

ՄԻԱՄՆԱԿԱՆ ՔՆՆՈՒԹՅՈՒՆ

2015

ԱՆԳԼԵՐԵՆ

ԹԵՍՏ 6

Խմբի համարը

Նստարանի համարը

Հարգելի՛ դիմորդ

Խորհուրդ ենք տալիս առաջադրանքները կատարել ըստ հերթականության: Ուշադիր կարդացե՛ք յուրաքանչյուր առաջադրանքի պահանջը և պատասխանների առաջարկվող տարբերակները: Եթե Ձեզ չի հաջողվում որևէ առաջադրանքի անմիջապես պատասխանել, ժամանակը խնայելու նպատակով կարող եք այն բաց թողնել և դրան անդրադառնալ ավելի ուշ:

Ձեր առջև դրված թեստ-գրքույկի էջերի դատարկ մասերը ազատորեն կարող եք օգտագործել սևագրության համար: ***Թեստ-գրքույկը չի ստուգվում: Ստուգվում է միայն պատասխանների ձևաթուղթը:***

Առաջադրանքները կատարելուց հետո չմոռանաք պատասխանները ուշադիր և խնամքով նշել պատասխանների ձևաթղթում: Պատասխանների ձևաթղթի ճիշտ լրացումից է կախված Ձեր քննական միավորի ճշտությունը:

Ցանկանում ենք հաջողություն:

Level A

I. Կարդալ տեքստը և պատասխանել հարցերին՝ ընտրելով ճիշտ տարբերակը: Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right answer.

Line number

1. Noise is an environmental pollutant. Particularly in crowded urban areas, the
2. noise produced as a by-product of our advancing technology causes physical
3. and psychological harm, and **detracts** from the quality of life for those who
4. are exposed to it.
5. Unlike the eye, the ear has no lid; therefore, noise penetrates without
6. protection. Loud noises instinctively signal danger to any organism with a
7. hearing mechanism. In response, heartbeat and respiration accelerate, blood
8. vessels tighten, the skin pales, and muscles tense.
9. Because **noise is unavoidable in an industrial society**, we are constantly
10. responding in the same way that we would respond to danger. Recently,
11. researchers have concluded that noise and our response may be much more
12. than an annoyance. It may be a serious threat to physical and psychological
13. health and well-being, causing damage not only to the ear and brain but also
14. to the heart and stomach.
15. We know that hearing loss is America's number one non-fatal health
16. problem, but now we are learning that some of us with a heart disease and
17. ulcers may be victims of noise as well. Thus, the psychic effect of noise is very
18. important. Nervousness, irritability, tension and anxiety increase, affecting the
19. quality of rest during sleep, and the efficiency of activities during waking
20. hours.

1 According to the text,

- a) crowded urban areas are deprived of noise
- b) noise prevails in villages
- c) our ears are protected from noise
- d) noise can easily penetrate into the ear

2 The word **detract** in line 3 is synonymous to

- a) decrease
- b) destroy
- c) enlarge
- d) increase

3 The sentence '**Noise is unavoidable in an industrial society**' means

- a) you can keep away from noise in cities
- b) we can't avoid noise in a developed society
- c) it's possible to avoid noise in big cities
- d) we can stay away from noise in an industrial society

4

Which of the following words from the text means “speed up”?

- a) accelerate
- b) cease
- c) release
- d) tighten

5

Loud noise causes

- a) physical and psychological harm
- b) minor annoyance
- c) damage only to the ear
- d) exclusively physical harm

II. Ընտրել ճիշտ տարբերակը: Choose the right option.

An Englishman and a Scotsman once went on holiday to Ireland. It was the Scotsman’s first long journey. When they (6) _____ the train at Heuston Station in Dublin, the Scotsman looked around and said, “Why (7) _____ so many clocks? What a waste of money!”

The Englishman didn’t know the answer. When he looked at the clocks more closely, he saw that all the clocks (8) _____ different times. “What’s the good of having so many clocks,” he said, “if they all tell different times?”

The Irish porter who (9) _____ near them, heard this and shouted angrily, “What’s the good of having so many nice clocks if they all tell the same time?”

6

- a) will get off
- b) got off
- c) were got off
- d) are getting off

7

- a) will they need
- b) did they need
- c) do they need
- d) have they needed

8

- a) are telling
- b) tell
- c) were telling
- d) have told

9

- a) was standing
- b) is standing
- c) has stood
- d) has been standing

Years ago, I arrived one day at Salamanca near New York, where I (10) _____ change trains and take the sleeper. There were crowds of people on the platform, and they all (11) _____ to get into the long sleeper train which already (12) _____.

