

ՄԻԱՄՆԱԿԱՆ ՔՆՆՈՒԹՅՈՒՆ

2015

ԱՆԳԼԵՐԵՆ

ԹԵՍՏ 3

Խմբի համարը

Նստարանի համարը

Հարգելի՛ դիմորդ

Խորհուրդ ենք տալիս առաջադրանքները կատարել ըստ հերթականության: Ուշադիր կարդացե՛ք յուրաքանչյուր առաջադրանքի պահանջը և պատասխանների առաջարկվող տարբերակները: Եթե Ձեզ չի հաջողվում որևէ առաջադրանքի անմիջապես պատասխանել, ժամանակը խնայելու նպատակով կարող եք այն բաց թողնել և դրան անդրադառնալ ավելի ուշ:

Ձեր առջև դրված թեստ-գրքույկի էջերի դատարկ մասերը ազատորեն կարող եք օգտագործել սևագրության համար: **Թեստ-գրքույկը չի ստուգվում: Ստուգվում է միայն պատասխանների ձևաթուղթը:**

Առաջադրանքները կատարելուց հետո չմոռանաք պատասխանները ուշադիր և խնամքով նշել պատասխանների ձևաթղթում: Պատասխանների ձևաթղթի ճիշտ լրացումից է կախված Ձեր քննական միավորի ճշտությունը:

Ցանկանում ենք հաջողություն:

Level A

I. Կարդալ տեքստը և պատասխանել հարցերին՝ ընտրելով ճիշտ տարբերակը:
Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right answer.

Line number

1. Beware of those who use the truth to **deceive**. When someone tells you
2. something that is true, but leaves out important information that should be
3. included, he can create a false impression.
4. For example, someone might say, “I just won a hundred dollars in the
5. lottery. It was great. I took that dollar ticket back to the store and turned it in
6. for one hundred dollars!”
7. This guy’s a winner, right? Maybe, maybe not. We then discover that he
8. bought two hundred tickets, and only one was a winner. He’s really a big
9. loser! He didn’t say anything that was false, but he deliberately **omitted**
10. important information. That’s called a half-truth. Half-truths are not
11. technically lies, but they are just as dishonest.
12. Unfortunately candidates in political campaigns often use this tactic. A
13. political campaign, like politics, has its foundation in persuasion; their goal is
14. to motivate the masses to stand behind a particular message or group of
15. messages.
16. Advertisers will sometimes use half-truths. It’s against the law to make
17. false claims so they try to mislead you with the truth. An ad might boast,
18. “Nine out of ten doctors recommend Aspirin Pills to cure nose pimples.” It
19. fails to mention that they only asked ten doctors and nine of them work for
20. the Aspirin Corporation. This kind of deception happens too often. It’s a sad
21. fact of life: lies are lies, and sometimes the truth can lie.

1 The word **omitted** in line 9 could best be replaced by

- a) asked for
- b) told about
- c) left out
- d) looked for

2 The word **deceive** in line 1 means

- a) escape
- b) ignore
- c) repair
- d) fool

3 An appropriate title for this text would be:

- a) Nose Pimples and Aspirin
- b) Learn How to Tell a Lie
- c) Everyone Lies these Days
- d) Lying With the Truth

4

The author clearly wants people to

- a) learn how to cheat people and get the right answers.
- b) think carefully about what they read and hear.
- c) never trust anyone and be ready for the worst.
- d) refrain from buying aspirin and other pills.

5

Which statement is true according to the text?

- a) All governors help their states and never tell a lie.
- b) The truth can be used in dishonest ways as well.
- c) You can avoid false impressions all the time.
- d) Whenever people tell the truth, they are really lying.

**II. Ընտրել ճիշտ տարբերակը:
Choose the right option.**

Acupuncture is a Chinese method of treating illnesses by inserting needles into certain points of the body. The idea (6) _____ that this restores the natural balance of energy which is disturbed when a person is ill. The origins of this therapy (7) _____ marked out over five hundred years, but it only (8) _____ to be admitted in the West in the 1970s.

