angelina Jolie by the United Nations.

70

1. The final votes of the Contest have not been sent to us yet.
2. How did they build the mysterious Egyptian pyramids?
3. A reasonable solution has already been found to the problem.
4. Two skyscrapers are building in this district now.
5. May be this drug used to treat patients with rare genetic disorders?

71

1. An Oscar was won by Leonardo DiCaprio for his role in “The Revenant”.
2. Were received the documents on Wednesday?
3. No salary has been sent to the employees for two months already.
4. The old and the handicapped should be taken good care of.
5. A research paper had written by Stephen Hawking before his death.

72

1. Helen’s sister, who is blue-eyed and tall, bears no resemblance to her.
2. Will a documentary have been shot by the end of this year?
3. Has a new song been performed by Rihanna?
4. The white shirt made Roy look more respectable.
5. By the time you return the work will have been completed.

**XII. Համապատասխանեցնել բառերը և սահմանումները:  
Match the words and their definitions.**

73

- |               |  |
|---------------|--|
| A) Expedition | 1) a short journey or trip, especially one taken as a leisure activity             |
| B) Excursion  | 2) a journey by sea  |
| C) Voyage     | 3) the things happened to you that influence the way you think or behave           |
| D) Experience | 4) an organized journey that is made for a particular purpose, such as exploration |
|               | 5) a journey by plane  |

74

- |              |  |
|--------------|--|
| A) Stress    | 1) a worried or nervous feeling that makes you unable to relax |
| B) Hostility | 2) aggressive behaviour towards people or ideas                |
| C) Faith     | 3) complete trust or confidence in someone or something        |
| D) Fantasy   | 4) the act of imagining impossible or improbable things        |
|              | 5) a feeling of satisfaction                                   |

75

- |            |   |
|------------|---|
| A) Coach   | 1) a person who treats diseases of the eye  |
| B) Captain | 2) a person who is taught how to do a particular job                                    |
| C) Judge   | 3) the person in command of a ship  |
| D) Oculist | 4) a person in a court who has the authority to decide how criminals should be punished |
|            | 5) a person who trains a person or team in sport  |

76

- |              |  |
|--------------|--|
| A) Tornado   | 1) a violent storm with very strong winds                          |
| B) Flood     | 2) a heavy fall of snow, especially with a high wind               |
| C) Snowstorm | 3) something that is dangerous for children                        |
| D) Breeze    | 4) an overflow of a large amount of water beyond its normal limits |
|              | 5) a gentle wind   |

**XIII. Համապատասխանեցնել նախադասության երկու մասերը:  
Match the beginning and the end of the sentences.**

77

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| A) Positive thinking does not mean you have | 1) involving creative work or artistic skills.                    |
| B) We should first                          | 2) to find every idea absolutely wonderful.                       |
| C) One thing I know is that I would         | 3) list the positive things about an idea before we criticise it. |
| D) I would much rather have a job           | 4) concerned about becoming poor.                                 |
|   | 5) about rejecting the idea of quitting her job.                  |
|   | 6) not like to have an occupation like this.                      |

78

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| A) Because the proposal contained several critical errors,            | 1) cultural trainings are arranged for all employees.      |
| B) Despite the fact that the weather forecast predicted heavy storms, | 2) the team had to discuss how to prevent future mistakes. |
| C) As the company has decided to operate internationally,             | 3) she quickly adapted to the new culture.                 |
| D) Although Sue had never traveled outside her home country before,   | 4) they didn't cancel the outdoor festival.                |
|   | 5) the presenters were rewarded and praised.               |
|   | 6) has decided to spend his holidays in the countryside.   |

- A) Those who witnessed the accident
  - B) He recovered consciousness
  - C) Ever since the operation yesterday evening
  - D) No sooner had the boxer recovered after being knocked out
- 1) because he stayed up later than usual last night.
  - 2) than he lost consciousness again.
  - 3) when the doctor applied artificial respiration.
  - 4) looked frightened and shocked.
  - 5) we had given him up for lost.
  - 6) the patient has been unconscious.

- A) Ann enjoys preparing healthy meals at home,
  - B) Sam believes that controlling his eating habits
  - C) Many people think that exercising makes them hungry,
  - D) Peter prefers to eat a light meal before the yoga class,
- 1) which is in fact a mistaken belief.
  - 2) which allows her to avoid unhealthy ingredients.
  - 3) helps him make healthier choices.
  - 4) help them maintain their energy levels.
  - 5) because it keeps him from feeling too full and allows him to move comfortably.
  - 6) ensure she avoids monotony.