I asked the young man in the booking-office if I (13) _____ have two tickets, and he answered "No!". Then he shut the window in my face.

10

- a) might
- b) have to
- c) was to
- d) ought

11

- a) have been trying
- b) were trying
- c) have tried
- d) are trying

12

- a) was packed
- b) has been packed
- c) packed
- d) had packed

13

- a) had to
- b) should
- c) could
- d) must

A man had to go on a long journey. He (14) _____ his money in a pot and put butter over it. So nobody (15) _____ see what was there under the butter in the pot.

Then he took the pot to his neighbour and said: "Please, keep this pot of butter for me till I (16) _____ back." He didn't say anything about the money in the pot. Two months passed. His neighbour thought: "I (17) _____ the butter in the pot has gone bad." And he took all the butter out of the pot and saw money there.

14

- a) will hide
- b) hides
- c) hid
- d) had hidden

15

- a) may
- b) could
- c) had to
- d) will be able to

16

- a) had come
- b) came
- c) come
- d) shall come

17

- a) have been afraid
- b) was afraid
- c) will be afraid
- d) am afraid

**III. Ընտրել համատեքստին համապատասխանող խոսքիմասային ձևը:
Fill in the blanks with the word form that best fits each space.**

At the age of ten Barbara was different from her family. She gave you the (18) _____ of being (19) _____. So she went to the local grammar school.

This year is quite an (20) _____ one for Barbara. She's taking her O-levels in nine subjects. She chose these subjects last year when she and her parents went to the school for an interview with some of her teachers – three, to be (21) _____. It was quite a shock for Barbara's parents that the teachers thought their daughter was 'university material'. The teachers meant that Barbara could pass the entrance exams. But of course, this doesn't mean that she is (22) _____ going to university.

18

- a) impressionable
- b) unimpressed
- c) impression
- d) impressive

19

- a) thought
- b) thoughtlessly
- c) thoughtfulness
- d) thoughtful

20

- a) importantly
- b) unimportance
- c) importance
- d) important

21

- a) imprecisely
- b) precise
- c) precision
- d) precisely

22

- a) indefinite
- b) definite
- c) definitely
- d) definition

**IV. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը:
Choose the appropriate option.**

23 “What is your opinion about Chinese people?”
“In my experience, _____ are very friendly.”

- a) this Chinese
- b) Chinese
- c) a Chinese
- d) the Chinese

24 “ Did you manage to see many places of interest in that foreign country?”
“ Oh, no. There was _____ that we couldn’t travel much .”

- a) too many snow
- b) too much snow
- c) so much snow
- d) so many snow

25 “What is that book about?”
“It concerns _____ your money.”

- a) with investing
- b) investing
- c) to invest
- d) about investing

26 “Shall I buy fresh or tinned fruit for the salad? ”
“ _____ . I’m going to make a vegetable salad.”

- a) Both of
- b) Neither
- c) Either
- d) Both

27 “I have been accused of stealing money at work.”
“You _____ get a lawyer to help you with that.”

- a) had better to
- b) would rather to
- c) would better
- d) had better

28

“Did you visit your uncle yesterday?”

“Yes, I did. But I was in a hurry and I saw him for ten minutes_____.”

- a) at the most
- b) at a least
- c) in the least
- d) for the most

29

“Do you like living alone?”

“Yes, and now I_____ for myself.”

- a) am used to cook
- b) used to cook
- c) used to cooking
- d) am used to cooking

30

“I haven’t heard from Martha for a long time.”

“As they say “No news _____good news.”

- a) were
- b) was
- c) is
- d) are

31

“Did you manage to operate the computer?”

“I don’t know much about computers, so I asked the assistant for _____advice.”

- a) a lot
- b) many
- c) a few
- d) a little

32

“I think in the future there will be too many people in the world and not _____for everyone.”

- a) food enough
- b) enough food
- c) so many foods
- d) only much food

33 “Mike, will you _____ and carry my suitcase upstairs, please?”
“Of course, madam.”

- a) make a favour for me
- b) have a favour to me
- c) do me a favour
- d) give me some favour

34 “I intend to put forward this problem next week.”
“But I am not _____ for further discussions yet.”