6

- a) will be
- b) is
- c) will have been
- d) had been

7

- a) were
- b) are being
- c) has been
- d) was

8

- a) will have begun
- b) are beginning
- c) began
- d) have begun

The Walt Disney Company, commonly known as *Disney*, (9) _____ on October 16, 1923, by Walt Disney and Roy O. Disney as the Disney Brothers Cartoon Studio, and (10) _____ itself as a leader in the American animation industry before diversifying into live-action film production, television, and theme parks. The company (11) _____ for the products of its film studio, the Walt Disney Studios, which is today one of the largest and best-known studios in Hollywood.

9

- a) was founded
- b) founded
- c) is founded
- d) has founded

10

- a) establishes
- b) had been established
- c) has established
- d) established

11

- a) is known
- b) knows
- c) would be known
- d) knew

Snakes and ladders is a popular game. It (12) _____ with dice on a board marked with squares, and with pictures of snakes and ladders that go over more than one square. To win the game, a player (13) _____ reach the top of the board by moving along the squares. A player who arrives on a square where there is the bottom of a ladder can move straight to the top of the ladder, but one arriving at the head of a snake (14) _____ move back down to its tail.

12

- a) has played
- b) is played
- c) plays
- d) played

13

- a) must
- b) can not
- c) ought
- d) shouldn't

14

- a) could
- b) ought
- c) has to
- d) mightn't

After Howard Carter (15) _____ Tutankhamen's tomb, strange reports appeared in the newspapers. Three of the people who had taken part in the discovery (16) _____ soon afterwards. Fortunately nothing terrible happened to Carter. Archaeologists (17) _____ the valley of Kings for years, but until Carter's discovery nothing was found.

15

- a) would have discovered
- b) had discovered
- c) was discovered
- d) has discovered

16

- a) were died
- b) had died
- c) have died
- d) died

17

- a) had been searching
- b) were searching
- c) would have searched
- d) have been searching

**III. Ընտրել համատեքստին համապատասխանող խոսքիմասային ձևը:
Fill in the blanks with the word form that best fits each space.**

Money causes teenagers to feel stress. It makes them (18)_____other people. My friend, for instance, lives with her family and has to share a room with her younger sister. This girl wishes she could have her own room, but she can not have these things because her family doesn't have much money. Her family's income is (19)_____low because her father is old and doesn't go to work. Her elder sister is the only one who works. Because her family can not buy the things she wants, she feels a lot of (20)_____ and gets angry sometimes. Once, she wanted a beautiful dress to wear to a sweetheart dance. She asked her sister for some money but she refused. She was (21)_____because her sister did not have money to give her. Not having money has caused this girl to think negatively about herself and her family. She said her friends got anything they wanted but she did not. Then she felt sorry for herself and asked why she was born into a poor family. She sat in (22)_____for a little while and then started complaining. It has caused a lot of stress in her life.

18

- a) envier
- b) enviously
- c) envious
- d) envy

19

- a) considering
- b) considered
- c) consider
- d) considerably

20

- a) stressful
- b) stress
- c) stressfully
- d) stressing

21

- a) disappointed
- b) dispointer
- c) disappoint
- d) disappointing

22

- a) silently
- b) silencer
- c) silence
- d) silent

**IV. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը:
Choose the appropriate option.**

23 Unfortunately, I've never seen Mary _____. They say she took the first place at the competition last year.

- a) is dancing
- b) dance
- c) to dance
- d) dances

24 "By this letter I would like to inform you that the meeting has been postponed. Please, forgive me _____ you so much trouble. We'll meet on Monday next time."

- a) for causing
- b) for the causing
- c) cause
- d) to cause

25 "What time does the bus leave for the airport?"
"I don't know. It _____ leave every half hour, but I think the schedule's been changed."

- a) used to
- b) is used to
- c) get used to
- d) uses to

26 "This year exams are hard to pass."
"Really? What _____ worry so much?"

