ՄԻԱՄՆԱԿԱՆ ՔՆՆՈՒԹՅՈՒՆ 2013

ԱՆԳԼԵՐԵՆ

ውቴUS 1

Խմբի համարը	
Նստարանի համարը	

Հարգելի՜ դիմորդ

Առաջադրանքները կատարելիս յուրաքանչյուրից պետք է ընտրել այն տարբերակը, որը Ձեր կարծիքով ճիշտ պատասխանն է, և պատասխանների ձևաթղթի համապատասխան մասում կատարել նշում։

Խորհուրդ ենք տալիս առաջադրանքները կատարել ըստ հերթականության։ Ուշադիր կարդացե՛ք յուրաքանչյուր առաջադրանքի պահանջը և պատասխանների առաջարկվող տարբերակները։ Եթե Ձեզ չի հաջողվում որևէ առաջադրանքի անմիջապես պատասխանել, ժամանակը խնայելու նպատակով կարող եք այն բաց թողնել և դրան անդրադառնալ ավելի ուշ։

Ձեր առջև դրված թեստ-գրքույկի էջերի դատարկ մասերը ազատորեն կարող եք օգտագործել սևագրության համար։ *Թեստ-գրքույկը չի ստուգվում։ Ստուգվում է միայն պատասխանների ձևաթուղթը։*

Առաջադրանքները կատարելուց հետո չմոռանաք պատասխանները ուշադիր և խնամքով նշել պատասխանների ձևաթղթում։ Պատասխանների ձևաթղթի ճիշտ լրացումից է կախված Ձեր քննական միավորի ճշտությունը։

Ցանկանում ենք հաջողություն։

Level A

I. Կարդալ տեքստը և պատասխանել հարցերին՝ ընտրելով ճիշտ տարբերակը։ Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right answer.

Line number

- 1. Some years ago, still at the age of thirty, Tom Cruise had made fifteen films
- 2. and earned millions of dollars. It is interesting that Cruise, unlike many other
- 3. successful and ambitious actors, found **stardom** only after a difficult
- 4. childhood. Cruise was the third child and the only boy in a family of four
- 5. children brought up by parents who worked hard but never stayed long in
- 6. one town. His father, an engineer, went round the USA looking for work.
- 7. Cruise had been to half a dozen schools in as many years. He had to fit in
- 8. quickly at each new school and moving about did not help his education,
- 9. but he was good at sports, which could be carried on from one school to
- 10. another.
- 11. His parents divorced when he was twelve, and his father died some years later
- 12. without seeing any of his son's films. His mother took charge of the family, and
- 13. all the children had to find a job after school to help the family get by.
- 14. Now, Cruise has made so much money that he never has to work again.
- 15. However, this is not an option he is likely to consider seriously for many
- 16. years to come.
- 1 We may conclude from Paragraph 1, lines 1-6 that Tom Cruise
 - a) earned millions of dollars in his childhood.
 - b) had a difficult childhood.
 - c) was born in a rich family.
 - d) was a difficult child.
- 2 According to the text Tom Cruise's father
 - a) worked in half a dozen schools.
 - b) was often in search of a job.
 - c) enjoyed his son's films.
 - d) was a good sportsman.
- 3 Which of the statements is true?
 - a) Cruise studied in two schools.
 - b) Cruise had problems with his father.
 - c) Cruise had to work at an early age.
 - d) Cruise was the only child in the family.
- Which word is **NOT** synonymous to **stardom** in line 3?
 - a) recognition
 - b) money
 - c) glory
 - d) fame
- 5 We may conclude from the text that Tom Cruise
 - a) lived a happy childhood.
 - b) has acted in fifteen films.
 - c) gained fame in early childhood.
 - d) made a fortune after suffering hardships.