- a) be prepared
- b) prepare
- c) preparing
- d) prepared

35 “How much money have you got?”
“_____ . I have spent all my money.”

- a) Anything
- b) Nothing
- c) None
- d) Some

36 “Jane said you telephoned me last night.”
“Yes. I called _____ if you would like to come to dinner tomorrow.”

- a) to see
- b) for seeing
- c) for to see
- d) because to see

37 “I can’t stand hot weather!”
“_____ . Dreadful, isn’t it?”

- a) Nor I can
- b) So can not I
- c) Neither can I
- d) So I can not

V. Ընտրել ուղղակի/անուղղակի խոսքի փոխակերպման ճիշտ տարբերակը:
Choose the correct option for direct/indirect speech.

38 “Would you mind waiting a moment please?” George said to Cathie.

- a) George told Cathie to wait a moment.
- b) George asked Cathie to wait a moment.
- c) George said to Cathie if she would mind waiting a moment.
- d) Cathie asked George if he would mind waiting a moment.

39 Lily said to her sister: “Don’t forget to take your umbrella.”

- a) Lily reminded her sister to take her umbrella.
- b) Lily asked her sister not forget to take her umbrella.
- c) Lily reminded her sister not to take an umbrella.
- d) Lily warned her sister to forget to take her umbrella.

40 “Why didn’t you call on us last weekend?” my grandparents asked me.

- a) My grandparents asked me why I hadn’t called on them the previous weekend.
- b) My grandparents asked me why didn’t I call on them last weekend.
- c) My grandparents asked me why I hadn’t called on them last weekend.
- d) My grandparents asked me why hadn’t I called on them the previous weekend.

41 “You will feel better tomorrow if you stay in bed,” says the doctor.

- a) The doctor told that I would feel better tomorrow if I stayed in bed.
- b) The doctor said I would feel better tomorrow if I stayed in bed.
- c) The doctor says I will feel better tomorrow if I stay in bed.
- d) The doctor said that I would feel better the next day if I stayed in bed.

42 “Sue, are you leaving this apartment today or tomorrow evening?” asked Jenny.

- a) Jenny asks Sue if she is leaving that apartment that day or tomorrow morning.
- b) Jenny asked Sue to leave that apartment today or tomorrow evening.
- c) Jenny asked if Sue was leaving that apartment that day or the following morning.
- d) Jenny asked Sue whether she was leaving that apartment that day or the following evening.

VI. Տեղադրել բառերը համատեքստում՝ բովանդակությանը համապատասխան (տրված բառերից երկուսն ավելորդ են):
Fill in each gap with an appropriate word from the list below (two odd variants are given).

Joe stepped onto the aeroplane and was met by one of the cabin crew who showed him to his seat. This was his first flight and he was feeling quite nervous. His hands were _____ slightly and he was breathing heavily. He walked along the _____ of the plane and found his seat. Joe had spent a lot of time on planning his holiday; this was the first time he had been abroad. Sitting next to him was an eight year-old boy who also _____ to be quite nervous. Joe knew he was quite good with children, so he decided to try to calm the boy. After conversing with the boy for a few minutes, Joe gave him some chocolate. The _____ then became quite cheerful as he explained that he loved chocolate so much. The man and the boy found that they got on well together as they chatted for the whole flight. Joe discovered that they were on the same return flight the following week, which pleased them both. When they disembarked at the terminal, Joe commented about what a very good flight he'd had. The young boy agreed, saying that he was looking forward to _____ up with Joe again on the return flight.

- 43 1. keep 2. youngster 3. catching 4. youth 5. trembling 6. aisle 7. appeared

VII. Ընտրել քերականորեն ճիշտ ձևակերպված հարցական նախադասությունները:
Choose the correctly formulated questions.

44

1. Why do you think the patient intruded into the doctor's office angrily?
2. Will you have finished working on your paper by midnight?
3. Did he tell you who was to take an exam on Tuesday?
4. It's necessary for them to cancel the meeting, hasn't it?
5. There's no furniture in that room, isn't there?

45

1. Is your brother fond of horror films or westerns?
2. There's a bank between the restaurant and the post office, isn't it?
3. She couldn't remember where she had seen that young man, hadn't she?
4. Is Debbie or are you fond of poetry?
5. Can't you show me how have I to use this device?