- a) makes you
- b) causes you
- c) forces you
- d) compels you

27 "Don't you know why Sam did not arrive at work in his car?"
"He is _____ at the garage so he has to use his elder brother's Ford."

- a) having it repair
- b) having repaired it
- c) having it repaired
- d) having it repairing

28

“What happens if you park your car in the wrong place?”

“The traffic police _____ a ticket.”

- a) gives you
- b) gives yourself
- c) give to you
- d) give you

29

“I don't have to be there until seven.”

“The traffic is really bad. _____ leave a few minutes early.”

- a) You had rather
- b) You had better not
- c) You would rather not
- d) You had better

30

“There is _____ lemonade. Have another glass.”

“Thanks, I believe I will.”

- a) little
- b) a few
- c) a great deal
- d) plenty of

31

“I am not going to _____ this noise any longer.”

“Then you had better go for a walk in the garden.”

- a) give up
- b) give away
- c) put up with
- d) put off

32

“What do you do when you're feeling lonely?”

“I go to some place where I can be around _____ people even if they are strangers.”

- a) others
- b) the other
- c) another
- d) other

33

“Neither Henry nor his brother likes basketball.”

“It's because Henry has _____ his brother.”

- a) the view as
- b) the same views as
- c) same views like
- d) the same views like

34

“When are you going to present your paper?”

“Only after I have completed the experiment _____ to make a report presentation.”

- a) I shall be able
- b) shall I be able
- c) I will be able
- d) will be able I

35

“Where _____ you borrowed last week?”

“They are in the drawer.”

- a) are the scissors
- b) is some scissors
- c) is scissors
- d) are scissors

36

“It’s a pity to stay at home in _____.”

“Oh, yes the weather is fine.”

- a) such a weather
- b) so weather
- c) such weather
- d) a such weather

37

“I don’t like the dinner menu; it’s very short.”

“And it’s _____ as well.”

- a) least varied
- b) varied
- c) more varied
- d) less varied

V. Ընտրել ուղղակի/անուղղակի խոսքի փոխակերպման ճիշտ տարբերակը:
Choose the correct option for direct/indirect speech.

38 “What about going to the cinema tomorrow?” she said.

- a) She said that they would go to the cinema the following day.
- b) She suggested going to the cinema the following day.
- c) She suggested to go to the cinema the next day.
- d) She asked if they would go to the cinema tomorrow.

39 “Do you think you could live entirely on your own for six months,” said Tom, “or would you get bored?”

- a) Tom asks if I thought I could live entirely on my own for six months or if I would get bored.
- b) Tom asked did I think I could live entirely on my own for six months or if I would get bored.
- c) Tom asked if I thought I could live entirely on my own for six months or if I would get bored.
- d) Tom asked if I thought could I live entirely on his own for six months or if I would get bored.

40 “Please, don’t ask me any questions, Rod! I am busy now,” asks Dad.

- a) Dad asks Rod not to ask him any questions as he is busy now.
- b) Dad asked Rod not to ask him any questions as he was busy then.
- c) Dad asks that Rod doesn’t ask him any questions as he is busy now.
- d) Dad asked that Rod didn’t ask him any questions as he was busy then.

41 Fred said: “Rita, you can take this journal if you want. I have got plenty of others.”

- a) Fred said that Rita could take that journal if she wanted as she had plenty of others.
- b) Fred told Rita she could take that journal if she wanted as he had plenty of others.
- c) Fred said Rita could take this journal if she wanted as he had plenty of others.
- d) Fred told Rita to take that journal if she wanted and he had plenty of others.

42 Sandy said: “Where is Dan going? I don’t want to stay alone.”

- a) Sandy asked where is Dan going and she doesn’t want to stay alone.
- b) Sandy asked where Dan went and added that she didn’t want to stay alone.
- c) Sandy asked where was Dan going as she didn’t want to stay alone.
- d) Sandy asked where Dan was going and added that she didn’t want to stay alone.

VI. Տեղադրել բառերը համատեքստում՝ բովանդակությանը համապատասխան (տրված բառերից երկուսն ավելորդ են):
Fill in each gap with an appropriate word from the list below (two odd variants are given).