II. Ընտրել բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող բառը։ Choose the word that best fits the space.

Australia is quite an easy place for tourists to visit. So tourist facilities at the most popular destinations well-developed and information is simple to (6)	are
Travelling with young children is especially easy as Australia's population is young and big families (7), so children can be taken almost everywhere. Besides, Australians are usually (8) to h	
visitors who ask for advice, and are generous with their hospitality.	U IP
Before organising a trip it is (9) to consider Australian school holidays. Throughout these perio	ds,
airline or hotel reservations at major tourist destinations can be difficult unless you plan a long way	
advance.	
Flights in and out of the country as well as those between main Australian cities are usually (10)	
beforehand.	
6	
a) win	
b) obtain	
c) borrow	
d) take	
7	
a) common	
b) simple	
c) average	
d) popular	
8	
a) reluctant	
b) hesitating	
c) willing	
d) friendly	
9	
a) sensitive	
b) sensible	
c) intelligent	
d) impressive	
10	
10	
a) booked	
b) taken	
c) served	
d) done	

III. Ընտրել ճիշտ տարբերակը։ Choose the right option.

The Great St. Bernard Pass (11) Switzerland to Italy. The famous monastery of St. Bernard Which (12) in the eleventh century lies about a mile away. For hundreds of years St. Bernard dogs (13) the lives of travelers crossing the dangerous pass. Despite the new tunnel the num of the people who rashly attempt to cross the pass continually (14)	arc
11	
a) is connected b) has connected	
c) will be connectingd) connects	
12	
a) has been foundedb) was foundedc) were foundedd) was founding	
13	
 a) have saved b) had saved c) saved d) are saving 	
14	
 a) will increase b) is increasing c) was increasing d) would have increased 	
In the twentieth century, architects in large cities designed structures in a way that (15)no They used such techniques as making walls hollow and filling this wall space with materials that hide no Thick carpets and heavy curtains (16) to cover floors and windows. However, after much ti and effort spent in making buildings less noisy, it (17) that people also reacted unfriendly to lack of sound. Now architects (18) structures that reduce undesirable noise but keep the kind of noise to	ise. ime the
people seem to need.	
15	
a) have been reducingb) had reducedc) reducedd) were reducing	
16	
a) will be usedb) were usedc) would be usedd) have been using	

$\overline{}$

- a) has discovered
- b) discovered
- c) will be discovered
- d) was discovered

18

- a) design
- b) designed
- c) will design
- d) had designed

When the potato was first introduced, it was surprisingly unpopular. It (19)_____ to be poisonous and it (20)_____ a long time to become common. There (21)____ a story of a French army officer, who planted potatoes in the royal garden. The poor peasants were curious about the new plants and many of them (22)____ to be planted in their own gardens.

19

- a) was considered
- b) considered
- c) had considered
- d) is considered

20

- a) was taking
- b) will take
- c) takes
- d) took

21

- a) has been
- b) will be
- c) is
- d) had been

22

- a) had been stolen
- b) were stealing
- c) were stolen
- d) stole

IV.	Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը։ Choose the appropriate option.	
23	"Did your friends visit you yesterday?" "I stayed in all evening but my friends came."	
	a) nobody ofb) not anyone fromc) none ofd) no one	
24	"Do you live far from the Campus?" "No, my house is walk from the College."	
	a) five minutes'b) five minute'sc) five minutesd) five minute	
25	"How do you like my article?" "The more I read it I get in it."	
	 a) the more interesting b) the more interested c) more interested d) more interesting 	
26	"Don't you know why Sam did not arrive at work in his car?" "He is at the garage so he has to use his elder brother's Ford."	
	 a) having repaired it b) having it repaired c) having it repair d) having it repairing 	
27	"I can't stand hot weather!" " Dreadful, isn't it?"	
	 a) So can't I b) Neither can I c) So I can't d) Nor I can 	
28	"Helen and Ann are not talking to" "Isn't it about time they shook hands and made up?"	
	a) each otherb) anotherc) one anotherd) others	

29	"Do you like living alone?" "Yes, and now I for myself."
	 a) used to cook b) used to cooking c) am used to cooking d) am used to cook
30	"I wonder if they will include our names in the list of participants." "They I don't want to take part in the competition any more."
	a) had rather notb) had better notc) would rather nod) would better not
31	Sorry Tom, I have to return. I remember the front door but I cannot find the key.
	a) lockb) lockingc) to lockd) to locking
32	"I am fond of eating snack foods like crisps and sweets." "It's better to eat only of these, because they contain a lot of fat and sugar which are harmful."
	a) littleb) a littlec) lessd) a least
33	"Both the Jacksons and I bought a house in this district. How do you find them?" "Your house is very nice and so is"
	a) theirb) theirs'c) there'sd) theirs
34	"Is the final exam required?" "Yes in the class has to take it."
	a) Each studentb) All the studentc) Every studentsd) Each students
35	"I am not going to this noise any longer." "Then you had better go for a walk in the garden."
	a) give awayb) put up withc) put offd) give up