46

1. How do you think he will react to this provocation?
2. The Nile's the longest river in the world, hasn't it?
3. When will be held the seminar?
4. Do you know that the ice on the Great Lakes breaks up in spring?
5. I suppose Mary will decorate the room, won't she?

47

1. Robert had to earn his living since early childhood, didn't he?
2. Let's delay sending the documents, shall we?
3. Do you have any idea where they are having a meeting tonight?
4. Must we paint the fence today or can we do it tomorrow?
5. Don't forget to lock the door before you leave, do you?

48

1. How did you spend your spare time with your friends when were you at school?
2. Everybody gathered around the speaker, didn't they?
3. Why didn't you take yesterday the children to the park?
4. Did you know that the largest port in Great Britain is London?
5. What did he use to do when he had spare time?

**VIII. Համապատասխանեցնել բառերը և սահմանումները:
Match the words and their definitions.**

49

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| A) Jealous | 1) having the ability to achieve things in a dishonest way |
| B) Frank | 2) having or showing kind feelings towards others |
| C) Tactful | 3) afraid that the one you love might prefer someone else |
| D) Sympathetic | 4) not hiding what is in one's mind, open and honest |
| | 5) having or showing skill and sensitivity in dealing with others |

50

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| A) Fascinate | 1) form a mental image or concept of |
| B) Imagine | 2) love and admire somebody very much, especially so much that you cannot see their faults |
| C) Desire | 3) attract the strong attention and interest of someone |
| D) Worship | 4) strongly wish for or want |
| | 5) have a strong feeling of dislike for |

Level B

IX. Կարդալ տեքստը և պատասխանել հարցերին՝ ընտրելով ճիշտ տարբերակը: Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right answer.

Line number

1. Both our ears work in the same way. Even if you only had one ear that worked
2. properly, you would still hear sounds and understand them. But with two ears we
3. can tell which direction a sound is coming from. Ears act as direction finders
4. because sound arrives at one ear before it reaches the other ear. Your brain measures
5. the differences and automatically works out the direction of the sound. Even very
6. young babies turn to look in the direction a noise is coming from. As we grow up,
7. we get better at working out where a noise is coming from and how far away the
8. thing making the noise is. This **skill** is called ‘directional hearing’ and it was very
9. important to our ancestors. They had to **track** animals to hunt for food. They also
10. had to know which way to run when large animals were tracking them.
11. Wild animals need this skill today, and many of them have better directional
12. hearing than people. Bats, for instance, use echo-location to find their way in the
13. dark. But directional hearing is very important for us too. If you hear someone
14. shouting for help, you will know **definitely** which way to run to get to them.
15. Our ears work best at listening to sounds like music or people talking, but
16. animals have ears suited to different needs. Some animals can hear notes much
17. higher than any sound your ears can hear, and others have ears that work best for
18. listening to very deep notes. Some animals can hear faint noises, while others are
19. completely deaf.
20. Snakes do not have ears at all and people used to think they were deaf. But they
21. can hear sounds through a bone that lies under the skin of their face. The bone
22. vibrates when the air or the ground vibrates. Most insects are deaf but grass-
23. hoppers can hear through their legs. They call to one another by making chirping
24. sounds with their legs. Dogs’ hearing is superior to ours; they can hear notes that
25. are higher than those we hear. If you blow a special dog whistle that makes a very
26. high note, you will not be able to hear it, but any dogs nearby will hear the note
27. and might come running. You may have noticed the way dogs twitch their ears to
28. and fro: they do this to find out where a sound is coming from.

51 According to Paragraph 1, lines 1–10,

- a) sound arrives at one ear
- b) we would be unable to hear with one ear
- c) two ears help us detect the direction of the sound
- d) babies can’t hear where the noise is coming from

52 The word **skill** in line 8 may best be replaced by

- a) sound
- b) noise
- c) direction
- d) ability

53

According to the text,

- a) directional hearing is important for everybody
- b) animals don't have directional hearing
- c) directional hearing was useful for our ancestors, not for us
- d) wild animals have better directional hearing than domestic ones

54

According to Paragraph 3, lines 15–19,

- a) some people can hear very high notes
- b) bats cannot find their way in the dark
- c) animals can't hear faint noises
- d) some animals are absolutely deprived of hearing

55

The word **track** in line 9 may best be replaced by

- a) catch
- b) follow
- c) seize
- d) kill

56

We can tell from the text that

- a) all insects are deaf
- b) snakes can't hear at all
- c) though snakes have no ears, they can hear
- d) most insects hear well through their legs

57

Which of the following words from the text means "**entirely**"?