An innovative _____ of fashion and science has resulted in the design of a new technology in jeans that cleans the air. Helen Storey, professor of fashion and science at The London College of Fashion, _____ up with Dr Tony Ryan, pro-vice-chancellor for the Faculty of Science at the University of Sheffield, to create what could be a ground-breaking solution to our _____ problems. They discovered that when denim is coated with tiny particles of the chemical titanium dioxide, it _____ with air and light to absorb and break down harmful emissions in the environment. The emissions become harmless and are washed away when the jeans are cleaned. This means we can help clean the air simply by going for a walk.

Ms. Storey and Dr. Ryan have created a company to showcase their invention, called Catalytic Clothing. Their website says: “Catalytic Clothing seeks to explore how clothing and textiles can be used as a catalytic surface to purify air, _____ existing technology in a new way.” The technology is similar to how a catalytic converter in a car helps clean the fuel mix.

43

1. environmental 2. blend 3. teamed 4. responds 5. employing 6. reacts 7. united

VII. Ընտրել քերականորեն ճիշտ ձևակերպված հարցական նախադասությունները:
Choose the correctly formulated questions.

44

1. Do you know what time does the talk show begin?
2. There were a lot of customers in the shop in the afternoon, weren't they?
3. He's suggested a compromise to us, hasn't he?
4. She's a new love of yours, isn't she?
5. Can I hang the washing out of the window?

45

1. Did you notice that the boots he was wearing weren't a pair?
2. He's going to spend his summer holidays in France, hasn't he?
3. Did she accept or reject your proposal yesterday?
4. Can you show me where did you find a treasure last month?
5. She'd better discuss it with her parents, hadn't she?

46

1. Coldrex is considered to reduce temperature or not?
2. Did they make the enemy withdraw the troops from the city or not?
3. Did you use to live in a house before you moved into this flat?
4. Your brother's fond of westerns, hasn't he?
5. There's hardly any money left, is there?

47

1. The residence of the president of the USA is the White House, isn't he?
2. How long did it take the Smiths to save money to buy that house?
3. Will there be any opportunity for them to start the course again?
4. Can you tell me what kind of food are you fond of?
5. Which hotel were the Blacks staying at?

48

1. Is Miss Black very busy right now or not?
2. What was Jane doing while were you repairing the bicycle?
3. Your boyfriend's got a foreign accent, doesn't he?
4. The defendant was released to await trial, wasn't it?
5. Does your sister dress as beautifully as you do?

**VIII. Համապատասխանեցնել բառերը և սահմանումները:
Match the words and their definitions.**

49

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| A) Faith | 1) a feeling of satisfaction |
| B) Hostility | 2) a worried or nervous feeling that makes you unable to relax |
| C) Stress | 3) the act of imagining impossible or improbable things |
| D) Fantasy | 4) complete trust or confidence in someone or something |
| | 5) aggressive behaviour towards people or ideas |

50

- | | |
|-----------|---|
| A) Wander | 1) move with haste |
| B) Rush | 2) do something later than is planned or expected |
| C) Wonder | 3) walk or move in a leisurely, casual, or aimless way |
| D) Delay | 4) move slowly and carefully in order to avoid being heard or noticed |
| | 5) think about something in a very surprised way |

Level B

**IX. Կարդալ տեքստը և պատասխանել հարցերին՝ ընտրելով ճիշտ տարրերակը:
Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right answer.**