36	"Did you go to your grandparents' yesterday?" "No, but I am going to visit them"
	a) the other day
	b) another one day
	c) one of these days d) some days
	Ընտրել համատեքստին համապատասխանող խոսքիմասային ձևը։ Fill in the blanks with the word form that best fits each space.
	ve thinking does not mean you have to find every idea absolutely (37) It does mean yo
	to be ready to explore an idea and to try and bring out whatever good features it has. The next ste
	be to find the (38) in the idea and to try and strengthen them, rather than using ther y as an excuse for rejecting the whole idea. Finally, the idea, after it has been (39), may no
be use	ed because there is a better one or because, good though it is, it is not suitable. There is nothing wron
	being positive about an idea at first and then rejecting it later, when you can see that it won't work. It is
	to be negative and (40)and it is time we showed less respect for this kind of thinking and emphasized creative thinking more. We should first make ourselves list the
positiv	ve things about an idea before we criticize it. Too much talent is wasted in negative thinking. S
remen	nber - think positive!
37	
	a) wonder
	b) wonderful
	c) wonderfully d) wonderingly
	7
38	
	a) weaknesses
	b) weaken
	c) weakening d) weak
20	
39	
	a) exploration
	b) explorerc) explorative
	d) explored
40	
	J authoriana
	a) criticismb) critically
	c) criticize
	d) critical
41	
	a) destruction
	b) destructivelyc) destructive
	-,

d) destructivism

VI. Ընտրել ուղղակի/անուղղակի խոսքի փոխակերպման ճիշտ տարբերակը։ Which of the options provided is the best choice for reported speech? The jeweler asked: "Why don't you like this bracelet? It's very nice." 42 a) The jeweler wondered why I didn't like that bracelet and added that it was very nice. b) The jeweler wondered why didn't I like that bracelet and it was very nice. c) The jeweler asked why I don't like this bracelet as it's very nice. d) The jeweler asked why I didn't like this bracelet as it was very nice. *Mr Ronald asked: "Where is the symposium supposed to be held tomorrow?"* 43 a) Mr Ronald asked where was the symposium supposed to be held the next day. b) Mr Ronald asked if the symposium was supposed to be held the next day. c) Mr Ronald wondered where the symposium was supposed to be held the next day. d) Mr Ronald wanted to know where is the symposium supposed to be held tomorrow. The professor said: "Maria, take the register to the Dean's office, please." 44 a) The professor said that Maria had to take the register to the Dean's office. b) The professor said Maria to take the register to the Dean's office. c) The professor asked Maria to take the register to the Dean's office. d) The professor asked to Maria to take the register to the Dean's office. Helen asks: "Did he make an effort to achieve his goal?" 45 a) Helen asked if he had made an effort to achieve his goal. b) Helen asks if he made an effort to achieve his goal. c) Helen asked had he made an effort to achieve his goal. d) Helen asks did he make an effort to achieve his goal. Aunt Barbara asked if I had spoken to my boss the previous week. 46 a) "Did you speak to your boss the previous week?" asked Aunt Barbara. b) "Did you speak to your boss last week?" asks Aunt Barbara. c) "Did you speak to your boss last week?" asked Aunt Barbara. d) Aunt Barbara asked him: "Did you speak to your boss last week?" VII. Ընտրել հարցի ճիշտ տարբերակը։ Choose the right option. 47 Which is the best question for the following sentence? Yes. Otherwise we shall be late for classes. a) Can we stay here and play a little bit more? b) Must we leave right now? c) Shall we be late for classes? d) Do we have to go by taxi or on foot? 48 Which is the best ending for the following question? Evergreen trees lose and replace their leaves at specific times in the year,

a) don't theyb) do theyc) doesn't itd) does it

- Which is the best question for the underlined part of the sentence?

 She didn't go in for swimming since the pool was closed for a while.
 - a) How long didn't she go in for swimming?
 - b) Since when didn't she go in for swimming?
 - c) When didn't she go in for swimming?
 - d) Why didn't she go in for swimming?
- Which of the following questions is correctly formulated?
 - a) Do you know how the name California was first used?
 - b) Do you know how was the name California first used?
 - c) Do you know the name California how was used?
 - d) Do you know how first the name California was used?