- a) completely
- b) properly
- c) automatically
- d) definitely

58

The word **definitely** in line 14 is synonymous to

- a) doubtfully
- b) undoubtedly
- c) unwillingly
- d) distrustfully

59

According to the text,

- a) insects have well-developed brains
- b) babies can detect the direction of the coming sound
- c) most animals communicate by making chirping sounds with their legs
- d) most insects can hear high notes

60

Which of the statements is true?

- a) Some animals hear much higher notes than people do.
- b) All animals have better hearing than people.
- c) People have better hearing than dogs.
- d) Dogs blow a special whistle which makes a very high note.

**X. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը:
Choose the appropriate option.**

61 _____ Johnson & Smith reached great heights in the business world, they encountered many great difficulties in promoting their theories and methods.

- a) Still
- b) Before
- c) Despite of
- d) Due to

62 Experts estimate that we are losing 137 plant, animal and insect species every single day _____rainforest deforestation.

- a) due to
- b) as
- c) while
- d) so

63 An example of a nice dream is when we are doing something successfully, _____ a common nightmare is when we are making fools of ourselves.

- a) that
- b) because
- c) while
- d) so

64 Names of American sports teams always start with *the*, _____almost never do.

- a) despite those of British teams
- b) as those of British teams
- c) whereas those of British teams
- d) similarly those of British teams

65 _____ than he began to feel sleepy.

- a) He had hardly drunk the coffee
- b) He had no sooner drunk the coffee
- c) He no sooner had drunk the coffee
- d) Hardly had he drunk the coffee

66 _____ seemed to have noticed the expression on his face change.

- a) No other one but I
- b) No one else but me
- c) Not only one but also I
- d) No other one but me

**XI. Ա. Ընտրել ավելորդ բառը:
Choose the odd word.**

67 Though the galaxy Andromeda is the most distant object visible to observers in the Northern Hemisphere.

- a) though
- b) the
- c) most
- d) to

68 The typical United States trade and union is primarily a local organization devoted to the advancement and protection of the economic interests of its members.

- a) typical
- b) and
- c) economic
- d) its

**Բ. Տրված նախադասություններից որոնցում կա ավելորդ բառ:
Choose the sentences with an odd word.**

69

1. Most people are right-handed, so most objects in the world have been designed for their convenience.
2. If you can tell if how much you love, it means you love little.
3. While my brothers were on a vacation, they spent most of their time fishing.
4. The Italian artists Raffaello Sanzio and Tiziano are called *Raphael* and *Titian* in English language.
5. There is no surviving record as to when, how or by whom the Great Pyramid was constructed.

70

1. In some countries, such as Kenya, you have to pay people if you want to photograph them.
2. Eating a balanced diet and exercising regularly can help keep your skin healthy.
3. Some of plants use the sun's energy instead of burning coal or oil.
4. They didn't let the boy to swim in the lake as it was very cold.
5. In spite of all the hard work she was made to do, Cinderella never complained to her father.

71

1. In Russia in the 18th century, it was against the law for any man to wear a beard unless if he paid a special tax.
2. In the 17th century Japan, it was against the law for any citizen to leave the country.
3. Anyone who was found leaving the country or arriving from overseas without permission was sentenced to death.
4. In Turkey in the 16th and 17th centuries, anyone caught drinking coffee was sentenced to the death.
5. In the San Salvador, drunk drivers can be punished by death.

XII. Տեքստում բաց են թողնված նախադասություններ: Լրացնել տեքստը՝ տեղադրելով համապատասխան նախադասությունը (տրված նախադասություններից երկուսն ավելորդ են):

Fit the missing sentences into the gaps of the following text (two odd variants are given).

Sean Connery was born in 1930 in Edinburgh. He had a series of jobs – driving vans, working as a cleaner, etc. – and struggled to make a living. However, he was a fanatical bodybuilder and spent three or four hours a day in the gym. Eventually, he represented Scotland in the 1950 Mr. Universe contest. He came third. _____. He appeared in several stage productions, and in the late 1950s began his career in the movies.

He became the first James Bond in 1962, when producer Albert Broccoli asked him if he would play the secret agent in *Dr No*. _____. Most people in the movie business thought that Cary Grant would get the role.