Line number

1. Perhaps better known than the Cullinan Diamond is the Hope Diamond, a
2. valuable and rare blue gem with a background of more than 300 years as a world
3. traveler. The 112-carat blue stone that later became the Hope Diamond was mined
4. in India sometime before the middle of the seventeenth century and was first known
5. to be owned by Shah Jahan, who built the TajMahal in memory of his beloved wife.
6. From India, the celebrated blue stone has changed hands often, moving from location
7. to location in distant corners of the world.
8. In the middle of the seventeenth century, a trader from France named Jean Baptiste
9. Tavernier acquired the large blue diamond, which was rumored to have been illegally
10. removed from a temple. Tavernier returned to France with the big blue gem, where the
11. stone was **purchased** by the Sun King, Louis XIV. Louis XIV had **it** cut down from 112
12. to 67 carats to make its shape symmetrical and to maximize its sparkle. The newly cut
13. diamond, still huge by any standards, was passed down through the royal family of France,
14. until it arrived in the hands of Louis XVI and Marie Antoinette. During the French Revolution,
15. Louis XVI and his wife met their fate on the guillotine in 1793, and the big blue diamond
16. disappeared from public sight.
17. The diamond somehow managed to get from France to England, where banker
18. Henry Hope purchased it from a gem **dealer** early in the nineteenth century. The
19. huge blue stone was cut into a 45.5-carat oval, and at this point it took on the name
20. by which it is known today. The diamond stayed in the Hope family for around a century,
21. when deep indebtedness brought on by a serious gambling habit on the part of one
22. of Henry Hope's heirs forced the sale of the diamond.
23. From England, the Hope Diamond may have made its way into the hands of the
24. Sultan of Turkey; whatever route it took to get there, it eventually went onto the United
25. States when American Evelyn Walsh McLean purchased it in 1911. Mrs. McLean certainly
26. enjoyed showing the diamond off. The guests in her home were sometimes astounded to
27. notice the huge stone embellishing the neck of Mrs. McLean's Great Dane as the huge pet
28. trotted around the grounds of her Washington, D.C. home. The Hope Diamond later became
29. the property of jeweler Harry Winston, who presented the stunning 45.5-carat piece to the
30. Smithsonian in 1958. The Hope Diamond is now taking a well-earned rest following its
31. rigorous travel itinerary and is on display at the Smithsonian Institution in Washington, D.C.
32. where it has been since 1958.

51 According to paragraph 3, how long did the diamond stay in the Hope family?

- a) 112 years
- b) 110 years
- c) about 100 years
- d) 100 years

52 The word **dealer** in line 18 is most likely

- a) a cutter
- b) a businessman
- c) a card player
- d) a miner

- 53 The word **it** in line 11 stands for
- a) the revolution
 - b) the diamond
 - c) the royal family
 - d) the standard
- 54 The main idea of this text is that the Hope Diamond
- a) has been cut several times
 - b) now resides in the Smithsonian
 - c) came from India
 - d) has moved around a lot
- 55 Which paragraph discusses the period when the Hope Diamond received its current name?
- a) Paragraph 4
 - b) Paragraph 1
 - c) Paragraph 2
 - d) Paragraph 3
- 56 The word **purchased** in line 11 may best be replaced by
- a) rewarded
 - b) granted
 - c) bought
 - d) presented
- 57 Which lines describe what happened to the royal French owners of the diamond?
- a) Lines 9-10
 - b) Lines 11-16
 - c) Lines 2-7
 - d) Lines 8-9
- 58 Which country is **NOT** mentioned in the text as a place where the Hope Diamond spent some time?
- a) England
 - b) Denmark
 - c) India
 - d) France
- 59 According to the text, Mrs. McLean
- a) purchase the Hope Diamond from the French.
 - b) had the Hope Diamond cut to its present size 45.5 carats.
 - c) donated the Hope Diamond to the Smithsonian.
 - d) let her dog wear the Hope Diamond.
- 60 It can be inferred from the text that the author is not certain
- a) how the Hope Diamond went from France to England.
 - b) how big the Hope Diamond was in the 19th century.
 - c) who bought the Hope Diamond.
 - d) who sold the Hope Diamond in England.

**X. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը:
Choose the appropriate option.**

61 For most people, choosing a career is not easy, _____it is one of the most important decisions you make in your life.

- a) as though
- b) in case of
- c) because of
- d) yet

62 Although the pension was very reasonably priced, it was certainly not uncomfortable. _____, it had a beautiful shady garden and a roof terrace with a splendid view of the area.