LEVEL B

VIII. Կարդալ տեքստը և պատասխանել հարցերին՝ ընտրելով ճիշտ տարբերակը։

Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right answer.

Line number

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

Graphology is the study of handwriting. Often the term refers to
 the analysis of handwriting to discover the personality traits of the
 writer. Handwriting has interested observers for many centuries. In the
 Orient, Chinese called attention to the relationship between handwriting
 and personality as early as the 11th century.

It has been found that handwriting changes as a result of age, 6. 7. illness, and emotional stress. The handwriting of adults is so 8. characteristic of them that it has been estimated that there is less than 9. one chance in 68 billion that 2 individuals will be found to have 10. identical handwriting. It must be mentioned that it is not always 11. possible to determine age and sex from writing. It is also not always 12. possible to recognize resemblance in the handwriting of blood 13. relatives, although there is considerable similarity between the 14. handwriting of identical twins. However, this similarity is not as great 15. as other characteristics such as height, weight and intelligence.

Graphologists claim that each of the handwriting elements has specific meaning. Thus, usually large handwriting is said to characterize the ambitious, imaginative person; very small writing the critical person. However, one should not forget that there may be more than one cause for the same effect. Very small writing may be caused

- 21. by myopia: magnification of script may be the reason of the loss of
- 22. motor control. Handwriting analysis helps to advise people on what
- 23. jobs they should choose and they can even select a suitable marriage
- 24. partner by **scrutinizing** his or her character. Our handwriting continues
- 25. to change until our late teens. Then it settles into a certain style.
- 26. Handwriting often makes its final changes during adulthood. All these
- 27. changes indicate our feelings and characteristics.
- What is the main topic of the text?
 - a) Magnification of scripts at some age.
 - b) Handwriting as a means of investigation.
 - c) The history of graphology and its restrictions.
 - d) How to improve one's handwriting in adulthood.
- The text implies that
 - a) handwriting changes mostly as a result of illness and sometimes marriage.
 - b) handwriting interested only Japanese researchers and Chinese investigators.
 - c) the handwriting of adults is more or less a representative of their character.
 - d) graphology is a study of handwriting as well as an analysis of physiology.
- The author of the text states that
 - a) it is not always workable to verify age and sex from one's handwriting.
 - b) each of the handwriting elements cannot have a definite meaning.
 - c) emotional stress can be caused by the age and sex of an individual.
 - d) large handwriting characterizes a person as a serious individual.

- The word **resemblance** in line 12 can best be replaced by
 - a) witness
 - b) trustworthiness
 - c) capability
 - d) likeness
- 55 According to the text
 - a) magnification of script isn't an indicator of feelings and control.
 - b) changes in handwriting indicate our intelligence and mood.
 - c) handwriting transformation shows our feelings and characteristics.
 - d) beautiful handwriting changes into bad when still in teens.
- The word **scrutinizing** in line 24 means
 - a) covering
 - b) examining
 - c) driving out
 - d) trying
- Which of the following is mentioned in the text about twins?
 - a) No matter how similar twins may be, their handwriting may differ.
 - b) Twins usually don't have identical handwriting as ordinary people have in their adulthood.
 - c) The handwriting of twins is a subject for scientists to be investigated in the near future.
 - d) The analysis of twins' handwriting helps to advise people on what jobs they should choose.
- The word **myopia** in line 21 is probably
 - a) loss of motor control
 - b) a type of disease
 - c) some kind of water
 - d) a type of writing
- 59 The author claims that
 - a) Teenagers' handwriting almost always tends to remain the same.
 - b) Adulthood is the only period for handwriting change.
 - c) Changes in our handwriting occur almost never.
 - d) Handwriting usually changes when we are still teenagers.
- Where in the text does the author mostly describe handwriting similarities among relatives?
 - a) Lines 1-5
 - b) Lines 6-10
 - c) Lines 11-13
 - d) Lines 16-20