_____. He said that he had already acted in five James Bond films and that he was looking for something more challenging. He also said that his family wanted him to spend more time with them.

_____. He won an Oscar for Best Supporting Actor in 1987, for his role as an Irish police officer in *The Untouchables*.

In the British New Year's Honours List for 1998, many people expected him to receive a knighthood (so that he would be Sir Sean Connery). _____. He was finally knighted in 2000.

72

- 1) Connery was an unexpected choice for the role.
- 2) Connery has played many varied roles in films over the years.
- 3) This helped him to get into the national football team.
- 4) In 1967, Connery announced that he wanted to stop playing Bond.
- 5) This led to a job with a theatre company.
- 6) Later that year, Connery gave up acting and went into business.
- 7) He didn't get it, possibly because of his support of Scottish nationalism.

**XIII. Տրված նախադասություններից որո՞նք են կրավորական սեռով ճիշտ ձևակերպված:
Choose the correctly formulated Passive constructions.**

73

1. The recipients of the Nobel Prize are chosen by an international committee in Sweden.
2. He was given a second chance to prove his innocence.
3. The authorities at once cheerfully granted all that they asked.
4. Each year in the United States about 25,000 people are killed by drunk drivers.
5. Was this nice cottage sold for 200 thousand pounds last year?

74

1. *The Beatles* is considered to be the most influential rock group of the era.
2. The crowd cheered the football players in the stadium yesterday.
3. In the interrogative form the auxiliary verb is placed before the subject.
4. The hurricane severely damaged the houses on the shore.
5. Not a moment's peace does she have during the day.

75

1. The lyrics and music of the UK anthem are officially considered to be of anonymous origin.
2. The candidate for the presidency had listened to with great interest.
3. The Jacobites were later defeated at Culloden on April 16, 1746.
4. The file was copied to a USB flash by John.
5. Didn't you know that the sweater had knitted by Mother?

76

1. The Temple of Artemis at Ephesus was built to honor the goddess of the moon and the hunt Artemis, the daughter of Zeus and Leto.
2. I will have sent the money to you without any delay by next week.
3. The coach was calculated to carry six regular passengers.
4. They are not ready to gamble their careers on this matter.
5. The boy had sneaked out of the room while we were talking.

**XIV. Համապատասխանեցնել նախադասության երկու մասերը:
Match the beginning and the end of the sentences.**

77

- | | |
|--|---|
| A. Once railways were built in the nineteenth century, | 1. fishermen in Britain and other countries protest, because jobs are lost. |
| B. Wrapped in newspaper, chips keep warm | 2. for a completely different reason: lack of fish. |
| C. British hygiene rules no longer allow food to be wrapped in old papers, | 3. fresh sea fish could easily be bought in all British towns. |
| D. No British town is more than 150 km from a sea port, | 4. even on the coldest days of the year. |
| | 5. so today's chip shops use new paper or styrofoam cartons. |
| | 6. and most are much closer. |

78

- | | |
|---|---|
| A. Carver taught his students to see | 1. how everything in nature was interrelated. |
| B. The Civil War freed the slaves, | 2. so he was responsible for an agricultural research program. |
| C. Carver had other good job possibilities | 3. therefore his students created a laboratory. |
| D. He taught African American students at the school as well as | 4. but, in the end, he accepted the offer to teach agriculture at Tuskegee. |
| | 5. but it didn't teach them how to live as free people. |
| | 6. poor black farmers outside the school. |

79

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. Usually the beans are combined | 1. where people used it as food and medicine. |
| B. Most coffee berries are picked by hand, | 2. where they are roasted. |
| C. After separating berries from leaves and other waste materials, | 3. which makes sure that only the good berries are chosen. |
| D. Then they are put into bags and shipped to other countries | 4. brings out the true flavor of the coffee. |
| | 5. the beans are taken out, cleaned and dried. |
| | 6. to make different blends of coffee. |

80

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. A Friendship Day poster may include Winnie the Pooh on it because | 1. the UNO made Pooh the world's Ambassador of Friendship in 1997. |
| B. Friendship Day, which takes place on the first Sunday of August, is | 2. to make a poster or create an album about your friend or friends. |
| C. One great way to celebrate is | 3. exchange presents. |
| D. On Friendship Day people spend time with their friends and | 4. wrote special songs or baked friendship cakes. |
| | 5. it has slowly spread around the world. |
| | 6. one day of the year we can say thank you to our friends. |