- a) Moreover
- b) Therefore
- c) Otherwise
- d) Even though

63 _____they would have got to the moon.

- a) When the Romans had all the technology we don't have today
- b) Whether the Romans had all the technology we have or not
- c) If the Romans had had all the technology we have today
- d) How the Romans had all the technology we have today

64 We worked all night on the decorations for the party, _____we couldn't finish the job properly.

- a) as though
- b) as a matter
- c) even if
- d) however

65 _____Howard Carter discovered Tutankhamon's tomb, than strange reports appeared in the newspapers.

- a) Hardly ever had
- b) Not lately
- c) Soon after
- d) No sooner had

66 Not only was the president dedicated to fighting poverty _____ to put an end to racial discrimination.

- a) but he also vowed
- b) also he vowed
- c) but he vowed as well as
- d) that he vowed too

XI. Ա. Ընտրել ավելորդ բառը:

Choose the odd word.

67

Scientists speculate that prehistoric peoples first obtained iron from the lonely remains of ancient meteorites.

- a) the
- b) that
- c) lonely
- d) first

68

The brothers Grimm intended their fairy tales to be studied by scholars of German literature and not to be enjoyed as simple as stories by children.

- a) by
- b) as
- c) their
- d) The

Բ. Տրված նախադասություններից որոնցում կա ավելորդ բառ:

Choose the sentences with an odd word.

69

1. While we were on holiday, we spent most of our time doing energetic things like sailing, water skiing and swimming.
2. The friendship that can to cease has never been real.
3. There is only one way to happiness, and that is to cease worrying about things which are beyond of our will.
4. Because helicopters are capable of hovering in midair, they are particularly useful for rescue missions.
5. The system for helping slaves escape to the North was called the “Underground Railroad”.

70

1. The museum’s collection is so great in the size that you can’t see everything even in three days.
2. In spite of its small store of words but Old English was a remarkably flexible language.
3. Bill Gates who is the owner of Microsoft, a huge computer software company, and lives in an enormous high-tech house.
4. The more I think about his behaviour the more furious I get.
5. It is not always easy to find the exact translation of words from one language into another.

71

1. Before getting married, the Indian bride does everything to make sure her wedding day is a lucky one.
2. In Spartan culture, brides would have to shave their heads and dress up like men.
3. The couple clean up the mess together, learning that in working together, they can overcome any challenge.
4. Guests to traditional German weddings bring the happy couple any type of porcelain except glass.
5. The couple smash the plates as they believe if that this will ward off evil spirits.

XII. Տեքստում բաց են թողնված նախադասություններ: Լրացնել տեքստը՝ տեղադրելով համապատասխան նախադասությունը (տրված նախադասություններից երկուսն ավելորդ են):

Fit the missing sentences into the gaps of the following text (two odd variants are given).

Everybody knows bubble gums, and for young people bubble gum is probably more popular than chewing gum. It is a type of chewing gum with a particular flavor that is especially designed for blowing bubbles. _____. In the early 1900s, Frank Fleeer experimented with a lot of gum ingredients to find perfect bubble gum recipe. His first bubble gum recipes were never sold, because bubble gums were just too sticky. Fleeer Chewing Gum Company in Philadelphia had been searching for years to produce a formula which allowed bubbles to be blown that didn't stick.

In 1928 Walter Diemer, an accountant for the Fleeer gum company, while testing new gum recipes, noticed the mass was less sticky than regular chewing gum, and while testing it he found out that he could create bubbles easily. Walter Diemer accidentally founded best recipes for bubble gum. _____. All the gum was sold in a single day. Diemer's Bubble gum was the first ever commercially sold bubble gum. The Fleeer Chewing Gum Company began making bubble gum using Diemer's recipe. The gum was named and marketed as "Dubble Bubble" gum. This gum was different from all the other gums.

The Fleeer Chewing Gum Company trained people to teach others to blow bubbles. _____. "Blowing teachers" proved a perfect success for Fleeer Company. When Frank H. Fleeer founded bubble gum it was the first time that food coloring was used. _____. Walter Diemer used this color. That is the reason why bubble gum was pink, and ever since then, no one has thought to change it. _____.