IX	Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը։ Choose the right option.
6	, but he had also predicted the danger that the nearby two villages could face.
	 a) Not only did the Polish scientist study the active volcano b) Provided the Polish scientist studied the active volcano c) Not only the Polish scientist would study the active volcano d) Only the Polish scientist did not study the active volcano
6	Many of the international problems we are facing now
	 a) linguistic incompetences b) are the result of misunderstandings c) are because of understanding themselves d) lacks of the intelligent capabilities of understanding each other
6	Carl Sandburg is also well known for his multivolume biography of Lincoln.
	 a) He is an eminent American poet b) The eminent American poet c) The eminent American poet who is d) Despite an eminent American poet
6	In 1850, Yale University established Sheffield Scientific School,
	 a) where engineers were educated b) engineers were educated there c) in which were engineers educated d) where were engineers educated
6	my neighbour waters the flowers everyday and takes care of them the garden will soo become a pleasant place.
	a) Provided thatb) Untilc) Neverthelessd) Even if
6	He is learning English he can get a better and more interesting job.
	a) whenb) so thatc) althoughd) as soon as
6	similar in appearance, the tangerine and the clementine are unlike each other in taste
	a) Due tob) Althoughc) Despited) In spite
6	Heavy industry developed rapidly in Alabama primarily its rich natural resources.
	 a) so that b) in spite c) as if d) owing to

X.	hw	ըստում բաց են թողնված նախադասություններ։ Լրացնել տեքստը՝ տեղադրելով մապատասխան նախադասությունը։ the missing sentences into the numbered gaps of the following text.
pits st years report (71) day, a twice loaves started (73)	later s: " and a a we from the front to	s love bread. (69) Armenian archaeologists have uncovered ancient fire gly similar to the tonir ovens that are still used to bake lavash. So how is it that 1,000, Armenian-Americans are born into a world of Wonder Bread? (70) He My mother indulged me in this habit while my father just shook his head." Doug learned from his family that making bread was always the first chore of the lways women's work. "Mom inherited this role, although she baked more like once or sek. The rest of the time, we relied on Tony the Bread Man, who delivered fresh Italian na big, blue van." (72) But I'd lose interest by the next day when the bread harden. Then my father insisted that I keep dipping and chewing without complaint. As a 10-year-old refugee, he was trampled and shoved out of line while waiting 's ration: a single slice of bread.
69		
	a)b)c)d)	And there is evidence that they were the first to bake bread In the past, however, they didn't use so much bread This love for bread happens to be a comparatively new phenomenon Wine is also popular among Armenians
70		
	a) b) c) d)	Most Armenian-Americans immigrated at the beginning of the 20 th century Doug admits that he gobbled up tons of soggy, pre-sliced white bread as a kid "Wonder Bread" is a kind of bread preserved since ancient times Doug's mother baked tasty bread every day
71		
	a) b) c) d)	To Armenians of his father's generation, bread was life This means that he had a headache However, Doug's Mom never baked bread Doug never got interested how bread was made
72		
73	a) b) c) d)	This bread was perfect for soaking up the broth in Mom's dolma The bread never became stale Even though we bought it, we threw it away that very day Italian loaves remained fresh for several days and never hardened
, ,	a) b) c) d)	Years later, he continued to eat Wonder Bread with dolma Years later, he shared a memory that explained a lot Years later, he passed the bread around the table Years later, he asked for more bread from the blue van

XI.	Ընտրել ավելորդ բառը։ Choose the odd word.	

	74	The most sensible travellers always find some comfortable place and to spend a good time.
		a) the b) some c) and d) good
	75	In the nineteenth century the exploration of <u>the</u> Moon was <u>been carried</u> out by the use of <u>powerful</u> telescopes.
		a) theb) beenc) carriedd) powerful
	76	When radio programs became popular approximately around 1925, many people stopped attending movies.
		a) whenb) radioc) approximatelyd) many
	77	There was secret information in the letter, <u>and</u> she wouldn't wish anybody <u>else but for</u> Miriam to read it.
		a) andb) elsec) butd) for
	78	He made it clear once more that the missing books were to be received and brought up to him.
		a) itb) morec) missingd) up
	79	$\underline{\text{As}}$ a company grows $\underline{\text{up}}$ in size, it is important to maintain communication among $\underline{\text{the}}$ various departments.
1		a) as b) up c) in d) the
	80	He wondered <u>now</u> if <u>whether</u> Harris was the man he ought <u>to</u> work <u>for</u> .
		a) nowb) whetherc) tod) for
		,