72

1. Pink became, and remains, the industry standard.
2. He will forever be remembered as the father of modern day chewing gum industry.
3. These "blowing teachers" taught the people how to blow bubbles using the gum.
4. The only food coloring in the factory was pink.
5. Diemer brought his discovery to a grocery store to test it.
6. The inventor of the first bubble gum was Frank Fleeer.
7. All chewing gum manufactured today share the same main ingredients.

**XIII. Տրված նախադասություններից որո՞նք են կրավորական սեռով ճիշտ ձևակերպված:
Choose the correctly formulated Passive constructions.**

73

1. The paint was peeling on the window frames.
2. Will the contract have been signed by 6 o'clock?
3. As the equipment was broken, it couldn't be used in our future work any longer.
4. Remarks like that brought back painful memories.
5. Who was the first helicopter designed by?

74

1. During World War I Ernest Hemingway was wounded on the Italian front.
2. Fruit and vegetables are bought at the greengrocer's.
3. Firefighters had received hundreds of calls for help.
4. A tall ladder was needed to paint the kitchen ceiling.
5. When painting, a color very close to the original used by me.

75

1. The metallic ball to mix hot and cold water was invented Alec Manoukyan.
2. Is your brother's shirt made of cotton?
3. Seven times a year the offices and banks in England are closed on a Monday.
4. Signals, signs, symbols and gestures may be found in every known culture.
5. He should have given up smoking years ago.

76

1. MBTI – a popular psychometric instrument, has been developed from Jung's theory of personality typology.
2. Are your cousin's off-color jokes still being laughed at?
3. Pears contain a substance called *pectin*, which helps reduce diarrhea.
4. We know that a big supermarket is building there.
5. Traces of old civilization were first found in the east of Africa.

**XIV. Համապատասխանեցնել նախադասության երկու մասերը:
Match the beginning and the end of the sentences.**

77

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. Your fingerprints can tell the interested observer a | 1. possess the same pattern. |
| B. Hand analysts can distinguish your personality type by | 2. the patterns are on. |
| C. It is important which fingers | 3. to the six basic types. |
| D. Fingerprints are unique: no two people, not even identical twins, | 4. great deal about your personality. |
| | 5. special patterns on your fingers. |
| | 6. whether the descriptions are true for me. |

78

- | | |
|---|---|
| A. After World War II, Britain was a country with lots of children, | 1. there were millions of young men, just looking for work. |
| B. In many cases, black workers took the jobs that | 2. so there was money, and there were schools for the children. |
| C. When they were offered the chance to come to Britain and work, | 3. but not enough men to work in the mines, and factories. |
| D. While a few came from Africa, | 4. thousands agreed to come. |
| | 5. the largest number of immigrants came from the West Indies. |
| | 6. white workers did not want – jobs that were not too well paid. |

79

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. Many of the uses Edison suggested for the phonograph have become a reality, | 1. this is one of the uses that became a reality. |
| B. Thomas Edison made many useful inventions, | 2. but his favorite was the phonograph. |
| C. While working on improvements to the telegraph and the telephone, | 3. but there were others he hadn't imagined. |
| D. "Mary had a little lamb" were the first words that Edison recorded | 4. and he was amazed to hear the machine play them back. |
| | 5. he figured out a way to record sound. |
| | 6. a machine with two needles: one for recording and one for playback. |

80

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. Working in the summer will be a new experience for Jenny; | 1. because such places have a special glamour for young people. |
| B. Rafael doesn't only work in order to make money, | 2. I didn't want to be sitting around all day. |
| C. One reason young people want to work is that | 3. she is going to be a sales assistant in a local supermarket. |
| D. I arranged this job so as not to get bored; | 4. but also because of the opportunities to socialize and develop as a person. |
| | 5. they want to manage their own finances and be independent. |
| | 6. by then we shall have saved enough money to go to the Canary Islands. |